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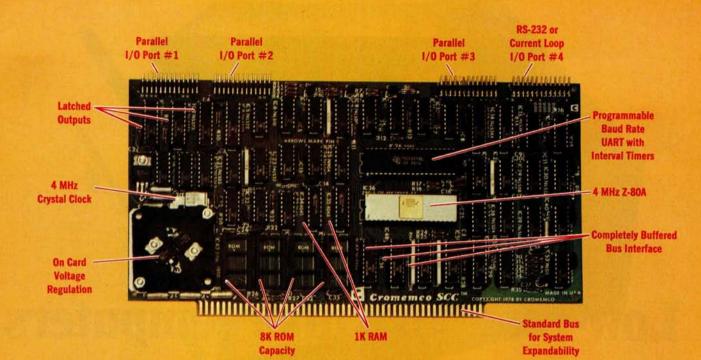
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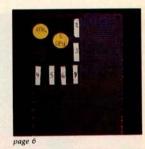
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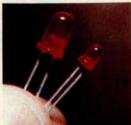
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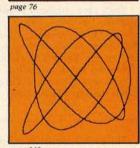
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In This BYTE



About the Cover

This month's cover theme is provided by an article on using one's personal computer for personal genealogy tasks, "Genealogy" by Tina Mion. Taking off on this theme, autumn colors, and the day of the great pumpkin at the end of October, artist Tina Mion has created an autumnal tree with some ghostly leaves reflecting a history of science and technology.

Putting you in touch with yourself and improving family relationships are just two of the rewards of Tracing Your Own Roots. The microcomputer is a perfect companion in the search for ancestors. Stan W Merrill introduces some simple ways to compile your genealogy, and provides a BASIC program to involve your computer in the Page 22 quest.

Since your computer is using precious (and often high priced) electricity, it seems only right that it should help analyze your electric bill. Karen S Wolfe has developed a program called Power, and tells us how Power Helps Analyze Electric Bills. Page 48

There are a variety of output devices which could be added to your computer system. One

such device is an LED display. Steve Ciarcia discusses several methods of interfacing an LED display to a computer, and culminates his discussion with a Self-Refreshing LED Graphics Display. Page 58

Disks provide much more convenient storage than tape. When write errors occur, however, they can also be much more catastrophic. Alfred S Baker provides a brief description of the two main data file organizations used on floppy disks, and also describes a major problem that can occur when using one of them. Don't give up hope. A program is provided which will aid you when Picking Up the Pieces. Page 76

At some time almost every programmer has wanted to

write a program containing variables whose values are strings. Dr W Douglas Maurer explores two techniques for implementing this task in Variables Whose Values Are Strings. Page 90

Jefferson H Harman describes how IBM Compatible Disk Drives should perform. Not all manufacturers who say that they are IBM compatible mean fully compatible. Page 100

The talking computer is now within the grasp of personal computer users. Tim Gargagliano and Kathryn Fons discuss the Votrax voice synthesizer that is available for the Radio Shack TRS-80 in The TRS-80 Speaks: Using BASIC to Drive a Speech Synthesizer. Page 113

The Intel 8255 programmable peripheral interface is a large scale integration part that makes interface designing easy. David L Condra gives advice on the procedure and includes a design in Interfacing the S-100 Bus With the Intel 8255. Page 124

Using a principle invented years ago, simulated threedimensional graphics may be produced on a personal computer equipped with a plotter or similar device. William T Powers explains the method in The XYZ Phenomenon. Page 140

In Curve Fitting With Your Computer, Fred R Ruckdeschel describes a simplified method for obtaining a reasonably

accurate equation as a "best fit" to a collection of data points. Page 150

When working with timecritical or memory-critical programs, optimization techniques are often employed. James Lewis discusses some of these in his article on Low-level Program Optimization: Some Illustrative Cases.

Page 168

What is the "Conservation of Agony?" It is one of the rules of personal computing proposed by Dr T G Lewis in his thought provoking article, Some Laws of Personal Computing. Read it and find out why Dr Lewis suggests that "software should be shared, but hardware should be replicated.'

Page 186

Loring C White describes a real-time Space Game which requires you to maneuver a ship within gun sights and then destroy the enemy.

Page 196

Hashing is a common method of handling lists, widely used in assemblers and compilers for handling the symbol table. In this issue Don Kinzer discusses an Easy to Use Hashing Function for the 6800 microprocessor. Page 200

Many companies are offering blank S-100 compatible computer boards. Dan S Parker describes the substantial savings that can be achieved by populating these boards and following some simple guidelines in Budget Building on a Bare Board. Page 206

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Editorial

Designing the Logic of the System — Processor Board Design, Part 2: Will the Parts Fit on the Board?

by Carl Helmers

This month's editorial is the latest in a series begun last July describing a new homebrew 6809 personal computer system. The general backplane design was presented last month. This month we describe the processor board. Its ideal features would include:

- 6809 processor (40 pins) and buffers for external signals.
- 4 K bytes of 2708 read-only memory for systems software.
- Interrupt flags for lines IO through I7 and peripheral interface adapter (PIA) port with its interrupt request (IRQ) output tied to the fast interrupt request (FIRQ) input of the processor.
- If it fits, logic for a primary serial terminal port and connector.

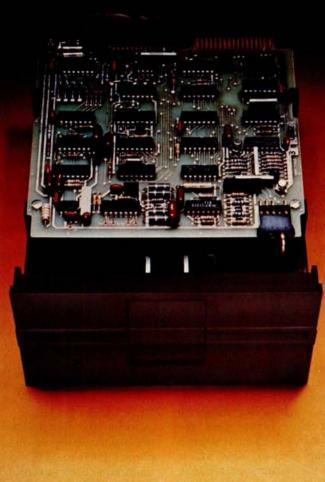
In order to find out whether this is a reasonable allocation of function for the 4.5 by 9.0 inch area of 1 card in the system, we must systematically estimate the parts required for each of these segments of the logic. The series of photographs 1a through 1d show how integrated circuit sockets are used as markers in the layout of the board space requirements. Each socket has a sticky paper label attached which is marked with its assigned number. Placement of the socket on an unused prototyping board can be done to help plan the layout.

Processor Logic Requirements

The processor alone occupies a 40-pin socket, which we will call IC1 since it is the most important part of the whole computer. In addition, the discrete components of the clock crystal's parallel-resonant circuit will conservatively require the space equivalent of 1 24-pin socket. The buffers required for the data bus are a pair of DM8833 tristate, bidirectional bus buffers. These are labeled IC2 and IC3. Three SN74367 tristate drivers provide the buffering for the 16 address lines. Two sections of 1 of the address buffer chips remain unused. These circuits are labeled IC4 through IC6. Another SN74367, which will be labeled IC7, is required so that 3 of its 6 buffer sections can be used for the ENABLE, QENABLE, and RW signals of the backplane. These 7 socket positions plus the 1 24-pin dummy for the clock crystal and related discretes are shown in position for layout purposes in photo 1a.

In order to provide a uniform connection to the backplane bus, every major segment of the system will be isolated by a set of bus buffers, such as the DM8833 parts which are included in the processor section. For the remainder of the logic on the processor board which will interface to the data bus, a pair of DM8833 parts labeled IC8 and IC9 will suffice to define a local bus extension. This local bus extension will service the 2708 read-only memory, the peripheral interface adapter used for interrupt logic, and the asynchronous communications interface adapter (ACIA) used for the primary terminal of the system.

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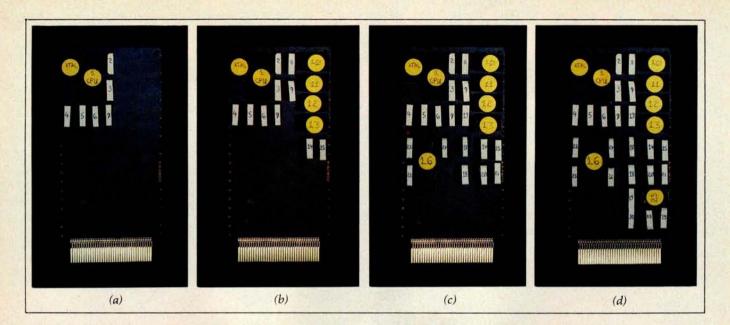


Photo 1: By using a prototyping board as a matrix, it is easy to mark wire-wrap sockets with logical identification numbers and use them as markers in creating a layout of parts for the board. This series of photographs documents the discussion of the main parts of the central processor card of the new 6809 homebrew system.

(a) The first segment of the layout is the processor itself and its crystal timing standard, data bus extension buffers, and address buffers.

(b) The second segment of the layout adds 4 read-only memory circuits and 2 socket positions needed to decode and select the individual 1024 byte segments (10, 11, 12 and 13).

(c) The third segment of the layout process adds a peripheral port (16) and logic associated with 8 interrupt flags. Miscellaneous logic at this stage includes decoding of the address of the parallel port.

(d) Finally, the logic of the central processor card is completed with the addition of a communications adapter, 25, and associated decoding and buffer circuits.

The next logic item to consider is the read-only memory bank. Four 2708 parts will be used to store up to 4 K (4096) bytes total. This memory bank will contain the resident systems software of the machine, including the fixed handlers for the 3 different classes of interrupts, the power on reset routines, etc. We will thus require 4 24-pin sockets for these integrated circuits, IC10, IC11, IC12 and IC13. In addition to the requirements of the read-only memory parts, we also require logic to decode the high-order 6 bits of an address and the read signal. The read-only memory bank must overlap addresses FFF0 to FFFF in order to provide the vector addresses for interrupts. Thus decoding logic should be provided to place this 4 K segment of memory at the upper end of the memory address space of the 6809, locations F000 to FFFF. Decoding the high-order 4 bits of addressing can be done with one half of a 7420 integrated circuit, IC14. The active-low output of this 7420, along with the RW signal and the next 2 address bits (A11 and A10) can then be decoded by a single 7442 integrated circuit, IC15, to produce a 1 of 4 selection for the active-low chip select lines of the 2708 read-only memory parts. Photo 1b shows the tentative layout of the board with the addition of the read-only memory parts and the local bus extension buffers.

The handling of interrupts in this processor will be provided by use of a single 6821 peripheral interface adapter which will be used to read a bank of 8 set-reset flip-flops found in a pair of SN74279 integrated circuits. The 6821 called IC16 will require address decoding for its location in memory address space. This leads to the problem of allocating address space within the whole system, for the parts needed to decode an address differ depending upon what address is chosen.

So far, the only address commitment we have made is the placement of the read-only memory segment at addresses F000 to FFFF so that it overlaps the hardware requirements of interrupt vectors at FFF0 to FFFF. Let us build an address space allocation which takes into account some of the future expansion possibilities:

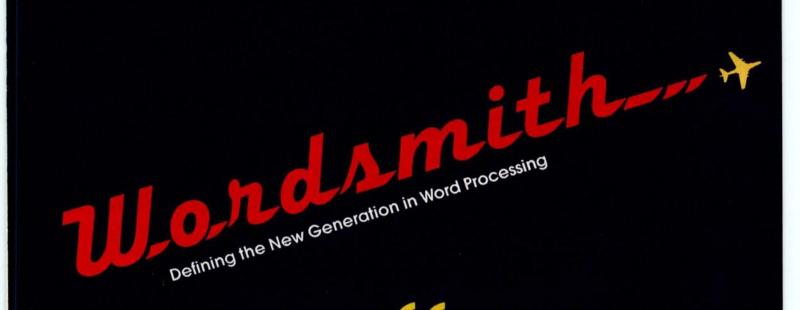
E000-->FFFF read-only memory (upper 4 K implemented initially).

D000-->DFFF I/O (input/output) and peripheral addresses (sparsely populated).

0000-->CFFF 52 K main memory space (lower 16 K implemented initially).

The decision to allocate 8 K bytes for read-only memory space is a conservative one which allows for the addition of up to 4 more 2708 sockets on another board. The 4096 byte address space reserved for I/O will be more than adequate. The balance of the 64 K address space is left to the main memory.

Within the I/O address space of D000 to DFFF, let us arbitrarily decide that all parallel I/O will be via peripheral interface adapters, and that these parts will be located at address D000 and continuing through D0FF. Since each 6821 requires 4 address locations for its interface, this gives a maximum of 64 such parallel ports in the



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system. At the same time, thinking ahead, let us allocate 6850 asynchronous communications adapters to address locations D100 through D1FF. This reserves 128 logical slots for potential 6850 parts - again far in excess of what will actually be implemented. The main reason for making these allocations start at even hexadecimal digit boundaries (D0 and D1 in the high-order) is to simplify interpretation of machine code and references to addresses in the hand-assembled systems software to be created later. We could just as easily have compressed the allocations into a contiguous segment of address space without holes.

After this detour into address space allocation, we can return to the problem of estimating the parts needed to decode the 6821 peripheral interface adpater used for the interrupt flag input. First, we note that the decoding of the D0xx and D1xx addresses for the 2 peripherals on this board will share common logic for 7 bits of high-order information. These 7 bits include 3 which must be logical 1 and 4 which must be logical 0. Two 8-input 7430 NAND gates, IC17 and IC18, will be used to form the high-order decoding logic, with 1 7404 hex-inverter package (IC19) used to invert the 4 bits which must be logical 0. An additional 7404 section will be required for the D0 decode to invert bit line A8. The outputs of the 2 7430 parts are active-low selections of high-order addresses D0xx and D1xx.

Returning to the 6821 part, IC16, let us allocate its detail addresses as D000 to D003. The 2 register select inputs of the circuit will get connected to the low-order



address lines, A0 and A1. We need to verify that all bits, A7 through A2, are 0 when these addresses are selected: to do this, logic of another 7404 inverter IC20 and a 7430 8-input NAND gate IC21 is required. The final result is the definition of 1 chip select input to the 6821 from the high-order address selection of D0 and a second chip select input from the low-order address selection from IC21.

With its addresses decoded, the 6821 now talks to the bus extension of the system, but we have one more item to consider: the 74279 interrupt flag chips and pull-up resistors. We will assign the numbers IC22 and IC23 to the flag registers, and assign the number IC24 to a 16-pin socket which will be used to hold 8 resistors which tie the 8 interrupt lines (I0-I7) up to +5 V when no input is present. Photo 1c shows a layout of the board after all the sockets connected with the interrupt peripheral interface adapter have been added, IC16 through IC24.

The one remaining device to consider is the addition of a 6850 asynchronous communications interface adapter which we will call IC25. This will be the terminal port through which initialization information will be sent in an American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) encoded form from the primary computer and mass storage device of the multiple processor system. In separate tests of the 6809 system, this port can be driven by a terminal, since the initialization sequences will use standard ASCII characters as opposed to a more compact binary form.

The address decoding for this port was begun in earlier considerations. We have a line decoding the D1 address of serial ports in the high-order, an output of IC18. With an asynchronous communications interface adapter, we have to decode 7 out of 8 low-order bits in order to assign the necessary 2 addresses. Using addresses D100 and D101 for this port, we need a single 7430 8-input NAND gate IC26 for the low-order selection. The inverted states of address bits A2 through A7 are shared with the decoding of the 6821 part discussed earlier, and inversion of the A1 bit can use a spare section from either the 7420 IC14 or one of the hex-inverter packages.

Also required for the serial interface is some form of a socket header for a D connector attached to a cable and level conversion integrated circuits. Thus IC27 which is an MC1488 and IC28 which is an MC1489 provide our level conversion. IC29 is a socket devoted to attachment of the cable to the D connector. By popping off the plastic cover on a wire-wrap socket, such as IC29, it is possible to insert a small (#20 gauge) stranded wire into the contacts of the socket. This wire can then be carefully soldered so that no bridges to the next pin occur, or every other pin can be assigned to this I/O function where only a subset of the 14 or 16 pins is necessary. Photo 2 illustrates this point of fabrication by way of an example.

There is one minor detail which still remains with respect to the communications interface: we need a clock which can supply a frequency of 16 times the data rate of 19,200 bps, or 307.2 kHz. It turns out that given a 5 MHz central processor clock source, we come very close to the desired data rate by simply dividing by 16 to get 312.50 kHz. The error in this frequency is 1.7%, with respect to the proper clock of 307.20. Will this work? Yes, for the Text continued on page 14

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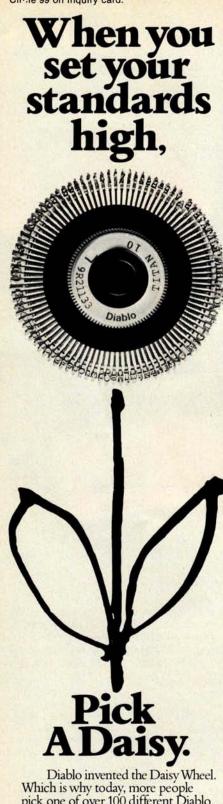
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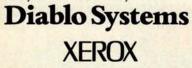
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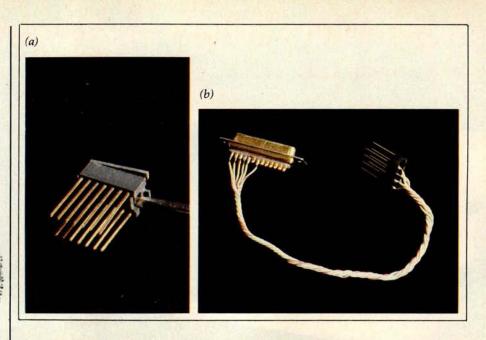


Photo 2: A good technique for interfacing wire-wrap cards with the external world is to use a socket as a header. Here is an example of how a 14-pin socket has its top cap being popped off (a). Then (b), it is possible to carefully insert small stranded wires which are firmly soldered in place and run the wires to the external device. After popping the top, it is possible to very carefully remove every other pin in order to space out the terminations and help eliminate the possibility of a solder bridge. Here we have taken a 14-pin socket and wired it with the following pin assignments for an RS-232C female D connector:

RS-232C	pin to		Socket header pin
1	<>	1	chassis ground
2	<>	3	output
3	<>	5	input
4	<>	7	request to send
5	<>	8	clear to send
7	<>	10	signal ground

id	pins	type	comments
IC1 IC2 IC3 IC4 IC5 IC6 IC7 IC8 IC9 IC10 IC11 IC12	40 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 24 24 24	6809 DM8833 DM8833 74367 74367 74367 74367 DM8833 DM8833 DM8833 2708 2708 2708	microprocessor tristate bidirectional buffers D0-D3 tristate bidirectional buffers D4-D7 tristate buffers A0-A6 tristate buffers A7-A11 tristate buffers A12-A15 tristate buffers ENABLE, QENABLE, RW tristate bidirectional buffers D0-D3 local bus extension tristate bidirectional buffers D4-D7 local bus extension read-only memory, F400-F3FF read-only memory, F400-F3FF
IC13	24	2708	read-only memory, FC00-FFFF
IC14	14	7420	
IC15	16	7442	
IC16 IC17 IC18 IC19 IC20	40 14 14 14 14	6821 7430 7430 7404 7404	peripheral interface adpater, D000-D003 interrupt port high-order decode select for IC16 high-order decode select for IC25
IC21	14	7430	low-order decode fo IC16
IC22	16	74279	interrupt flag latch, I0-I3
IC23	16	74279	interrupt flag latch, I4-I7
IC24	16	5 K ohm	resistors for interrupt line pullups
IC25	24	6850	asynchronous communications adapter, D100-D101
IC26	14	7430	low-order decode for IC25
IC27	14	MC1488	TTL to RS-232C line drivers
IC28	14	MC1489	RS-232C to TTL line receivers
IC29	14		14 pin socket for RS-232C cable termination
IC30	14	7473	divide by 4 for communuations clock rate

Table 1: List of integrated circuits for new 6809.

Tinker, Tailor, Soldier, Sailor . . . Doctor, Lawyer . . . the Chieftain's here.

No matter whether you're a serious hobbyist or a serious businessman, the Chieftain 6800 microcomputer with capabilities that surpass the Z-80 is made for you.

Smoke Signal's quality-packed Chieftain I features two 5.25-inch minifloppy drives and Chieftain II features two 8-inch floppy drives.

Both microcomputers provide 32K static memory, two serial I/O ports, a 2 MHz processor board, a2K RAM monitor, a nine-slot motherboard with builtin baud rate generator and gold connectors for high reliability. The Chieftain's stylish leather-grained cabinet houses the above with its own cooling fan and regulated power supply. Every Chieftain is complete with system software and is totally burned-in as well as tested to further insure high reliability.

And it's expandable to 64K memory with up to 2 megabytes floppy disk storage.

So see your nearest Smoke Signal dealer, he'll be glad to show you how to get your wampum's worth. Systems start at \$2,595.

C	 Send information on your Chieftain microcomputer Send name of nearest dealer
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<u> </u>	Address
A.	Company
>	City
11	State/Zip
À	SMOKE SIGNAL
1	
1	BROADCASTING
-	31336 Via Colinas, Westlake Village,

California 91361. (213) 889-9340

Dealer inquiries invited.





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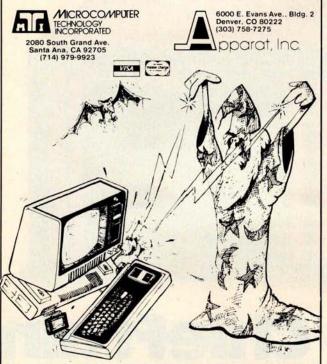
- A Basic REFerence command for variables and numbers.
 A super-fast machine language RENUM program executable under BASIC.
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- Faster disk access.
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- An improved DISKDUMP program.
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INTRODUCTORY SPECIAL

NEW DOS+ and the very Best of Apparat's disk utility programs \$99.00(a \$250.00 value). 40-Track Version \$110.00.

To order your diskette of tricks, write or call one of our dealers.



Text continued from page 10:

total time of 1 character, the error in the last bit sent is what counts. A character is a sequence of 11 bit times; 1 bit has a width of 1/11th or 9.1% of the total time involved. The worst case of the last stop bit in the 11 bit sequence (start bit, 8 data bits, 2 stop bits) will have the full timing error of 1.7% of the total period for 1 character. We could probably get away with as much as a 5% to 6% error in the frequency of the data rate clocks.

Thus by providing a 2-bit divider in the form of a 7473 circuit IC30, we get the clock needed for the communications circuit from the crystal controlled 1.25 MHz ENABLE output of the processor. It turns out that the serendipity of the 5 MHz junk box crystals really worked in planning this system. If it is necessary to use a 4 MHz crystal for the system because the 6809 will not run 25% faster than its specification then use of a divisor of 13 instead of 16 produces a data rate of 307.7 kHz which is only 0.2% off the desired 307.2 kHz rate. In this case of a 4 MHz source, a 74193 would be used instead of a 7473 for IC30, and input to the 74193 would be taken from the tank circuit through a relatively high-impedance buffer.

This completes the preliminary consideration of the central processor card design. As can be seen in photo 1d, the 30 integrated circuits sockets required for this central processor design fit the space available on the proto-typing card with room to spare. Table 1 summarizes the integrated circuit and socket list as it stands now. This verbal discussion ahead of drawing a diagram of the circuit is an experiment. In past designs, I have jumped right in to the drawing of a logic diagram. The actual circuit diagram has not been drawn as of this writing (June 18 1979), and 1 or 2 integrated circuits may be necessary to provide an additional random logic gate or inverter beyond those anticipated in this discussion.

In the next installment of this series on building a homebrew general purpose computer for use as a communications controller, we shall start with a verification of these design considerations as an actual diagram, then proceed to discuss construction and testing of this first card in the system. As emphasized in the earlier comments in this series, the timing of the publication of these notes depends upon the amount of spare time I have available to devote to this activity. The intent of this series is to show our readers how simple it is to assemble homebrew systems out of standard parts, using design information which is available in various publications put out by semiconductor manufacturers.

Articles Policy

BYTE is continually seeking quality manuscripts written by individuals who are applying personal computer systems, designing such systems, or who have knowledge which will prove useful to our readers. For a more formal description of procedures and requirements, potential authors should send a large (9 by 12 inch, 30.5 by 22.8 cm), self-addressed envelope, with 28 cents US postage affixed, to BYTE Author's Guide, 70 Main St, Peterborough NH 03458.

Articles which are accepted are purchased with a rate of up to \$50 per magazine page, based on technical quality and suitability for BYTE's readership. Each month, the authors of the two leading articles in the reader poll (BYTE's Ongoing Monitor Box or "BOMB") are presented with bonus checks of \$100 and \$50. Unso-licited materials should be accompanied by full name and address, as well as return postage.

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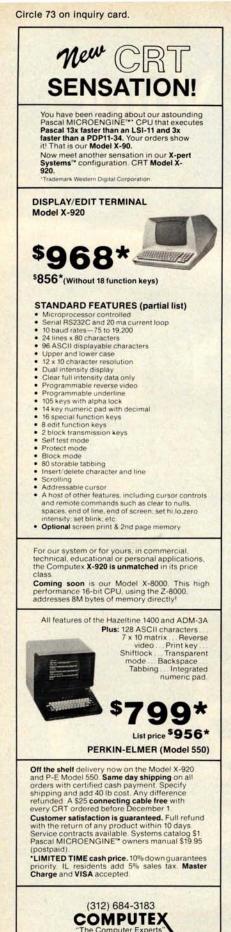


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ULTRASONIC TRANSDUCERS LOCATED

Just a short note to ask for a helping hand and to let you know that your articles in BYTE are read and enjoyed.

In your article "Building a Computer Controlled Security System for Your Home" (March 1979 BYTE, page150) you showed a circuit for generation and detection of ultrasonic signals. Would you be so kind as to note a company or two that I could contact for transducers? I have an application for ultrasonics and need a little help in knowing where to write.

Thank you for your help, and again I enjoy your articles.

Tom Yocom, WA1RTD 21 Bayberry Rd Acton MA 01720

Author Ciarcia Replies:

The particular transducers used in the March article are from MASSA in Hingham MA, I obtained them through Bullet Electronics, POB 401244E Garland, TX 75040, (214) 278-3553. I suggest calling them to determine price and availability. Since I usually purchase components in large quantities long before I actually need them for an article, I hesitate to quote a price and a definite source. The MASSA units had an output frequency of 23 kHz.

LONG DISTANCE COMMUNICATION

I saw your article in the May issue of BYTE ("Communicate on a Light Beam," page 32) and became very interested. I have an application which requires sending data up to a kilometer at speeds from 2000 to 9600 characters per second (cps). Your descriptions of the fiber optic cable and the light-emitting diode (LED) transmission circuits seem to be ideal, if they are cost effective.

Could you give more details of the distances which the circuits can drive and the addresses of the suppliers of the fiber optic components?

R H Fields 1 Wythegate Riverside Rd Staines, Middlesex United Kingdom

Author Ciarcia Replies:

Realize, of course, that the circuits presented, while possibly usable in commercial applications, are presented more to introduce the reader to the concept of fiber optic communications than solve any particular application problem. Their usability in a 1 kilometer data link depends upon more than just the electronic parameters of the circuit. The laser probably can drive such a length, but cable losses and mechanical/optical connections are going to be an important factor in any success.

When you speak of 9600 cps that is approximately 100 k bits per second (bps) and is a reasonable transmission rate. However, response time of the receiver electronics is going to be much more critical than a 10 k bit rate. Given the length of cable as 1 kilometer, I would caution you that a certain intensity must be maintained at the ouput to achieve this response.

Rather than try to reinvent the wheel or try to second-guess the technical people who really know the field, I think you would be better off purchasing a commercial system. The following is a list of American companies which deal in fiber optics. I am sure they will have a cost-effective solution for you:

Corning Glass Works **Telecommunications Dept** Corning, NY 14830 (607) 974-8812 Dupont Co Plastic Products and Resins Dept Wilmington, DE 19898 (302) 774-7850 Fiberoptic Cable Corp POB 1492 Framingham, MA 01701 (617) 875-5530 Galileo Electro-Optics Corp Galileo Park Sturbridge, MA 01618 (617) 347-9191 General Cable Corp 500 W Putnam Ave Greenwich, CT 06830 (203) 661-0100 ITT Electro-Optical Products Div Roanoke, VA 24019 (703) 563-0371 Quartz Products Corp 688 Somerset St Plainfield, NJ 07061 (201) 757-4545 Times Fiber Communications Inc 358 Hall Ave Wallingford CT 06492 (203) 265-2361 Valtec Corp **Electro Fiberoptics Div** West Boylston, MA 01583 (617) 835-6083

For further descriptive information on the use of fiber optics I suggest you refer to the January 5, 1978 issue of EDN magazine and an article titled "Designer's Guide to Fiber Optics."

Text continued on page 18

5710 Drexel Avenue

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North Star Horizon-COMPUTER WITH CLASS

The North Star Horizon computer can be found everywhere computers are used: business, engineering, home — even the classroom. Low cost, performance, reliability and software availability are the obvious reasons for Horizon's popularity. But, when a college bookstore orders our BASIC manuals, we know we have done the job from A to Z.

Don't take our word for it. Read what these instructors have to say about the North Star Horizon:

"We bought a Horizon not only for its reliability record, but also because the North Star diskette format is the industry standard for software exchange. The Horizon is the first computer we have bought that came on-line as soon as we plugged it in, and it has been running ever since!"

 Melvin Davidson, Western Washington University, Bellingham, Washington

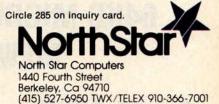
"After I gave a $\frac{1}{2}$ hour demonstration of the Horizon to our students, the sign-ups for next term's class in BASIC jumped from 18 to 72."

- Harold Nay, Pleasant Hill HS, Pleasant Hill, California

"With our Horizon we brought 130 kids from knowing nothing about computers to the point of writing their own Pascal programs. I also use it to keep track of over 900 student files, including a weekly updated report card and attendance figures." — Armando Picciotto, Kennedy HS, Richmond, California

"The Horizon is the best computer I could find for my class. It has an almost unlimited amount of software to choose from. And the dual diskette drives mean that we don't have to waste valuable classroom time loading programs, as with computers using cassette drives."

— Gary Montante, Ygnacio Valley HS, Walnut Creek, Calif.
 See the Horizon at your local North Star dealer.





Text continued:

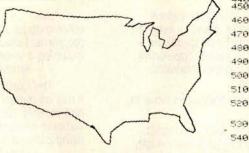
Phone Company Maps...

In reference to your article on map generation ("Computer Generated Maps," May 1979 BYTE, page 10) the telephone industry has gridded the US with a system of vertical and horizontal coordinators ("V & H"s). A discrete set of four digit "V & H"s for virtually every city, town and village is listed Federal Communications Commission tariffs.

"V & H" coordinates offer a quick and simple way to plot maps of American locations. For example, the program listing, at right, written for an

Apple II, uses "V & H" coordinates for 72 border towns to sketch an outline map of the US.

Joseph P Garber 36 Sutton Place S New York NY 10022

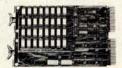


64KB MICROPROCESSOR MEMORIES

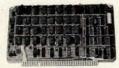
- S-100 \$750.00
- LSI \$750.00



CI-S100 64K x 8



CI-1103 32K x 16



CI-6800 64K x 8



CI-8080 64K x 8

SBC 80/10 - \$750.00 6800 - \$750.00

CI-S100 — 64K x 8 on a single board. Plugs directly into the IMSAI, MITS, TDL, SOL and most other S-100 Bus computers. No wait states even with Z80 at 4Mhz. Addressable in 4K increments. Power requirement 6 watts. Price \$750.00.

CI-1103 - 8K words to 32K words in a single option slot. Plugs directly into LSI 11, LSI 11/2, H11 & PDP 1103. Addressable in 2K increments up to 128K. 8K x 16 \$390.00. 32K x 16 \$750.00 gty. one.

CI-6800 - 16KB to 64KB on a single board. Plugs directly into Motorola's EXORcisor and compatible with the evaluation modules. Addressable in 4K increments up to 64K. 16KB \$390.00. 64KB \$750.00.

CI-8080 - 16KB to 64KB on single board. Plugs directly into Intel's MDS 800 and SBC 80/10. Addressable in 4K increments up to 64K. 16KB \$390.00. 64KB \$750.00

Tested and burned-in. Full year warranty.



EM : BEGIN MAP ROUTINE GR2 : HCOLOR= 3 EF FN VF(A) = INT ((F 00) / 35): OEF FN HF(F INT ((A - 9250) / - 35 COLOR= 7 COLOR= 7 COLOR= 1 TO 72 EAO XX PP EAO XX PP EAO XX PP 400 403 D XX PP DT FN HF(ZZ HF(PP), FN XX:ZZ = PP T I 3303,1577 2968,4623,21 VECEN VECOD TO FN 435 440 450 3884,1645,43 1577,3554,1645,45 469 470 5367,2813,53 480 437,3490,56 578817 48 490 372,3753,51 5113.4037.52 074.4871.51 7929 2385.7 550 560 46,1271,2263,2263,1205,3276,85 DP14 347,0394,3203,1206 51,0527,783,0946,3439,0543,83 DP14 465,1286,7047,1264,66 21,111,26539,1612 DP14 5615,1236,5073,1348,47 39,1178,4424,1617 DP14 4422,1249,4300,1300 P14 3302,1114 570 580 590 600 610 334,3577,1131 3303,1577 620

5 BYTE CONVERSION

The "5 Byte Hexadecimal to ASCII Converter" described by Ashwin L Doshi (June 1979 BYTE, page 208) will work on the 8080, but not on the 8085 or Z80. As Doshi points out, the routine depends on the carry and the auxiliary carry being reset at the start of the routine. In practice, the conversion routine is preceded by an instruction ANI OFH to mask off the upper 4 bits so that only the remaining 4 bits of the byte to be converted are passed to the routine. In both the 8085 and the Z80, however, the logical AND instruction sets this flag. The well-known 6-byte routine functions properly on both the 8085 and Z80.

Robert G Durnal POB 68 Junior WV 26275

630

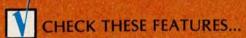
INFORMATION WANTED

I have a Heath microcomputer that I am using for market research. I am trying to locate a company where I can buy the weekly closing prices of the New York Stock Exchange and the Commodity exchanges on audio cassette.

I hope one of your readers can help me. Thank you.

Earl O Williams 280 Henderson St Apt 7J Jersey City NJ 07302

OUTPERFORMS THEM ALL!



- 80 or 120 columns (software selectable)
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A large Japanese hardware manufacturer recently introduced a good, low cost print mechanism into the U.S. market. They also announced a fully packaged printer using this mechanism to the OEM market. Then another company started to sell this printer to hobby, home and small business computer users.

We took a long hard look at this printer and liked what we saw. The mechanism was reliable. The case was beautifully designed. What we didn't care for was the 5 x 7 dot matrix format. We also believed some form of condensed character set and a few other alterations in software would be significant improvements.

So we bought the mechanism and the case. But we designed our own logic board and wrote new software. The Microtek Printer. Looks the same as the others but really isn't. It's better. It's one giant step ahead of its competition.

CHECK THIS CHART...

MICROTEX

FEATURES	Microtek MT-80	Anadex DP-8000	Centronics 779-2 (Radio Shack 26-1152)	Centronics 730-1 (Radio Shack 26-1154)	Super Brain LP-80
Dot matrix format	9x7	9x7	5x7	7x7	5x7
Characters per line	80/120	80	80/132	80	80
96 char ASCII (upper + lower case)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Throughput rate	70 lpm	84 Ipm	21 lpm	21 lpm	63 lpm
VFU	Standard	Standard	N/A	N/A	Standard
Bi-directional printing?	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
Built-in self test?	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Unit price	\$750*	\$995	\$1,350-1,559	\$970-995	\$985

*Parallel interface

Comparison data from manufacturer's current (August '79) literature.

NOW CHECK THIS COUPON ...

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BYTE October 1979 19

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But you don't have to get your first million in one big megabyte. Morrow's DISCUS/2D[™] single-side double-density floppy disk system gives you 600K per full-size diskette for just \$1149, complete and assembled. And when you want to expand to a full megabyte, just plug in a second drive... both the hardware and software are expandable.

And if economy is a real concern, you can still get started on your million with Morrow's DISCUS I™ 250K single-density disc system. It's delivered complete and assembled for just \$995... and will accept up to 3 more drives.

All three Morrow disk systems meet the Proposed IEEE S-100 standard and are compatible with 2MHz, 4 MHz and 5 MHz S-100 systems. A dual-drive cabinet is available as an option with any density you choose.

Why set your goals low and slow with a mini-floppy system? Get started on your first million with a DISCUS[™] full-size system by Morrow. See your local computer shop. Or write Thinker Toys,[™] 5221 Central, Richmond, California 94804. Or call (415) 524-2101, weekdays 10-5 (Pacific Time).

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Tracing Your Own Roots

Stan W Merrill Computer Resource Associates 914 E 61st St Chicago IL 60637

Tracing your own roots satisfies an intangible craving that many people have - a craving to understand your place in a heritage that was developed by people who are perhaps more like yourself (at least genetically) than any other people on Earth. The process involves untangling puzzles that tax the most intelligent imagination. Relationships must be deciphered from other people's memories and from bits and pieces of written records that form a fragile and sometimes inadequate link between you and your ancestors. It is a natural application for a microcomputer.

Doing Genealogy

How does a person go about tracing his or her roots? There are several steps that make the process simpler. Some of these steps are enumerated in the following section.

Step 1. The best place to start searching for your family is, of course, at home. You should jot down on paper or key into the computer all the things that you know (or think you know) about your ancestry, then look for family records, such as Bibles and cor-

About the Author

Stan W Merrill is a partner in Computer Resource Associates, a Chicago based consulting firm which he recently helped found. Between times, he is writing his doctoral dissertation in sociology at the University of Chicago. Genealogy is a traditional activity in his family, and some of his lines have been traced back several centuries. respondence. Frequently these will contain useful leads that make it easier to document facts later on. Next, contact family members: parents, siblings, the proverbial great-great-aunt, and anyone else who might possess a piece of family information. It is useful to quiz these relatives about parents, events, dates, and places, beginning with those people who are closest to you in time, and working backward.

If other family members are interested, it may be possible to establish a family organization that will hold occasional family reunions and share the fun and work of searching out ancestors. Such an organization already exists in many families.

It is not unusual for such contact with family members to plunge the new genealogist into the first meaningful contacts with some relatives. Such contact draws people into warmer and closer relationship that is, in itself, a substantial reward for the effort invested in genealogy.

Step 2. The memories collected from family members cannot usually provide adequate proof of the events recalled, since the human capacity to remember information accurately is imperfect. Memories merely provide hints for where to look for birth, marriage, and death certificates (known as vital records), or for entries in church and civil record books that will document the information. These documents provide official information about particular ancestors, and also give possible clues about other ancestors in the chain.

Several sources exist for finding these documents. Often ancestors will have resided in a single locality for several generations. A letter to the clerk of the political jurisdiction (county, province, etc) where they lived, or to the parish cleric in countries where churches kept the vital records, will often elicit copies of desirable information. These places can be visited in person as well.

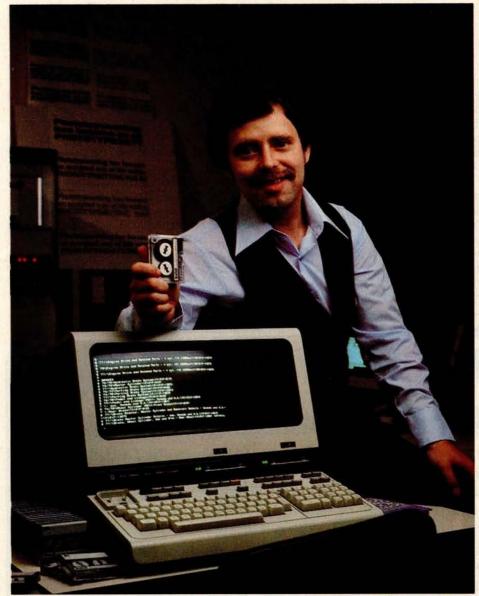
A number of institutions collect and preserve genealogical records on a national or international basis, and make these records available to the public. The institution with what is undoubtedly the most complete collection is:

The Genealogical Society Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints 50 E North Temple Salt Lake City UT 84102

You do not have to belong to the Church of Latter Day Saints in order to use their genealogical data sources. While the main library is in Utah, branch libraries are scattered throughout the United States and much of the world. The telephone number of a unit of the church can be found in most telephone directories, and a phone call will produce information about the location of the nearest branch library.

Other excellent sources of genealogical data include:

"Our reputation rests on digits, decimal points, and details. We wouldn't trust them to anything less than Scotch Brand Data Cartridges."



Bill Birkett, Vice President, Trade Graphics, Inc., Livonia, Michigan

The unique design of a data cartridge provides great reliability, high storage capacity and long tape life. And where could you possibly get better data cartridges than Scotch Brand, made by 3M, the people who invented the data cartridge system itself?

3M controls every step in manufacturing. Top quality magnetic tape and precision components are part of every Scotch Data Cartridge. Over twenty-five years of service to the computer industry assure you of the utmost reliability.

Scotch Data Cartridges are available in miniature DC 100A, the standard-size DC 300A and now, an extra-length DC 300XL with 50% more storage capacity. They are compatible with most cartridge systems including Hewlett-Packard, IBM, NCR, Tektronix and TI.

To find out where you can find Scotch Data Cartridges or virtually any other data recording medium, call toll-free: 800-328-1300. (In Minnesota, call collect: 612-736-9625.) Ask for the Data Recording Products Division.

If it's worth remembering, it's worth Scotch Data Recording Products.





Central Reference Div National Archives Washington DC 20408

Library of Congress Washington DC 20540

Newberry Library 60 W Walton St Chicago IL 60610

New York Public Library 5th Av and 42nd St New York NY 10018

This list is not exhaustive, but writing or visiting one of these places will help anybody get started. It is also useful to talk to a reference librarian at a local library. They will often know of nearby sources of genealogical information.

Step 3. It is fairly easy and pleasant for most people to trace back their ancestry 3 or 4 generations. But when a line migrates across an ocean, or when records become less complete (as they invariably do when going further back in time), ingenuity comes into play. Passenger lists, censuses, and tax lists may provide clues to the identity of ancestors who cannot be located in vital records. A knowledge of history is acquired while searching for clues about mass movements in which ancestors may have participated.

This is where the computer comes in. To know what is missing becomes increasingly difficult as the number of ancestors for whom you have information increases. It scarcely needs to be said that computerizing the records makes it much simpler to keep track of the data.

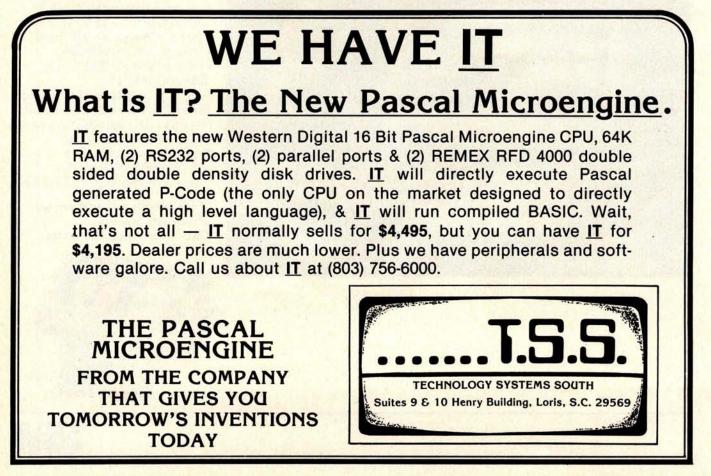
Still more helpful is the use of the computer to solve puzzles. Suppose, for instance, that you cannot find any more family members in a certain line, but you notice from the output data that a related family line has moved to a new locality at about the same time. You have been given a hint that the first family line may also have migrated there, and you can begin to search for information in the records of that particular place.

Using the Program

You need not be a genealogical

expert to utilize the program that is listed here. Item 1 on the program's menu (table 1) automatically prompts the user for the most important information about each ancestor. (See listing 1.) This information includes birth date and place, parentage, marriages, and date and place of death. The program asks for the sources of information too, so that the inevitable need to check entries will be easier.

To list the information for any or all of the names that have been entered into the file, you can use item 2 on the menu. An example of a listing for one individual is shown in listing 2. A person can be located by name or by number. Because it is possible for there to be more than one individual in the file with the same name, you should make certain that the person listed is the correct one. The program as now written will not search beyond the first occurrence of a name unless the all option is selected. When all is typed in response to the prompt, the subroutine will read sequentially through all of the records in the file.



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In addition to listing file entries, menu item 2 will revise entries. If a revision is made because new information has been found, simply enter the number (or name) of the person for whom the revisions are to be made, and then select the type of information that is to be updated. The revision subroutines are document oriented, that is, each asks for all of the information that is commonly found on a particular vital record. For example, the marriage revision subroutine requests the date of marriage, the spouse's name, the place where the marriage was performed, and the source from which the information was obtained, because all of these items are found on a marriage certificate. The document orientation of the revision routines suits the genealogist's situation well, for the need to update information about an ancestor will usually arise from the discovery of a new document.

If you wish to revise an error that was made while entering information the first time, you should first finish entering all of the information requested by the program. The computer will then prompt for changes by going back to the original menu.

Item 2 will also generate blank data-collection forms which can be used for gathering information to enter into the computer. This is done by putting a special symbol in the data fields for every relevant name,

PLEASE ENTER THE NUMBER OF THE PROCEDURE YOU WANT: (1) ENTER INFORMATION (2) READ OR REVISE INFORMATION (3) LIST PEDIGREE (4) END THE PROGRAM ?

Table 1: The genealogy program prompts the user for a specific use. The user can enter and modify information, list a person's pedigree for 4 generations, or finish the program use.

TASK: ADD GENEALOGICAL INFORMATION TO THE FILE	DOES SHE ALREADY HAVE A NUMBER?
WHAT IS THE PERSON'S NAME?	
(USE MAIDEN NAME WHERE APPROPRIATE)	PLEASE ENTER HER NUMBER:
? THOMAS MERRILL	? 16
TO PREVENT THOMAS MERRILL	WHERE DID YOU GET THE INFORMATION ABOUT
FROM BEING CONFUSED WITH SOMEONE ELSE	THOMAS MERRILL 'S BIRTH AND PARENTAGE?
WHO MAY HAVE A SIMILAR NAME, HE/SHE	(BE SPECIFIC)
SHOULD HAVE A UNIQUE NUMBER IN THIS FILE.	? BIRTH CERTIFICATE 13347A
HAS A NUMBER ALREADY BEEN ASSIGNED?	
? YES	HOW MANY TIMES WAS THOMAS MERRILL MARRIED?
	(ENTER A DIGIT FROM 0 TO 99)
PLEASE ENTER THE NUMBER:	? 1
? 14	
I WILL ASK YOU FOR SOME DATES.	ENTER A DATE FOR MARRIAGE # 1 (DA MO YR)
PLEASE ENTER DATES IN THE FOLLOWING	? 5 OCTOBER 1755
FORMAT: DAY MONTH YEAR	
EXAMPLE: 23 APRIL 1949	
IF YOU DON'T KNOW A DATE, ENTER 'UNKNOWN'.	WHAT WAS THE SPOUSE'S FULL NAME?
	(USE MAIDEN NAME WHERE APPLICABLE)
	? MARTHA WOOD
WHEN WAS THOMAS MERRILL BORN (DA MO YR)?	
? 20 NOVEMBER 1715	
	WHERE WERE THEY MARRIED?
WHERE WAS HE/SHE BORN?	? HARTFORD CONNECTICUT
? HARTFORD CONNECTICUT	
	WHERE DID YOU GET THE INFORMATION ABOUT MARRIAGE # 1 ?
WHAT WAS THOMAS MERRILL 'S FATHER'S NAME?	? MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE 3445 B
(IF YOU DON'T KNOW, ENTER 'UNKNOWN')	
? ABEL MERRILL	
	WHEN DID THOMAS MERRILL DIE (DA MO YR)?
	(IF YOU DON'T KNOW, ENTER 'UNKNOWN'.
DOES ABEL MERRILL ALREADY HAVE A NUMBER?	IF HE OR SHE IS STILL LIVING, ENTER 'ALIVE'.)
? Y	? 16 JUNE 1814
PLEASE ENTER HIS NUMBER:	
? 15	WHERE DID HE/SHE DIE?
	? HARTFORD CONNECTICUT
WHAT WAS THOMAS MERRILL 'S MOTHER'S NAME?	, HANTFORD COMMICTION
(USE MAIDEN NAME IF POSSIBLE. IF YOU	
DON'T KNOW HER NAME, ENTER 'UNKNOWN')	WHERE DID YOU GET THE INFORMATION ABOUT HIS/HER DEATH?
? MEHITABLE EASTON	? DEATH CERTIFICATE 3988 C
	· PHILIT OBSTILLOUIL JYOU O

Listing 1: When adding information to the file, the program prompts you for every input and describes the form that it should take. If an error is made during input, the rest of the information should be completed and the revise option chosen from the main menu upon completion.

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TASK: READ AND REVISE FILE INFORMATION	Manual and a state of the second state of the second
DO YOU WISH TO SEARCH BY 'NAME' OR BY 'NUMBER'? ? NUMBER	
PLEASE ENTER THE NUMBER: ? 14	TASK: LIST PEDIGREE
GENEALOCICAL INFORMATION FOR: THOMAS MERRILL NUMBER: 14	WHOSE PEDIGREE WOULD YOU LIKE PRINTED? (ENTER HIS/HER NUMBER, PLEASE) ? 14
BORN: 20 NOVEMBER 1715 BIRTHPLACE: HARTFORD CONNECTICUT	THE SYMBOL 'F' STANDS FOR 'FATHER' THE SYMBOL 'M' STANDS FOR 'MOTHER'
FATHER: ABEL MERRILL(NUMBER: 15)MOTHER: MEHITABLE EASTON(NUMBER: 16)	PEDIGREE FOR PERSON # 14
MARRIED TO: MARTHA WOOD DATE: 5 OCTOBER 1755 PLACE: HARTFORD CONNECTICUT	THOMAS MERRILL F:ABEL MERRILL (NUMBER: 15) M:MEHITABLE EASTON (NUMBER: 16)
DEATH DATE: 16 JUNE 1814 PLACE OF DEATH: HARTFORD CONNECTICUT	FF: JOHN MERRILL (NUMBER: 17) FM: SARAH WATSON (NUMBER: 18)
RECORDS SOURCE: BIRTH AND PARENTAGE: BIRTH CERTIFICATE 13347A MARRIAGE # 1 :MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE 3445 B DEATH: DEATH CERTIFICATE 3988 C	MF: JOHN EASTON (NUMBER: 19) MM: ELIZABETH (EASTON) (NUMBER: 20) FFF: NATHANI EL MERRILL (NUMBER: 21) FFM: SUSANNAH WOLTERTON (NUMBER: 22)
DO YOU WISH TO CHANGE ANYTHING? ? NO	FMF: JOHN WATSON(NUMBER: 25)FMM: MARGARET SMITH(NUMBER: 26)
WOULD YOU CARE TO EXAMINE ANOTHER RECORD? ? YES	MFF: JOSE PH EASTON (NUMBER: 27) MFM: HANNAH (EASTON) (NUMBER: 28) MMF: UN KNOWN (NUMBER: 0)
Listing 2: A file may be found and read by either name or	MMM: UN KNOWN (NUMBER: 0)

number. When the data has been reviewed, the user may update the file using the revision command.

Listing 3: When a pedigree is requested, a person's ancestry is traced back 4 generations. If the ancestry is unknown, then this is stated.

place, date, and source in item 1. (A question mark (?) makes a good symbol for this purpose. The number 0 can be used when the computer prompts for a number for the individual and his parents. The number 1 is a good response when the computer asks how many times the individual was married.) Either the special symbol or the number assigned by the program to the special form is then used in item 2. The number or symbol can be requested repeatedly to obtain as many copies of the form as are desired.

The program assigns a unique number to each ancestor so that it can differentiate between people with the same name. (My own genealogy contains cases where as many as 3 individuals have identical names.) Utilizing these numbers, the program will link up any person in the file with 4 generations of his or her ancestors, thus forming a *pedigree chart*. An example of such a pedigree is shown in listing 3. It is not necessary that everyone in the file be related. The program can tell who is related to whom on the basis of the number assigned to each person.

Other Ideas

The genealogy program in listing 4 prompts you to enter important identifying information about your ancestors. It will print back this information and allow revisions. It will also print a 4 generation pedigree for any person in the file, but its usefulness need not stop there: your own imagination can provide personal additions. You might wish to expand the pedigree section to print out more generations, or write a subroutine which will sort persons of the file into nuclear family groups. You might choose to add a subroutine to calculate age of death for each ancestor and average age of death for subgroups of ancestors. This could provide insight into the impact of historical conditions on longevity in your family, and could even be applied toward figuring out your own life expectancy. Along these same lines, you could add a prompt for cause of death - an item usually found on a death certificate. Inspection of the cause of death for a large number of ancestors might even alert you to special diseases that occur regularly in your family.

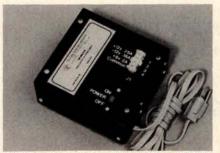
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Listing 4: The genealogical program source listing in BASIC Plus 2. Only the input and output statements will need to be changed to adapt this program to most microcomputers with disk storage.

```
00010 PRINT TAB(19); 'GENEALOGICAL PROGRAM'
00020 !
00030 !
          WRITTEN BY STAN W. MERRILL
00040 !
                  OF COMPUTER RESOURCE ASSOCIATES
                     914 EAST SIXTY-FIRST STREET
00050 !
                     CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637
00060 !
00070 !
                     (312) 363-6183
00080 !
             ALLOCATE FILE AND COUNT NUMBER OF CASES ALREADY IN IT
00090 !
00100 !
             SET COUNTERS
00110 !
00120 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT
00130 ON ERROR GO TO 350
00140 MAP GENDATA B,C$(3)=16,D$=25,E$=16,F,C$(3)=25,H$=20,J$=16,K$(3)=20
,L$=20,Q$=25,S$=25,R,T,D1$=40,D2$(3)=40,D3$=40
00150 OPEN 'GEN' AS FILE #1, SEQUENTIAL VARIABLE, MAP GENDATA, INVALID
130
00160 LET 12=0
00170 LET I3=0
                 ! I3 COUNTS NUMBER OF CASES IN FILE
00180 !
00190 PRINT "WOULD YOU LIKE A LIST OF THE NAMES CURRENTLY"
00200 PRINT "IN THE FILE?"
00210 INPUT W1$
00220 PRINT
00230 IF WIS='Y' THEN PRINT "THE FILE CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING NAMES:"
00240 IF W1$='YES' THEN PRINT "THE FILE CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING NAMES:"
00250 PRINT
00260 GET #1
00270 LET I3=I3+1
00280 IF W1$='Y' THEN PRINT D$, B
00290 IF W1$='YES' THEN PRINT D$, B
```

Listing 4 continued on next page

This genealogy program was written on a DECsystem 2050 at the University of Chicago, using DEC's BASIC Plus 2. The file I/O (input/output) under BASIC Plus 2 differs from that in many other BASICs and may require some revision when running the program under another interpreter or compiler. For instance, the MAP statement, which BASIC Plus 2 uses to allocate space for variables, is unnecessary in some versions of BASIC.

To make the program smaller, reduce the number of prompts. Another possibility is to break the program into smaller programs, each of which can be loaded into memory independently as needed. The 3 major subroutines (labeled "procedure subroutines" in listing 4) are almost self-sufficient, that is, they can be entered as separate programs with only slight modification. However, procedure subroutine 2 calls several revision subroutines (lines 4170 thru 4850) which should be included with it, if it is made into a separate program.

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Another use for the information in Listing 4 continued: the file is for studying naming traditions. Do certain names appear over and over in the family? Are surnames commonly used for given or middle names? Perhaps the file contains ideas for naming your own children (pets, etc). Studying names can help in the understanding of implicit family values and the transfer of power and prestige in the family.

You may wish to add a subroutine for collecting biographical anecdotes about ancestors. This is a real programming challenge, given the limited string handling capabilities of most versions of BASIC.

Conclusion

Genealogy matches you and your computer against exciting and worthwhile puzzles that challenge the best abilities of both man and machine. Its rewards include a closer relationship with your family, increased knowledge of history gleaned from a search for facts that may have affected ancestral migration and marriage patterns, and a self-knowledge derived from examination of people like yourself.

1/CRO

```
00300 !
00310 IF B>I2 THEN LET I2=B
00320 IF R>12 THEN LET 12=R
00330 IF T>12 THEN LET 12=T
00340 GO TO 260
00350 RESUME 390
00360 !
00370 !
             MENU OF PROCEDURES
00380 !
00390 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT
00400 PRINT 'PLEASE ENTER THE NUMBER OF THE PROCEDURE'
00410 PRINT YOU WANT:
00420 PRINT
00430 PRINT TAB(10); (1) ENTER INFORMATION
00440 PRINT TAB(10); (2) READ OR REVISE INFORMATION'
00450 PRINT TAB(10); (3) LIST PEDICREE'
00460 PRINT TAB(10); '(4) END THE PROGRAM'
00470 INPUT A
                                  !ENTER INFORMATION
00480 IF A=1 THEN GOSUB 570
00490 IF A=2 THEN GOSUB 2000
                                  IREAD THE INFORMATION
00500 IF A=3 THEN GOSUB 3090
                                  !LIST PEDIGREE
                                  ! END PROGRAM
00510 IF A=4 THEN GO TO 4900
                                  INPUT ERROR-TRY AGAIN
00520 GO TO 390
00530 !
              PROCEDURE SUBROUTINE #1
00540 !
00550 !
                 BIRTH CERTIFICATE INFORMATION
00560 !
00570 PRINT\PRINT
00580 PRINT 'TASK: ADD GENEALOGICAL INFORMATION TO THE FILE'
00590 OPEN 'GEN' FOR INPUT AS FILE #1, SEQUENTIAL VARIABLE, ACCESS
APPEND, MAP GENDATA, INVALID 130
00600 PRINT\PRINT
00610 PRINT "WHAT IS THE PERSON'S NAME?"
```

Listing 4 continued on page 32

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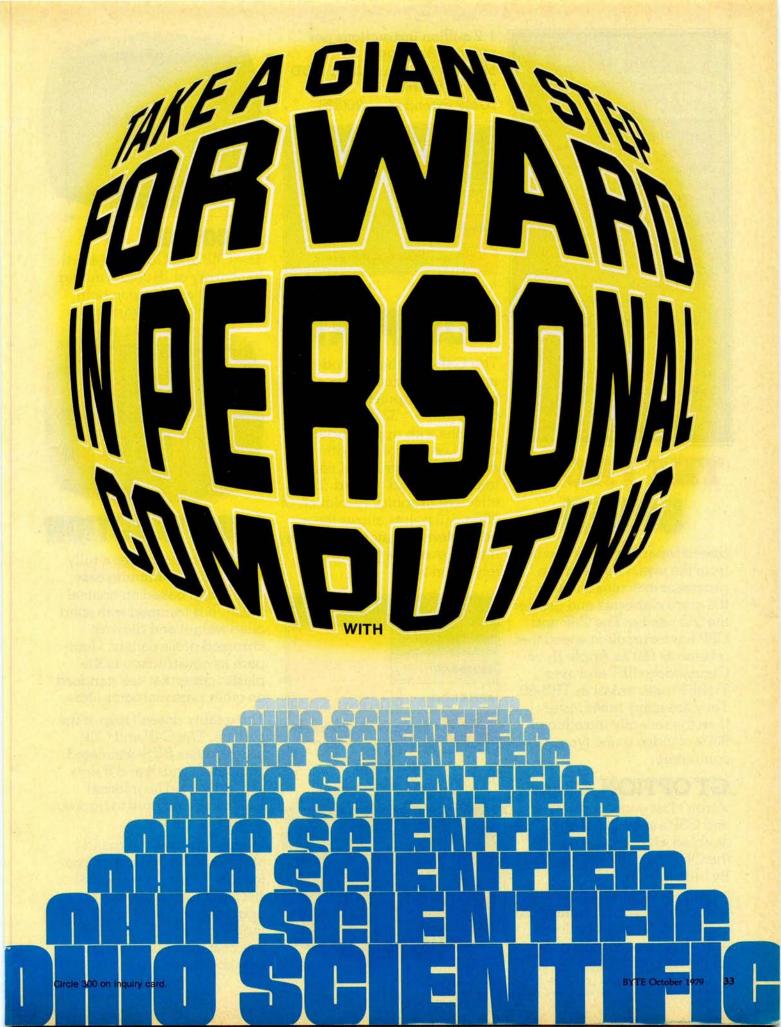
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00620 PRINT "(USE MAIDEN NAME WHERE APPROPRIATE)" 00630 INPUT D\$ 00640 PRINT\PRINT 00650 PRINT "TO PREVENT ";D\$ 00660 PRINT "FROM BEING CONFUSED WITH SOMEONE ELSE" 00670 PRINT "WHO MAY HAVE A SIMILAR NAME, HE/SHE" 00680 PRINT "SHOULD HAVE A UNIQUE NUMBER IN THIS FILE." 00690 PRINT 00700 PRINT "HAS A NUMBER ALREADY BEEN ASSIGNED?" 00710 INPUT V\$ 00720 IF V\$='Y' THEN 820 00730 IF V\$='YES' THEN 820 00740 IF V\$<>'N' THEN IF V\$<>'NO' THEN GO TO 690 00750 LET 12=12+1 00760 LET B=12 **00770 PRINT** 00780 PRINT "HE/SHE HAS BEEN ASSIGNED THE NUMBER:" 00790 PRINT 00800 PRINT TAB(10);B 00810 GO TO 850 **00820 PRINT** 00830 PRINT "PLEASE ENTER THE NUMBER:" 00840 INPUT B 00850 PRINT\PRINT 00860 PRINT "I WILL ASK YOU FOR SOME DATES." 00870 PRINT "PLEASE ENTER DATES IN THE FOLLOWING" 00880 PRINT "FORMAT: DAY MONTH YEAR' 00890 PRINT " EXAMPLE: 23 APRIL 1949" 00900 PRINT "IF YOU DON'T KNOW A DATE, ENTER 'UNKNOWN'." 00910 PRINT\PRINT 00920 PRINT 'WHEN WAS ';D\$;' BORN (DA MO YR)?' 00930 INPUT E\$ 00940 PRINT 00950 PRINT "WHERE WAS HE/SHE BORN?" 00960 INPUT H\$ U0970 PRINT\PRINT 00980 PRINT "WHAT WAS ";D\$;"'S FATHER'S NAME?" 00990 PRINT "(IF YOU DON'T KNOW, ENTER 'UNKNOWN')" 01000 INPUT OS 01010 IF QS='UNKNOWN' THEN GO TO 1200 01020 PRINT\PRINT 01030 PRINT "DOES ";Q\$;" ALREADY HAVE A NUMBER?" 01040 INPUT VS 01050 IF V\$='Y' THEN 1160 01060 IF V\$='YES' THEN 1160 01070 IF V\$<>'N' THEN IF V\$<>'NO' THEN GO TO 1020 01080 PRINT 01090 LET 12=12+1 01100 LET R=12 01110 PRINT "HE HAS BEEN ASSIGNED THE NUMBER :" 01120 PRINT 01130 PRINT TAB(10);R 01140 PRINT\PRINT 01150 GO TO 1220 01160 PRINT 01170 PRINT "PLEASE ENTER HIS NUMBER:" 01180 INPUT R 01190 CO TO 1220 01200 LET R=0 01210 PRINT\PRINT 01220 PRINT "WHAT WAS ";D\$;"'S MOTHER'S NAME?" 01230 PRINT "(USE MAIDEN NAME IF POSSIBLE. IF YOU" 01240 PRINT "DON'T KNOW HER NAME, ENTER 'UNKNOWN')" 01250 INPUT S\$ 01260 IF SS='UNKNOWN' THEN GO TO 1430 01270 PRINT\PRINT 01280 PRINT "DOES SHE ALREADY HAVE A NUMBER?" 01290 INPUT V\$ 01300 IF V\$='Y' THEN GO TO 1400 01310 IF V\$='YES' THEN GO TO 1400 01320 IF V\$<>'N' THEN IF V\$<>'NO' THEN GO TO 1270 Listing 4 continued on page 42





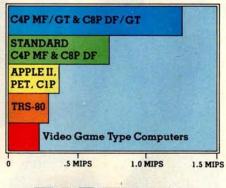
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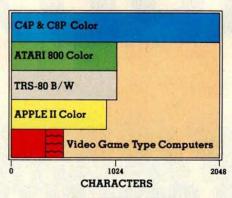
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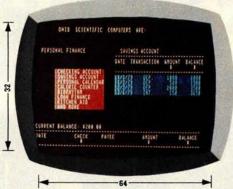
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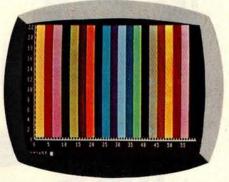






16 COLORS

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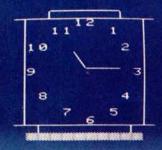
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ON/OFF Switch Fuse

Only an Ohio Scientific C4P MF or C8P DF can offer you all this I/O.



RS - 232 PORTS

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1-300 baud modem port 1-300/1200 baud printer port Directly connect to an optional modem and

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AVAILABLE ON THE BACK AND READY TO RUN.

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One accessory BUS connector for an external 48 line I/O board, PROM blaster, analog data module or education board.



SOUND

1-programmable tone generator 200 — 20KHz 1-8 bit companding digital to analog converter (DAC) for music and voice output

Cassette IN (Cassette Versions Only)

Color Adj.

Video Display



Cassette OUT (Cassette Versions Only)

> HOME INTERFACES 1—AC-12 AC remote control interface



HUMAN INPUT EXPANSION

2-8 axis joystick interfaces 2-10 keypad interfaces





Circle 300 on inquiry card.

HARDWARE

COMPUTERS

C4P	8K BASIC in ROM, 8K RAM, Demo Cassette	\$ 698
C4P MF	24K RAM, Single Mini-Floppy, OS-65D 3.1 operating system and 2 demo disks	1,695
C8P	8K BASIC in ROM, 8K RAM, Demo Cassette	895
C8P DF	32K RAM Dual 8" floppies, OS-65D 3.1 and 2 demo disks.	2,597
ACCESSORI	ES.	
AC-3P	12" B/W Combination Monitor/TV	\$ 115
AC-15P	12" Color Monitor	399
AC-16P	2—8 Axis Joy sticks with cables	39
AC-11P	Answer/Originate 300 baud modem with cable	199
AC-12P	AC-Remote starter set, console, 2 lamp modules, 2 appliance modules, OS-65D home control operating system.	175
AC-17P	Home security starter set (wire- less), console, 1 fire detector 2-window units, one door unit and Demonstration software.	249
CA-15	Universal telephone interface with touch tone encoder / decoder, 300 baud orginate / answer modem, analog signal mux / demux.	499
CA-15V	As above with Votrax voice module for computer generated voice response.	799
PRINTERS		
AC-18P	Low cost high speed 8½" aluminized paper printer with upper/lower case.	\$ 695
AC-9TP	Centronics 779 110 cps tractor feed Business printer with interface.	1,250
AC-14	NEC Spinwriter—word processing printer with high speed parallel Interface.	2.795
GT OPTIONS	(must be purchased with com	puter)
C4P MF/GT	24K, 120NS Memory, 6502C processor, 2-speed	\$ 950
C8P DF/GT	48K, 120NS Memory, 6502C processor, 2 speed	1,825

onal floppy drives and other accessory boards consult the current full line price list.

SOFTWARE

Here is a partial listing of diskettes for the C4P and C8P. For a complete listing of diskettes and cassettes consult the current full line price list.

APPLICATIONS SOFTWARE

APPLICATION	S SUFTWARE		
Game Disk 1	Arcade games	\$	2
Game Disk 2	Arcade games		2
Game Disk 3	Popular Conventional Computer games		2
Game Disk 4	Popular Conventional Computer games		2
Game Disk 5	Advanced Arcade games		2
Game Disk 6	Advanced Arcade games		2
Game Disk 7	Joy stick Arcade games		2
Game Disk 8	Animations and Cartoons (2 disk set)		2
Personal Disk 1	Checking/Savings/Loans/Etc.		2
Personal Disk 2	More personal programs		2
Education Disk 1	Educational games		2
Education Disk 2	BASIC tutor series		2
Education Disk 3	Tests/tutors/drills		2
BUSINESS SOF	TWARE		
Business Disk 1	Depreciation/return on invest- ments etc	s	2
Business Disk 2	Mailing list/Address list/etc	sta:	2
OS-WP2	Complete word processing system		20
OS-MDMS	65D based Data Base Manager and information management system. A must for business use.		4
MDMS-A/R	Accounts Receivable System		2
MDMS-A/P	Accounts Payable System		2
	Inventory System		2
MDMS-Aux. 1	Sort/File packer/keyFile editor for ISAM		2
UTILITIES			
65D Aux. 1	Sort/packer/memory test/ disassembler	\$	2
Graphics 1	Color graphics utilities with high resolution plot package		2
Home Control 2	Advanced home control program using AC-12 and AC-17	1	2
DAC Routines 1	Music composition system with chord generation capability		3

Purchase your C4P or C8P and accessories direct from your local Ohio Scientific dealer. Over 300 dealers nationwide.

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September 1977

March 1979

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The September '77 and March '79 covers of BYTE are now each available as a limited edition art print, personally signed and numbered by the artist, Robert Tinney.

These prints are strictly limited to a quantity of 750 for each cover, and no other editions, of any size, will ever be published. Each print is $18'' \times 22''$, printed on quality, coated stock, and signed and numbered in pencil at bottom.

The price of each print is \$25. This includes 1) a signed and numbered print; 2) a Certificate of Authenticity, also signed personally by the artist and witnessed, attesting to the number of the edition (750), and the destruction of the printing plates; and 3) first class shipment in a heavy-duty mailing tube.

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prints at	\$25 ea	ch. I und	derstand	this price in-
cludes C	ertificate	e of Auth	enticity a	and first class
shipment				

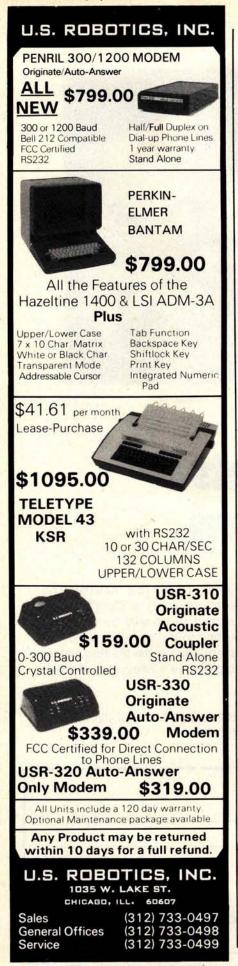
- I have enclosed check or money order to Robert Tinney Graphics.
- Charge this to my Master Charge or Visa

Card #_

Expires:____

Ship my print(s) to	18 30		1-91-1
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Address	e perute	gayaon sahar	
Dity	State	Zip	
Send order to:			1910
robert	tinney g	raphics	
P.O. Box 450	47 · Baton Roug	ge, LA 70895	

Circle 379 on inquiry card.



Listing 4 continued: 01330 PRINT 01340 LET 12=12+1 01350 LET T=12 01360 PRINT "SHE HAS BEEN ASSIGNED THE NUMBER:" 01370 PRINT 01380 PRINT TAB(10);T 01390 GO TO 1450 ! GO BACK FOR NUMBER 01400 PRINT 01410 PRINT "PLEASE ENTER HER NUMBER:" 01420 INPUT T 01430 PRINT\PRINT 01440 LET T=0 01450 PRINT\PRINT 01460 PRINT "WHERE DID YOU GET THE INFORMATION ABOUT" 01470 PRINT D\$;"'S BIRTH AND PARENTAGE?" 01480 PRINT "(BE SPECIFIC)" 01490 INPUT D1\$ 01500 ! 01510 ! MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE INFORMATION 01520 ! 01530 PRINT\PRINT 01540 PRINT "HOW MANY TIMES WAS ";D\$;" MARRIED?" 01550 PRINT '(ENTER A DIGIT FROM 0 TO 99)' 01560 INPUT F 01570 IF F=0 THEN GO TO 1730 01580 FOR I=1 TO F 01590 PRINT\PRINT PRINT 'ENTER A DATE FOR MARRIAGE #'; I; ' (DA MO YR)' 01600 01610 INPUT C\$(I) 01620 PRINT PRINT "WHAT WAS THE SPOUSE'S FULL NAME?" 01630 PRINT '(USE MAIDEN NAME WHERE APPLICABLE)' 01640 01650 INPUT G\$(I) 01660 PRINT 01670 PRINT 'WHERE WERE THEY MARRIED?' 01680 INPUT K\$(I) 01690 PRINT\PRINT PRINT "WHERE DID YOU GET THE INFORMATION ABOUT MARRIAGE #";F;"?" 01700 01710 INPUT D2S(I) 01720 NEXT I 01730 IF F=O THEN C\$(I)='NOT APPLICABLE' 01740 IF F=0 THEN G\$(I)='NOT APPLICABLE' 01750 ! DEATH CERTIFICATE INFORMATION 01760 ! 01770 1 01780 PRINT \PRINT 01790 PRINT 'WHEN DID ';D\$;' DIE (DA MO YR)?' 01800 PRINT "(IF YOU DON'T KNOW, ENTER 'UNKNOWN'." 01810 PRINT "IF HE OR SHE IS STILL LIVING, ENTER 'ALIVE'.)" 01820 INPUT J\$ 01830 IF J\$="ALIVE" THEN GO TO 1900 01840 PRINT\PRINT 01850 PRINT 'WHERE DID HE/SHE DIE?' 01860 INPUT L\$ 01870 PRINT\PRINT 01880 PRINT "WHERE DID YOU GET THE INFORMATION ABOUT HIS/HER DEATH?" 01890 INPUT D3\$ 01900 IF JS= ALIVE' THEN LS= NOT APPLICABLE' 01910 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT 01920 ! 01930 PUT #1 01940 CLOSE #1 01950 RETURN 01960 ! 01970 ! PROCEDURE SUBROUTINE #2 01980 ! READ AND REVISE FILE 01990 ! 02000 PRINT\PRINT 02010 PRINT "TASK: READ AND REVISE FILE INFORMATION" 02020 PRINT\PRINT 02030 OPEN 'GEN' AS FILE #1, SEQUENTIAL VARIABLE, ACCESS MODIFY, MAP GEN Listing 4 continued on page 44

What it means to you.

dig-i-kit-izer/dij-e-kit-izer/ *n*: (1): a highvalue low-cost computer graphic input device designed to be assembled by the user (2): the most advanced graphics tablet in kit form (3): An instrument that, when assembled, allows the user innumerable methods of design and analysis functions (4): The latest addition to the most extensive, accurate and reliable line of digitizers, by Talos

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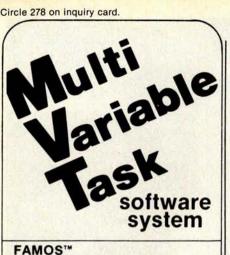
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Circle 278 on inquiry card.



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8080/z80

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AVAILABLE TO MANUFACTURERS/ OEM FOR PRIVATE LABEL MARKETING



Listing 4 continued:

DATA, INVALID 130 02040 PRINT "DO YOU WISH TO SEARCH BY 'NAME' OR BY 'NUMBER'?" 02050 INPUT W2\$ 02060 PRINT 02070 IF W2\$= "NAME" THEN GO TO 2200 02080 IF W2S<>'NUMBER' THEN GO TO 2040 02090 PRINT "PLEASE ENTER THE NUMBER:" 02100 INPUT A1 02110 PRINT 02120 RESTORE #1 02130 LET Z5=0 02140 LET 7.5=25+1 02150 IF Z5>13 THEN PRINT "PERSON #";A1;"IS NOT IN THE FILE." 02160 IF Z5>I3 THEN GO TO 2940 02170 GET #1 02180 IF A1<>B THEN GO TO 2140 02190 GO TO 2340 02200 PRINT "IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR SOMEONE IN PARTICULAR" 02210 PRINT "PLEASE ENTER HIS OR HER NAME. IF YOU WANT" 02220 PRINT "TO READ THROUGH THE ENTIRE FILE, ENTER 'ALL'." 02230 INPUT P1\$ 02240 PRINT 02250 LET P2\$=P1\$ 02260 RESTORE #1 02270 LET 25=0 02280 LET Z5=Z5+1 02290 IF Z5>13 THEN PRINT PIS;" IS NOT IN THE FILE." 02300 IF Z5>13 THEN GO TO 2940 02310 GET #1 02320 IF PIS='ALL' THEN LET P2S=D\$ 02330 IF P2\$<>D\$ THEN GO TO 2280 02340 PRINT\PRINT 02350 PRINT 'GENEALOGICAL INFORMATION FOR:' 02360 PRINT D\$ 02370 PRINT "NUMBER:";B 02380 PRINT 02390 PRINT 'BORN: ';E\$ 02400 PRINT 'BIRTHPLACE: ';H\$ 02410 PRINT 02420 PRINT "FATHER: ";Q\$;" (NUMBER:";R;")" 02430 PRINT "MOTHER: ";S\$;" (NUMBER:";T;")" 02440 PRINT 02450 IF F=0 THEN GO TO 2530 02460 PRINT 'MARRIED TO: ' 02470 FOR I=1 TO F 02480 PRINT ' ';G\$(I) PRINT ' DATE: ';C\$(I) 02490 PRINT ' PLACE: ';K\$(I) 02500 02510 PRINT 02520 NEXT I 02530 IF J\$='ALIVE' THEN GO TO 2560 02540 PRINT "DEATH DATE: ";J\$ 02550 PRINT 'PLACE OF DEATH: ';L\$ 02560 PRINT\PRINT 02570 PRINT "RECORDS SOURCE:" 02580 PRINT " BIRTH AND PARENTAGE: ";D1\$ 02590 FOR I=1 TO F 02600 PRINT " MARRIAGE #";F;":";D2\$(I) 02610 NEXT I 02620 IF JS='ALIVE' THEN GO TO 2640 02630 PRINT " DEATH: ";D3\$ 02640 PRINT\PRINT 02650 ! 02660 PRINT 'DO YOU WISH TO CHANGE ANYTHING?' 02670 INPUT P3\$ 02680 IF P3\$='N' THEN GO TO 2930 02690 IF P3\$='NO' THEN GO TO 2930 02700 1 MENU FOR REVISIONS 02710 ! 02720 ! 02730 PRINT

Listing 4 continued on next page

Listing 4 continued:

02740 PRINT 'PLEASE ENTER THE NUMBER OF THE ITEM' 02750 PRINT 'YOU WISH TO CHANGE:" 02760 PRINT 02770 PRINT ' 1) NAME AND NUMBER ' 02780 PRINT ' 2) BIRTH AND PARENTAGE' 02790 PRINT ' 3) MARRIAGE INFORMATION' 02800 PRINT ' 4) DEATH INFORMATION' 02810 PRINT 5) NOTHING' 02820 PRINT 02830 INPUT P4 02840 IF P4=1 THEN GOSUB 4190 02850 IF P4=2 THEN GOSUB 4300 02860 IF P4=3 THEN GOSUB 4460 02870 IF P4=4 THEN COSUB 4670 02880 IF P4=5 THEN GO TO 2940 02890 PRINT 02900 ! 02910 PRINT 'DO YOU WISH TO MAKE OTHER CHANGES?' 02920 GO TO 2670 02930 UPDATE #1, MAP 140 02940 PRINT\PRINT 02950 ! 02960 PRINT 'WOULD YOU CARE TO EXAMINE ANOTHER RECORD?' 02970 INPUT P\$ 02980 IF P\$='Y' THEN IF P1\$<>'ALL' THEN GO TO 2030 02990 IF P\$='YES' THEN IF P1\$<>'ALL' THEN GO TO 2030 03000 IF P\$='Y' THEN GO TO 2310 03010 IF P\$='YES' THEN GO TO 2310 03020 ! 03030 CLOSE #1 03040 RETURN 03050 ! 03060 ! **PROCEDURE SUBROUTINE #3** 03070 ! LINK PEDIGREE BY NUMBER 03080 ! 03090 PRINT\PRINT 03100 PRINT "TASK: LIST PEDICREE" 03110 PRINT\PRINT 03120 OPEN 'GEN' AS FILE #1, SEQUENTIAL VARIABLE, MAP GENDATA, INVALID 130 03130 LET 14=0 03140 PRINT "WHOSE PEDIGREE WOULD YOU LIKE PRINTED?" 03150 PRINT "(ENTER HIS/HER NUMBER, PLEASE)" 03160 INPUT X1 03170 PRINT\PRINT 03180 PRINT "THE SYMBOL 'F' STANDS FOR 'FATHER'" 03190 PRINT "THE SYMBOL 'M' STANDS FOR 'MOTHER'" 03200 PRINT\PRINT 03210 ! 03220 ! FIND PARENTS AND LIST 03230 ! 03240 LET 14=14+1 03250 IF 14>13 THEN PRINT "PERSON #";X1;"IS NOT LISTED IN THE FILE" 03260 IF 14>13 THEN GO TO 4150 03270 GET #1 03280 IF B<>X1 THEN CO TO 3240 03290 PRINT TAB(15); "PEDIGREE FOR PERSON #"; B **03300 PRINT** 03310 PRINT D\$ 03320 PRINT 03330 PRINT TAB(5); 'F: '; 0\$; '(NUMBER: '; R; ')' 03340 PRINT TAB(5); M: ';S\$; '(NUMBER: ';T;')' **03350 PRINT** 03360 ! 03370 ! FIND GRANDPARENTS AND LIST 03380 ! 03390 LET X2=R 03400 LET X3=T 03410 LET 15=0 03420 LET 112=0 03430 IF X2<>0 THEN I12=I12+1

Listing 4 continued on page 46

COMPUTERS or **COMPLETE TURNKEY** SYSTEMS Interface TO the Real World with GIMIX Relay Driver Boards. Connects to any Computer through a 20 ma. current loop (up to 4 Boards-128 Relays per port). Interface FROM the Real World with GIMIX * OPTO BOARDS (up to 34 switch closures with one 8 bit Parallel 1/0 Port) ★ 16 BUTTON KEYPADS ★ 35 BUTTON ALPHANUMERIC KEYPADS A Broad Range of 6800 Systems and Boards Compatible with the SS50 Bus JEIIIIII MAINFRAME: Includes chassis, power supply, switches, fan and mother board . . \$ 798.19 16K SYSTEMS: Mainframe, plus 6800 CPU, 16K Static Ram and choice of 1/0.... \$1344.29 Other packages available. **16K Static RAM**

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```
Listing 4 continued:
03440 IF X3<>0 THEN I12=I12+1
03450 IF I12=0 THEN GO TO 4150
03460 LET 14=14+1
03470 IF 14=13 THEN GOSUB 4840
03480 GET #1
03490 IF X2=B THEN GO TO 3520
03500 IF X3=B THEN GO TO 3600
03510 GO TO 3460
03520 PRINT TAB(10); 'FF: ';0$; '(NUMBER: ';R;')'
03530 PRINT TAB(10); 'FM: ';S$; '(NUMBER: ';T;')'
03540 PRINT
03550 LET X4=R
03560 LET X5=T
03570 LET 15=15+1
03580 IF I5<I12 THEN GO TO 3460
03590 IF 15>=112 THEN GO TO 3730
03600 PRINT TAB(10); 'MF: ';Q$; '(NUMBER: ';R;')'
03610 PRINT TAB(10); 'MM: '; S$; '(NUMBER: '; T; ')'
03620 PRINT
03630 LET X6=R
03640 LET X7=T
03650 LET 15=15+1
03660 IF 15<112 THEN GO TO 3460
03670 IF I5>=I12 THEN GO TO 3730
03680 LET 115=0
03690 PRINT
03700 !
03710 !
              FIND GREAT GRANDPARENTS AND LIST
03720 !
03730 LET 15=0
03740 LET I12=0
03750 IF X4<>0 THEN I12=I12+1
03760 IF X5<>0 THEN I12=I12+1
03770 IF X6<>0 THEN I12=I12+1
03780 IF X7<>0 THEN I12=I12+1
03790 IF I12=0 THEN GO TO 4150
03800 LET 14=14+1
03810 IF 14>13 THEN GOSUB 4840
03820 IF 116>4 THEN PRINT "FURTHER TRACING OF
THE PEDIGREE IS IMPOSSIBLE."
03840 IF I16>4 THEN GO TO 4150
03850 GET #1
03860 IF X4=B THEN GO TO 3910
03870 IF X5=B THEN GO TO 3970
03880 IF X6=B THEN GO TO 4030
03890 IF X7=B THEN GO TO 4090
03900 GO TO 3800
03910 PRINT TAB(15); 'FFF: ';0$; '(NUMBER: ';R;')'
03920 PRINT TAB(15); 'FFM: ';S$; '(NUMBER: ';T;')'
03930 PRINT
03940 LET 15=15+1
03950 IF 15<112 THEN GO TO 3800
03960 IF 15>=4 THEN GO TO 4150
03970 PRINT TAB(15); 'FMF: ';Q$; '(NUMBER: ';R;')'
03980 PRINT TAB(15); 'FMM: ';S$; '(NUMBER: ';T;')'
03990 PRINT
04000 LET 15=15+1
04010 IF 15<112 THEN CO TO 3800
04020 IF I5>=I12 THEN GO TO 4150
04030 PRINT TAB(15); 'MFF: '; 0$; '(NUMBER: '; R; ')'
04040 PRINT TAB(15); 'MFM: '; S$; '(NUMBER: '; T; ')'
04050 PRINT
04060 LET 15=15+1
04070 IF 15<112 THEN GO TO 3800
04080 IF I5>=I12 THEN GO TO 4150
04090 PRINT TAB(15); 'MMF:'; Q$; '(NUMBER:'; R; ')'
04100 PRINT TAB(15); 'MMM:'; S$; '(NUMBER:'; T; ')'
04110 PRINT
04120 LET 15=15+1
04130 IF 15<112 THEN GO TO 3800
04140 !
04150 CLOSE #1
04160 RETURN
```

04170 ! 04180 ! **REVISION SUBROUTINE #1** 04190 ! CHANGE NAME AND NUMBER 04200 ! 04210 PRINT\PRINT 04220 INPUT 'NAME: ';D\$ 04230 PRINT 04240 INPUT 'NUMBER: ';B 04250 RETURN 04260 ! 04270 **REVISION SUBROUTINE #2** 1 CHANGE BIRTH INFORMATION 04280 ! 04290 ! 04300 ! CHANGE BIRTH INFORMATION 04310 PRINT\PRINT 04320 INPUT 'BIRTHDATE: ';E\$ 04330 PRINT 04340 INPUT 'BIRTHPLACE: ';H\$ 04350 PRINT 04360 INPUT "FATHER'S NAME";Q\$ 04370 INPUT "FATHER'S NUMBER";R 04380 PRINT 04390 INPUT "MOTHER'S NAME":S\$ 04400 INPUT "MOTHER'S NUMBER";T 04410 PRINT 04420 INPUT "SOURCE OF INFORMATION";D1\$ 04430 RETURN 04440 ! 04450 ! **REVISION SUBROUTINE #3** 04460 ! CHANGE MARRIAGE INFORMATION 04470 ! 04480 PRINT\PRINT 04490 INPUT "WHICH MARRIAGE (ENTER NUMBER)"; I 04500 PRINT 04510 PRINT "DATE OF MARRIAGE #";I; 04520 INPUT C\$(I) 04530 PRINT 04540 INPUT "SPOUSE'S NAME";G\$(I) 04550 PRINT 04560 INPUT "PLACE OF MARRIAGE";K\$(I) 04570 PRINT 04580 PRINT "SOURCE OF INFORMATION?" 04590 INPUT D2\$(I) 04600 PRINT 04610 PRINT "FOR HOW MANY OF THIS PERSON'S MARRIAGES DOES" 04620 PRINT "THE FILE NOW CONTAIN INFORMATION?" 04630 INPUT F 04640 RETURN 04650 ! 04660 ! **REVISION SUBROUTINE #4** 04670 ! CHANGE DEATH INFORMATION 04680 ! 04690 PRINT\PRINT 04700 PRINT "DEATH DATE" 04710 PRINT "(IF YOU DON'T KNOW, ENTER 'UNKNOWN'. IF" 04720 PRINT "HE OR SHE IS STILL ALIVE, ENTER 'ALIVE'.)" 04730 INPUT J\$ 04740 IF J\$='ALIVE' THEN GO TO 4800 04750 PRINT 04760 INPUT "PLACE OF DEATH"; L\$ 04770 PRINT 04780 PRINT "SOURCE OF INFORMATION?" 04790 INPUT D3\$ **04800 RETURN** 04810 ! 04820 ! RESTORATION OF FILE POINTER 04830 ! 04840 RESTORE #1 04850 RETURN 04860 ! 04870 ! **PROCEDURE SUBROUTINE #4** 04880 ! END THE PROGRAM 04890 !

04900 PRINT 04910 END

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Power Helps Analyze Electric Bills

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We all know there are many reasons for increasing utility costs, from higher oil prices to billion dollar Environmental Protection Agency regulations, but that doesn't make the paying any easier.

There has been much rhetoric about personal conservation and elimination of waste. In order to formulate an effective and efficient plan for conservation of electricity in your home or business, you need to know the cost of operation for individual appliances and other electrical devices.

The Power program (see listing 1) calculates from your electric bill your cost per kilowatt-hour of power used. The program then generates the cost per month and per hour to operate specific appliances, given their electrical specifications.

name plate fastened somewhere on the device. However, some appliances list amps rather than watts. The Power program contains an option for calculating wattage from amperage and voltage.

You will also need the listed voltage, which will usually appear as 120 V or 120V AC. If voltage is given in a range of, say, 110 V to 130 V, it means that the appliance will operate at any voltage within the range. In the program, use the voltage which is running through the circuit that the appliance is plugged into.

A table of household appliances is provided for your convenience in gathering and recording needed inputs and monthly costs. A word of warning about the estimation of hours an appliance is operated in a month: I repeatedly underestimate this time, perhaps because it seems that months fly by and hours are inconsequential. But there are 720 hours in a 30-day month and in order to make this analysis useful one must realistically estimate hours of use.

Another problem can exist in obtaining an estimated wattage for some of the high power consumption devices such as electric furnaces, or air conditioning units. New models, today, will have many of their technical specifications listed in information sheets available to the public. Among these specifications will be an estimate of total system power requirement in kilowatts. For the sample run in listing 2, I used the total system kilowatts that were listed for a heat pump during its cooling cycle, given various other criteria such as outdoor temperature.

The listed power requirement was 6.3 kilowatts; however, the program requires that watts, not kilowatts, be entered. If the data on your equipment is in kilowatts, multiply by 1,000 to obtain watts.

Home electric furnaces are usually rated at 5 kW and up depending on how much heat is required. A very rough estimate for an average home with an electric furnace is 15 to 25 kW, or 15,000 to 25,000 W. If you cannot obtain your particular system's wattage, you might try using this average, but it could be significantly different from your actual system's draw.

Sample Run

The Power program, listing 1, is written in North Star BASIC. There are no instructions for providing hardcopy, but if you desire one you could place a statement for selecting your printer at, perhaps, line 415. You could then select the video monitor again at line 495.

The program presents two options. If you already know the cost per kilowatt-hour the utility company uses to calculate your bill, you can select option 2. This allows you to input the cost per kilowatt-hour by jumping to the main portion of the program.

If you do not know the kilowatt-hour rate, select option 1, as in the example. Actually, your cost per kilowatt-hour will probably vary from one month to the next because of the rating structure systems used by power companies, especially if time of day rates are being used. So, you just might

no loose ends

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CP-170

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out of curiosity calculate your cost per kilowatt-hour each month as you get your bill and see if it is changing. Sometimes there are different rate block structures between summer and winter.

After entering option 1, you are prompted to input the ending kilowatt-hour reading from a recent electric bill (66,239, for example). Next, input the previous reading, which should also appear on the bill (62,213, for example). amount of the bill. If your utility company sells both electricity and gas to you, be certain that only the electric portion of the bill is entered. There may also be a fuel adjustment cost figured into the total cost, and sales tax will probably appear on the bill. It's up to you if you want to include these figures in the total cost you enter into the program. If you do include them, you can apportion their cost to individual appliances. The cost per kilowatt-hour will probably not be affected significantly whether you do or

The program prompts you to enter the

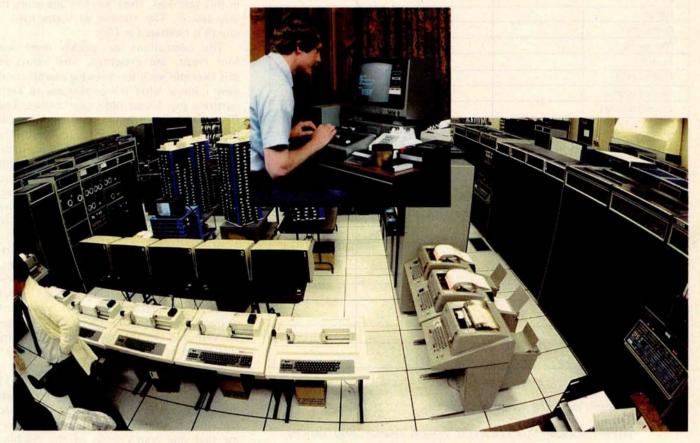
BTH BALAN

20 PRINT " THIS PROGRAM CALCULATES POWER USAGE AND COSTS"
30 PRINTN PRINT
30 PRINT * PROGRAM OPTIONS:* 40 PRINT * PROGRAM OPTIONS:* 50 PRINT * 60 PRINT * 70 PRINT * 80 PRINT * 90 PRINT * 91 PRINT * 92 PRINT * 93 PRINT * 94 PREVE
50 PRINT
60 PRINT . 1. CALCULATE COST FER KILOWATT HOUR.
70 PRINT * 2, CALCULATE APPLIANCE POWER USAGE AND COST*
BO PRINT
90 INPUT SELECT 1 OR 2 ',A
100 PRINT
110 ON A GOTO 120, 200
120 INPUT "ENTER ENDING KWH READING FROM ELECTRIC BILL ",E
130 PRINT
140 INPUT "ENTER BEGINNING KWH READING FROM BILL ",B
150 PRINT
160 INPUT "ENTER AMOUNT OF ELECTRIC BILL ",T
170 PRINT
180 LET C = $T/(E-B)$
190 GOTO 220
200 INFUT ENTER CUST FER RAN 70
250 FRINT 2. INFUT WATTS
270 INPUT SELECT 1 OR 2 ",A
270 INPUT SELECT I UK 2 "A
190 GOTO 220 200 INPUT "ENTER COST PER KWH ",C 210 PRINT PRINT 220 PRINT "OPTIONS" 230 PRINT 240 PRINT "I. CALCULATE WATTS" 250 PRINT 2. INPUT WATTS" 260 PRINT 270 INPUT SELECT 1 OR 2 ",A 280 PRINT
290 ON A GOTO 300, 350
300 INPUT "ENTER APPLIANCE VOLTAGE ",V
310 PRINT
320 INPUT "ENTER APPLIANCE AMP DRAW ",Z
$330 \text{ LET } W = Z \times V$
340 GOTO 360
350 INPUT "ENTER APPLIANCE WATTAGE ",W
360 PRINT
370 INPUT "ENTER NUMBER OF HOURS USED IN TIME PERIOD ",H
380 PRINT
$390 \text{ LET K} = (W \times H) / 1000$
400 LET D = K * C
410 PRINT\ PRINT\ PRINT
420 PRINT . COST PER KILOWATT HOUR OF USAGE = .C
430 PRINT
440 PRINT KILOWATT HOURS OF POWER USAGE = ',K
450 PRINT
460 FRINT * MONTHLY COST OF THAT POWER USAGE= *,D
470 PRINT
480 PRINT * COST PER EST. HOUR'S USE = *,D/H
490 PRINT PRINT
500 INPUT DO YOU WISH TO CALCULATE ANOTHER APPLIANCE (Y/N)? *,D\$
510 IF D\$ = "Y" THEN 210
520 END

Listing 1: North Star BASIC program to calculate the cost of running electrical appliances. The program helps you determine the operating cost of an appliance based on the average wattage or the voltage and amperage ratings of the product.

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Software Authors—see separate ad on page 120.

Table 1: This table can be used to collect data from your appliances for the Power program.

Appliance Power Table

Appliance	Watts or amps and volts	Hours used per month	Monthly cost	Cost per hour of use
Coffee maker	Strand Strand			
Microwave oven				CARD IN STREET
Oven				
Range		A CONTRACT		
Dishwasher				
Refrigerator				
Freezer			and the second	
Clothes dryer			STATISTICS.	I F Tracks
Clothes washer				Sector wa
Electric blanket				- You't Stake
Stereo				States and
Television		internet and	10 30 53	and the
Lawn mower	CONTRACTOR OF STREET			
Electric saw	The second second			
Lighting				
Sewing machine				12.20
Air conditioner				
Dehumidifier	137			- Aller
Electronic air filter				
Fan		100 Mar 100	100	
Electric furnace				
Electric hot water heater		11.2		
Waterbed heater		Contraction of the		
Swimming pool filter			in the second	The second

Listing 2: A sample run using the Power program.

THIS PROGRAM CALCULATES POWER USAGE AND COSTS

FROGRAM OPTIONS:

1. CALCULATE COST PER KILOWATT HOUR

2. CALCULATE APPLIANCE POWER USAGE AND COST

SELECT 1 OR 2 1

ENTER ENDING KWH READING FROM ELECTRIC BILL 66239

ENTER BEGINNING KWH READING FROM BILL 62213

ENTER AMOUNT OF ELECTRIC BILL 170.71

OPTIONS

1. CALCULATE WATTS 2. INFUT WATTS

SELECT 1 OR 2 1

ENTER APPLIANCE VOLTAGE 120

ENTER APPLIANCE AMP DRAW 3

ENTER NUMBER OF HOURS USED IN TIME PERIOD 100

Listing 2 continued on page 54

do not include these additional costs. In the sample run, we will enter \$170.71 for the total cost of electricity.

The program now presents two more options: to calculate watts from amps and volts, or to input watts. In the example we wish to calculate watts, so we enter 1. We are prompted to enter the appliance voltage, in this case 120. Then we enter the amps, in this case 3. The number of hours used a month is estimated at 100.

The calculations are quickly done and four results are presented. The inputs in this example were for a sewing machine and now I know what it's costing me to keep repairing my 5 year old's torn clothes. The first result shown is the cost per kilowatthour, which was calculated from the utility bill. Notice the E-02 at the end of the number. This floating point notation means that you move the decimal point two places to the left for a dollars and cents answer. Therefore, the utility company rate on my last bill averaged out to be \$0.04 per kilowatt-hour of use.

The next result is the number of kilowatthours of power used for the sewing machine. This is the product of the kilowatt draw times the estimated hours of use. Your electric meter records the total number of kilowatt-hours of usage; this is what appears on your bill. In this case, 36 kWh of my total usage were due to the sewing machine.

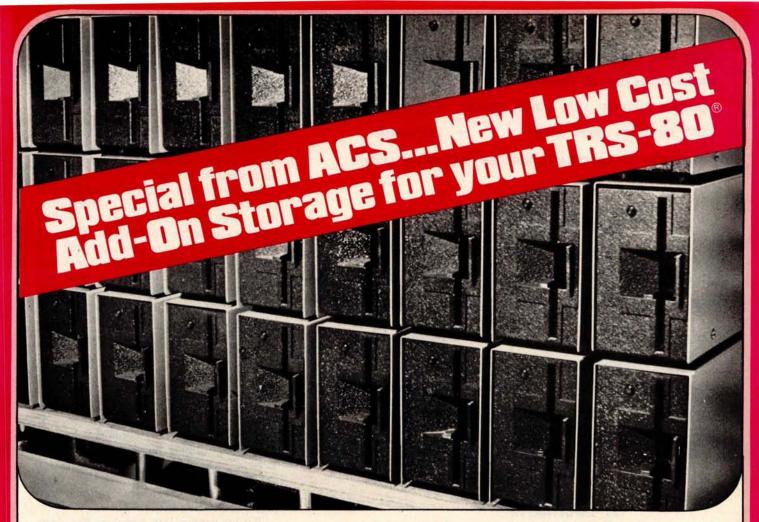
The monthly cost of using the machine is shown next. In this example, it cost me \$1.53 to operate my sewing machine for 100 hours during the month. That doesn't seem too bad. In fact, the next result presented shows me that one hour's usage of the machine costs me about $1\frac{1}{2}$ cents. That's a bargain!

The program now asks if we wish to calculate costs for another appliance. To do so we enter Y.

The program already has calculated the cost per kilowatt-hour, so we loop back to the options for entering or calculating wattage. The next appliance I want to check is a portable color television for which I know the wattage. So, we enter option 2 for this prompt.

The wattage for the television is 240, so this figure is entered as prompted. The estimated hours of usage in a month are 200. The results show me that running that television for 200 hours cost me \$2.04 and the cost for each hour's use was \$0.01.

I want to enter a third appliance, a heat pump air conditioner. The watts are 6,300 and the estimated hours of use were 300. The results are significant, revealing a total cost of \$80.14 and a cost per hour of \$0.27. You can see the implications for conservation.



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Listing 2 continued:

COST PER KILOWATT HOUR OF USAGE =	4.2401888E-02
KILOWATT HOURS OF POWER USAGE =	36
MONTHLY COST OF THAT POWER USAGE=	1.526468
COST PER EST, HOUR'S USE =	.01526468

DO YOU WISH TO CALCULATE ANOTHER APPLIANCE (Y/N)? Y

OPTIONS

- 1. CALCULATE WATTS 2. INPUT WATTS
 - SELECT 1 OR 2 2

ENTER APPLIANCE WATTAGE 240

ENTER NUMBER OF HOURS USED IN TIME PERIOD 200

COST FER KILOWATT HOUR OF USAGE =	4.2401888E-02
KILOWATT HOURS OF POWER USAGE =	48
MONTHLY COST OF THAT POWER USAGE=	2.0352906
COST PER EST. HOUR'S USE =	1.0176453E-02
DO YOU WISH TO CALCULATE ANOTHER APP	LIANCE (Y/N)? Y

OPTIONS

1. CALCULATE WATTS 2. INPUT WATTS'

SELECT 1 OR 2 2

ENTER APPLIANCE WATTAGE 6300

ENTER NUMBER OF HOURS USED IN TIME PERIOD 300

COST PER KILOWATT HOUR OF USAGE =	4.2401888E-02
KILOWATT HOURS OF POWER USAGE =	1890
MONTHLY COST OF THAT FOWER USAGE=	80.139568
COST PER EST. HOUR'S USE =	.26713189

DO YOU WISH TO CALCULATE ANOTHER AFPLIANCE (Y/N)? N

Pay As You Turn On

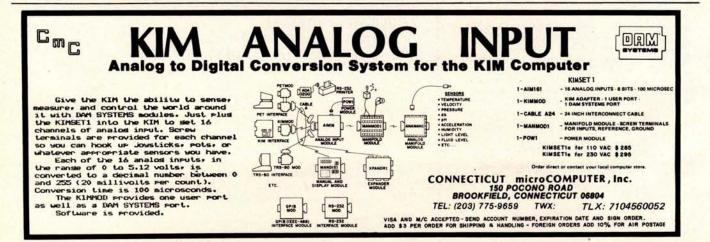
After you have calculated individual power costs for appliances, the next step is to use the information to conserve energy and lower your bill. The first thing that should strike you is how little most appliances really cost to operate per month. The second impact will be how expensive certain other items are to use.

Look at the appliance table and decide if you can decrease the hours used for these most costly items. Set a lower hour goal and then recalculate the monthly cost. When you think you have a workable goal that will help your budget, try to realize those desired hours of usage. Achieving the goals will demand your own personal determination and discipline. The Power program can show you problem areas and help establish targets and priorities, but that's where your battle really begins.

Perhaps, on/off timers would be helpful in regulating certain devices. Another approach that has been attempted is a "pay as you turn on" method. With the cost per hour of use figure from the program, you can charge yourself accordingly for the privilege of turning on specific appliances, such as televisions, washing and drying machines, ovens, ranges, electric lawn mowers or stereos (even your personal computer, heaven help us!).

Putting pennies into a bank on top of the television may sound a bit primitive but perhaps it would make one check the television listings in the paper more carefully before switching on the set and turning the selector to see if there's anything on worth watching.

I hope the Power program will aid in energy conservation. But its informational possibilities, alone, make it useful. At least you can know more clearly which devices are most power hungry and by how much. This is certainly better than receiving your electric bill and simply grumbling in the dark.



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Self-Refreshing LED Graphics Display

Steve Ciarcia POB 582 Glastonbury CT 06033

Light emitting diodes (LEDs) have been in use for a number of years. When first introduced they, like transistors, were very expensive, and were used only for special applications. Fortunately, manufacturing techniques have advanced to a point where a single red LED costs less than \$0.10. A further achievement is the availability of yellow, orange, and green LEDs.

When we think of graphics displays, we usually think of televisiontype video displays. All of the more popular personal computing systems have video displays, with the majority of them supporting graphics. It is not inconceivable that we will eventually see economical, flat, highresolution LED displays which have the same capabilities as the current cathode ray tube displays. A manufacturing breakthrough will be required before this is a reality.

There have been some military programs requiring the construction of such displays. A few years ago, while still a member of the military-industrial complex, I worked on a bid to build a 10 by 10 foot LED display comprised of 792,000 discrete LEDs. My calculations at the time predicted that it would take about 3 kW of power to run.

This article is not going to describe how to replace your television screen with a flat panel LED display, but will attempt something a bit more modest. The concept of LED graphics is not that far in the future. While we're waiting for technology to catch up with interest, we can experiment with the concept on a limited scale and analyze the various logic alternatives. A side benefit is the construction of an 8 by 16 LED display as your newest peripheral device.

Light Emitting Diode Displays

We all know about LEDs, correct? They are the little red things that glow when a current is passed through them. Most of us even remember to use a resistor to limit the average current to around 20 mA. What many people don't realize is that an LED can also be driven by much higher currents if *pulsed* on and off, rather than run continuously. This is a significant fact to keep in mind when building a large LED display.

Figure 1 shows standard methods for using transistor-transistor logic (TTL) to drive LEDs. The TTL gate can be used to either sink or source current to the LED without external transistors. In general, TTL devices will sink 16 thru 20 mA, while some go as high as 50 mA. (It's best to check manufacturer specification sheets if you are unsure.) Open collector gates, shown in figures 1a and 1b, can be wired in either series or shunt configuration.

In figure 1a the circuit is completed and the LED is lit when a logic 1 is applied to the inverter input. The lowlevel output of the gate also provides a path to ground for the LED. Figure 1b, on the other hand, is a shunt circuit and exhibits an opposite logic. Normally current flow is through the LED, and it is lit. When a logic 1 is applied to the inverter, the resultant low output shunts the current to ground, shutting off the LED. There are advantages to both methods which I will discuss later.

Logic parts such as the 7400 NAND gate or 74LS04 inverter have active pull-up totem pole outputs. Rather than just a single NPN transistor like the open collector types, these have 2 transistors connected in series between the supply voltage V_{CC} and ground. Depending upon the logic state, only 1 of the 2 transistors will be conducting. Generally speaking, series and shunt LED drivers are more easily built with open collector devices. Figure 1d, however, cannot be accomplished with open collector logic, because this circuit depends upon the internal active pull-up resistance to source current to the LED. The exact amount of available current depends upon the logic type.

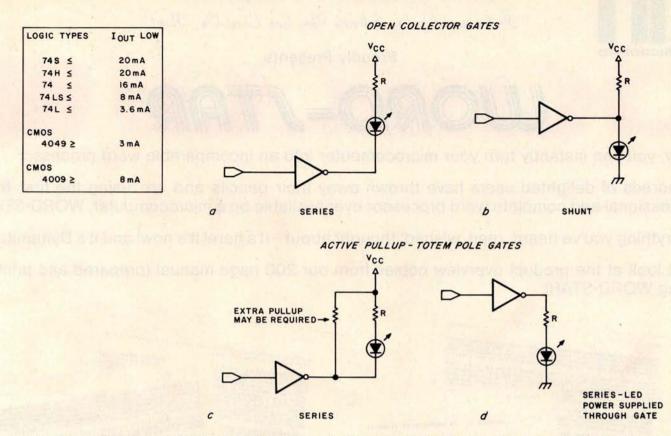
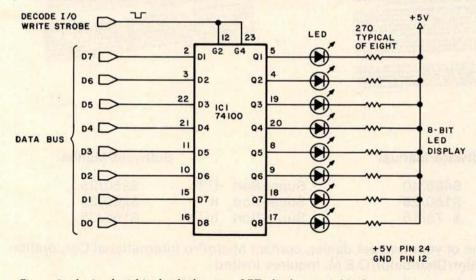
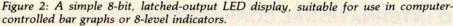


Figure 1: There are several ways of driving LED displays. A method employing a series circuit with an open collector gate turns on the LED when a logic 1 is applied to the inverter input. The shunt version of the open collector circuit turns on the LED when a logic 0 is applied to the inverter input.

If active pull-up totem-pole gates are used (the kind found in nearly all TTL gates), the circuits may be wired only in series. In figure 1c the voltage needed to power the LED comes from the supply voltage V_{CC} . In figure 1d the LED is wired in series, and the power to light the LED is supplied through the logic gate. Typical output currents are given for various types of logic in the accompanying table.

Returning to the discussion of displays using LEDs, it is quite simple to take the logic concepts of figure 1 and put them to use. Figure 2 outlines a simple 8-bit LED driver with latched output. It is suitable as a bar-graph display, 8-level indicator, or 8-item annunciator. We always think first of using the video display to display the results of a logic decision, but if the





result is simply yes or no, the binary answer can be signified on an LED. In my own case, such an 8-bit display is used to keep track of enabled peripherals and I/O (input/output) channels.

Larger LED Displays Have to Be Multiplexed

Using 8 LEDs probably doesn't excite too many people, especially when I started out with a number like 792,000. The 8 LEDs can, of course, be expanded to 64 by multiplying this same circuit 8-fold. With an average current of 15 mA for each LED and 100 mA for each 74100 dual 4-bit latch, the grand total to run it is slightly under 2 A at 5 V. This fact, and the necessity of having 64 resistors as well, leads us to consider some other means of driving the LEDs.

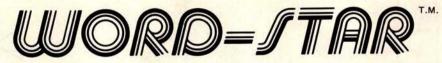
The logical alternative to continuous operation is time-multiplexed operation. For an LED with a 20 mA continuous current rating, this means



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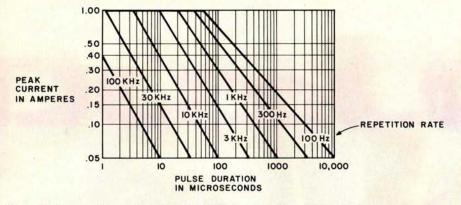


Figure 3: A typical curve for a T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$ LED showing the relationship between maximum current and pulse width for specified pulse rates.

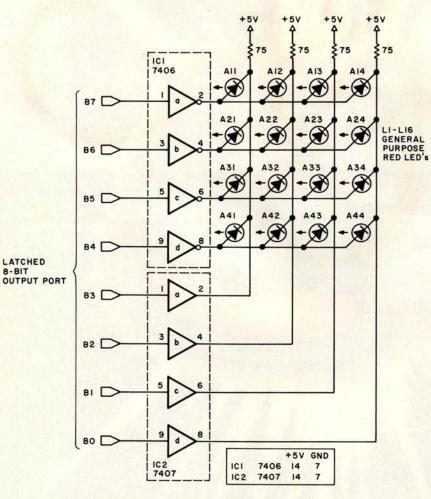


Figure 4: A simple 4 by 4 LED matrix which is software driven.

we'd raise the peak current (I_{pk}) and reduce the duty cycle. If the duty cycle were 25%, then 4 LEDs could be multiplexed through the same driver, and all would appear to operate continuously. The more LEDs in the loop, the lower the duty cycle. To maintain the same brightness, the current is raised again to produce a reasonable average current. It reaches a point of diminishing returns when the duty cycle becomes so low that the peak current required to maintain a sufficient average current burns out the LED due to excessive power dissipation.

For pulsed applications, a curve of maximum peak current, pulse width, and repetition rate can be used to determine the maximum recom-

mended operating conditions. Figure 3 illustrates a typical curve for a T-1³/₄ LED such as that used in this article. It is determined by comparing peak and average junction temperatures during strobed operations, and maintaining a limit equivalent to the maximum allowable DC conditions. At any specified repetition rate, the relationship between maximum current and pulse width is shown. If, for example, 5 LEDs were to be multiplexed, and brightness maintained equivalent to a 10 mA continuous current, each would have to be pulsed for 1 ms 100 times a second, with a peak current of 100 mA.

Figure 4 shows a simple 4 by 4 LED matrix which demonstrates this concept. It also serves to point out some of the limitations of this bare-bones approach. A latched 8-bit parallel output port is all that is necessary to run this display. Four bits define the column and 4 bits define the row. Multiplexing is done in software.

To turn on the LED at location A22, bits B2 and B6 would be set to a logic 1, while lighting A43 would require a combination of bits B1 and B4. The logical process is essentially an extension of the shunt circuit described in figure 1.

A microprocessor can be used to control an X,Y addressable array of LEDs. The external circuitry required is minimal, and relatively little processor time is used to refresh the array. The technique used is to periodically strobe a row and column address into an output latch. At a predetermined later time, new information concerning the next display point is sent out to the latch. If this addressing can proceed faster than 100 times per second, then the entire display will appear to be DC driven. Usually, refresh timing is handled through interrupts.

There are important considerations to keep in mind when building this type of circuit. 7406 and 7407 inverting and noninverting drivers are not high current drivers, but they can sink 40 mA. They were chosen because they are cheap and available. If brightness is a problem and peak current has to be increased, these drivers can be replaced with transistors which have a higher current rating, or more gates of the same type can be added in parallel. The fact

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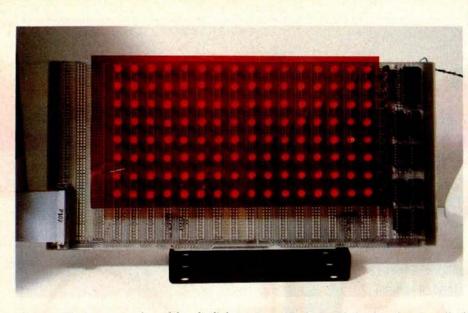


Photo 1: The prototype board for the light emitting diode (LED) display showing all of the LEDs turned on. A piece of red plastic is held in front of the display to increase visibility.

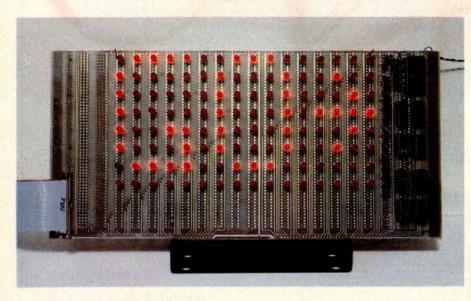


Photo 2: The prototype board displaying $GO \rightarrow$ without a red filter in front of the LEDs.

that they are open collector devices readily allows this.

The second concern is lamp brightness. LEDs operated at low currents can have widely varying brightness. It is a good idea to pretest and select LEDs which appear to have the same intensity at a specific current.

Build a Self-Refreshing LED Display

So far I've discussed arrays which, because of their size, have limited appeal and application. A 4 by 4 display is still in the realm of indicator, rather than information display panel. To

be really effective it should at least be able to display an alphanumeric character. Such a requirement dictates a minimum matrix size of 5 by 7. This adequately displays all upper-case letters and numbers. But if you are going to have 5 by 7, why not 10 by 7 for 2 letters and so on?

At some point we have to be rational. If it were that easy to make 200 by 200 LED arrays, someone would be making them now. In my case I needed a multipurpose flat panel display that could flash a message (even if only 1 letter at a time) and serve as a sophisticated Table 1: Power-wiring table for figure 5.

annunciator for my alarm system. The latter was the true reason for the use of LEDs.

A transparent sheet with an outline of my security system is placed over the LED array. Significant information is indicated by flashing the LED at the point within the array that corresponds to appropriate sensor activation. It is quite interesting to watch the approach of a car down the driveway as a series of LED indicators track it.

A 4 by 4 display was too low in resolution, and while a 5 by 7 display allowed ASCII alphanumeric displays, it was also a bit limited. Considering the hardware techniques employed and relative indifference to refresh considerations, I settled on an 8 by 16 display.

Photos 1 and 2 show the completed display prototype. The prototype consists of 128 red LEDs arranged in 16 columns of 8. Photo 1 illustrates them all lit. A red plastic filter is used to enhance the display. Photo 2 shows it without the filter.

The schematic diagram for this interface is outlined in figure 5. As with the majority of my designs, I've made this to be processor, and program execution-speed independent. It works equally well with assembly language or BASIC systems, provided that a program can directly address output ports. The interface is a stand-alone peripheral. Once loaded with display data, refresh operation is locally controlled, and the computer can even be shut off without disturbing the display.

Self-Refreshing-How Does It Work?

There are 3 major hardware subsystems in the 10-chip circuit: input decoding, data storage, and refresh scanning. To the computer, this interface appears as 16 output port addresses numbered 112 thru 127 decimal (remember BASIC uses decimal

Number	Туре	+5 V	GND
IC1	7430	14	7
IC2	7404	14	7
IC3	74121	14	7
IC4	7489	16	8
IC5	7489	16	8
IC6	7406	14	7
IC7	7406	14	7
IC8	74157	16	8
IC9	7493	5	10
IC10	74154	24	12



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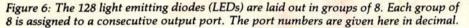
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too hot. Let transfer cool for one minute, then unpin and slowly pull transfer straight up. Results are best when t-shirt is at least 50% polyester.

Figure 5: Schematic diagram for the self-refreshing 8 by 16 LED array display. The display is fully static and appears as 16 output

Pascal hy the nackage

					P	-		R (D		1					
87 0		0	19.0		117	118	119	120	121	122				126	0
B6 ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B5 ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B4 ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B3 ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B2 ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ві О	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B0 ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



notation). Each column represents the 8 bits of that port.

The most significant bit (MSB) is at the top and the least significant bit (LSB) is at the bottom. The leftmost column is decoded as port number 112 and the rightmost is port number 127. This is depicted in detail in figure 6. These selections are arbitrary and can be any 16 successive port addresses you have available. These ports can also be memory mapped to use PEEK and POKE instructions rather than input/output instructions, if you wish. (For further information on memory mapped I/O I refer you to the book *Ciarcia's Circuit Cellar* from BYTE Books.) ICs 1 and 2 decode these 16 addresses.

Integrated circuits IC3, IC4, IC5 and IC8 perform the data storage function. IC4 and IC5 are each 4-bit by 16-word programmable memory devices which together form an 8-bit by 16-word storage. When data is ready for display, the computer performs an output procedure to the selected port. The entry-enable line goes low, selecting address bus lines A0 thru A3 to be applied as the address inputs to the 2 memory devices.

If port decimal 115 were selected in BASIC, the binary address would be 0011. Sections c and d of IC2 are included to forestall a potential race condition and serve to delay the firing of the one-shot monostable multivibrator IC3 until the propagation delay of ICs 4, 5, and 8 is satisfied. Once this port address is set through the 74157, the one-shot fires and writes the data present on the data bus into the memory. This is essentially the same sequence as any latched output port with the exception that 16 data bytes can be stored.

The schematic diagram as shown uses transistor-transistor logic (TTL) devices. If you have an S-100 system, or otherwise have limited bus driving capabilities, you may want to substitute low power TTL devices where necessary, or buffer all incoming lines.

The final area of significance is the LED refresh scanner. Figure 7 provides an expanded illustration. Rather than successively addressing 128 LEDs, resulting in a very low-

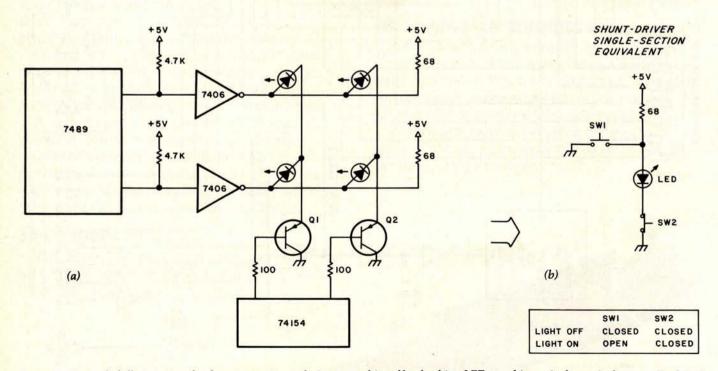


Figure 7: Expanded illustration of column scanning techniques used in self-refreshing LED graphics unit shown in figure 5. Each LED is not addressed sequentially; the LEDs are addressed by column. This results in a higher refresh rate and lower peak current to main-

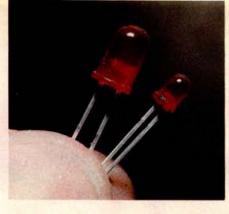


Photo 3: Two of the more popular red LEDs are the TIL-209 (the smaller LED) and the TIL-220 (larger LED). The average price for these devices is \$0.09 and \$0.11 apiece in quantity.

duty cycle, this design incorporates column scanning. Each light emitting diode (LED) is refreshed once every 16 clock pulses, rather than once every 128. The result is that lower peak current is required to maintain sufficient illumination.

When no data is being written into the memory (ICs 4 and 5), the address multiplexer is in the display mode. In this case it continually channels the output of a 4-bit free-running counter (IC9) to the memory address input. IC10 also receives this address and enables the particular column to which the data pertains.

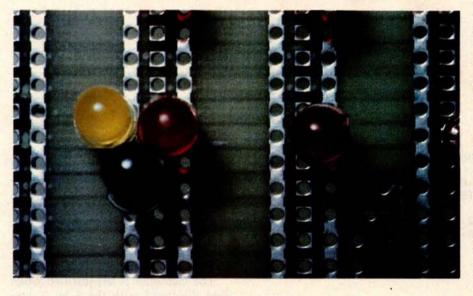


Photo 4: To experiment with 3-color displays, 3 LEDs must be placed in each position on the board.



Photo 5: The program in listing 2 produces the display shown here.

In a normal sequence, the first address is 0000 binary. Since the memory is in a read condition, the output will reflect the data contents which had been stored previously as an output to port 112. IC10, a 4 to 16 demultiplexer, enables the first line by bringing it to a logic 0. The shunt drivers now enabled will allow any LED in that column to turn on in response to a stored logic 1 on that bit position. The only LEDs that can light at this time are in the first column.

The circuit will stay on this address until the next clock pulse from ICs 2a and 2b. The next address would enable the next column with similar results. The scan oscillator should be fast enough that the display does not flicker.

Various LEDs can be used. Probably the most popular size is the T-1³/4 (such as the Texas Instruments TIL-220) made by most LED manufacturers and priced at about \$0.11. If space is a problem, a smaller T-1 can be used with cost at about \$0.09. Their relative sizes are shown in photo 3.

There is nothing which requires that the display be monochromatic. Considering that color television screens are actually discrete dots which seem to blend together when viewed from a distance, this same possibility is open for use with LEDs to a limited extent. The 3 LEDs can be mounted quite closely as demonstrated in photo 4. Experimenting with the tricolor system produced some interesting results. You must realize, of course, that a 3-color display would require 3 sets of digital logic equivalent to the circuit of figure 5.

Using a Flat Panel Display

The first thing to do after powering up and checking out the circuitry is to try to write data to it. Listing 1 is a BASIC program which sequentially exercises all 128 LEDs. Erroneous data entry can usually be traced to a too long pulse width on the one-shot (IC3).

Once the arrays have been built, you are ready for the big time— displaying a 5 by 7 dot-matrix character. Photo 5 illustrates this final achievement, and listing 2 shows the simple BASIC program required to accomplish this. Listing 1: BASIC program to turn each light emitting diode (LED) on and off in order.

100 REM THIS PROGRAM CHECKS EVERY LED INDIVIDUALLY 110 REM BY OUTPUTING A SERIES OF COMPUTED VALUES TO THE 120 REM APPROPRIATE OUTPUT PORT 130 REM 140 REM 8X16 DISPLAY IS ADDRESSED AS 16 PORTS - NO.S 112 TO 127 DECIMAL 150 REM WITH LSD ON THE LEFT AND MSD ON THE RIGHT 160 REM 170 REM FIRST THE DISPLAY IS BLANKED BY OUTPUTING ALL ZEROS 180 FOR S=112 TO 127 190 OUT S,0 200 NEXT S 210 REM 220 REM STARTING FROM THE LOWER LEFT CORNER LEDS ARE PROGRESSIVELY LIT 230 REM UP AND DOWN THE COLUMNS MOVING TOWARD THE RIGHT 240 FOR I=112 TO 127 250 FOR B=0 TO 7 260 A=2°B 270 OUT I,A 280 GOSUB 1000 290 NEXT B 300 OUT I,0 310 NEXT I 320 GOTO 240 1000 FOR T=0 TO 50 1010 NEXT T 1020 RETURN

Listing 2: BASIC program to write GO- on the LED display.

100 REM THIS PROGRAM WRITES GD > ON THE DISPLAY 110 REM USING DATA STATEMENTS TO ENTER MATRIX DATA 120 DIM X(100):DIM S(100) 130 DATA 124,130,130,138,142,0 140 DATA 124,130,130,130,124,0 150 DATA 16,84,56,16 160 FOR S=1 TO 16 170 READ X(S) 180 NEXT S 190 FOR C=112 TO 127 200 OUT C,X(C-111) 210 NEXT C 220 STOP :GOTO 190 Static displays are interesting, but if you really want to do a little crowdpleasing, then I suggest simulating a moving marquee. Because this display interface is column-oriented, it is relatively simple to accomplish this feat. Listing 3 is a program for shifting the letter A across the display.

The character is left-justified when first displayed with the 5 by 7 data written in ports 112 thru 116. On the next programmed update, the same data is written to ports 113 thru 117,

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100 REM THIS PROGRAM DEMONSTRATES USING THE DISPLAY PANEL AS A MOVING MARQUEE 110 REM A 5X7 DOT MATRIX LETTER A IS DISPLAYED ON THE LEFT SIDE 120 REM AND THE SHIFTED ACROSS THE DISPLAY TO THE RIGHT, USING THIS CONCEPT 130 REM VIRTUALLY ANY MESSAGE CAN BE WRITTEN. 140 DIM A(100) :DIM S(20) :DIM X(100) 150 REM FIRST THE LETTER A IS LEFT JUSTIFIED ON THE DISPLAY 160 A(1)=254 :A(2)=144 :A(3)=144 :A(4)=144 :A(5)=254 :REM A(1)-A(5) EQUAL THE LETTER A 170 FOR Q=6 TO 20 :A(Q)=0 :NEXT Q 180 REM 190 REM 200 REM CLEAR THE DISPLAY 210 FOR L=112 TO 127 :OUT L,0 :NEXT L 220 REM 230 REM 240 REM DEFINE TRANSPOSED MATRIX X(1) TO X(16) AND SHIFT RIGHT ONE COLUMN 250 S=1 260 FOR D=1 TO 16 270 X(D)=A(S) 280 S=S+1 290 IF S>20 THEN S=1 300 NEXT D 310 S=S+3 320 GOSUB 370 330 GOTO 260 340 REM 350 REM 360 REM WRITE TRANSFOSED MATRIX TO DISPLAY 370 FOR L=112 TO 127 380 OUT L,X(L-111) 390 NEXT L 400 FOR T=0 TO 300 :NEXT T :RETURN 410 RETURN

Listing 3: BASIC program to move the letter A across the display from left to right.

effectively shifting it to the right by 1 column. For long messages, the most effective method is to utilize a software pointer. Even a 2% character moving marquee is very impressive and can easily convey intelligent information.

This 8 by 16 matrix can be expanded by adding more memory and column decoders. It can be further enhanced by the addition of other colors within the same array.

The video screen need not be the only output display on a personal computer. It is only a matter of time before large arrays are commercially available, but in the meantime we can experiment with the concept. I hope that by presenting a self-refreshing interface design which eliminates the necessity of interrupts or dedicated program refresh, I may spark the interest of many experimenters.

If you have any questions on this or any previous article, don't hesitate to write to me. Please include a selfaddressed stamped envelope.

Next Month: A look at the new Intel 8086.



Technical Forum

Using Finite State Machines

David E Cortesi, 2340 Tasso St, Palo Alto CA 94301

I was pleased to see a good introductory article on the use of finite state machines appear in BYTE (see "Designing a Command Language" by G A Van den Bout, BYTE, June 1979, page 176). I have found the finite state machine (or finite state automaton, or just FSA) to be a valuable tool in my programmer's toolkit. The finite state machine is an aid to organizing one's thoughts while designing, a good way of producing a really unambiguous specification document, and as an implemented program it can yield very efficient and reliable code.

The finite state machine has long been a plaything of the theoreticians of computer science; you can find it described and analyzed in any textbook on compiler design (it is a *good* textbook if you can understand the description!). Unfortunately the finite state machine rarely moves out of the textbook and into practical programs. I would like to extend Van den Bout's article with 2 examples from my own experience as a professional programmer that show how the finite state machine solved difficult programming problems in the real world.

The first case arose during the design of a timesharing system that was to have a large number of commands. The syntax of the command language was laid down early in the project, but the specification of the commands themselves kept changing. If I and my colleagues had tried to write detailed code to parse each of the many commands and operands, especially in the face of changing specifications, we would have been swamped. We had to do something to systematize the command-parsing code.

We hit on the idea of using finite state machines represented as directed graphs (like the figures in the previous BYTE article). Since we were using a macroassembler, we created NODE and ARC macroinstructions so that we could "draw" the graph of a command by writing a series of macro calls. Listing 1 shows how some of the chess game commands in the prior article might look in such a macrolanguage.

Each macroinstruction assembled to a small group of constants. We thought of these groups as the machine language of an imaginary finite state computer. We then wrote a finite state interpreter which could process these machine instructions. This interpreter program took as its input: (1) the top node of a graph; (2) the tokenized command line from the user; and (3) a small working storage area where semantic routines could leave their

51	ANODE	; TOP NODE, ARCS SELECT VERB-TOKENS TOKEN=KWD.VALUE='MOVE', NEXT=S2/1
		TOKEN=KWD, VALUE='CAP', NEXT=S2C
	ARC	TOKEN=KWD, VALUE='TAKE', NEXT=S11
		'NOVE, CAP, OR TAKE??'
S2M		VERD=1 ; SET VERB-CODE OF MOVE
		TOKEN=ANY, NEXT=S2
S2C	ANODE	VERB=2 ; SET VERB-CODE OF CAP
		; COMMON GRAPH FOR MOVE AND CAP
S2	ANODE	
	ARC	TOKEN=KWD, VALUE='FROM', NEXT= \$3
	ARC	TOKEN=KWD, VALUE='TO', NEXT=58
	ZNODE	'?? PLEASE SAY TO CR FROM'
		; GRAPH OF 'FROM XX TO YY' PART
53	ANODE	
	ARC	TOKEN=POS, SEMACT=FRFOS, NEXT=54
		'A POSITION MUST FOLLOW FROM'
54	ANODE	
	ARC	TOKEN=KWD, VALUE='TO', NEXT=S5
		'FROM XX EXPECTING TO'
S5	ANODE	
	ARC	TOKEN=POS, SEMACT=TOPOS, NEXT=56
	ZNODE	'A POSITION MUST FOLLOW TO'
		; GRAPH OF 'TO XX FROM YY' VARIANT
58	ANODE	
	ARC	TOKEN=POS, SEMACT=TOPOS, NEXT=S9
		'A POSITION MUST FOLLOW TO'
59	ANODE	
		TOKEN=KWD, VALUE= 'FROM', NEXT=S10
		'TO XX EXPECTING FROM'
\$10	ANODE	
		TOKEN=POS, SEMACT=FRPOS, NEXT=S6
	ZNODE	'A POSITION MUST FOLLOW FROM'
		; END-CHECK FOR MOVE AND CAP
56	ANODE	
		TOKEN=END ; OMITTED NEXT= MEANS 'ALL DONE'
		'EXTRA OPERAND'
511	ANODE	VERB=3 ; SET VERB-CODE OF TAKE

... etc, etc, etc.

Listing 1: A graph representation of a finite state machine as it might look drawn with a macroassembler. The macroinstructions would assemble to machine language for a hypothetical finite state computer; that in turn would be simulated by an interpreter.

R	1		INP	UTT	OKEN		
R W	+	<u> </u>	1 0	19	<u>.</u>	I E	<pre></pre>
1	2/40	2/41	3/40	4/42	5/43	0/E1	0/E2
2	0/E3	0/E3	3/A0	4/A2	5/43	0/E4	0/E5
3	0/E6	0/E6	3/40	4/42	5/43	6/44	0/21
4	0/E7	0/E7	4/42	4/42	5/43	6/44	0/22
5	0/E8	0/E8	5/45	5/45	0/E9	6744	0/23
6	7/40	7/46	7/40	7/47	0/E10	0/E11	0/E12
7	0/E13	0/E13	7/47	7/47	0/E10	0/E11	0/24
0: 1: 12: 13: 14: 15: 16: 17:	do nothin note neg collect note rat note exp collect note neg collect	ative integer ional pnential fraction ative ex	digit	Z1: Z2: Z3: Z4:	exit, vi exit for	alue is alue is r ration r expone	integra. al
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Table 1: A finite state machine for processing numeric constants, represented as an array. Each row is a state of the machine; a column is selected by the next input token. At the intersection is the row number for the next step, and the name of an action to be done.

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output. It returned either a verb number (from an ANODE macroinstruction) or an error message (from a ZNODE macroinstruction). The only other code needed was a set of small, easily coded semantic routines, one to convert and store away each kind of token.

With this mechanism in place we had only to "draw" each command's graph in macroinstructions, and add any semantic routines unique to that command. The job was much smaller than writing code for all commands, and far easier to update as the specifications fluctuated. The same interpreter was used again in a later project with a similar command language.

This method of writing a command language turned out to have an advantage we had not expected. Every time we wrote a ZNODE macroinstruction, we were faced with the fact that someday a user would enter a bad command that would drop through to that ZNODE. Each time we were forced to decide what the system should do when that occurred. Every possible user error was made evident to us and we had to think about error responses in more detail than usual, but the very specific circumstances under which each error was trapped made it easy to give explicit, helpful messages.

The second example comes from the construction of an interpreter for a programming language. An interpreter has to do a lot of converting between the character form of numbers and their internal form (binary, in this case). The language being implemented supported every form of numeric constant, including things like

1.(for a real 1.0)3E25(decimal not required)+00319645.26E-0005 (leading zeroes, signs)

When I was presented with this problem I had just completed a course in compiler writing, where I had seen finite state machines applied to exactly this problem. It took but a day to work out an array like that in table 1. This is a finite state machine, but one represented as an array instead of a graph. The 2 representations are equivalent; a finite state machine drawn as a graph can be drawn as an array or vice versa. The nodes of the graph become the rows of the array; the lines become columns.

The array is processed like this: the finite state machine is always active on some row, initially row 1. Get the next input token. Find the column with that token at its head (of course a clever designer will have arranged that a token is just an integer that is a valid column-index). At the intersection of that column and the active row, find 2 items, such as 2/A1. The first item, like 2, becomes the new active row. The second item, like A1, is the label of a semantic action to be performed. Repeat until the active row number is 0, then stop.

Look at row 1 of table 1. Reading across, if the first token of a numeric constant is:

- + do nothing and go to row 2
- remember to negate the result and go to row 2
- 0 do nothing and go to row 3
- 1...9 collect a digit and go to row 4
- . note the number will be rational ("real") and go to row 5
- E error number starts with E, stop
- <end> error, stop

If you read the other rows the same way, you will see how this finite state machine can parse any legitimate numeric constant. It also finds every possible syntax error in a very explicit way.

So far I had not gone beyond what any textbook could tell me, but I had the additional objective of making the fastest assembler language constant converter that I could. I wanted to use every hardware advantage allowed by my machine, yet keep reliable, readable code — and the finite state machine helped me!

I eventually ended up with an array several rows higher than the one in table 1. Each additional row was designed to pick up a particular set of input characteristics that I could take advantage of. One optimization was row 3 of table 1, which does not appear in most textbooks. The finite state machine stays on row 3 as long as it is seeing leading zeroes on the integer part of the number. Action A2, "collect integer digit," will typically involve performing arithmetic operations on the token. A leading zero contributes nothing to the final binary value, so why "collect" it? The finite state machine stays on row 3, spinning through the leading zeroes and doing almost no work, until a significant digit is found. If the finite state machine takes exit action Z1, it has recognized a constant of zero (fairly common in programs) without doing any arithmetic.

We expected single-digit constants to be quite common in typical programs. It happened that the binary value of a single digit could be obtained from the input token with a logical AND operation. I put in another row between rows 3 and 4 of table 1, so that a special exit action would be taken for the case of < digit > < end > . Now the finite state machine would process any single-digit constant without doing arithmetic. These and other hardwarelevel optimizations were achieved during design; they added almost nothing to the complexity of the final code.

The array form of a finite state machine is easily coded using a pair of integer matrices, one for the next-state numbers and one for the action-numbers (action-labels, if your language allows label variables; action-addresses in assembler language). The resulting program almost has to be smaller and more readable than the brute force code needed to do the same job. Since the act of designing the array forces you to consider every possible input sequence, the program will usually be much more reliable.

I have drawn these examples from professional software projects, but those are certainly not the only places where finite state machines can be used. I hope I have shown that the finite state machine can be a valuable tool for anyone faced with programming for a complicated input string. Designing it clarifies the problem and reveals all error situations, and coding it yields elegant, efficient programs.

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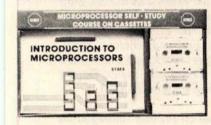
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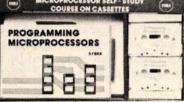


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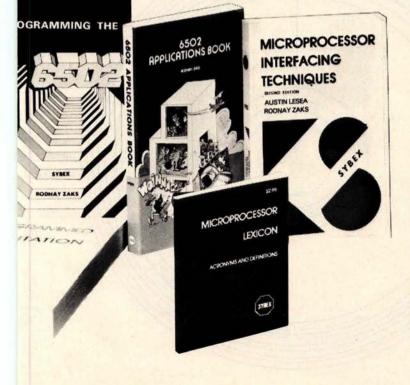
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Picking Up the Pieces

Alfred S Baker 2327 S Westminster Wheaton IL 60187

Everything had been going so smoothly. I had just saved several important programs on a disk and had planned to spend the rest of the afternoon doing fun things with them. Now the computer was telling me that my full disk was completely empty.

I had been using my floppy disk system for over 6 months before the output error mentioned above occurred. I discovered, to my sorrow, that while input and output errors on a floppy disk are *very* rare, they can still happen. I survived my catastrophe. I hope that my experience can help you survive yours.

Disk Files

Generally, 2 different methods are used to place files on a floppy disk: sequential file storage, and track or sector allocation.

In the sequential file storage method, a new file is placed on the disk in the unused sectors following the last file added to the disk. This is demonstrated in figure 1. Any files that are deleted, such as file B, will generate unused space on the disk that is not used for storing new files. New files go at the end of all

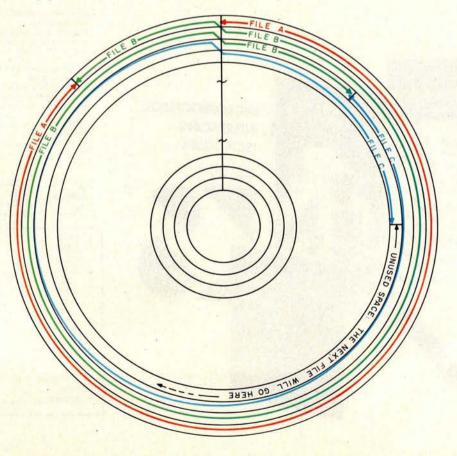
About the Author

Al Baker is 30 years old and lives with his wife, Janet, and 2 children in Wheaton IL. He is currently the programming director for The Image Producers Inc, Northbrook IL. He is a member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the National Space Institute, and the Chicago Area Computer Hobbyist Exchange. He says, "My favorite sports are volleyball and handball, and my hobbies are playing with computers," previously used space. But what about all of the unused space taken up by the deleted files? Simple. These systems provide a utility program which eliminates this unused space by shifting the files on the disk. This process, which is called *compressing or packing the disk*, is shown in figure 2.

If this is the way your system works, then the data block that got wiped out on my system exists on your system. However, as you will see, its contents and use are totally different.

The track, or sector allocation method is also known as the bit map method or chained, sequentialstorage method. It is used by the more impressive, and efficient, largesystem support packages. It is also used by my Peripheral Vision floppy disk operating system (FDOS).

Figure 1: In the sequential storage method, files are placed on the disk starting at the first empty sector after the last stored file.



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In this method all of the space on the disk is represented by a single bit map. Each bit in the area called the bit map represents 1 physical area on the disk. In my system this area is a sector. (Refer to figure 3.) On each floppy disk there are 74 tracks represented in the bit map for that disk. (There are actually 77 tracks on the floppy disk, but the first 2 tracks contain the operating system, and the third functions as the directory, containing the bit map itself and the names and addresses of all the files on the disk. Since each track has 16 sectors when using FDOS, the bit map contains 74 times 16, or 1184 bits. This represents 1 bit for each sector on the disk. Dividing by 8 gives a bit map size of 148 bytes. This fits easily into a single 256-byte sector on the disk.

Now we can use the bit map to determine which sectors on the disk are in use. A file program will read the bit map into memory and will find a 0 bit in the map. The sector represented by this bit is unused. If a

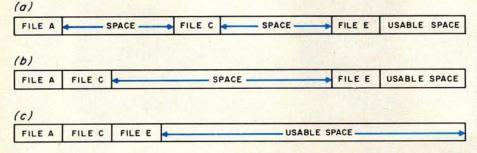


Figure 2: In a system which uses the sequential storage method, unusable space is turned into usable space by compressing the data. Starting with the data stored on the disk (2a), the usable data is shifted toward the beginning of the storage space until the files are behind each other (2b). This process is continued until all of the unusable space has been pushed to the end of the disk and is usable.

new file is being created and it needs another sector, FDOS turns the bit on (makes it a logic 1) and writes the bit map back onto the disk. When a file is deleted, the bits representing each sector in the file are turned off. The space is immediately available for use by another file. Now we have a way of using space on the disk which eliminates the problem of wasted space caused by the old way of doing things.

Unfortunately this method creates its own set of problems. The first problem is not very obvious. If a file is longer than 1 sector, it won't fit. The wrong solution is to try to find an area with enough empty sectors located adjacently. We might as well consider all of those areas with just a few free sectors as useless space. Also, we never know how big a file is going to be until it is too late to look for a bigger space.

The correct solution is to let each sector in the file *point* to the location of the next sector in the file. Look at figure 4. Here we have a 1000-byte file of data contained on four 256-byte sectors. When a program tries to read the 257th byte from the

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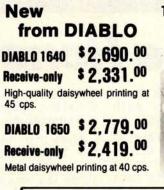
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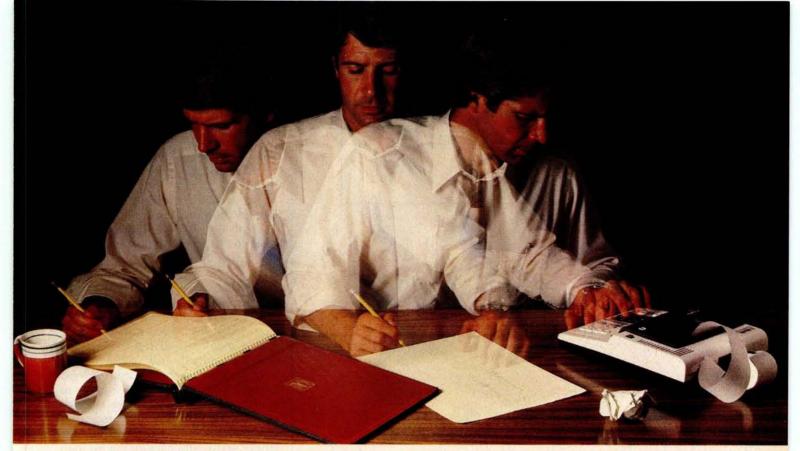
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A. THE BIT MAP

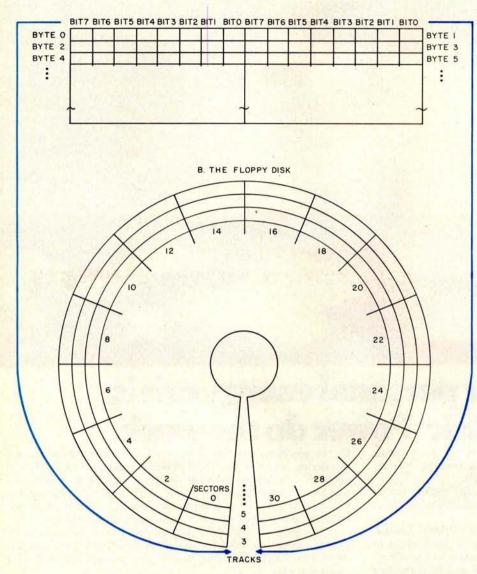
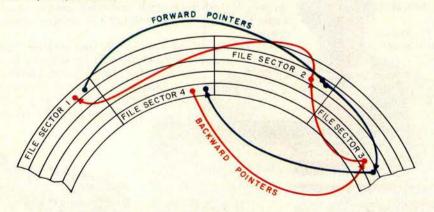
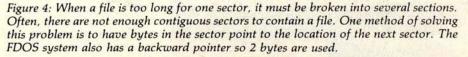


Figure 3: In the Peripheral Vision FDOS system, each sector is represented by 1 bit in the map (3a). If the bit is on (logical 1), then that sector is being used; if the bit is off, that sector is free space (3b).





file, FDOS automatically follows the pointer (contained in the first sector of the file) to the second sector, retrieves the first byte of that sector, and returns it to the user program. FDOS also keeps backward pointers, so you can read the file backwards, too!

The second problem is that the bit map is the most important block of data on the disk. If something happens to it, every other file space on the disk is up for grabs.

ANALIZ

One becomes accustomed to the way that machines sound in operation. I had just saved a file on disk, and it didn't sound right. Since the disk was nearly full, most of the empty sectors were far from the bit map. I had become accustomed to hearing the disk drive data transfer head make a particular sound as it moved from the bit map to the next empty sector and back to the bit map as new files were written out. The sound was missing!

I knew that something was wrong. I quickly checked the number of free sectors on the disk. The correct number should have been around 300. The answer that I got from my inquiry was 1100. Except for the file I had just written, the bit map said that I had an empty disk!

It was time for careful thought. I listed the directory: it still thought I had over 50 files on the disk. But I knew that some of those files had been destroyed, completely or partially, by the file I had just written on the disk.

I was left with 2 problems. First, I had to correct the bit map. The best way to do this was to read every sector for every file listed in the directory. As each sector was read, I could turn on its bit in the bit map. This would correct the first problem.

The second problem was more serious. I had to determine which files were destroyed. The file I had just written had almost certainly used sectors which had been part of good files. Fortunately, FDOS keeps 2-way pointers. The solution was simple. While solving the first problem, I had to read every file on the directory and check to see if each sector in a file pointed back to the previous sector. If it did not, then this sector no longer

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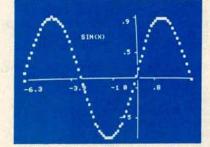
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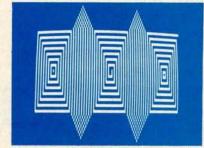




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GRAPHICS PACKAGE by Dan Fylstra for 8K PETs includes programs for the most common 'practical' graphics applications: PLOTTER graphs both functions and data to a resolution of 80 by 50 points, with automatic scaling and labeling of the axes; BARPLOT produces horizontal and vertical, segmented and labeled bar graphs; LETTER displays messages in large block letters, using any alphanumeric or special character on the PET keyboard; and DOODLER can be used to create arbitrary screen patterns and save them on cassette or in a BASIC program \$14.95

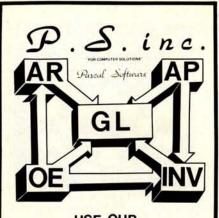


ELECTRIC PAINTBRUSH by Ken Anderson for 4K Level I and II TRS-80s: Create dazzling real time graphics displays at speeds far beyond BASIC, by writing 'programs' consisting of simple graphics commands for a machine language interpreter. Commands let you draw lines, turn corners, change white to black, repeat previous steps, or call other programs. The ELECTRIC PAINTBRUSH manual shows you how to create a variety of fascinating artistic patterns including the one pictured. Show your friends some special effects they've never seen on a TV screen!....... \$14.95

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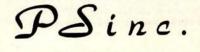
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belonged to this file. The file had been Conclusion destroyed.

Now I was ready to make repairs. Very quickly, I wrote program ANALIZ (listing 1). Since I was in a hurry and wanted the program to run with no errors as soon as possible, I used structured programming techniques. Structured programming usually leads to a much shorter programming time if you include time spent debugging the code.

I'm not going to spend time telling you how the program works. Hopefully this has been accomplished with the comments in the listing. As I have said, the program is highly structured and should be easy to understand.

If you have Peripheral Vision FDOS, you can use the program as it is. If you have another bit-mapped disk system, then it should be a fairly straightforward matter to tailor it to your needs. If you have the sequential file storage method, then you have your own set of problems.

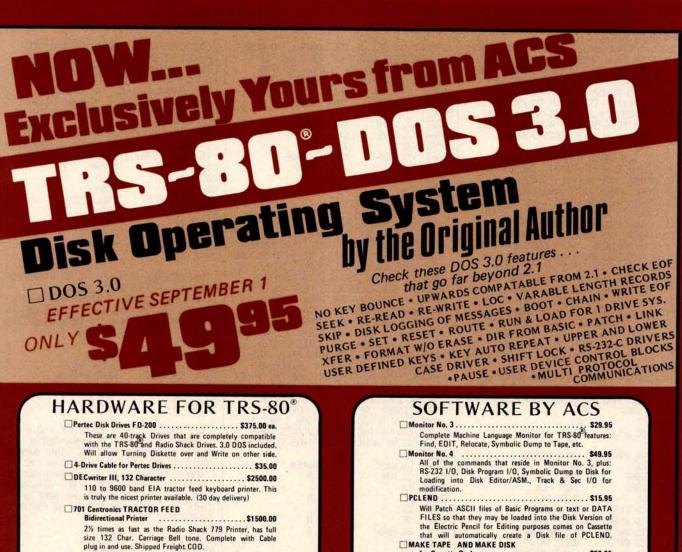
One final comment. Six files were destroyed on my disk. All of these files existed on the backup copy of the disk I had taken 2 weeks earlier. It is a very good idea to make periodic backup copies of your active disks. My only loss was a little time. I gained a better understanding of the way my disk system works, and a very interesting program.

Listing 1: Program ANALIZ is used to rebuild a bit map of the used sectors on a disk. This program is written using the TDL Z80 Relocating Assembler version 1.2. The workings of the program are explained in the comments.

	and the second sec
	DISK AND FIX BITMAP
. SBTTL ' .	BY: A. BAKER'
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
; THIS IS THE MAIN	ROUTINE FOR THE DISK
	THIS PROGRAM TELLS
; THE USER WHICH F	ILES ON THE DISK HAVE
; CHAINING ERRORS.	IT DOES THIS IN TWO
; WAYS. IT SIGNALS	THE USER IF A CHAINED
; BLOCK DOES NOT F	OINT BACK TO THE BLOCK
; IT IS CHAINED TO	ALSO, IT TELLS THE
USER IF A BLOCK	DOES NOT CONTRIN A
; VALID COPY OF IT	S OWN DISK ADDRESS.
; FINALLY, IF THE	USER WANTS, IT WILL
	BITMAP. SINCE IT
; BUILDS UP THE MA	P FROM VALID FILES ON
; DISK, IT CORRECT	LY REFLECTS THE DISK
; CONTENTS, EVEN I	F IT DID NOT BEFORE.
,	
; THE ROUTINE 'INI	T' SETS UP EVERYTHING
	HE WORK, AND 'END'
: CLEANS LIP AND EN	DS THE TOR
AAAA	ANAL 17:
DODA' CD DODA	CALL INIT
00031 CD 00031	CALL SET
0006 CD 0005	CALL END
00087 00087 CD 00087 00037 CD 00837 00067 CD 00527 00097 C9	PET
0000 00	REI
THIS POUTTNE ETC	ST ALLOUS THE LISER
A CHANCE TO PENC	ST ALLOWS THE USER
FORM NOTUE 2EDA	AND REPLACE IT WITH
	S IS DONE BY USING
	NG ROUTINE 'TXTYP'
TO TYPE THE MESS	DOCE / MA / OND
RECEIVING THE RE	
ROUTINES 'TXTIN'	
STI LUNUS THE BIT	MAP USING THE FDOS
ROUTINE 'MAPIN'	
FINALLY, IT INIT	
HULDING HEEH BY	ENDING IT WITH A ZERO.
000A' 000A' 21 002A' 000A' CD 0023	INIT
000H' 21 002H'	LXI H M1
0016' CD D079	CALL TXTIN
0013	LP2:
0012' CD D079 0013' 0013' CD D076 0016' 30FB 0018' CD D686 0018' 21 D8AC 001E' 0694	CHLL TI
0016' 30FB	JRNC LP2
0018' CD D686:	CALL MAPIN
0018' 21 DBAC	LXI H, BITMAP
001E' 0694	MVI B, 148

00201		. LP1:
0000/ 1	2000	
00201 3	2000	MVI M.O
0022 2	23 10FB 97	INX H
0023 1	10FB	DJNZ LP1
00251 9	97	SUB A
00261	32 018E	STA NAMEH+9
0029' (09	RET
00281		. M1:
00284	4849542043	. ASCIZ 'HIT CR WHEN CO
	DISK IS IN D	
;		ALL OF
	DOUTINE GETS	CONTROL AFTER ALL
THE	DV USC DECK	LOONE IT DEER THE
TUTUE	DOUTTHE T	ONE. IT USES THE
INT HOL	ROUTINE	U HSK THE USER IF
		BIT MAP PUT BACK
UN DIS	SK. HIS REPL	Y IS PICKED UP BY
THE RU	DUTINES 'TXT	IN' AND 'TI'. IF
; HE REF	PLIES YES, E	ITHER UPPER OR LOWER
		IS WRITTEN TO DISK
; USING	THE FDOS RO	UTINE 'MAPOT'.
00521	E	ND:
00521 2	21 006B	LXI HM1 CALL TXTYP CALL TXTIN
8855' (CD D023	CALL TXTYP
00581	CD D029	CALL TYTIN
0058		. LP1:
0050/ (CALL TI
0000 0	00000	ORI 20H
DOJE I	-620	UKI 20H
0000 1	FE/9	CPI 'Y' JRZ LP2
0062	2803	JRZ LP2
0064 :	18F5	JMPR LP1
0064' : 0066' (C9	RET
0001		. LP2:
00671 (CD D6AA	CALL MAPOT
006A' (C9	RET
006B'		. M1:
0068'	444F20594F	. ASCII 'DO YOU WANT TH
E BIT I	MAP REPLACED	21
0000	4245205645	. BYTE 13 . ASCIZ 'BE VEEERRY CAR
CCII DI	EFORE SAYING	UEC-/
j	LIOKE SHTING	1 163.
	TE THE MOTH	DRIVING ROUTINE FOR
		K. BECAUSE OF A
		IZE MEMORY USE, THIS
		CATED BY A DOUBLE
USE OF	F THE FDOS S	SYSTEM INPUT BUFFER.
		ITINES, 'DIROPN' AND
		BUFFER FOR READING
; AND M	AINTAINING 1	THE DIRECTORY AND

Listing 1 continued on page 84



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Listing 1 continued: I DECIDED TO USE IT TO READ THE BLOCKS ; FOR EACH FILE. FOR THIS REASON, EACH ; TIME A VALID FILE NAME IS FOUND, THE BUFFER (WHICH CONTAINS A DIRECTORY BLOCK) IS SAVED IN THE AREA 'BUFFER'. THE CURRENT FILE, IT IS MOVED BACK GETTING THE NEXT DIRECTORY BLOCK. ; 'SET' IS A GRAND LOOP WHICH READS DIRECTORY BLOCKS. FIRST, THE DIRECTORY IS OPENED WITH A CALL TO FOUS AT ITTOROPHY. THEN EACH DIRECTORY ENTRY IS ; PROCESSED IN: THE LOOP ' .. L1'. WHEN J'DIRBLK' IS CALLED TO GET THE NEXT DIRECTORY ENTRY, IT SETS THE CONDITION CODE TO ZERO IF THERE ARE NO MORE PRESENT. 'SET' ENDS ON THIS CONDITION: WE ARE THROUGH. 'DIRBLK' PLACES THE FIRST BYTE OF THE NAME OF THE FILE IN THE ACCUMULATOR. IF IT ; IS 255 DECIMAL (ALL ONES BINARY), THIS ; IS AN UNUSED ENTRY AND IS NOT TO BE PROCESSED. IF IT IS TO BE PROCESSED, ; THE CURRENT FILE, 'NAME' IS CALLED TO PRINT OUT THIS NAME ON THE CONSOLE SO THE USER WILL KNOW WHICH FILE IS BEING ; PROCESSED, ; THE CURRENT DIRECTORY DISK BLOCK IS ; SAVED, 'FIXIT' IS CALLED TO PROCESS ; THE FILE, AND THE DIRECTORY BLOCK IS : MOVED BACK 00B3 SET: 0083' CD D5DF CALL DIROPN 0086 . L1: 0086' CD DSEF CALL DIRBLK 0089' C8 RZ 0088' FEFF 0080' 28F8 CPI 255 JRZ . . L1 008E' 05 PUSH D 008F' CD 019E' CALL NAMEM 00C2' CD 01RE' CALL NAME 00C5' 21 00F3' LXI H. .. R1 00C8' CD D073 CALL TXTYP 0008' 21 DA92 LXI H, ROFLNM 00CE' 11 01C1' LXI D, BUFFER 0001' 01 0117 LXI B, LN2SNC 0004' EDB0 LDIR 0006' 28 D964 LHLD TRKWNT 0009' 22 01BF' SHLD TRACK 000C' D1 POP D 0000' CD 00F4' CALL FIXIT 00E6' 28 01BF' 00E3' 22 0964 LHLD TRACK SHLD TRKWNT 00E6' 21 01C1' LXI H, BUFFER 00E9' 11 DR92 LXI D, RDFLNM 00EC' 01 0117 LXI B, LN2SNC 00EF' EDB0 00F1' 18C3 LDIR JMPR ... L1 00F3' 8D .. R1: . BYTE 13+128 ; THIS ROUTINE: DOES ALL OF THE WORK FOR ANALIZING A SINGLE FILE ON THE DISK. (ACTUALLY, SINCE (I MIGHT MODESTLY ; SAY) THIS IS ONE OF THE BEST EXAMPLES ; OF A WELL STRUCTURED PROGRAM I HAVE ; EVER SEEN, 'FIXIT' JUST PROVIDES ANOTHER LEVEL OF CONTROL FOR THE 'FIXIT' FIRST CALLS 'HEAD' TO SET UP THE CONTROL REGISTERS TO READ THE FIRST BLOCK OF THE FILE. THE LOOP ... L1' THEN PROCESSES ALL BLOCKS IN THE FILE. THIS LOOP CHILLS 'NEXT' TO GET THE NEXT DATA BLOCK IN THE FILE IT THEN CALLS TYEST TO TEST ITS DISK POINTERS. IF THERE IS A PROBLEM. ; 'TEST' RETURNS & NONZERO FLAG. IN THIS SITUATION 'FIXIT' TERMINATES. IT DOES ; NOT CONTINUE PROCESSING A FILE WITH A ; BAD CHAIN. IF THE BLOCK IS OK IT CALLS ; 'SETMAP' TO TURN ON THE BIT IN THE

; 'LINK' TO SET UP THE CONTROL TO READ IN THE NEXT BLOCK OF THE FILE. IF WITH A ZERO FLAG AND 'FIXIT' EXITS. BOF4 FIX17: 00F4' CD 0167' CALL HEAD 00F7 L1: 00F7 CD 6116' CALL NEXT CD 0121' BINER! CALL TEST ØØFD' CØ RNZ CD 0129 CALL SETMAP BOFE! 0101' CD 0133' CALL LINK 0104' 20F1 JRNZ .. L1 0106' 09 RET ; THIS ROUTINE SETS UP THE CONTROL ; REGISTERS, 'DE' AND 'HL' TO PROCESS ; THE FIRST BLOCK IN THE FILE. SINCE A ; BACKCHAIN TEST IS GOING TO BE MADE BY SOMEBODY, 'DE' WILL BE USED TO KEEP THE PREVIOUS BLOCKS ADDRESS WHILE THE ; WILL OF COURSE BE USED TO KEEP THE CURRENT BLOCKS ADDRESS. FOR THE FIRST BLOCK IN A FILE, THE BACK POINTER IS DEFINED AS ZERO AND SU THIS IS THE VALUE PLACED IN 'DE'. THE ADDRESS OF ; THE FIRST BLOCK IN A FILE IS CONTAINED ; IN THE 10TH AND 11TH BYTES OF THE DIRECTORY ENTRY FOR THIS FILE. THIS IS A DISPLACEMENT OF +9. SINCE WE HAVEN T REUSED THE FOOS BUFFER, 1 GET THIS ADDRESS FROM WHERE 'DIRBLK' TOLD ME THE DIRECTORY ENTRY IS. 'DIRBLK' HAS POINTED 'DE' TO THE CURRENT DIRECTORY BLOCK. THEREFORE 1 GET THE LOCATION OF THE FIRST BLOCK'S DISK ADDRESS BY ADDING 9 TO THIS LOCATION. 6167 HEAD: 0107' CD 019E CHLL NHMEM 010A' 21 0009 010D' 19 LX1 H, 9 DAD D MOY E, M 010E' 5E 010F 23 INX H 0116' 56 MOY D. M 0111' 21 0000 0114' EB LX1 H, Ø XCHG 0115' C9 RET ; THIS ROUTINE LOADS IN THE NEXT DISK BLOCK FOR THIS FILE. THE FDOS ROUTINE ; 'RED256' PRESUMES THAT THE DISK ADDRESS OF THE BLOCK TO BE READ IN IS IN THE FIELD "TRKWNT". THEREFORE, ; THIS 15 WHERE 'NEXT' PLACES IT. NEXT: 0116' 0116' E5 0117' D5 PUSH H PUSH D 0118' 22 D964 SHLD TRKWNT 0118' CD D75E CALL RED256 011E' D1 011F' E1 POP D POP H 0120' 09 RET ; THIS ROUTINE TESTS THE CHAINS FOR THE ; CURRENT FILE BLOCK. IF THERE ARE ANY PROBLEMS, IT RETURNS A NONZERO RETURN ; CODE. ACTUALLY, YOU WILL NOTICE THAT TEST' CALLS TWO OTHER ROUTINES WHICH BLOCKS BACKCHAIN AND 'TESTNM' TESTS THE SELF CONTAINED ADDRESS OF WHERE ; IT THINKS IT : 15: ITS OWN ADDRESS. 0121' TEST: 0121' CD 0138' CHLL TESTBK 0124' C0 0125' CD 0168' RNZ CALL TESTNW 0128' C9 RET ; THIS ROUTINE TURNS ON THE BIT IN THE ; BIT MAP CORRESPONDING TO THIS DISK ; BLOCK. THE FDOS ROUTINE 'TS2BT' ; RSSUMES THAT 'HL' CONTAINS A DISK ; BLOCK ADDRESS. IT RETURNS THE ADDRESS

; OF THE BYTE IN THE BITMAP WHICH

; CONTAINS THE BIT REPRESENTING THIS ; BLOCK. IT ZEROS REG. 'A' AND THEN ; TURNS ON THE BIT IN REG 'A' WHICH CORRESPONDS TO THE CORRECT BIT FOR THIS BLOCK IN REG. 'M' (THE BYTE POINTED AT BY 'HL'). ORING 'A' INTO ; 'M' TELLS FOOS THAT THE BLOCK IS IN USE XORING 'A' INTO 'M' (TURNING OFF IS UNUSED. 'SETMAP' TURNS ON THE BIT ; TO SIGNAL THAT THE BLOCK IS IN USE. 0129 SETMAP 0129' E5 PUSH H 012A1 D5 PUSH D 0128' CD D665 012E' B6 CALL TS2BT ORA M 012F' 77 MOV M, A 0130° D1 POP D 0131' E1 POP H 0132' 09 RET THIS ROUTINE SETS UP THE POINTERS FOR PICKING UP THE NEXT FILE BLOCK. IT ; TAKES THE CURRENT POINTER AND PUTS IT ; IN 'DE' AND PLACES THE ADDRESS OF THE ; NEXT BLOCK IN 'HL'. IT RETURNS & ZERO ; FLAG IF THERE ARE NO MORE BLOCKS IN ; THIS FILE. 01331 LINK 0133' EB XCHG 0134' 2A DAAO LHLD RFWLNK 0137' 7D MUY A, L 0138' B4 ORA H 0139' 09 RET THIS ROUTINE TESTS THE BACK CHAIN POINTER. IT TAKES THE BACK CHAIN ; POINTER FROM THE REVERSE LINK 'RRVLNK ; AND COMPARES IT TO 'DE' USING THE ; 'DSBC' INSTRUCTION. IF EVERYTHING IS OK, IT RETURNS A ZERO FLAG. OTHERWISE, ; IT CALLS NAME TO PRINT THE NAME OF ; THIS FILE AND THEN PRINTS AN ERROR > MESSAGE 0136 TESTBK: 0138' E5 PUSH H 0138' D5 PUSH D 0130' 28 DA9E LHLD RRVLNK 013F' 97 SUB R 0146' ED52 DSBC D 0142' D1 POP D 0143' E1 POP H 0144' C8 RZ 0145' F5 PUSH PSW 0146' CD 01HE' CALL NAME 0149' 21 0151' LXI H. .. M1 0140' CD D073 014F' F1 CALL TXTYP POP PSW 0150' 09 RET 0151' M1 0151' 2048415320 . ASCII ' HAS A BAD BAC K CHAIN. " 0167' 80 . BYTE 13+128 ; THIS ROUTINE TESTS THE ADDRESS THAT ; THIS FILE BLOCK THINKS THAT IT IS ; LOCATED AT. THIS VALUE, AT 'TRKRED', SHOULD MATCH THE CONTENTS OF 'HL' ; THIS IS TESTED USING THE 'DSBC' ; INSTRUCTION. IF EQUAL, A ZERO FLAG IS ; RETURNED. OTHERWISE, THE NAME OF THE CURRENT FILE IS PRINTED OUT USING THE ; ROUTINE 'NAME' AND AN ERROR MESSAGE ; IS TYPED OUT. TESTNW: 0168 0168' E5 PUSH H 0169' D5 PUSH D 016A' ED58 DA9C LDED TRKRED 016E' 97 SUB A. 016F' ED52 DSBC D 0171' D1 POP D 0172' E1 POP H 0173' 08 RZ 0174' F5 PUSH PSW

Listing 1 continued on page 86

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; BITMAP FOR THIS BLOCK. IT THEN CALLS

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Listing 1 continued				
3175' CD 01AE'	CALL NAME	C CLOSE AN OUTPUT DISK FILE		
3178/ 21 0180/	LXI H. M1	/ I HL-> BUFFER		
01.78' CD D073		;0	,	
017E' F1	POP PSW	K CLOSE OUTPUT DISK	; THESE ARE THE IMPORTANT FIELDS WIT	HIN
017F1 C9	RET	,	THE TWO FDOS SYSTEM BUFFERS.	
ð1.80 ⁷	M1:	D060 FILNAM = 00060H	2/F/DBSYSMCX	
01.801 2048415320	. ASCII / HAS AN INVALI	C INPUT, CHECK, AND PLACE A DISK	DBAC BITMAP = ØDBACH	
D DISK ADDRESS. "		; C FILE NAME.	; C ADDRESS OF BITMAP WHEN IN MEMORY	
0190' 8D	. BYTE 13+128	; I HL->DISK BUFFER	; I	
	A DESCRIPTION OF THE OWNER	; O CY=INVALID FILENAME	;0	
	PIES THE CURRENT FILE	K INPUT CONSOLE DISK IO	; K DISK DATA BLOCK CONTROL LOOKUP N	EMOR
NAME OUT OF THE	DIRECTORY ENTRY WHICH	,	BITMAP	
	Y 'DE' INTO THE HOLDING	D073 TXTYP = 0D073H	1	
; AREA 'NAMEH'.	Topological and the second s	COUTPUT A MESSAGE TO THE CONSOLE	0117 LN2SNC = 117H	
019E	NAMEM	; I HL-> MESSRGE ENDING IN '80' BIT ON	C SIZE OF DISK BUFFER	
019E' E5 019F' D5	PUSH H	> OR '00' BYTE	JI	
019F D5	PUSH D	> 0 HL-> STOP CHAR	; 0	
0197 03 01661 05 01611 EB	PUSH B		SK 10 DISK DATA CONTROL	
JIHI' EB	XCHG	K OUTPUT CONSOLE ASC11 BLOCK		
01R2' 11 01B5'			DF192 RDFLNM = 0DR92H	
01A5' 01 0009	LXI B, 9 LDIR	D076 TI = 00076H	C BUFFER FOR SYSTEM INPUT	
0188' EDB0 0188' C1	POP B	C INPUT FROM CONSOLE AND SET FLAGS	; [;0	
DIAL DI	POP D	1	K INPUT DISK DATA BLOCK	
DIAC'E1	POP H	; O R=BYTE CY=X'13' Z=' ' ; K INPUT CONSOLE BYTE	J K INFOI DISK DHIH BLOCK	
01AD' C9	RET		DRAG REWLNK = ODAROH	
0140 09	NL I	, D079 TXTIN = 00079H	C FORWARD LINK OF SECTOR IN MEMORY	
	INTS THE NAME OF THE	1 C N0-0P	JI	
	HICH IS IN 'NAMEH',	; C MU-UF	10	
	MESSAGE PRINT ROUTINE	;0	K DISK DATA BYTE	
TXTYP'		i K	1	
DIAE'	NAME:		DR9E RRVLNK = ØDA9EH	
1RE' 21 0185'			; C BACKWARD LINK OF SECTOR IN MEMOR	Y
1B1' CD D073	CALL TXTYP		, I	
1B4' C9	RET	THESE ARE IMPORTANT ROUTINES DEFINED	10	
185'	NAMEH: . BLKB 10	WITHIN FDOS. THEY ARE NOT DEFINED FOR	K DISK DATA BYTE	
)18F'	TRACK: BLKW 1 BUFFER: BLKB 300H	; THE USER TO USE. HOWEVER, I AM USING	;	
101	BUFFER: BLKB 300H	; Then anyway.	DR9C TRKRED = ØDR9CH	
	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF	%FDSSYSMCX	; C DISK LOCAION OF SECTOR IN MEMORY	
	ENERAL ROUTINES DEFINED	D686 MAPIN = 0D686H	;1	
	USE WITHIN FDOS.	C READ IN ALLOCATION BITMAP OFF DISK	;0	
FDGSYSMCX		; I	K DISK DATA BYTE	
	BYTIN = 0D055H	;0		
	ICTER FROM THE DISK	K INPUT DISK LOOKUP BITMAP	D964 TRKWNT = 00964H	
I HL->DISK BUFF			C NEXT SECTOR READ FOR RED256	
O CY=EOF, A=BYTI		DGAA MAPOT = ODGAAH	, I	
K INPUT DISK BY	TE 10	; C PUT BITMAP BACK ON DISK		
050		, I	K DISK DATA BYTE	
	BYTOT = 00058H	O DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTION		
	RACTER TO THE DISK	K OUTPUT DISK LOOKUP BITMAP	999%/ CHE 0101 13	
I HL->DISK BUFF	EK C=BYIE		0000' END ANALJZ	-
0	A LOW REAL PROPERTY OF	D75E RED256 = 0075EH	ODODY . END ANALIZ ANALIZ ODODY BITMAP DEAC KIN DASE BIKOT DASE	E
M FLAGS	NUTE 10	C READ IN RECORD TO SYTEM INPUT BUFFER	KIN DOSD DENOT DOSE	-
K OUTPUT DISK B	STIE IU	1 I	BUFFER 01C1 BYTIN D055 TOT 0058 CLSOT D06H	E
OFD	PLKIN - PLOTON	O C EVERYTHING	TOT 0058 CLSOT D06A DIRBLK D5EF DIROPN D5DF	
058		C EVERYTHING	D 9852' FILNAM DØ6D	E
C READ A BLOCK		K INPUT DISK	FIXIT 00F4' HEAD 0107'	1
	ER, BUFFER+14 CONTRINS	, D665 TS2BT = 0D665H	IT 996A' LINK 0133'	1.5
	R+14=NEXT BLOCK IN	C CONVERTS A DISK ADDRESS TO A BITMAP	LN2SNC 0117 MAPIN D686	1
O CHAIN.	A ATTICAL DEDUK IN	ADDRESS AND BIT	POT DERA NAME 01AE'	
K INPUT DISK EL	OCK 10	J I HL=TRACK AND SECTOR	NAMEH 0185' NAMEM 019E'	N
N INFOT DISK EL		O HL->BYTE IN BIT MAP, A=BIT IN BIT MAP	XT 0116' OPNIN D064	
ØSE	BLKOT = ODOSEH	K CONVERSION DISK LOOKUP BITMAP	OPNOT D067 RDFLNM DA92	F
C WRITE A BLOCK		;	D256 D75E REWLINK DARIO	
	BUFFER, BUFFER+10		RRVLNK DR9E SET 00B3'	9
	DESTINATION DISK ADDR.	a state of the sta	TMAP 0129' TEST 0121'	
	R+10 IS DESTINATION OF	THESE ROUTINES CONTROL 1/0 TO THE	TESTBK 013H' TESTNW 0168'	1
O NEXT BLOCK		DISK DIRECTORY	D076 TRACK 018F'	
K OUTPUT DISK I	BLOCK 10	2/FDRSYSMCX	TRKRED DASC TRKWNT D964	1
		DSEF DIRBLK = 005EFH	2BT 0665 TXTIN 0079	
064	OPNIN = 00064H	C GET THE NEXT DIRECTORY ENTRY	TXTYP D073	
C OPEN INPUT D		; I		
I HL-> BUFFER	CONTRINING NAME	> 0 DE-> BLOCK		
O CY=FAIL		> A=FIRST CHAR IN NAME		
K INPUT OPEN D	ISK	; CY=END OF DIR, Z=F1RST NEVER USED		
	and the second sec	> M=DELETED AND AVAILABLE		
	OPNOT = 00067H	; K INPUT DISK DIRECTORY		
C OPEN OUTPUT I		3		
	CONTAINING NAME	D5DF DIROPN = 0D5DFH		
O CY=FAIL	NEW	C OPEN DISK DIRECTORY FILE		
K OUTPUT OPEN	715K	; I		
		;0		
068	CLSOT = 0D06AH	K INPUT OPEN DIRECTORY DISK		



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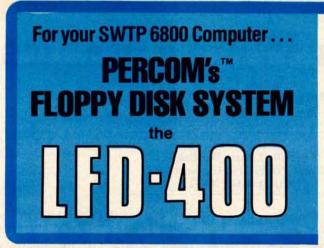
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Variables Whose Values Are Strings

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Almost every programmer has wanted to write a program in which there were one or more variables with strings as their values. Many programmers, however, are discouraged by the programming difficulties that arise in this connection, in all but the simplest cases. This is particularly true when space is at a premium and assembly language is used as it is in many microcomputer applications. We would like to describe here two alternative ways of solving these problems. These are quite different from each other stylistically; each is fascinating in its own way, and each has certain difficulties which have to be surmounted, but either one of them will solve the basic problem with which we are concerned.

Many versions of FORTRAN allow variables to have strings as their values, but these strings cannot have lengths which are greater than some maximum, and this maximum is usually much too small for practical purposes. The maximum is, in fact, the number of characters in a word, which is usually two, four or six; sometimes it is five (as on the PDP-10) and sometimes eight (as on the IBM 370, using double words), but in practice the strings we are concerned with are often 20, 40 or even 60 characters long. In many COBOL programs, this problem is taken care of by assigning some large number of characters to every such variable. This is particularly common when the value of the variable is somebody's name and address, to be printed on an envelope by the computer. Often 25 characters are reserved for the name, 25 for the address, and 25 for the city, state and zip code. This gives rise to two kinds of problems. In the first place, 25 characters is not enough for an address like 1527 San Jose-Los Gatos Rd., even if we leave the period off the end. More important, however, is the fact that, if we reserve that many characters for every name and every address, there are going to be quite a lot of wasted characters. That doesn't matter too much in a COBOL program, where space, particularly on a disk, is usually quite abundant; but on a microcomputer we would like to make optimum use of all the space we have.

The first solution to this problem that we will consider involves the use of a large array, called SPACE, for the storage of strings. Let us consider each element of this array to be one character long. Then the first string (whose length is L1, say) is stored in the characters SPACE (1), SPACE(2) and so on up through SPACE(L1). The next character, SPACE(L1+1), contains an illegal character code (zero, for example) to denote the fact that this is the end of the first string. The second string starts at SPACE(L1+2) and continues from there. Every string ends with a zero character code, and all the strings are stored in the array called SPACE, in sequential order.

Suppose now that these strings are supposed to be the values of variables K1, K2 and so on in the program. The actual value of each of these variables will be an integer that indicates where the corresponding string starts. Thus, for example, if 17 is the value of K2, then SPACE(17) is the first character of the given string; SPACE(18) is the next character, and so on. This is the basic concept of a pointer: a quantity which indicates where another quantity is in memory. The pointers we have set up have been index pointers, but it would have been just as easy to set up address pointers. That is, instead of the integer 17, we could have used the address, in memory, of the character SPACE(17).

The basic problem that arises when this method is used can be seen if we consider the process of setting a variable to a new value. Suppose that the value of K1 is 'SMITH' and we want to change it to 'JOHNSON'. Unfortunately, 'JOHNSON' has more letters in it than 'SMITH', so we cannot simply store the new characters in the same places as we stored the old ones. We can, however, take advantage of the fact that not all of our array SPACE has been used. Suppose that we have used the characters from SPACE(1) up through SPACE(LSPACE); then 'JOHNSON' can start at SPACE(LSPACE+1), and we can set the pointer in K1 to be LSPACE+1. Of course, we also have to update LSPACE at this point, by adding to it the length

of JOHNSON, or 7 (plus 1, for the zero character).

The trouble with this method is that now SMITH is still in memory, together with its zero character. We are not really using all the space from SPACE(1) up through SPACE(LSPACE); there are five characters, plus a zero character, that we are not using. By itself this causes no problems; but now consider what happens as our program continues to run. Every time we have a variable with a string as its value, and this variable gets a new string as its value, we are going to "abandon" some of our string storage area, just as we did with SMITH in this case. Eventually, we are going to run out of space; the whole SPACE array will be used up, except for "abandoned" areas as above. What do we do next?

Let us agree that, whenever we abandon a string, we write a zero character over the first character of that string. This character will immediately follow the zero character at the end of the preceding string, so that two zero characters in a row will denote the start of an abandoned area. We can now consider the possibility of moving all the strings backwards by just enough so that the abandoned areas disappear, as shown in figure 1. This is known as collapsing (or sometimes compactifying). If we think of the left side of figure 1 as a row of bricks, with spaces between them to represent the abandoned areas, then putting our hands on the two ends of the row and collapsing it would produce the situation shown in the right side of the figure.

An algorithm to do this involves two pointers, I and J. As we move each character in SPACE, we set SPACE(J) = SPACE(I), and then add 1 to both I and J. When we have to skip over an abandoned area, we increase I, but not J. Thus I always indicates the current character we are moving, and J always indicates the place we are moving it. At the start of the algorithm, both I and J are initialized to 1.

There is still one difficulty. All our variables with string values involve pointers, and after the collapsing process has taken place, the pointers will be wrong. We have to have some way of adjusting these pointer values. There are at least two reasonable ways of doing this. One of these involves what may be called *back pointers*. The first character (or possibly the first two characters) of each string, as given in the array SPACE, is now some indication of which variable has this particular string as its value (such as, for example, the address of that variable). Whenever a back pointer is moved, by the operation SPACE(J) = SPACE(I), we

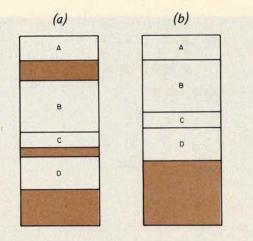


Figure 1: Collapsing or "compactifying" an array. In figure 1a A, B, C and D are separated by empty space (shaded area). In figure 1b this empty, available space is consolidated by moving B, C and D up so that they are contiguous with A.

look in that position (which should contain I) and change it to J.

The other method involves a sorting operation. All the pointers that are contained in all the variables with string values are placed in an array and sorted in ascending order, together with back pointers to the given variables. As we are going through the SPACE array and setting SPACE(J) = SPACE(I), we are also going through this new array, from the beginning to the end. At each stage, the pointer in this array that we are currently considering points to the place in the SPACE array that we will have to treat next, as the start of a string to be moved. When we get to this point in SPACE, we reference the associated back pointer and proceed as before; then we continue through the SPACE array, but also move forward by one position in the new array, so that we will be ready to treat that pointer when we come to it.

Let us now pass to the second method of handling string values of variables. Again we use a large array, which we will call FREE this time, rather than SPACE. FREE is organized into groups of characters; to make our example concrete, we will assume that each group is eight characters long. The first six of these characters are actually characters of the given string; the remaining two character positions, taken together, contain a pointer to another group of eight characters.

Any string which is less than six characters long is stored in a single group. If a string is four characters long, for example, the last two characters are zero characters; this tells us that these are not actually to be counted as part of the string. A string which is more than six characters long is stored as a chain. Thus, for example, if a string is 15 characters long, the first six of these characters appear in one group, which contains a pointer to another group. The next six characters appear in this second group, Whenever we abandon a string, we write a zero character over the first character of that string so we can go back later and identify the string as abandoned.



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which contains a pointer to a third group. The last three characters appear in the third group, followed by three zero characters.

If a string is exactly six characters long, it appears in a single group, but the pointer itself contains zero. If a string is 12, 18, 24, etc, characters long, it appears in more than one group, but the pointer in the last group will contain zero. In general, the pointer in the last group always contains zero, and it is this, rather than the presence of zero characters, that determines the fact that it is the last group.

We thus have one or more chains (sometimes called simple lists) which involve various 8 character groups in FREE. We are now in a position to make use of a basic idea in advanced programming techniques: the list of available space. In this case, the list of available space is a chain which contains all those 8 character groups, and only those groups, which are not on any other chain. That is, we think of all these groups as being in some order (it does not matter what the order is). Then the first group, in this order, contains a pointer to the second group; the second group contains a pointer to the third, and so on, up to the last group, which contains a zero pointer.

The point of using a list of available space is that it is now no longer necessary to use a collapsing process, as described in connection with the previous string storage method. In particular, we are no longer "abandoning" anything, as we were before. All we have to do is to make sure that, at all times, every group into which FREE is divided is on some chain, either the list of available space, or a chain which represents the string value of some variable. (There are also programs which use a list of available space, but in which some groups are abandoned, and a process somewhat like collapsing, known as garbage collection, is used to collect all these abandoned groups into a new list of available space. This, however, is necessary only when the various chains contain pointers to each other, which is not the case in the present application.)

By a pointer to a group, we mean a pointer to the first character in the group. Thus if K is such a pointer, then the group consists of FREE(K), FREE(K+1) and so on up through FREE(K+7). We will assume that FREE(K) through FREE(K+5) are the six characters in the group, and that FREE(K+6) and FREE(K+7), taken together, are the pointer to the next group. A variable called LAVS (for "list of available space") contains, at all times, a pointer to the *first group* in the list of available space. The basic operations on the list of available space are taking one group off

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ry. ..insert data...warm start...examine and ct Netronics R&D Ltd., Dept. RE 10 333 Litchfield Road. New Millord, CT 06 Please send the items checked below— Explorer/85 Level "A" Kit (ASCII ▷ Explorer/85 Level "A" Kit (ASCII ▷ Explorer/85 Level "A" Kit (HCX Version), \$129.95 plus \$3 p&h. 8 k Microsoft BASIC on cassette tape, \$64.95 postpaid. 8 k Microsoft BASIC in ROM Kit (requires Levels "B," "D," and "E"), \$99.95 plus \$2 p&h. Level "B" (S-100) Kit, \$49.95 plus Component of the sender

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registers...single step with register display at each break point ...go to execution address. Level "A" in the *Hex Version* makes a perfect controller for industrial applications and can be programmed using the Netronics Hex Keypad/Display.



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the front of it and adding a new group to it. The first of these operations, removing a group from the list of available space, is performed as follows:

- 1. Set K = LAVS; the new group will consist of FREE(K) through FREE (K+7).
- 2. Since this group is no longer to be on the list of available space, the first group in this list is now what used to be the second group. But a pointer to this second group is currently in FREE(K+6) and FREE(K+7). This pointer now has to be taken and put into LAVS, because LAVS must contain, at all times, a pointer to the first group in the list of available space.

The second of our two operations, adding a group to the list of available space, is performed as follows:

- 1. Suppose that FREE(K) through FREE (K+7) is the new group. This will become the first group in the list of available space, and it must contain a pointer to the second group. But the second group is the old first group, and a pointer to that group was contained in LAVS. This means that LAVS must be moved into the pointer position FREE(K+6) and FREE(K+7).
- 2. Since LAVS must contain, at all times, a pointer to the first group in the list of available space, we must now set LAVS equal to K.

The first operation above can be modified to check for overflow. If it is performed when the list of available space contains exactly one group, it is not hard to see that LAVS will be set equal to zero. This is not in itself an error; it merely means that all available space is being used. The next time we do this, though, there will be an error unless we check for it. Therefore, when we set K = LAVS, we should check to see if K is now zero; if so, there is an overflow condition. (We are, of course, using the word "overflow" in a generalized sense, to denote the fact that there is too much space being used for the available memory in the FREE array.)

Using these two basic operations, we can now make sure that our available space list is always kept up to date. Suppose that we have a variable J with a string value, and suppose that this string value is kept in m 8 bit groups. A pointer to the first of these groups will be kept in J itself. Suppose that we are now going to set J to a new string Text continued on page 97

Explorer/85 with L di cards are neatly contained inside Explorer's deluxe steel cabinet.



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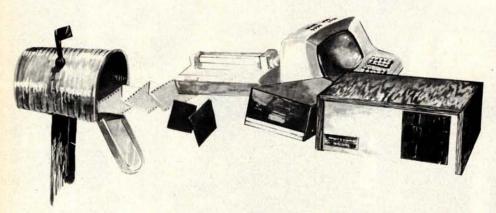
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Text continued from page 94:

value, which is kept in n 8 bit groups. First we apply the second algorithm above to the first group in the chain that represents the old value of J. This process puts this group on the list of available space. If $m \neq 1$, that is, if the pointer in this first group was not originally zero, we apply the same process to the second group in the chain representing the old value of J, and so on through the rest of these groups. (It is not necessary to know m, of course; we merely test for the pointer being zero, which indicates the last group.) Now we take n groups, or, in general, as many groups as we need, off the front of the list of available space by using the first algorithm above, and use these groups to store the new string value of].

This system is quite workable as it stands; the only real problems with it come when we try to extend it. Suppose, for example, that we want to set the string value of] equal to the current string value of I. In that case we might want to save quite a bit of time by setting the pointer in J to be the same as the pointer in I. Thus we would have two pointers to the same group, or to the first group of the same chain, in the FREE area. This scheme, however, will not work unless we change our setup a bit. The problem comes when the value of I is later changed to something else. In this case the old value of I is put back on the list of available space, and this is improper because it is still the current value of J.

Let us look at this case in more detail. Suppose that the value of I is 'SMITH', and we set J equal to 'SMITH' by setting I to point to the same place that I does. Now suppose that we later set I equal to 'JOHNSON'. In this case, according to the algorithms we have discussed, the group [there is only one in this case; let us call it FREE(K) through FREE(K+7)] which contains 'SMITH' is put back on the list of available space, even though K is still the integer value of J. Now we need two groups to represent 'JOHNSON'. One of these will be this same group, that is, FREE(K) through FREE(K+7), because it was just put back on the beginning of the list of available space. This group will therefore contain JOHNSO (with the final N in the next group). This means that if at some still later time we want to print out the value of J, we will print out JOHNSON rather than SMITH.

One solution to this problem which is sometimes adopted is to reserve the first character of any string for a special integer telling us how many variables have this particular string as their value. This integer is known as a *reference count*. It is usually 1, but in the case above (where J and I point

to the same string) it would be 2. Every time a variable is set to a new value, the reference count in the old value is decreased by 1. Only if its value is then zero do we return the space it uses back to the list of available space, because otherwise there are still variables which have that string as their value. The trouble with this scheme is that it may very easily not be worth the effort. Do we really want to add an extra character to every string, not to mention the extra testing that goes on whenever we set a string to a new value, just to be able to save a little time and space in an operation (setting one string to be the same as another) that might not be that commonly used in our program? It is certainly a debatable point.

It should also be clear that there is nothing special about the number of characters in a group (eight, in this case). The fewer characters we have in a group, the more pointers we will have, and the more space these will take up. The more characters we have in a group, the more wasted or zero characters we will have in strings, because the length of a string is not always evenly divisible by the number of characters in a group. This is a space trade-off which should be tuned by the user to fit the requirements of a particular program.

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IBM Compatible Disk Drives

Jefferson H Harman Director of Research and Development PerSci Inc 12210 Nebraska Av Los Angeles CA 90025

In today's expanding market of double-sided, multiheaded, expanded capacity, autoloading, writeprotected, floppy disk drives, one requirement remains constant. Virtually all 8 inch floppy disk drives on the market are described as "IBM compatible." (Some of the smaller 5 inch drives are described as IBM compatible even though IBM doesn't manufacture equipment with the smaller drives!) Manufacturers point to it; buyers insist on it; and yet seldom does anyone define what IBM compatibility really means. That is probably because IBM compatibility is not just a single consideration. Three drives described as IBM compatible may, in fact, be compatible in 3 different ways. One drive may be IBM identical with read/write/erase head carriage and all major operating characteristics reverse engineered from an IBM 33FD drive; another drive may accept IBM type 1- or 2-sided single or double density media, but may or may not choose to employ any of the IBM data formats; and finally, a drive may be designed and manufactured with the positioning system drive motor, erase head, and other characteristics different from the IBM drives, but still be able to read and write in the IBM single or double density formats and interchange diskettes with IBM equipment.

Head

One factor does remain constant, however, among the IBM compatible drives. Virtually all of these drives, with one notable exception, bear read/write heads comparable or identical to the IBM drive (figure 1). The advantages to this design decision are clear. Whether or not the IBM design is the most efficient for the purpose does not matter. When the IBM design is employed in an independent manufacturer's drive, it assures that the drive will read back a signal comparable to that of the de facto standard (ie: IBM), thus assuring maximum interchangeability.

Because a majority of floppy disk manufacturers have chosen to remain with the standard, many systems designers must be prepared to deal with the design parameters of the IBM head, a head intended to read and write the IBM soft-sectored formats. The possibilities, limitations, and requirements imposed by this head when formatting data in floppy disk drives are the concern of this article.

Formats

The IBM 33FD head was designed to read and write the IBM soft-sectored formats. Both the drive and the concept of "soft" electronic sectoring were introduced into the marketplace by IBM in the early 1970s on the popular 3740 system. Prior to this introduction, all floppy disk drives (notably IBM's FD23) and virtually all hard disks had been hard sectored (ie: sectors were delineated by physical openings in the media or on an external sectoring device). The new electronic sectoring idea involved prewriting a certain track with track and sector identification data, then later inserting (usually on another machine) the blocks of data to be processed.

As more IBM compatible drives were offered, most users copied the IBM format. That format involves substantial *housekeeping*, and long leader and tail gap lengths; thus the available space for data on a diskette is greatly reduced. The gaps (which in fact are pulses) are used by IBM for 2 reasons: to synchronize the phase-lock loop for the data separator, and to put sufficient time between blocks of data to avoid interference of one block with another. Users were torn; on one hand they wanted more data, while on the other hand they respected the data reliability which was assured by the data bytes used to specify gaps, address marks, cyclic redundancy checks (CRCs), track and sector identification, etc, in the IBM formats. Some users struck out on their own to develop expanded formats.

The IBM formats are examples of the type which must be used with IBM heads in order to assure reliable, highperformance operation. The system engineer may choose to design his own format but, that being the case, will do well to observe the rules outlined below. At PerSci, as manufacturers of IBM compatible floppy disk equipment, we had to develop and use this set of rules. These guidelines are based upon the operating requirements and restrictions of drives with 33FD-type heads. They permit the designer to get the most available data space into the format for any given sector length or number of sectors,

About the Author

Jefferson H Harman is the director of research and development for PerSci Inc, a manufacturer of floppy disk drives.

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CIS COBOL products run on the 8080 or Z80 microprocessors under the CP/M* operating system, and on the LSI-11 or PDP-11 processors under RT-11. They are distributed in a variety of diskette formats, and have a CONFIG utility supplied as standard, enabling you to drive many different types of CRT. All are themselves written in CIS COBOL, and are therefore self-compiling and readily transferable to different operating environments including new operating systems and new microprocessors. All of which makes CIS COBOL a very attractive proposition for OEMs as well as end-users.

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A leading semiconductor manufacturer has adapted CIS COBOL for its development systems. We have also supplied CIS COBOL to other OEMs both in Europe and the U.S.A. CIS COBOL was developed entirely by Micro Focus which is therefore ideally placed to support OEMs. If you need COBOL on your system, why don't you call us?

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The FORMS utility lets you build a screen layout online at the CRT. Then it automatically generates complete COBOL record descriptions for inclusion in your program – saving you time and leaving you free to concentrate on processing.

Forms 2

The FORMS program generator — an extension of FORMS — completely eliminates the need to write simple data entry and enquiry programs. Using it, an entire CIS COBOL source program can be generated automatically from screen definitions — and it works, first time. Enquiries for CIS COBOL object packs and application vendor terms either to MICRO FOCUS or its licensed distributors. OEM, dealer, and distributor terms are available on application to MICRO FOCUS.

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CIS COBOL distributors include: Vector Graphic, Lifeboat Associates, Research Machines, Telecomputing, Modular Business Systems and Rair.

What is IBM compatibility?

while at the same time permitting sufficient gap length to maintain data integrity.

Model Format

Table 1 is a model format for data blocks. The maximum number of sectors for any block length, N, can be easily determined by dividing the unformatted data by the total number of bytes per sector.

Using housekeeping techniques different from those shown in the model format, slight variations in the length of a sector can be achieved. For example, the user may choose not to write the cyclic redundancy check on the address field, or may increase or reduce the address marks. The minimum length of leader and tail (trailer), however, are critical, as they are determined from mechanical drive requirements.

The drive characteristics which determine the required leader and tail lengths are:

- Distance from the active part of the read/write head (read/write gap) to the active part of the tunnel erase head (erase gap).
- Variation in linear speed with track locations.
- Timing of erase turn on and off delays.
- Tolerances on these parameters.

As an example, the PerSci drives, which use a head with similar electrical and mechanical characteristics to those used in IBM 33FD disk drives (figure 1), have a distance of 0.036 inch ± 0.003 inch (0.0914 cm, ± 0.007 cm) from read/write gap to erase gap. The radius of track 76 is 2.029 inches (5.1536 cm), and the radius of track 00 is 3.612 inches (9.1745 cm). The drive speed is 6 revolutions per second ($\pm 2\%$), and the instantaneous speed variation is $\pm 1.5\%$. PerSci requires a write clock stability of $\pm 0.3\%$.

Unformatted Data Capacity

Unformatted data capacity is determined by dividing the shortest time for a revolution by the longest time for a

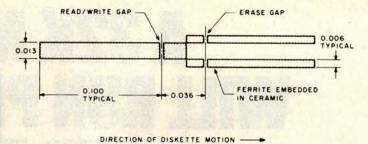


Figure 1: A view of the geometry of the contact surface of a floppy disk read/write head with tunnel erase.

byte. Average speed is used for this calculation since, by definition, average speed is speed averaged over 1 revolution:

$$T = \frac{1}{6 \times 1.02} = 163.399 \text{ ms}$$

$$C = \frac{T}{16 \,\mu\text{s/byte} \times 1.003} = 10,208 \text{ bytes}$$

$$C = 10,208 \text{ bytes (modified frequency modulation)}$$

C = 5104 bytes (frequency modulation)

Erase Delays

The read/write head has a gap that is 0.014 inches (0.036 cm) long and thus writes a track greater than 0.014 inches (0.036 cm). After passing under the read/write gap the media next passes under the tunnel erase gaps which clean the area between tracks of any transitions. The tunnel erase also trims 0.001 inches (0.003 cm) from each side of the just written data, reducing the track width to 0.012 inches (0.030 cm). Since a 0.012 inch (0.030 cm) track is read with a 0.014 inch (0.036 cm) head, a misalignment of ± 0.001 inches (0.003 cm) will cause no degradation of the data. In fact, experimentally, frequency modulated data has been recovered free of errors with deliberate 0.005 inch (0.013 cm) displacement between track center and read head.

The turn-on of the tunnel erase current is delayed from the turn-on of write current to give the disk time to travel from the read/write to the erase gap before tunnel erase begins. To insure that the data is tunnel erased, the

Bytes Modified Frequency Modulation (MFM)	Bytes Frequency Modulation (FM)
0.07 (N + 16) + 27	0.07 (N + 10) + 13
12	1 2
21 12	11 6
N N	N
	5,104
	Frequency Modulation (MFM) 0.07 (N + 16) + 27 1 1 2 21

Table 1: Model format for data block N bytes long. Two columns are shown giving requirements for the 2 different physical modulation formats used. The frequency modulation (FM) format is commonly referred to as "single density." The modified frequency modulation (MFM) format is commonly referred to as "double density."

Something New on the Horizon from Technical Systems Consultants

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Finally, a BASIC for serious business applications or scientific programming is available. All the features of our regular BASIC are supported—and more. Floating point calculations are carried out to an internal accuracy of 17 digits. Most math functions are accurate to 16 digits with a minimum accuracy of 13.5 digits. Integer variables have been included to allow fast execution of control loops and array indexing. Even with the double precision math package, this BASIC is still one of the fastest around.

The business programmer will appreciate the versatile PRINT-USING capabilities which include dollar and asterisk fill, trailing minus sign, imbedded commas, and scientific notation. New string functions have been added for string searching (INSTR) and for creating a string which is the date (DATES\$). DPEEK and DPOKE are 16-bit peek and poke type functions. The SCALE command has been included to eliminate the round-off errors typically encountered in binary math packages. The INCH\$ function allows single-character input from the terminal. Programmer control of control C breaks is also included.

Overall, the Extended BASIC is the most complete BASIC offered for micro users and is only available on FLEX[™] disk. A system with at least 32K of user space is recommended. Specify 8" or 5" media (5" 6800 is FLEX[™] 2.0) and either the 6800 or 6809 version when ordering.

AP68-12	6800	Extended	BASIC	\$100
SP09-6	6809	Extended	BASIC	\$100

BASIC Precompiler

This program allows the creation of BASIC programs without the use of line numbers or restrictive two-character variable names. Alphanumeric line and subroutine labels may be used, as well as variable names of any length. Comment lines are marked with nonalphanumerics for easy readability. The output of the precompiler is in the standard BASIC compiled form. This allows applications programs to be written, precompiled, and then distributed in a non-source form. The precompiler can only be used with one of Technical Systems Consultants' BASICs. Specify 8" or 5" (5" 6800 is FLEX[™] 2.0) when ordering.

AP68-13	Single Precision 6800 Precompiler	\$40
AP68-14	P68-14 Double Precision 6800 Precompiler	
SP09-7	Single Precision 6809 Precompiler	\$40
SP09-8	Double Precision 6809 Precompiler	\$50

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longest turn-on delay must be shorter than the shortest time to travel from read/write to erase gap. This may be calculated in the following manner:

Maximum Linear Speed = MLS MLS = 6 revolutions/second \times 1.035 \times 2 π radians \times 3.612 inches revolution radian

MLS = 140.9 inches/second MLS = 357.9 cm/second

The minimum time is then given by:

Te Min = Minimum Spacing MLS Te Min = 0.036 inches - 0.003 inches 140.9 inches / second Te Min = $234.1 \, \mu s$

Erase Delay Short = $234.1 \,\mu s$

Nominal = $234.1 \,\mu s$ 1.1 $ED = 213 \ \mu s$ ED Min = $213 \times .9$ ED Min = $191.6 \, \mu s$

Similarly, the erase turn-off delay must be longer than

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the longest time for the disk segment to travel from the read/write to the erase gap:

Slowest Linear Speed = SLS

SLS = Minimum Angular Speed × Minimum Radius

- 6 revolutions/second \times (.965) 2 π radians \times 2.029 inches revolution radian

SLS = 73.82 inches/second SLS = 187.50 cm/second

Maximum time to travel from read/write to erase gap is given by:

Te Max = Maximum Spacing SLS = 0.036 inches + 0.003 inches 73.82 Te Max = $5.28 \mu s$ Minimum TurnOff Delay = $528.3 \,\mu s$ Nominal TurnOff Delay = $587 \ \mu s$

Maximum TurnOff Delay = 646 μ s

Address Block Tail

The address block is written when the disk is formatted, and is rewritten only if the disk is reformatted. The format operation generally writes an entire track at one pass, completely filling the unused areas with an arbitrary pattern. User data blocks are then inserted between address blocks. The turn-on of write current when writing a user data block is timed from the address block clock; therefore, the address block will not be overwritten by the start of a data block. However, sufficient tail must be provided to prevent the erase current from being turned on during the meaningful data in the address block. If it was turned on, each successive write (assuming track alignment between writes shifts slightly) would trim away some of the address block, thus degrading data reliability until errors occurred. The tail required to prevent this occurrence is found by subtracting the quickest erase turn-on from the maximum time to travel from the read/write to erase gap:

Address Field Tail = TAB TAB = Te Max - ED min $Tab = 528.3 \ \mu s - 191.6 \ \mu s = 336 \ \mu s$

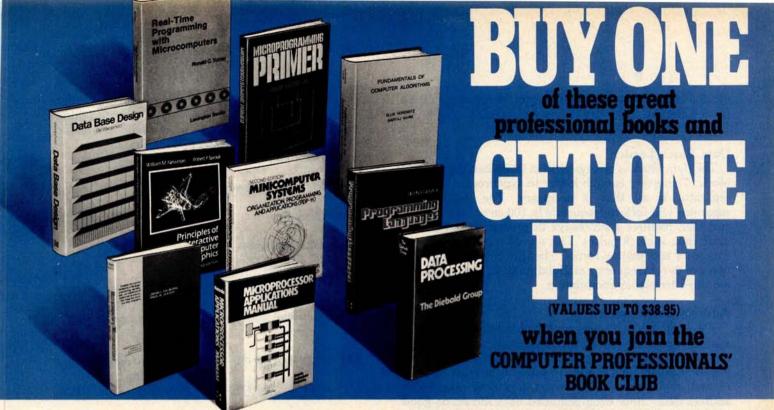
This 336 µs will occur at slowest drive speed; but the write clock could be maximum. Therefore the address tail is given by:

 $\frac{336 \ \mu s}{16 \ \mu s \ \times \ 0.997 \ \times \ 1.035} = 20.35 \ \text{bytes}$

Use 21 bytes, since partial bytes are not conveniently written.

Data Block Tail

An address block is never inserted after a data block. Therefore, the only requirement for a tail on the data



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block is for a bit to guard the cyclic redundancy check from being at a boundary between old and new data. Use 1 byte.

Data Block Leader

The data block is always written later than the address block. Therefore, enough leader to synchronize the data separator is all that is necessary. The PerSci data separator will lock to frequency in 100 μ s on any pattern and then requires 4 successive 0s to determine that the input data is clock pulses. This would require 4 bytes in frequency modulation forms. The IBM formats require 6 bytes of 0s for frequency modulation or 12 bytes of 0s for modified frequency modulation.

Address Block Leader

The address block leader must be long enough to guard against the possibility of the inserted data block of the earlier sector overwriting meaningful data; as well as being additionally long enough to prevent the erase turn-off of that inserted data block from degrading meaningful address data. Since even degraded data should be good enough to synchronize the data separator, the sum of the bytes required for the first 2 effects is all that is required. Longest erase delay minus shortest time to travel from read/write to erase gap:

646 μ s - 234.1 μ s = 412 μ s $\frac{412 \ \mu$ s} 16 μ s/byte × 0.965 × 0.997 27 bytes double density 14 bytes single density

To absorb the effect of speed variation between format and writing, a gap of the maximum difference in time for a data block must be allowed. A data-block double density will consist of 12 bytes of leader, 1 byte address mark, N bytes of user data, 2 bytes of cyclic redundancy check, and 1 byte of tail. This is N + 16 bytes.

Longest block time, with $\pm 3.5\%$ speed variation:

 $1.035 \times (N + 16)$ bytes

Shortest Block:

0.965 (N + 16) bytes

Difference = (1.035 - 0.965) (N + 16) = 0.07 (N + 16) bytes

The address field leader must then become the sum of these:

$$AFL = 27 + 0.07 (N + 16) \text{ modified frequency} modulation} = 13 + 0.07 (N + 10) \text{ frequency modulation}$$

This leader must be terminated with enough successive 0s to synchronize the data separator.

Conclusions

The formatting rules outlined above allow for the mechanical variations of the floppy disk drive; the user can design a format to give maximum data capacity with maximum reliability. If these rules are not followed, however, the format will cause a slow degradation of the address each time a new block of user data is inserted, until the address is not readable. It is a simple matter then (with a little planning) to maintain *compatibility* with your IBM head, thus assuring the success of your non-IBM format.



BYTE News...

THE S-100 BUS - WHAT IS ITS FUTURE?: Some industry pundits have speculated that the S-100 bus was doomed when integrated machines like the TRS-80, PET, Apple, et al, were introduced. I do not agree with this view.

There are now an estimated 200,000 S-100 systems in operation, and S-100 system sales should continue strong for a number of reasons.

The S-100 bus is not processor dependent. In fact there are presently 8080, Z80, 8085, 6502, 6800, 6809, 9900, 8086, Z8000 and MCP1600 processor boards that plug into the S-100 bus. The 68000, when it becomes available, will surely be adapted for the S-100 bus also.

It allows for extended addressing beyond 64 K bytes of memory. In fact the 16-bit microprocessors on the S-100 bus employ up to 23-bit address words and can access directly up to 2 M bytes of memory. The 8-bit microprocessors can accomplish a similar feat by a bank-switching arrangement. The Institute of Electronic and Electrical Engineers (IEEE) is adopting an S-100 standard, which should eliminate signal and timing problems and encourage sophisticated 16-bit systems.

The S-100 bus has a lot of other goodies such as vectored interrupt, direct memory access (DMA), and master/slave capabilities, which are not possible on the limited bus structures of machines such as the TRS-80, PET, APPLE, etc.

At least 3 new S-100 mainframes have been introduced so far this year. These newer boxes are capable of operating at speeds up to 10 M Hz, have larger power supplies and other features.

Those who wish to have a machine capable of getting the maximum benefits of microprocessors must go the S-100 route. The S-100 bus will thus continue to dominate the serious personal computing area for many years to come.

NEW IMAGE SENSOR USES PHOTODIODE ARRAY: An integrated circuit consisting of a 64 by 64 array of 4096 photodiodes with associated registers and accessing circuitry has been developed for video camera use. The manufacturer, Integrated Photomatrix Inc, Mountainside NJ, claims that it can produce video-quality gray scale images with illumination as low as 60 foot candles. This is 5 to 8 times more sensitive than previous devices. However, the most important feature is that it lends itself to computer processing.

RANDOM NEWS: Atari has received FCC approval for their model 400 and 800 personal computers. This will probably make the FCC less willing to grant the Texas Instruments request for changes in the rules, as the FCC finds that other companies are able to pass current requirements . . . Radio Shack will open 100 Computer Sales Departments in 100 existing stores, in addition to the 50 Radio Shack Computer Centers already in operation . . . Two pioneer personal computer companies have shut their doors and are out of business. They are Processor Technology Company and Xitan Inc (formerly TDL). Their closings are attributed to poor business management, not lack of business.

RANDOM RUMORS: Shugart is about to announce an 8 inch Winchester disk drive for under \$1000. Rumor is that it will be called the Model SA-1000 and will store 5 M bytes. In original equipment manufacturer (OEM) quantities it may sell for as little as \$750 . . . 5¼ inch Winchester-type drives are being investigated by several manufacturers . . . Digital Equipment Corporation's Computer Stores are proving to be a real success. Four stores are already in operation and 6 more are planned to be opened by the year's end. The stores will sell computers in the \$12,000 to \$18,000 range with supplies and accessories aimed at small business users . . . A record 78,843 people attended the National Computer Conference (NCC) held in New York City this past June. This was 22,000 more than last year, which also set a record . . . Sinclair Radionics Ltd, London, England, has demonstrated a flat screen (3 inch) black and white television receiver, the size of a paperback book. They are now looking for financing for the production of the unit. This may be the forerunner of the pocket computer terminal.

PERSONAL COMPUTER TIMESHARE NETWORK INAUGURATED: Telecomputing Corporation of America, McLean Va, has started a Personal Computer Network which may be accessed by home users with terminals or personal computer systems. They have about 2000 programs and data bases on-line for immediate access. Included is the United Press International (UPI) daily news file, airline schedules and real estate listings. Called "The Source", the service will be available in 200 US cities at \$2.75 per hour from 6 PM to 7 AM, weekends and holidays. The rate during normal working hours will be higher. DYNAMIC MEMORY AND THE "SOFT ERROR": As programmable memory size increases and memory cell size decreases, users are discovering that programmable memory can have soft errors as well as hard errors. A hard error is when a bit or bits in a given memory location is stuck high or low. This kind of error is easily found with a memory test and always has the same effect on the processor.

The introduction of very large-scale integration (VLSI) dynamic-memories with very small cell size has introduced soft errors which cause varying symptoms in the running of a program. A *soft error* is defined as a random, nonrecurring, bit change. The occurrence of soft errors appears to be on the increase and standard memory tests do not appear to help in diagnosing the problem.

The integrated circuit (IC) industry is becoming very concerned with the growing problem. Several integrated circuit makers have intensive research going on to discover the sources of the problem. The chief cause appears to be alpha particle radiation produced by the radioactive trace elements in the metal lids which hermetically seal the integrated circuit cavity. Several measures are being adopted by integrated circuit makers including package redesign, processing changes, and recommending that users employ error correction schemes in their memory boards to cope with the problem.

LEAVE THE DRIVING TO THE MICROCOMPUTER: Several automobile makers have research and development programs aimed at developing computer controlled cars. An example is the LISA system now under development by Volkswagen. A small console will be located on the car's dashboard. It will have a small keyboard, graphics and alphanumeric display controlled by a micro-processor. The driver will key in the code for the town he or she wishes to go to. Then as the car passes over sensor cables imbedded in the road, LISA's microcomputer transmits the car's destination to a master computer and receives instructions on the fastest and least congested route. LISA then displays a map showing the driver where to turn. LISA can be extended to control the car's speed from the information received from the master computer and an on-board radar system. Pretty soon, you will get into your car, buckle your seat belt, turn on the ignition and "leave the driving to LISA."

16-BIT MICROPROCESSORS TO DOMINATE THE 1980s: Most industry experts feel that the dominant microprocessor in personal computing and small business applications will be the 16-bit processor. They feel that prices will drop sharply, substantially reducing the price difference between 8-bit and 16-bit microcomputer systems. 8-bit microprocessors are expected to remain strong into the early 1980s because of the strong software base and significantly lower cost. However, the situation is expected to change by the mid-1980s with the 16-bit processor becoming dominant.

1980 should see at least a dozen 8086 and Z8000 processor and memory cards for the S-100 bus. The Motorola 68000 16-bit entry should make its appearance in personal computing systems by late 1980. It is interesting to note that Motorola in designing their new microcomputer development system are introducing a new Polybus which is upgradable to 32-bit service.

NONIMPACT PRINTERS IMPROVING: Considerable research is being devoted to the improvement of nonimpact printers. These efforts should bear fruit within the next 5 years, and will probably result in higher print quality, increased printing speed and greater capabilities. It is expected that quality will improve to produce type quality equal to Selectric and Diablo type printers. Speed will increase dramatically: 12,000 lines per minute will be common. Further, the printers will have multifont and graphics capabilities. Hence, they will simultaneously print the forms and the data, and put in signatures as well. Also, they will be capable of producing half-tone graphics and some even capable of multicolor printing.

LASER DISK MEMORY SYSTEMS IN DEVELOPMENT: At least 3 companies, Sperry Univac, Nippon Electric Co Ltd and Phillips Research Laboratories, are known to be working on laser disk-type data storage systems. Referred to as optical disks, they employ diode-laser recording systems which can record alphanumeric and image data on tellurium coated disks. They will be capable of substantially greater bit density than present magnetic disks.

PASCAL BEING PUSHED: More and more computer manufacturers are jumping on the Pascal bandwagon. Recently, Digital Equipment Corporation, Data General and Texas Instruments introduced packages for their mini and microcomputer systems. Pascal packages have also been introduced for CPM, North Star, Radio Shack TRS-80 and Apple computers.

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The TRS-80 Speaks Using BASIC to Drive a Speech Synthesizer

Tim Gargagliano Kathryn Fons 24121 Mound Rd Warren MI 48091

The rapidly increasing family of Radio Shack TRS-80 computer peripherals has recently acquired a voice synthesizer module. Any application of this computer system which involves human interaction can be improved with the addition of computer voice response. Voice can be used as a supplement to the video display or printer (by repeating what has been printed) or used alone when it is undesirable to print (such as for intermittent feedback while printing a long task). A few of the applications of the verbal peripheral are games, clocks, verbal prompting, alarm systems, doorbells, computer-aided instruction, and a blind user's terminal. The intent of this article is to present an overview of the voice synthesizer as a TRS-80 peripheral and to demonstrate the ease with which TRS-80 applications software can be modified to include the voice unit.

Based on electronic phoneme synthesis, the voice response system synthesizer is capable of producing virtually any English language word and subsets of many foreign languages. Word production is achieved by sequencing the units of sound produced by the synthesizer, referred to as phonemes. The synthesizer, developed and manufactured by the Votrax Division of Federal Screw Yorks, produces 62 electronic Donemes. Procedures for sequencing nemes are discussed in the Citiv etic programming section. The advantage of phoneme synthesis over other forms of speech production is its low data storage requirement. The average data transfer rate is 100 bps. Another advantage resulting from this low data rate is the negligible processor overhead associated with control of the synthesizer. This allows the computer to execute other tasks while it is generating speech. From a memory requirement standpoint, there are not any cumbersome software drivers or data tables.



Photo 1: Radio Shack TRS-80 computer system with the voice synthesizer module sitting on top of the video monitor. Users of the TRS-80 Level I BASIC will be happy to learn that the voice synthesizer will interface with it, without any hardware modifications. This is possible by use of a special PRINT statement as an output command. (Level I BASIC does not have output commands to any device except the video display and cassette tape drive.) Level II and Disk BASIC users may also use POKE commands to drive the synthesizer.

Device Description

The TRS-80 voice synthesizer is packaged in a silver-gray cabinet with a black front grill, slightly resembling a speaker enclosure. There is a volume control and device select indicator on the front panel next to a speaker. A ribbon cable emerges from the back of the cabinet, and connects directly to the TRS-80 microcomputer keyboard module, or to the screen printer port on the expansion interface. Its length is sufficient to allow the cabinet to be placed on top of the TRS-80 video display unit.

Phonetic Programming

Phonetic programming is the operation performed to construct

About the Authors

Tim Gargagliano and Kathryn Fons are employees of the Federal Screw Works, and work in the research and development laboratory.



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12	1	33	AH2	A	65
I		34	В	B C	66
13	#	35	CH	С	67
00	\$	36	D	D	68
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Y	8.	38	F	F	70
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ER	1	47	01	0	79
PA0 *	0	48	P	P	80
AM1	1	49	DT	Q	81
AM2	2	50	R	R	82
EH1	2 3 4	51	ST	ST	83
EH2		52			84
EH3	56	53	U1	U	85
UH1	6	54	V	V	86
UH2	7	55	W	М	87
UH3	8	56	ZH	×	88
AE1	9	57	¥1	Ŷ	89
AE	:	58	Z .	Z	90
AH1		59	02		91
THV	<	60	0	1	92
TH	=	61	AH	J	93
SH	>	62	A	~	94
WINDOW	?	63	NULL	The Training	95

Table 1: Relationship between Votrax phoneme symbols and ASCII characters used by the TRS-80. The decimal value of the ASCII character is also shown. The ASCII character is placed in the output window, and the synthesizer produces the corresponding sound. The synthesizer must use special phoneme characters to represent its sounds because standard alphabet characters often have several different pronunciations assigned to them.

words and phrases from the constituent sounds of a particular human language. These constituent sounds are called phonemes. The machine need produce only a subset of possible human sounds to be intelligible. Comparison of the phoneme subsets of various languages shows that there is a large intersection of phonemes between them. This means that given the phoneme subset of a particular language, several other languages can be produced from the same subset with a high degree of accuracy.

The TRS-80 voice synthesizer is an English language phoneme syn-thesizer. Table 1 lists all of the phonemes produced by the Votrax phoneme symbols, with the associated ASCII character and decimal code. The ASCII character. hereafter referred to as the phoneme character, is used in BASIC statements to select phonemes. The Votrax phoneme symbol is a mnemonic descriptor, for it spells the sound associated with that phoneme.

There are 62 phonemes from which to select. Several vowel phonemes have multiple listings, such as UH1, UH2, UH3. These are different durations of the "uh" sound. The larger the digit, the shorter the duration of the sound. The range of phoneme duration is 50 to 200 ms. The long duration version of a vowel phoneme (eg: EH1) is used in a word with only 1 vowel, or in the syllable of a word that is accented or stressed (eg: yes, better). Shorter duration versions of the vowel (eg: EH2, EH3) are used in unstressed syllables (eg: seven).

The phonemes listed in table 1 have been broken down into general groupings which are shown in table 2. In a physical sense, voiced phonemes can be thought of as those having pitch and amplitude resulting from vocal cord vibrations (such as are produced by humming). Unvoiced



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(or voiceless) phonemes are those without vocal cord vibrations, where pitch might not be detected. These phonemes are perceived as hissing.

All phonemes except the stop plosives produce their sound shortly after being selected. Vocal parameters at phoneme boundaries do not change abruptly, but smoothly from one set of values to the next. The exception to this is the stop plosives, which do not make any sound until the phoneme following it begins. When a stop plosive is selected, vocal parameters are adjusted for silence until the beginning of the next phoneme. At this time, the stop plosive phoneme explodes into the following phoneme. An example of this is the word kick. The phoneme sequence for this word is PA1, K, I2, K, PA1. The timing of these sounds is graphically depicted in figure 1.

Phoneme symbols, with typical examples of English words in which they might be used, are provided in table 3. The English letter combination that the phoneme replaces has been underlined. In addition, table 4 shows phoneme sequences to produce

	Voiced	Unvoiced	Group Name
Consonants	B, D, G	T, P, K, DT	Stop Plosives
	Z, ZH, V, THV, J*	S, SH, F, TH, H, CH*	Fricatives
	M, N, NG		Nasals
	R, L, W, Y, ER		Semivowels
Vowels	A*, E, I, O, U		
	AW, EH, UH, AH,		
	AE, OO, IU*, AY*, Y1*		

Table 2: Votrax phoneme groupings. The allophones (phoneme variations) marked with asterisks are phoneme variations which must be combined with another phoneme to complete the production of an English sound unit.

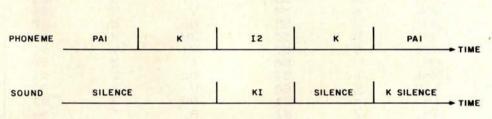


Figure 1: Progression of stop plosive sequence. The top line shows the phonemes selected during a given instant, and the bottom line shows the sound produced during that instant.

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multisound units, referred to as diphthongs. Again, the letters in the example word showing where the diphthong goes have been underlined. To give examples of phonetic programming, some commonly used computer words have been listed in table 5.

Basic Operation

Output to the voice synthesizer is accomplished by executing a PRINT AT statement (or PRINT@ for Level II), coupled with the device select/ deselect character. Referring to figure 2, an imaginary box enclosing the last 32 positions of the video display is shown. This box defines a window through which printed characters are sent to the voice synthesizer. The sending of a character to the synthesizer happens when the window is open. If the window is closed, any character printed within cannot affect the synthesizer. Opening and closing the window is controlled by printing a "?" within the window. The "?"

printed inside the window is considered a device select/deselect character.

As phoneme characters are printed into the open window, they are also shifted into a 32-stage first-in first-out (FIFO) buffer. This buffer is in the synthesizer interface and is address mapped into the last 32 locations of the video-display refresh memory. Phoneme characters in this buffer determine which sounds the synthesizer produces. Each phoneme duration is timed by the synthesizer. The next phoneme character is removed from the buffer at the end of each cycle. This continues until the buffer is emptied. The synthesizer will continue to process the last character entered in the buffer. This last character should be a pause (or silent) phoneme. This will prevent any sound phoneme from being produced while the synthesizer is in an unused state.

It is a good practice to set up the synthesizer output command in a

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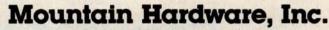
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subroutine. This subroutine should contain the following sequence of operations:

- Open the window (print a "?" in the window).
- Print a "" (use space bar) in the window to synchronize the synthesizer when it has been in an idle state ("" is a pause phoneme).
- Print phoneme characters in the window in the sequence they will be voiced.

Pho

Text continued on page 122

Votrax netic Symbol	Key Word
B	<u>bat - rub</u>
D	dad - raid
G	get - log
T	Iip - pa <u>t</u> - ask <u>ed</u>
P	pack - flap - happy
K	<u>kill - kick</u>
DT	butter
Z	<u>zap - haze - pans</u>
ZH	plea <u>s</u> ure - a <u>z</u> ure
V	van - pave
THV	the - smooth - mother
J*	job - jazz
S	<u>soup - ask - pass - city</u>
SH	<u>sheep - fish - action</u>
F	fake - cuff - phone
H	<u>thing - math</u>
H	<u>hoop - have</u>
CH*	<u>cheese - march</u> - mat <u>ch</u>
M	mat - dim
N	no - son
NG	ring - dri <u>n</u> k - shingle
R	race - hard - hair
L	Jow - Jate
W	wake - always - when
Y	yard - berry
A*	tame - pail - make
E	beef - be - even
I	pit - in
O	for - torn - bold
U	move - school - June
AE	dad - plaid
AW	call - paw
EH	ready - leg
ER	third - heard - churn - over
UH	around - undone - friction
OO	took - put - good
IU*	you - music
AY*	jade - made - claim
Y1*	you - music

Table 3: List of Votrax phoneme symbols with examples of the occurrence of the corresponding sound in English words. The English letter combination the phoneme replaces is indicated. The allophones (see table 2) are marked with asterisks.



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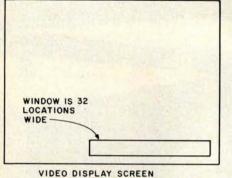


Figure 2: Location of the synthesizer output window on the video display screen. The voice synthesizer continually scans the area of memory corresponding to that region of the screen. When the vocal output is selected (by printing a question mark in the window), any character printed in the window is interpreted as a phoneme representation and is spoken.

Symbol Combination	Key Words
A1, AY	t <u>a</u> me
Y1, IU, U1	you - unit
AH1, I2, E1	climb · crime
UH1, AH2, E1	white - night
01, U1	boat - show
AH1, U1	cow - sound
AH2, UH1, U1	mouse - about
01, UH1, E1	toy - point
A2, EH1	fare - pear
E1, 11	here - beer

Table 4: Phoneme sequences to produce or diphthongs, wherein 2 vowel sounds occur adjacently, with no intervening consonant. The English letters replaced by the phoneme sequence are indicated.

Table 5: Votrax phoneme and ASCII representations of common words in computer applications. The ASCII coding may be entered directly into programs for vocal output.

					1.1					
BUFFER	B B	UH3 8	UH2 7	F F	ER j	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)				
FULL	F F	001 %	001 %	L L	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)					
RUN	R R	UH3 8	UH1 6	N N	N N	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)				
STOP	s s	T T	AH1 ;	UH3 8	P P	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)				
READY	R R	EH1 3	EH3 5	D D	Y &	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)				
SAVE	s s	s s	A1 @	AY	Y &	v v	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)			
HELLO	H H	EH1 3	UH3 8	L L	UH3 8	02 I	UI U	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)		
TALK	T T	AW2 2	L L	K K	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)					
YES	Y1 Y	EH2 4	EH1 3	S S	S S	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)				
NO	N N	UH3 8	01 0	01 0	UI U	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)				
CANCEL	K K	AE1 9	EH3 5	N N	S S	UH3 8	L L	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)		
ADD	AE1 9	AE1 9	EH3 5	D D	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)					
SUBTRACT	S S	UH2 7	B B	PA0 0	T T	R R	AE1 9	AE1 K 9 K	PA0 T 0 T	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)
MULTIPLY	M M	UH2 7	L L	T T	UH3 8	P P	L L	AH1 Y ; &	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)	
DIVIDE	D D	12 1	v v	AH2 A	AH1 ; 5	ЕНЗ #	13 • D	AY D (ASCII)	(VOTRAX)	
EQUALS	E1 E	AY	K K	w w	001 %	L L	Z Z	(VOTRAX) (ASCII		
ENTER	EH1 3	N N	T T	ER	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)					
ZERO	Z Z	AY	13 #	R R	UH3 8	02 I	U1 U	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)		
ONE	w w	UH3 8	UH2 7	UH2 7	N N	N N	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)			
TWO	T T	IU (IU (U1 U	U1 U	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)	NI STAT			
							Table	5 continue	ed on nage	122

Table 5 continued on page 122

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BYTE October 1979 121

Table 5 continued from page 120:

THREE	TH =	TH =		R R	E	Y &	(VOTRA) (ASCII)	()			
FOUR	F F	01		01	R R	(VOTRA) (ASCII)	()				
FIVE	F F	AF	200	AH1	13 #	Y &	v v	v v		(VOTRAX) (ASCII)	
SIX	s s	II I		13	K K	PA0 0	S S	(VOTR (ASCII			
SEVEN	S S	EH 5		EH2 4	v v	EH2 4	N N	N N		(VOTRAX) (ASCII)	
EIGHT	A2)	A2)		AY	Y &	T T	(VOTRA) (ASCII)	0			
NINE	N N	AF ;		EH2 4	Y &	N N	(VOTRAX (ASCII)	()			
TRS-80	T T	El E	E1 E	AH1	UH3 8	R R	EH1 3	s s	ss	PA0 0	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)
	A1 ¼	AY	Y. &	D D	Y1 Y	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)					
VOICE	v v	01 0	UH3 8	EH3 5	Y Y	S S	S S	(VOTRA) (ASCII)	()		
SYNTHESIZER	s s	11 I	N N	TH =	UH3 8	S S	AH1 ;	Y &	Z Z	ER	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)
COMPUTER	K K	UHI 6	M M	P P	Y1 Y	IU (U1 U	T T	ER ✓	(VOTRA) (ASCII)	K)
SPEECH	S S	P P	E1 E	Y &	T T	CH C	(VOTRAX) (ASCII)				
PHONEMES	F F	02 [02 [N N	AY	Y &	M M	Z Z	(VO (AS	TRAX) CII)	
OPERATOR	AH1 ;	P P	ER	A1 %	AY	T T	ER ✓	(VOTRAX (ASCII)	()		
1000	DDT	NT	AT	002	112	H.A.¢.	" ?";			and the second	COLUMN STATE
1010	PRI	NT	AT	992	, " , "	";A\$;	• •				";
1020 RETURN											
1000 PRINT@ 992,"? ";A\$;" ?"; 1010 PRINT@ 992," ";					";						
1020	RETI	JRN									

Listing 1: Subroutines for synthesizer output in Radio Shack Level I (listing 1) and Level II (listing 1b) BASIC. Line 1000 opens the output window in the video display, sends a pause, sends the phoneme characters stored in A\$, sends another pause, and closes the window. Line 1010 fills the window with 31 spaces to blank out the display. Line 1020 returns to the calling routine.

```
1000 POKE 16383,63 : POKE 16383,32

1010 FOR Y = 1 TO LEN (A$)

1020 POKE 16383, ASC(MID$(A$,Y,1))

1030 NEXT Y

1040 POKE 16383,32 : POKE 16383,63 : POKE 16383,32

1050 RETURN
```

Listing 2: Modified subroutine for synthesizer output for Level II BASIC only. Phoneme characters are taken out of A\$ one at a time, and are POKEd into decimal location 16383, the last location in the output window. This method of output does not disturb the cursor position, thereby saving overhead of restoring the cursor.

Text continued from page 118:

- Repeat last step if multiple messages are desired.
- Print a "" in the window (a pause for silence at the end of the message).
- Close the window (print a "?" in the window).
- Print spaces in the window to blank out the characters in the video display that were sent to the synthesizer.

An example of this sequence is shown in listing 1. A variation on this subroutine which Level II users might consider is shown in listing 2.

The phoneme character strings which form words when sent to the synthesizer may be stored in several ways. The simplest way is to store the phoneme strings in a BASIC string variable and then call the voice driver subroutine. An example is A\$="TUD@Y": GOSUB 1000. This transmits the phoneme characters for the word "today." DATA statements may be used to create a lookup table where the English spelling of a word is stored adjacent to the phoneme character string for that word. This would be useful, for example, in creating a name storage table for a game. A user could enter his or her name from the keyboard, and the computer could search the table for a name match and the associated phoneme characters needed to pronounce the name. It is a funny sensation to be verbally addressed, by name, by a computer.

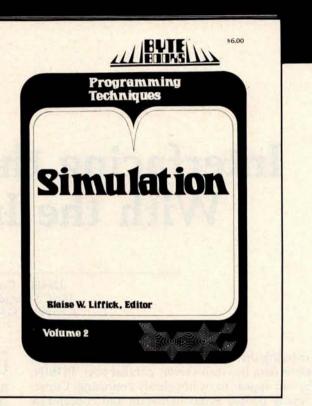
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Interfacing the S-100 Bus With the Intel 8255

David L Condra 161-C Springdale Rd Carrollton GA 30117

Upon entering the world of microcomputers, technical terms such as data bus transceiver, parallel port, PDBIN, and strobe can appear to be hopelessly confusing. Consequently, many people avoid hardware and concentrate their efforts on software, feeling that it is easier to understand. However, as with software, if a hardware project is broken down into manageable modules, it can be easily designed and understood. This is particularly true with the new large-scale integration devices that are available today. Use of these parts almost forces a modular approach to a design problem.

When faced with the job of designing an interface for a Diablo printer, I began looking at the available interface parts. I was amazed at how simple these devices can make an interface design project. In this article I will discuss the Intel 8255 programmable peripheral interface, and its use for interfacing to the S-100 bus. My objective, both in designing the interface and writing this article, is to reduce the problem to its simplest and most essential elements.

I learn easily and enjoy the learning more when I am working on a specific application, rather than merely reading technical material or doing routine experiments. Therefore, this discussion is offered as a simple I/O (input/output) interface design that will allow the nonhardware-type person to build a working interface and gain some basic understanding of the functions of hardware in a microcomputer. This is not intended to be a straight hardware tutorial; additional study in some areas may be required to fully understand what is happening.

Intel 8255 Description

The 8255 is one of a later group of interface integrated circuits which Intel Corp introduced to support the 8080 and related processors. It is a general purpose programUse of large-scale integration parts forces a modular approach to a hardware design problem.

mable device with 24 pins that may be programmed in a variety of configurations. A programmable device can have its operating characteristics modified by a processor command. For example, in a programmable serial interface, a single output command can set data rate, number of stop bits, and parity status.

In a parallel interface part like the 8255, a single output command can define how the 24 programmable I/O pins are to be used. Such uses include input, output, handshaking, and interrupts. The 8255 is normally set up so that its control register looks like an I/O port to the processor. The processor sends a specific data byte to that port to determine the mode of operation.

The 8255 modes are as follows:

- Mode 0: (Basic I/O) Each group of 12 I/O pins may be programmed in sets of 4 and 8 to be input or output.
- Mode 1: (Strobed I/O) Each group of 12 I/O pins may be programmed to have 8 lines of input or output with the remaining 4 pins in each group being used for handshaking and interrupt control signals.
- Mode 2: (Strobed Bidirectional Bus I/O) This is a bidirectional bus mode which uses 8 lines for a bidirectional I/O bus and 5 lines for handshaking.

In addition, there is a bit set and reset feature that allows the setting and resetting of any 1 of 8 output bits

PIN CONFIGURATION

PA32 PA1 PA2 PA1 PA0 R C S ND A C S ND A C S ND A C S S ND C S S C S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 21 31 4 15 16 17	μPD 8255/ 8255A-5	35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24	WR RESET D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D5 D6 D7 P86
	17 18		25	PB7 PB6

D7-D0	DATA BUS (BI-DIRECTIONAL)
RESET	RESET INPUT
CS	CHIP SELECT
RD	READ INPUT
WR	WRITE INPUT
AO-AI	PORT ADDRESS
PA7-PAO	PORT A (BIT)
PB7-PB0	PORT B (BIT)
PC7-PCO	PORT C (BIT)
VCC	+5V
GND	ov

BLOCK DIAGRAM

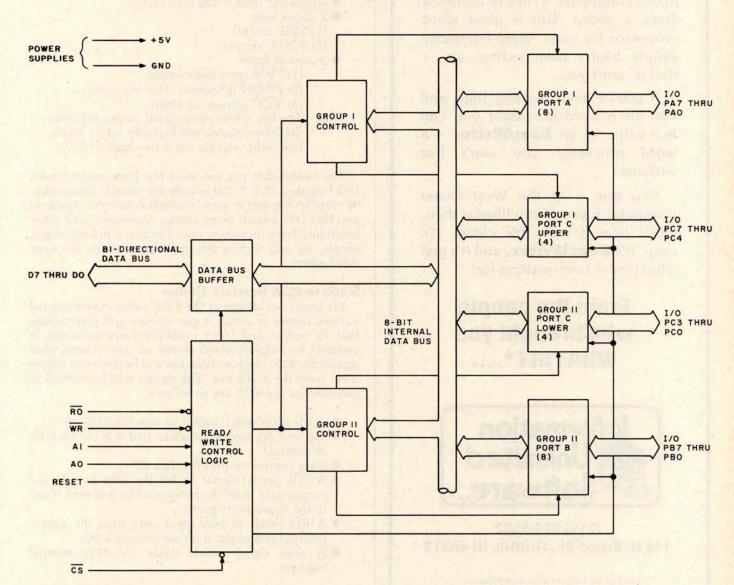


Figure 1: Configuration and names of pins of the Intel 8255 programmable peripheral interface and block diagram of its functional parts.

PIN NAMES

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WHATSIT is a trademark of Computer Headware EasyWriter is a TRADEMARK OF Cap'n. Software using a single output instruction. Figure 1 is a diagram showing pinouts and a block diagram of the Intel 8255. As can be seen, the 8255 combines many logic functions which would have previously required substantial design effort themselves. Since the 8255 is available in a single package form, however, it becomes essentially a 1-piece parallel interface requiring very little external logic.

S-100 Bus Description

At first glance, the S-100 bus with its 100 lines is quite overpowering. However, if one looks only at the signals needed for a specific application, it becomes much more understandable. For example, in the application of interfacing the 8255, we need only:

- Lower 8 address lines (A0 thru A7).
- 8 data-in lines (DI0 thru DI7).
- 8 data-out lines (DO0 thru DO7).
- 2 status lines:
 (1) SINP (input).
 (2) SOUT (output).
- 3 control lines:
 - (1) PWR (processor write).
 - (2) PDBIN (processor data bus input).
 - (3) POC (power on clear).
- Note: The bar above some signal names indicates that these signals are logically active when low; other signals are active high (+5 V).

The reason that you see more bus lines used on most I/O boards is that S-100 boards are usually designed to be very flexible and to serve multiple functions; therefore you find I/O boards using clocks, interrupts, and other functions. Since, however, our objective is to keep things simple, we will confine this application to the bus lines listed above.

S-100 to 8255 Interface Design

We begin our design at the 8255. After examining the various modes in which it can operate and determining that its output and input capabilities are sufficient, it becomes a straightforward matter of determining what signals the 8255 needs to function and how we can obtain them from the S-100 bus. The signals which we need to generate for the 8255 are as follows:

- A CS (chip select) signal to turn the 8255 on.
- A0 and A1 signals to select 1 of 4 ports (A,B,C, or control).
- Data control on pins D0 thru D7.
- A WR (write) signal to tell the 8255 to take the output data from the processor bus and send it out to the appropriate port(s).
- A RD (read) to take input data from the appropriate port and put it on the processor bus.
- A reset signal which clears the 8255 internal registers.

Our problem becomes how to generate these signals using the S-100 bus lines defined above.

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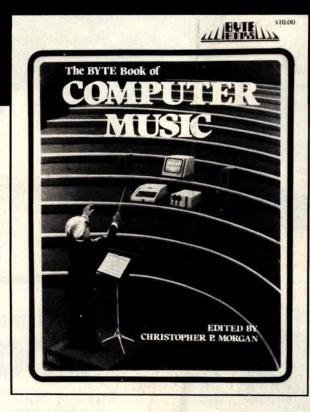
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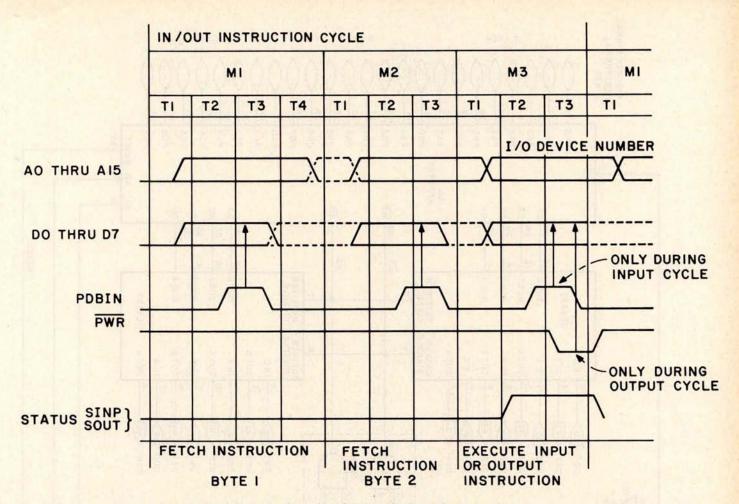


Figure 2: Timing diagram showing signals on the S-100 bus during a data transfer instruction.

An understanding of timing diagrams is essential in designing any hardware interface.

Chip Select Signal

The \overline{CS} (chip select) signal is basically an on/off signal for the 8255. To avoid stray data being output or input when not desired, the 8255 device is kept disabled until the processor commands that the data be input or output through one of the 8255's ports. To do this, we must understand the definition of the S-100 bus signals which we need to use. This is best explained through the use of a timing diagram as shown in figure 2.

In most respects the S-100 bus timing is based on the 8080 processor signals. These diagrams indicate the state of the bus lines with respect to time and their interaction with each other. Most confusing, at first glance, are the data and address signals which appear to be high and low at the same time. This, of course, merely represents the idea that some of the bits may be high and some may be low when valid and active.

Starting at the bottom of the timing diagram, we see that the S-100 status signals SINP and SOUT are inactive in a low-logic state anytime except during the third machine cycle of an input or output instruction, respectively. By using a simple OR gate (such as the one shown as IC2a in the circuit diagram of figure 3), we can turn on the 8255 programmable peripheral interface whenever the SINP or SOUT signal is high. The inverters IC1a and IC1b are used for convenience and to minimize the number of integrated circuit packages used. They also serve as bus receivers, allowing these signals to drive other circuitry on the same board.

The SINP and SOUT signals could be used to turn on the 8255 every time the processor executes an input or output instruction; however, we want the 8255 to pass data only when it is specifically addressed. To be more exact, we want the 8255 to take action only when a specific *port* on it is addressed by the processor. Therefore, we need to know when the processor is addressing one of these ports.

The upper and lower bytes of the address bus lines will contain the address of the I/O port during the third

Table 1: Power supply connections for integrated circuits in figure 3.

Number	Туре	+5 V	GND
IC1	74LS04	14	7
IC2	74LS00	14	7
IC3	DM8131	16	8
IC4	DS8833	16	8
IC5	DS8833	16	8
IC6	µPD8255	26	7

SINP 46 cs a 1C2 74LS00 9 SOUT 45 d ICI 1C1 74LS04 BIDIRECTIONAL PERIPHERAL LINES cs 14 +5V 90 D07 IN D 104 Δ PAO 13 DS8833 <43 OUTD DI7 PAI 11 27 15 D06 40 IN C BUS D D7 IK PA2 ş TYPICAL 10 28 12 <93 DI6 OUTC BUS C D6 FOR 6 PA3 29 5 OUTPUT D05 39 IN B BUS B D5 40 PA4 30 6 A7 83 BI TI DI5 92 OUT B BUS A D4 39 PA5 A6 82 82 Τ2 D04 38 IN A 38 PA6 6 ADDRESS A5 29 Т3 83 DI4 < 91 OUT A 103 37 SELECT 106 PA7 10 DM8131 A4 30 **B4** Τ4 µPD8255 RECEIVER DRIVER DISABLE PBO 13 12 A3 31 **B5** T5 PBI 4 15 10 A2 81 86 Τ6 WR 36 20 WR PB2 9 STROBE 2 PB3 1C2 74LS00 d' 22 PB4 12 RD 5 23 RD 13 d PB5 24 PB6 25 DRIVER RECEIVER PB7 14 PCO 14 101 DO3 89 IND PCI 13 11 10 PWR 77 42 OUTD DI3 16 PC2 11 31 15 88 NC BUS D D3 DO2 PC3 10 32 12 < 41 DI2 OUTC BUSC D2 PDBIN 78 PC4 33 5 DOI 35> BUS B INB DI PC5 34 6 <94 DII OUT B BUSA DO PC6 2 DOO 36 IN A 10 105 PC7 DIO < 95 OUT A DS8833 AO RESET 41 35 9 AI 80 AO 79 ICI RESET 5 6 POC 99

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PORT

PORT B

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PORT

Figure 3: Schematic diagram of an interface circuit using the 8255 device. All numbered connections refer to pins on the S-100 bus. A suitable power supply is assumed, with connections for integrated circuits given in table 1.

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machine cycle of an I/O instruction. Therefore, what we want to do is decode the lower 8 address lines continuously. When one of the ports on the 8255 is selected. we want an enable signal which we can combine, using a logical AND, with the status signal to turn on the 8255.

A simple method of decoding the address bus is to use a comparator (such as the 6-bit comparator 8131) which will take the enable pin (pin 9) low when the input signals from the bus match the pattern set as the port address. In this case, we are using only the upper (most significant) 6 bits of the port address, since the lower 2 bits will be used to select 1 of 4 ports on the 8255 itself.

We can set up the port address by tying the appropriate lines on the 8131 comparator to either high or low-logic levels as required to match the address. We now have circuitry which will provide a CS (chip select)signal whenever the processor is in an input or output instruction cycle, and whenever any of the port numbers assigned to the 8255 have been addressed by the processor.

Address Lines A1 and A0

As can be seen, pins 9 and 8, carrying low-order address signals A0 and A1, can now be tied directly to the lines A1 and A0 on the S-100 bus. This will allow the processor to select port A, B, C, or control function.

Data Transfer

We have now enabled the 8255 at the appropriate time. The remaining task is to supply the data to the data pins on the 8255 or retrieve the data from the appropriate data pins on the 8255 when the processor is doing an output or

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input instruction with this port.

The data pins on the 8255 are bidirectional (ie: they will take data from the bus and output it to the appropriate port when the WR signal is active, or will take data from the port and put it on the bus data lines when the RD signal is active). Since the S-100 bus is divided into 8 unidirectional lines of data in (DIO thru DI7) and 8 unidirectional lines of data out (DO0 thru DO7), we need a means of tying both of these sets of lines to the 8 data pins on the 8255 and selectively enabling either the S-100 data input or data output bus lines.

An easy way to accomplish this is with the 8833 bus transceiver integrated circuit which can be connected as shown in the circuit diagram of figure 3. When pin 9 on the 8833 is active, the data will be passed from the data output bus to the 8255, and when pin 7 is active, the data will pass from the 8255 to the data input bus of the processor. The S-100 bus provides 2 simple signals with which to achieve this result.

The WR Signal

The PWR signal, as shown on the timing diagram (figure 2), will go low when valid data is presented on the data output lines. We can use this signal to enable the 8833 bus transceivers and to strobe (send a pulse to) the 8255 pin WR to pass the data to the appropriate output port.

The RD Signal

Conversely, we see from the timing diagram that the S-100 signal PDBIN is active in a high-logic state when valid data can be accepted on the data input line. We can use this signal to generate the RD signal for the 8255 to pass the data from the appropriate 8255 input ports to the data pins, and to enable the 8833 bus transceivers so that the data is passed directly to the datain bus in the processor.

One other provision which we want to include in our design is that the RD and WR signals should not be allowed to go active unless the \overline{CS} (chip select) signal is also active. This provision is primarily for the purpose of keeping extraneous data which might be on the 8255 data lines from being transferred to the data-in (DI) bus at any time that the PDBIN signal is active. We can achieve this by using the AND gates IC2c and IC2d to generate the RD and WR signals only when the 8255 has been selected and the appropriate PWR or PDBIN signal is simultaneously active.

Reset Signal

This leaves us with one simple signal which is needed by the 8255. Since the 8255 can start in an undefined state when power is first supplied to it, a reset signal is necessary to bring it to a known state for further use. Fortunately the S-100 bus provides us with a very convenient POC (processor on clear) signal that can be tied through an inverter to the reset pin. This arrangement will apply a reset signal to the 8255 whenever power is applied to the processor.

We have now designed a simple but powerful interface circuit. As you can see, the parts count of 6 integrated circuits is quite low. The circuit could conceivably be put on a simple piece of perforated circuit board and hung onto an existing S-100 board. The total cost should not exceed

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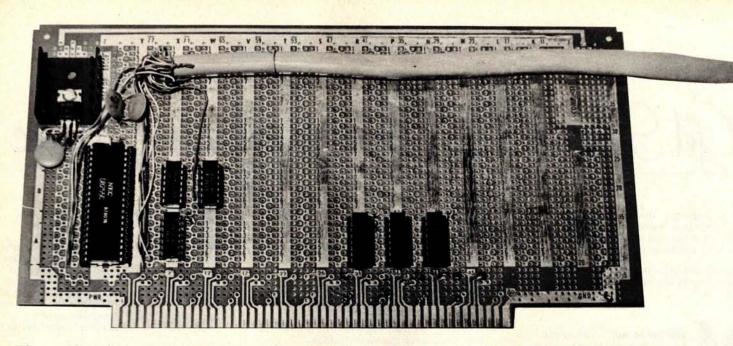


Photo 1: The author's prototype of the interface circuit, built on an S-100 prototype board. The bus transceiver and decoding integrated circuits are located on the bottom of the board. An extra 7400 NAND gate package was added for a special application.

Any 1 line on the S-100 bus must be connected to only 1 TTL integrated circuit on any 1 circuit board.



\$20. This mounting would not be advisable, due to space and maintenance problems. I would recommend using an S-100 prototype board such as one provided by Vector Electronics, which has provisions for a voltage regulator plus power and ground distribution buses on board.

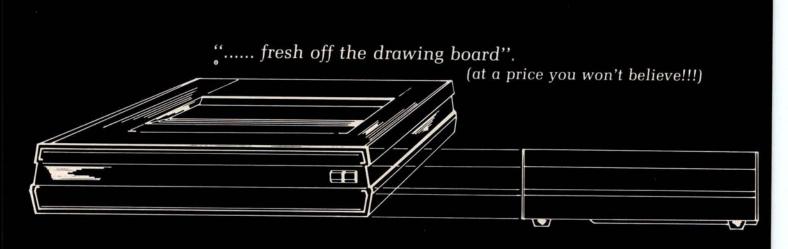
The wiring can then be done point-to-point with wire wrap. There will also be plenty of available room and power for additional circuitry on board. Circuits for other functions would be very easy and economical to add, since we have already provided for data bus transceiving, and we can use many of the same bus interface integrated circuits to add additional circuitry to the board.

One caution — be aware that the S-100 bus expects to see only 1 TTL (transistor-transistor logic) "fan-out" load per board, which means that any given bus line must be tied to the input of only 1 TTL device on the board. The bus line should not be driving 2 or more TTL devices simultaneously. Therefore, if additional circuitry uses the same bus signals, a bus receiver (7404 hex inverter) or driver (8T97 3-state buffer) must be used between the bus lines and the board circuitry.

Check-Out and Troubleshooting

One problem in trying to build other people's designs is that usually you are not given any troubleshooting information. Therefore, when it is built and does not run, you have to learn it inside out to make it run. You do learn a lot in the process, but a few guidelines, such as the following, can speed up the process considerably:

• Buy a computer with front panel lights and switches. Although manufacturers seem to be drifting away from making true front-panel controls, they are invaluable if you are going to do any hardware design or debugging. A single-step capability alone can help a great deal, but for my money give me as many switches and lights as possible.



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- Get an extender board so that you can place your circuit board where you can get at it. For tracing circuits, checking power supplies, and other general debugging, it is indispensable.
- Test power supply connections to the circuit board before plugging integrated circuits into their sockets. (Use sockets!) Plug in the integrated circuits and recheck power and ground on each one. Then single-step through an output instruction using one of the I/O port numbers you have assigned to the 8255.

When the *out* status light on the front panel (or on a logic probe you are holding on pin 45 of the S-100 bus) comes on, the processor is in the output phase of its instruction cycle and you have static conditions to check out the circuitry. By looking at the circuitry you can see that CS should be low, WR should be low, and there should be some data on the data pins of the 8255 (ie: either highs or lows, but not open circuits). If these conditions do not exist, trace back through the circuit to the bus and find the problem.

• Once you are able to output data to the 8255, you can proceed to check it out according to specifications given in the application data. For a start, you can output the hexadecimal value 94 to the control register port, which will set port A for input and port B for output. Then you can try input and output commands as you would a normal port.

You will probably experience some frustrations in trying to make the interface work. However, when you finish you will probably know more about how your computer works than you ever thought possible.

Applications

Typical applications for such an interface include peripheral devices where up to 24 I/O bits are required. This might be as simple as an 8-bit parallel interface needing only a strobe and acknowledge signal (which is a clearly defined mode 1 for the 8255), or as complex as the Diablo printer interface which requires 12 data lines, 6 status lines and 6 strobes. In fact, it is difficult to conceive a parallel device which could *not* be interfaced with this circuit.

In conclusion, for any interface application you have in mind, check first to see what special large-scale integration devices are available. You might find that the entire design can be accomplished through the use of one of these special parts. For more data I recommend the 8080 series applications manuals from Intel Corp, National Semiconductor, and Texas Instruments, and also Don Lancaster's *TTL Cookbook* and manufacturers data sheets on the 8833 and 8131. Good luck!

REFERENCES

- 1. Intel MCS-80 Users Manual, October 1977, Intel Corp.
- Lancaster, D, TTL Cookbook, Howard W Sams and Co, Indianapolis, 1974.

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When I was small, I visited my grandmother's house on a hill in Salem, Oregon. The house was just below a peak of the steep hill, and on the peak was a large fir tree. From high in that tree, using my uncle's binoculars (not authorized for use in trees!), I could look out over Salem on a summer day and see Mt Hood floating above the horizon. Its white cone was hazy and immense. Between me and the mountain lay 60 miles of town and country, looking like artificial scenery painted on layers of glass, one stacked close behind another. The binoculars compressed perspective, just as they magnified lateral dimensions, squeezing those 60 miles of hills, ridges, and forest into what looked like about a thousand yards.

Inside my grandmother's house was another marvel, also a binocular device: a stereopticon and a huge collection of pictures to look at. The effect was just the opposite of the scene from the tree with the binoculars. A card holding 2 flat and apparently identical pictures was slipped into the frame. Holding the device by its wooden handle and slipping the cupped eyeshield over my eyes, I saw the flat pictures turn into startling solid objects in a world that lay beyond the translucent frame of the pictures, extending from arm's reach to at least the distance of Mt Hood. Some were frightening views down cliffs in the mountains of Switzerland, where my grandmother was born.

I was about 6 or 7 when I discovered the stereopticon, and was soon told that using it so much was bad for my eyes. When that pronouncement was made, the viewer was put away. However, I knew where the pictures were, and quickly William T Powers 1138 Whitfield Rd Northbrook IL 60062

developed a skill that was probably worse for my eyes. I learned to look at them walleyed, and to fuse the pictures without the viewer. You can learn to see the stereo pairs described in this article that way if you like; you can also do it by crossing your eyes. It takes patience and practice, since you have to uncouple the focus of your eyes from their convergence (normally, when we converge our eyes to see something close, the lenses automatically focus for near distance). In a stereo pair of pictures, all the objects are at the same distance, and you have to learn to keep them in focus independently of the convergence of your eyes. I learned to do that when I was 7, so you can probably learn to do it, too. In case it is too much of a strain, we will have a look at a simple viewer that is easy to put together. I use the viewer because it gives better depth.

Illinois in the winter of 1978 was a long way from the clear, warm summer days in Oregon in the early 1930s. However, when I bent over the drawings my computer had produced (using the objective lenses from an inexpensive pair of binoculars balanced on a pair of rulers as a viewer), and saw the tangled lines sink below the paper and stand in space above it, I felt a pang of joy that connected me instantly with that small boy in Oregon long ago. We get bigger and change shape, but the important things stay the same. That is the real reason for writing this article. It is for phenomenon fans.

Calculating Stereo Plots

To make a stereo picture, construct 2 views of the same 3-dimensional object as seen from each of a viewer's eyes. Placing a picture in front of each eye, you see the 2 images fused. In order to fuse near objects, your eyes have to converge just as for the real object, since near objects are displaced more (to the side opposite the viewing eye) in the 2 pictures, than are the actual far objects. The most natural viewing requires using 2 identical lenses, one in front of each eye, and a cardboard shield to keep each eye from noticing the wrong picture.

Stereo effects arise from image displacements left and right; in the vertical dimension, stereo pictures are essentially identical. The *size* of the vertical dimension shrinks as the distance to the object increases, but by the same amount for both eyes.

Figure 1 shows the situation from the top of the viewer's head. The actual pictures will be at some fixed distance, Z0, from the person's eyes or the lenses of the viewer. Letting the horizontal direction in the plane of the person's eyes be the X axis (with the origin lined up with the nose), and the Z axis be the direction away from the nose (up, in figure 1), it can be determined where the image of any point in space will be in the picture.

The coordinates of a point (X,Z) are shown in figure 1. This point forms the farthest corner of a right triangle, the other far corner being directly ahead of the person's left eye, and a distance E left of the Z axis (for this eye, E will be a negative number, being to the left). The length of the far side of the right triangle is thus (X-E).

The corresponding point on the paper is (X1, Z0). X1 is the X position

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but big in reliable capability. Bit Pad One is small in size,

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AISA

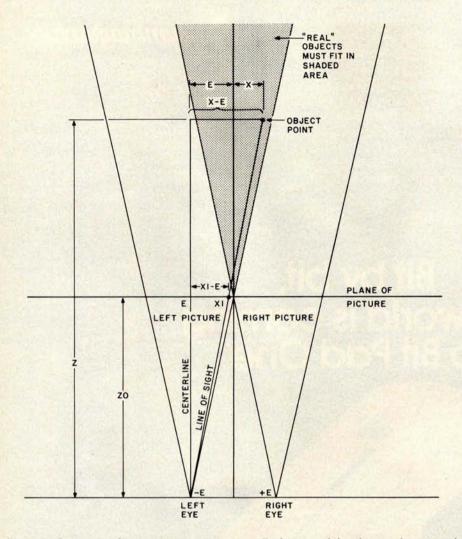


Figure 1: Geometry of generating stereo pictures. Each point of the object to be pictured is projected along the line of sight to the plane in which the picture will be drawn.

where the line of sight to (X,Z) pierces the picture. A smaller right triangle is formed, with (X1,Z0) as the farthest corner and (E,Z0) as the other far corner. The far side of this triangle has a length of (X1-E).

By similar triangles, we thus have:

$$(X1 - E)/(X - E) = Z0/Z$$

or
 $X1 = (X-E) \times Z0/Z + E$

That transfers any point at a distance X to the right of center (or -X to the left) and any distance Z from the person's nose into the plane of the picture. For the picture seen by the left eye, E is a negative number (half the distance from eye to eye), and for the other picture E is positive.

The Y dimension (up and down from the person's point of view) is handled exactly the same way, with the exception that there is no displacement of the eyes above or below the centerline of the picture; in effect, E is 0, and Y is substituted for X in the equation above. That yields:

$$Y_1 = Y \times Z_0/Z$$

With these 2 elementary equations we can transform any point with coordinates X,Y,Z into a point X1,Y1 for each eye to view. Then, running X, Y, and Z through space to trace out a figure, we can generate the 2 pictures in terms of X1 and Y1, to produce a pair of stereo pictures.

Constructing Pictures

If you do not have an X,Y plotter, you can still make perfectly good stereo pictures using straight lines. For example, to make a cube, first calculate the coordinates of the 8 corners of the cube as X,Y,Z coordinates. Then apply the above equations to convert each X,Y,Z triple into an X1,Y1 pair. Do this twice, once with E set to about -1.25 inches and then with it set to +1.25 inches (a typical interocular [between the eyes] distance is about 2.5 inches, close enough). Z0 is set to the viewing distance you plan to use, or the focal length of the viewing lenses. Plot the 2 sets of points on graph paper. A simple BASIC program will make the conversions easy.

Finally, and with great care, use a felt-tipped pen or pencil and ruler to connect the points that correspond to edges of the cubes in the 2 views; straight lines are transformed into straight lines. Voilà! View the pictures stereoscopically, and you have a 3-dimensional cube. Thick lines work better than thin ones, but try to keep the width uniform.

If you have a high-resolution graphic display such as the Apple computer has (and if the display is not too nonlinear), you can make plots and view them directly on the screen. I have a 15 year old X,Y pen plotter which shakes a little, but still produces fairly accurate lines, and the program given here is for that device. I have computed a few stereo pairs for your amazement. The program I used can make 3-dimensional Lissajous figures with a few modifications you can easily enhance, if you wish. This program is shown in listing 1.

Tips on Producing Pictures

It is difficult to get a good stereo effect if there is too much distance between near and far parts of the same object. I have found that with a viewing distance of 6 inches from the generated pictures, a good object will fit into about an 8 inch cube at an average *real* distance of about 30 inches.

This size limitation is also important because the object must be small enough that both eyes can see all of it. An object that is too large will have its images displaced toward each other enough to overlap, which spoils the effect. The object in real space must fit into the shaded region of figure 1. The program will do odd things if figures get outside that limit. Human binocular vision works best for objects closer than 20 feet, so place the objects accordingly.

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Listing 1: Stereo plotting program in North Star BASIC. The picture coordinates are first generated and stored, then the stored list of coordinates is scanned and plotted.

```
PROGRAM FOR GENERATING 3D STEREO IMAGE PAIPS
10 REM
20 REM
                 WILLIAM T. POWERS, DECEMBER 1978
30 REM
40 REM
            SET ZO TO FOCAL LENGTH OF VIEWING LENSES OR
50 REM
            VIEWING DISTANCE FROM EYES IF NO LENSES USED
60 REM
70 REM
80 Z0=6
90 H=100\K=3.141592654/180\K1=100\K2=2*3.141592654\0=2.5\M1=0
100 DIM M$ (3000) \!%#9F2
110 REM * * * * * * * *
                              *
120 REM DEVICE 31= PEN LIFT
130 REM DEVICE 30= Y OUTPUT
140 REM DEVICE 29= X OUTPUT #1
150 REM DEVICE 28= X OUTPUT #2
160 REM * * * * * * * * * * * *
170 REM
               * * * * * * * * * * *
180 REM
               SET PLOTTING PARAMETERS
190 REM
200 REM
               * * * * * * * * * * *
210 REM
220 OUT 31,0\Z9=SIN(SIN(SIN(1)))
230 INPUT "X, # CYCLES: ",N1\N1=N1*K2/100
240 INPUT " PHASE: ",B1\B1=B1*K\IF B1<0 THEN B1=B1+K2
250 INPUT "
                 SIZE: ",S1\ S1=S1/2
260 INPUT " POSITION: ",D1
270 INPUT "Y, # CYCLES: ",N2
                # CYCLES: ",N2\N2=N2*K2/100
PHASE: ",B2\B2=B2*K\IF B2<0 THEN B2=P2+K2
SIZE: ",S2\ S2=S2/2
280 INPUT "
290 INPUT "
300 INPUT " POSITION: ",D2

310 INPUT "Z, # CYCLES: ",N3\N3=N3*K2/100

320 INPUT " PHASE: ",B3\B3=B3*K\IF B3<0 THEN B3=B3+K2

330 INPUT " SIZE: ",S3\S3=S3/2

340 INPUT " POSITION: " TO
                 POSITION: ",D3
340 INPUT "
350 INPUT "
                LINEAR,K4*T: ",K4
360 INPUT "SIZE FUNCTION: S(1+K5T). K5= ",K5
370 Q=127\GOSUB 960\INPUT "SET PEN, HIT RETURN",A$
380 REM
390 REM
                  * * * * * * * * *
400 REM
                  FIGURE GENERATION
410 REM
                  * * * * * * * *
420 REM
430 FOR E=-0/2 TO 0/2+.01 STEP 0
440 OUT 31,0\Z9=SIN(SIN(SIN(1)))
450 P1=B1\P2=B2\P3=E3\T=0\D=0\M1=0
460 G=1+K5*T
470 Z=S3*G*SIN(N3*T+P3)+D3+K4*T
480 X=S1*G*SIN(N1*T+P1)+D1
490 Y=S2*G*SIN(N2*T+P2)+D2
500 GOSUB 770\T=T+D\IF T>100+D THEN 510 ELSE 460
510 GOSUB 570\Q=128\NEXT\OUT 31,0\ GOTO 220
520 REM
530 REM
                  * * * * * * * * *
                  PLOT STORED IMAGE
540 REM
550 REM
                  * * * * * * * * *
560 REM
570 P=0\0UT 31,0\FOR J=1 TO 10\Z9=SIN(1)\NEXT
580 FOR J=1 TO M1-1 STEP 2
590 X=ASC(M$(J,J))-128\Y=ASC(M$(J+1,J+1))-128
             ADJUSTMENT FOR TWO'S COMPLEMENT OUTPUT
600 REM
610 IF X<0 THEN X=256+X\ IF Y<0 THEN Y=256+Y
             ANALOG OUTPUTS
620 REM
630 OUT 29,X\ OUT 30,Y\ IF P=1 THEN 690
             IF PEN IS UP, OUTPUT X AND Y SEVERAL TIMES
TO ALLOW D/A CONVERTERS TIME TO CATCH UP.
640 REM
650 REM
660 REM
             PAUSE BEFORE LOWERING PEN.
670 FOR L=1 TO 15\OUT 29,X\OUT 30,Y\OUT 28,Q\NEXT
680 FOR L=1 TO 5\Z9=SIN(1)\ NEXT\P=1
690 OUT 31,40\OUT 28,Q\NEXT\RETURN
700 REM
```

Listing 1 continued on page 146

The maximum horizontal dimension in inches for an object at a distance of Z inches is:

$X_{max} = 2.5 \times (Z - Z0)/Z0.$

For ZO = 6 inches, as in my system, this works out to a width of 10 inches at 30 inches distance, 20 inches at 54 inches distance, and 30 inches at 78 inches distance.

How to View Stereo Pairs

The easiest viewing method is to cross the eyes or let them diverge (either will work, although the picture turns inside out if you cross the eyes). This requires practice, and I suppose it is bad for the eyes. (I am not an ophthalmologist and neither was my grandmother.) It is less of a strain to use a pair of lenses; here is a way to do it.

To make my kludge-variety viewer, I unscrewed the objective lenses from a pair of Squire 7 by 35 binoculars. These lenses have about a 6 inch focal length. You can measure the focal length with a ruler, measuring from the lens to a sharp image of a distant scene on a sheet of paper. Support the 2 lenses above the plane where the generated stereo pair is to be placed, the distance being the focal length of the lenses. This distance becomes Z0 in the equations, in inches. Any pair of lenses about 1 to 2 inches in diameter and having about a 4 to 10 inch focal length will do. View with your eyes as close to the lenses as possible.

I supported the lenses by laying 2 rulers across 2 stacks of books, far enough apart to support the lenses without obscuring too much of the field. I taped the ends of the rulers to pieces of cardboard, so they could be moved as a unit with the lenses supported over the gap. Sliding the 2 lenses together and apart permits fairly major adjustments to be made. This will accommodate different interocular distances to get the best stereo effect with the least effort. Of course, if you have steady hands you can just hold the lenses.

It is essential to have the pictures aligned in the vertical direction, which is done by tilting your head left or right, or by moving a lens slightly up, while moving the other slightly down. Once the images are fused in your perception, you can tolerate



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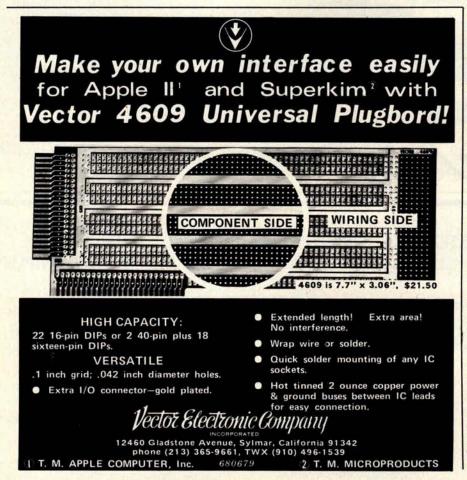
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```
Listing 1 continued:
710 REM
            STORE IMAGE POINTS AS ASCII STRING
720 REM
730 REM
            * * * * * * * * * * * *
740 REM
750 REM
          NEXT TWO LINES PLOT STEREO POSITION
760 REM
770 U=Z0/Z
780 X=(X-E)*U*K1\ Y=Y*U*K1
790 REM
800 REM
          NEXT 3 LINES ADJUST STEP SIZE
810 REM
          TO MAINTAIN CONSTANT RESOLUTION
820 REM
          ON PLOT
830 REM
840 D=D+(2.8-ABS(X-L1)-ABS(Y-L2))/K1
850 IF D<0 THEN D=0
860 L1=X\ L2=Y
870 REM
880 REM
          BIAS X AND Y FOR CONVERSION TO ASCII
890 REM
900 X=INT(X+128) \Y=INT(Y+128)
910 M1=M1+1\M$(M1,M1)=CHR$(X)\M1=M1+1\M$(M1,M1)=CHR$(Y)
920 RETURN
930 REM
940 REM
          ZERO PEN FOR POSITIONING (CENTER)
950 REM
960 FOR J=1 TO 5\OUT 29,0\OUT 30,0\OUT 28,0
970 Z9=SIN(SIN(SIN(1)))\NEXT\RETURN
```

about 5 degrees of mismatch in tilt, but that is *after* they fuse.

Do not be impatient. Simple artificial pictures, which lack richness of detail and nonbinocular distance

cues, take the brain a while to figure out. Pictures will not just suddenly jump into 3 dimensions. Instead, they gradually *ooze* into shape, the impression of depth growing stronger



the longer you look. It gives interesting insight into the depth perception process used by the brain. Once the depth appears, you can look away and back and not lose it, and you can move your eyes all around freely. It seems that the brain gradually constructs a model of the object. When you switch from looking at one part to looking at another part, the convergence of the eyes becomes automatic, anticipating what is required for various parts of the picture.

Program Notes

The accompanying program of listing 1 is written in North Star BASIC. In order to make the plotting pen move fast enough to make clean traces without spreading the ink, I have done the process in 2 stages: first the picture is generated and stored; then the stored list of X, Y coordinates is scanned and plotted. This is done . for each picture, left and right, in turn. If you want to plot directly (as you would do on a video display screen where plotting speed is essentially instant), you can eliminate the storage phase (GOSUB 770 in line 500) and substitute a call to the plotting subroutine. You would also delete the GOSUB 570 in line 510. The plotting subroutine would consist of lines 770 and 780 followed by the commands to plot X and Y, and a RETURN statement — much simpler.

My analog output is generated with a Cromemco D+7A board, which can produce 7 independent outputs. The digital-to-analog converters (DACs) have only 8 bits of resolution, and my plotter can plot about 100 points per inch. To get the maximum possible resolution I have used 2 analog outputs for the X axis. One, device 28, simply puts out either -2.56 V or +2.56 V; the other, device 29, puts out the same range of voltages representing the variations in Y. This makes it possible to plot each picture, left and right, with the full resolution of 256 elements. The recorder has a voltage differential input, so device 28 goes to the negative input and device 29 to the positive input.

In lines 370 and 510 you will observe a variable Q that is set to 127 for the left picture and 128 for the right picture. A value of 127 output to a converter corresponds to the maximum *positive* voltage of 2.55V.

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Applied to the *negative* recorder input, this biases the pen to the left. A value of 128 (hexadecimal 80) corresponds to -2.56 V, and biases the pen to the right.

Lines 770 and 780 do the actual conversion from X,Y,Z coordinates to X,Y stereo coordinates. You will notice that the equation for the stereo value of X is not guite the same as the above equation; the added constant E has been left off. This results in the picture being plotted relative to the point straight ahead of the relevant eye in the X direction; this permits the highest possible resolution. The auxiliary X output from device 28 inserts the missing value of E into the plot. If you are plotting on a high-resolution video display, you can write the first statement in line 780 as:

 $X = ((X - E) \times U + E) \times K1$

and eliminate all statements involving Q (in lines 370, 510, 670, and 690). At the same time, the scale factor K1 (line 90) should be adjusted to reflect the actual number of points per inch on the display. I ran the recorder at 2 V per inch, which works out to K1 =

100; if I had not used device 28, I would have run at 1 V per inch and used K1 = 50.

The plotting parameters are set in lines 220 to 360. For X, Y, and Z the program asks for the number of full sine wave cycles to be plotted, the phase angle at which each variable is to start (in degrees), the size of each plot in inches (from left edge to right edge, bottom to top, or near to far), and the position of the *center* of the range of variation of each plot.

For the Z axis only, there is also a

linear term that is requested: the constant K4 sets it. For every plot, the parameter T runs from 0 to 100, and the Z coordinate has the amount K4×T added to it. Thus if K4 is 1, the Z coordinate will have 100 inches added to it by the time the plot finishes. If the Z size is set to 0, the Z coordinate will move linearly away from the viewer during the plot.

The last item requested is a size factor. The size of the pattern for all 3 variables is multiplied by a variable G, computed from $G = 1+K5 \times T$,

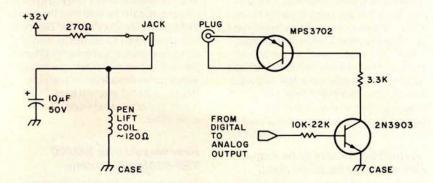
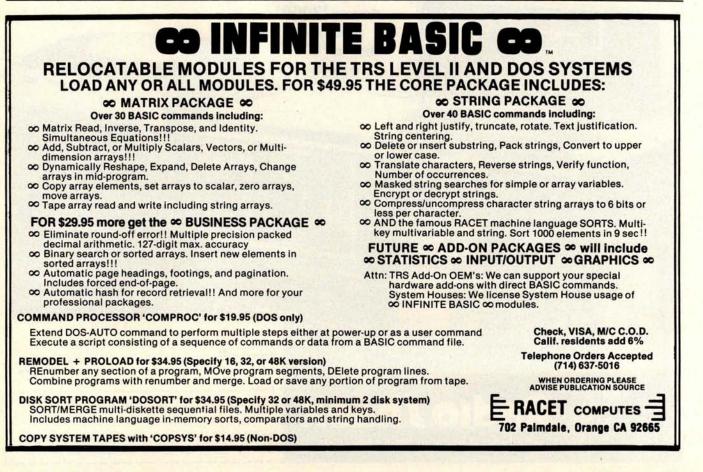


Figure 2: Pen lift circuit for use with digital-to-analog converter driver. The PNP transistor serves as switch; NPN driver transistor amplifies low-level input for high-voltage switch.



where K5 is the size factor. If K5 is -0.01, G will range from 1 to 0 during each plot. That means the picture will start out full-size, and shrink to a point just as the plot finishes. If K5 is 0, there will be no change in size.

Use of String Variables

Some plots take many points; I have allowed for 3000, or 1500 X,Y pairs. A floating-point representation

would need 15,000 bytes of storage. That is more than I have, so I converted each variable to character format and stored the results as a character string, 1 byte per coordinate instead of 5. The function CHR\$ will convert a floating-point number between 0 and 255 to the character format needed for strings. The ASC function will perform the reverse operation. The program

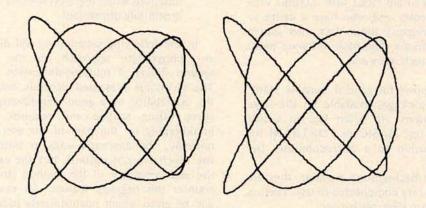


Figure 3: Plot of Lissajous pattern produced by BASIC program of listing 1, driving an analog recorder. Parameters follow in the order requested by the program. For X: cycles=3, phase=0, size=8, position=0; for Y: cycles=8, phase=0, size=8, position=0; for Z: cycles=5, phase=0, size=8, position=30, linear=0; size factor=0.

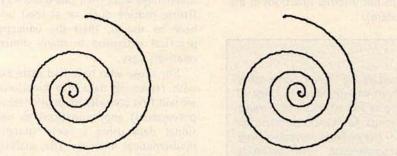


Figure 4: Spiral plot. Parameters in order are, for X: cycles=4, phase=0, size=8, position=0; for Y: cycles=8, phase=90, size=8, position=0; for Z: cycles=0, phase=0, size=0, position=30, linear=0.5; size factor=-0.01.

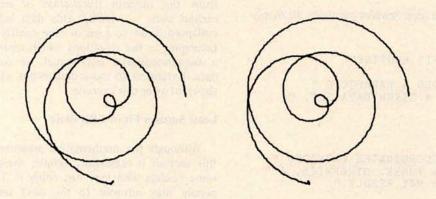


Figure 5: Plot with cardioid. Parameters are, for X: cycles=3.25, phase=0, size=9, position=0; for Y: cycles=3.25, phase=90, size=9, position=0; for Z: cycles=0, phase=0, size=0, position=30, linear=0.3; size factor = -0.03.

scales X and Y to a positive or negative number (you must pick sizes and distances to keep this number within the range of -128 to +127units, or 1/K1th of that amount in "real space"). This number is biased up by 128 (has 128 added to it), which is subtracted out when the stored number is recovered.

Miscellany

Before each plot begins, there is a pause to allow the pen to be set (with the positioning controls) to a point midway between the 2 pictures that will result. One run plots both pictures, the pen lifting as necessary. You will need some type of circuit to allow one analog output to operate the pen lift; mine is shown in figure 2.

Lines 840 thru 860 in listing 1 are a little feedback "circuit" that adjusts the step size in T (the parameter that runs from 1 to 100 during a plot) to maintain about 2 resolution elements of step size on the final plot. If the difference between the current and the last positions of the pen is larger than 2, the step size decreases. If the difference is less than 2, the step size increases. Rather than computing the square root of the sum of the squares of X and Y steps to get the actual step size, I merely summed the absolute values of the step sizes, which is close enough and much faster. This saves time that would otherwise be wasted plotting the same point over and over.

Even so, this is a very slow program. A plot with 6 loops in it takes about 10 minutes to store. Then a picture is plotted, and you must wait the same length of time for the second picture to be plotted. Practical production of 3-dimensional motion pictures requires a faster program.

Suitable lenses can be bought from the American Science Center, 5700 Northwest Hwy, Chicago IL 60646. The stock number is 95-697, which gets you a pair of lenses 23 mm in diameter and having a focal length of 136 mm (that gives a Z0 of 5.35 inches). The price is \$2.70. Cash orders require a minimum of \$5.00 and a flat handling charge of \$1.00, so you will want to order with a friend or get something else from this very interesting catalog. Edmund Scientific Co, 300 Edscorp Bldg, Barrington NJ 08007 also carries these items.

Curve Fitting with Your Computer

Fred R Ruckdeschel 773 John Glenn Blvd Webster NY 14580

This article is dedicated to the small system users who are faced with multiple variable data tables and who have a desire to curve fit (regress) these data into simple functional forms. The basic software problems facing such users are:

- 1. The powerful general purpose statistical packages available on the large computers are often not in source code (eg: BASIC or FORTRAN) for translation to a microcomputer language.
- 2. If the packages are available, they are often very complicated to use. There is a human language barrier.
- The large machine software may not be directly compatible with translation to a small machine language (eg: there may be calls for matrix inversions which are not internal functions in the small system).

About the Author

Dr Ruckdeschel is a principal scientist at the Xerox Corporation in Webster, New York, where he has been employed for the past 11 years. During this time he has been involved in physics and management. Recently he has turned his interests to microcomputers for both data acquisition and personal use. His hobbies include sailing, woodworking, digital electronics, programming, and haunting computer stores.

Listing 1: BASIC program for calculating a least squares parabolic fit to any data set having more than three points.

```
30 PRINT "LEAST SQUARES CURVE FIT ROUTINE"

40 PRINT\PRINT

50 PRINT "THIS PROGRAM CALCULATES A PARABOLIC "

60 PRINT "LEAST SQUARES FIT TO A GIVEN DATA SET. "

70 PRINT

80 PRINT "INSTRUCTIONS"

90 PRINT "-----"

100 PRINT

110 PRINT "THE NUMBER OF DATA COORDINATES PROVIDED "

120 PRINT "MUST BE GREATER THAN THREE. OTHERWISE, A "

130 PRINT "DIVIDE BY ZERO ERROR MAY RESULT."

140 PRINT

150 PRINT "INPUT THE NUMBER OF DATA POINTS: ",

160 INPUT I
```

Listing 1 continued on page 152

 There are limitations in the types of functions fitted (eg: polynomials only) in multiple dimensions.

In the following sections we will discuss an approximate approach to the *least* squares fitting of multiple-dimension data. The technique presented depends only on the availability of a good one-dimensional curve fitting routine and requires some bookkeeping on the part of the user. Admittedly, the approach leads to statistical fits which are not optimal, but the ease of use and versatility of the method strongly counter this negative feature. An example will be given which quantitatively indicates the magnitude of the shortfall of the fit; the results are encouraging.

A significant advantage to the method to be discussed is that it is *simple*. If users understand what their one-dimensional curve fitting routine does, or at least understand how to use it, then the conceptual and practical extension to many dimensions is relatively easy.

For those who have had little experience with regressing data into functional forms, we will first consider parabolic (second order polynomial) approximations to one-dimensional data using a fairly straightforward mathematical analysis. The analysis results will then be converted into a simple computer program which will in turn be used to treat a noisy two-dimensional data set consisting of 121 data points. [Noise results from the random fluctuation of experimental data. . . . BWL/ This data will be collapsed down to a set of nine coefficients belonging to the equations which represent a two-dimensional polynomial fit to the data. Extension to more dimensions will be apparent after this exercise.

Least Squares Fit of a Parabola

Although the mathematics presented in this section is reasonably simple, there are some readers who may not enjoy it. Those people may advance to the next section without great loss. For those interested in Nth order polynomial fits, see BASIC Programming for Scientists and Engineers by

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```
170 IF I<3 THEN GOTO 110
180 DIM X(I), Y(I)
190 PRINT
200 PRINT "THERE ARE TWO INPUT OPTIONS. ONE (1) "
210 PRINT "INPUTS THE DATA POINTS IN COORDINATE "
220 PRINT "PAIRS, AND THE OTHER (2) ALLOWS ONE TO "
230 PRINT "FIRST INPUT THE INDEPENDENT VARIABLE "
240 PRINT "VALUES, LATER FOLLOWED BY THE DEPENDENT "
250 PRINT "WHICH MODE DO YOU DESIRE? (1 OR 2): ",
260 INPUT Z
270 IF Z=2 THEN GOTO 300
280 IF Z=1 THEN GOTO 390
290 GOTO 250
300 FOR M=0 TO I-1
310 PRINT M+1,
320 INPUT X(M)
330 NEXT M
340 FOR M=0 TO I-1
350 PRINT M+1
360 INPUT Y(M)
370 NEXT M
380 GOTO 430
390 FOR M=0 TO I-1
400 PRINT M+1
410 INPUT X(M), Y(M)
420 NEXT M
430 REM BEGINNING OF LEAST SQUARE CALCULATION
440 A0=1\A1=0\A2=0\A3=0\A4=0
450 REM U, V, W ARE THE DESIRED COEFFICIENTS
460 U=0\V=0\W=0
470 D=0
480 FOR M=0 TO I-1
490 A1 = A1 + X(M)
500 A2=A2+X(M)*X(M)
510 A3=A3+X(M)*X(M)*X(M)
520 A4=A4+X(M)*X(M)*X(M)*X(M)
530 B0=B0+Y(M)
540 B1=B1+Y(M)*X(M)
550 B2=B2+Y(M)*X(M)*X(M)
560 NEXT M
570 A1=A1/I\A2=A2/I\A3=A3/I\A4=A4/I
580 B0=B0/I\B1=B1/I\B2=B2/I
590 D=A0*(A2*A4-A3*A3)-A1*(A1*A4-A3*A2)+A2*(A1*A3-A2*A2)
600 U=B0*(A2*A4-A3*A3)+B1*(A3*A2-A1*A4)+B2*(A1*A3-A2*A2)
610 U=U/D
620 V=B0*(A3*A2-A1*A4)+B1*(A0*A4-A2*A2)+B2*(A2*A1-A0*A3)
630 V=V/D
640 W=BO*(A1*A3-A2*A2)+B1*(A1*A2-A0*A3)+B2*(A0*A2-A1*A1)
650 W=W/D
660 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT
670 PRINT "FITTED EQUATION IS: "
680 PRINT
690 PRINT "
              Y= ",%8F4,U," ",
700 IF V>=0 THEN PRINT "+",
710 PRINT $8F4, V, "*X "
720 IF W>=0 THEN PRINT "+ ".
730 PRINT $8F4, W, "*X*X"
740 REM EVALUATION OF STANDARD DEVIATION
750 S=0
760 FOR M=0 TO I-1
770 T=Y(M)-U-V^*X(M)-W^*X(M)^*X(M)
780 S=S+T*T
790 NEXT M
800 S=S/(I-1)
810 PRINT\PRINT
820 PRINT "STANDARD DEVIATION OF FIT: ",
830 PRINT $8F4, SQRT(S)
840 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT
850 END
READY
```

W N Hubin (Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs NJ, 1978).

The purpose of doing a particular onedimensional least squares example is to show how a curve fitting routine may generally be developed using brute force (no tricks) techniques which require little deep thought, just competent algebra.

It is always possible to exactly fit a reasonably well-behaved data set using a carefully chosen polynomial of the proper degree (highest power). For example, if the independent continuous variable is x (eg: age), and the resultant dependent variable response is y = f(x) (eg: height), it is legitimate to write (assuming that the "true" function has no poles or discontinuities):

$$y \cong f(x) = \sum_{m=0}^{M-1} a_m x^m$$
 (1)

To be sure that this approximation works well we may have to let M become infinitely large. However, for an I component data set, (y_i, x_i) , where x_i is the particular independent variable value (eg: the age of a specific person) and y_i the particular response (corresponding height of that person), the data may be *exactly* fitted using a polynomial of degree M-1 = I-1.

The proof of this assertion is simple. Assume we do not know the coefficients a_m . However, for each of the *I* data points we have:

$$y_{i} = \sum_{m=0}^{I-1} a_{m} x_{i}^{m}$$
(2)

Each y_i is known. Each x_i^m is known. There are thus I (simultaneous) equations in I unknowns (the a_m), and equation (2) may be exactly satisfied with a proper (and unique) choice of a_m values (coefficients). Thus the data is fitted exactly.

Although the above conclusion is very powerful, it lacks direct applicability in many real life statistical situations. For example, if there are 20 pieces of data containing noise, it would be a little foolish to fit a 19th degree polynomial to the data. Usually the objective is to smooth out large and noisy data sets into curves having only a few descriptive constants (coefficients). We will consider here *only* the second degree polynomial (parabolic) case:

$$y \cong f(x) = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 \tag{3}$$

The approximation sign is used, since we will usually not be able to fit the data exactly, given such a restriction on the

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degree of the polynomial. That is, in general $y_i \neq f(x_i)$. However, intuitively we know that there must be a best choice for a_0 , a_1 and a_2 , given some fitting criteria. The criteria often used is *least squares*. We define the least squares error as:

$$E(a_0, a_1, a_2) = \sum_{i=0}^{I-1} \{y_i - f(x_i)\}^2 \quad (3a)$$

where, in this particular case,

$$f(x_i) = a_0 + a_1 x_i + a_2 x_i^2$$
(3b)

RUN

INSTRUCTIONS

1?1,1

2?2,4

3?3,9

4?4,16 5?5,25

6?6,36 7?7,49

8?8,64

The object is to find a choice for the a_m which gives a minimum value for E. By separately taking partial derivatives of equation (3a) with respect to a_0 , a_1 and a_2 we get the following three equations in the three unknowns, a_0 , a_1 and a_2 :

$$0 = \sum_{i=0}^{I-I} y_i - a_0 - a_1 x_i - a_2 x_i^2 \qquad (4a)$$

$$0 = \sum_{i=0}^{I-1} \left\{ y_i - a_0 - a_1 x_i - a_2 x_i^2 \right\} x_i \quad (4b)$$

Listing 2b: Sample run similar to listing 2a, but with $y=x^2$.

LEAST SQUARES CURVE FIT ROUTINE

DIVIDE BY ZERO ERROR MAY RESULT.

INPUT THE NUMBER OF DATA POINTS: ?10

THERE ARE TWO INPUT OPTIONS. ONE (1) INPUTS THE DATA POINTS IN COORDINATE

PAIRS, AND THE OTHER (2) ALLOWS ONE TO FIRST INPUT THE INDEPENDENT VARIABLE

VALUES, LATER FOLLOWED BY THE DEPENDENT

WHICH MODE DO YOU DESIRE? (1 OR 2): ?1

THIS PROGRAM CALCULATES A PARAPOLIC LEAST SQUARES FIT TO A GIVEN DATA SET.

THE NUMBER OF DATA COORDINATES PROVIDED

MUST BE GREATER THAN THREE. OTHERWISE, A

Listing 2a: Sample run of listing 1 in which the data was created using y=x.

RUN

LEAST SQUARES CURVE FIT ROUTINE

THIS PROGRAM CALCULATES A PARABOLIC LEAST SQUARES FIT TO A GIVEN DATA SET.

INSTRUCTIONS

THE NUMBER OF DATA COORDINATES PROVIDED MUST BE GREATER THAN THREE. OTHERWISE, A DIVIDE BY ZERO ERROR MAY RESULT.

INPUT THE NUMBER OF DATA POINTS: ?10

THERE ARE TWO INPUT OPTIONS. ONE (1) INPUTS THE DATA POINTS IN COORDINATE PAIRS, AND THE OTHER (2) ALLOWS ONE TO FIRST INPUT THE INDEPENDENT VARIABLE VALUES, LATER FOLLOWED BY THE DEPENDENT WHICH MODE DO YOU DESIRE? (1 OR 2): ?1 1?0,0

2?1,1 3?2,2 4?3,3 5?4,4 6?5,5 7?6,6 8?7,7 9?8,8

9?8,8 10?9,9	9?9,81 10?10,100
FITTED EQUATION IS:	FITTED EQUATION IS:
Y= .0000 + 1.0000*X + .0000*X*X	Y= .0000 + .0000*X + 1.0000*X*X
STANDARD DEVIATION OF FIT: .0000	STANDARD DEVIATION OF FIT: .0000

READY

READY

$$0 = \sum_{i=0}^{I-1} \left\{ y_i - a_0 - a_1 x_i - a_2 x_i^2 \right\} x_i^2 \quad (4c)$$

These simultaneous equations can be solved using Cramer's Rule (see texts on matrix algebra) to give:

$$a_{0} = \{B_{0}(A_{2}A_{4}-A_{3}^{2}) + B_{1}(A_{3}A_{2}-A_{1}A_{4}) + B_{2}(A_{1}A_{3}-A_{2}^{2})\}/D$$

$$a_{1} = \{B_{0}(A_{3}A_{2}-A_{1}A_{4}) + B_{1}(A_{0}A_{4}-A_{2}^{2})\}$$
(5b)

$$+B_2(A_2A_1-A_0A_3) \} /D$$

$$a_{2} = \left\{ B_{0}(A_{1}A_{3}-A_{2}^{2}) + B_{1}(A_{1}A_{2}-A_{0}A_{3}) + B_{2}(A_{0}A_{2}-A_{1}^{2}) \right\} / D$$
(5c)

where:

$$D = A_0 (A_2 A_4 - A_3^2)$$

- A_1 (A_1 A_4 - A_3 A_2)
+ A_2 (A_1 A_3 - A_2^2) (A_1 A_3 - A_2^2)

and:

$$A_{0} = 1$$

$$A_{s} = \sum_{i=0}^{I-1} x_{i}^{s} / I$$

$$B_{s} = \sum_{i=0}^{I-1} y_{i} x_{i}^{s} / I$$

These equations are encoded into the program shown in listing 1. Listing 2a shows a sample run in which the relation y=x was used to create the data. The program correctly interpreted the data and returned y=x as the fitted function. In this example there was no x^2 term. Listing 2b demonstrates a similar test run, but this time using $y=x^2$ to create the data. Again, the program returns the proper coefficients. Listing 2c displays a least squares fit to data generated using the function $y=x+\epsilon$, where ϵ flips back and forth between +1 and -1; very noisy data. The regression program indicates the fitted functional form to be linear with a first power (linear) coefficient near unity, and with a standard deviation approximately equal to ϵ . When the same data sets are run through a standard Nth order regression routine, the coefficient values obtained were approximately the same as shown in listings 2a and 2b. However, significantly different coefficients are obtained for the case corresponding to listing 2c. The fitted equation given by the

Listing 2c: Least squares fit to a noisy line: $y=x+\epsilon$. RUN

LEAST SQUARES CURVE FIT ROUTINE

THIS PROGRAM CALCULATES A PARABOLIC LEAST SQUARES FIT TO A GIVEN DATA SET.

INSTRUCTIONS

THE NUMBER OF DATA COORDINATES PROVIDED MUST BE GREATER THAN THREE. OTHERWISE, A DIVIDE BY ZERO ERROR MAY RESULT.

(5d) INPUT THE NUMBER OF DATA POINTS: ?10

THERE ARE TWO INPUT OPTIONS. ONE (1) INPUTS THE DATA POINTS IN COORDINATE PAIRS, AND THE OTHER (2) ALLOWS ONE TO FIRST INPUT THE INDEPENDENT VARIABLE VALUES, LATER FOLLOWED BY THE DEPENDENT WHICH MODE DO YOU DESIRE? (1 OR 2): ?1 1?0,-1

2?1,2 3?2,1 4?3,4 5?4,3 6?5,6 7?6,5 8?7,8 9?8,7 10?9,10

FITTED EQUATION IS:

¥= -	2727 +	1.0606*X	+	.0000*X*X
STANDARD	DEVIATIO	N OF FIT:		1.0380

READY

Poole-Borchers regression is (when run on North Star BASIC, *Release 2, Version 3*):

$$y = 0.34545452 + 0.8015152x$$

$$+ 0.02727268x^{2}$$
(6)

These coefficients have some interesting repeating number sequences, but that is not a good reason to condemn them. However, using the above regression equation and calculating the standard deviation between the fit predictions and the input data gives a standard deviation of 1.0869, as compared with a value of 1.0380 obtained using the Cramer's Rule algorithm shown in listing 1. It is apparent that the program given in this article provides a better fit than that of Poole and Borchers. The discrepancy is probably due to the errors which occur when the square is evaluated using $x \land 2$ (as in Boolean-Borchers algorithm) instead of x * x, which is more accurate.

It is also interesting to note that although the two sets of coefficients obtained from the two different algorithms are quite disparate, the fits (as measured by the standard deviation) are similar. When data is very noisy, a range of equations may fit the data to similar precision; the polynomial coefficients obtained should not be treated as significant to very many decimal places.

X = 0

X= 0	X= .3		X= .0		x= .9	
Y Z	Y Y	Z	Y	Z	Y	Z
.40001 .5000 .6 .6000 1.4 .7000 2.1 .8000 3.0 .9000 4.0	1777 .1000 2124 .2000	0026 .5297 1.3222 2.2567 3.1909	.6000 .7000 .8000 .9000	2.8093 2.2651 1.8521	.1000 .2000 .3000 .4000 .5000 .6000 .7000 .8000	-3.7272 -3.3490 -2.8361 -2.3384 -1.5902 7453 .2876 1.4160 2.6644 3.9098 5.4958
X= .1	X= .4		X= .7		X= 1	
Y Z	Y	Z	Y	Z	¥	Z
.6000 .9 .7000 1.8 .8000 2.6 .9000 3.7	902 .1000 769 .2000 970 .3000	3129 .5422 1.2312 2.0625 3.0280	$\begin{array}{r} .0000 - \\ .1000 - \\ .2000 - \\ .3000 - \\ .4000 - \\ .5000 \\ .6000 \\ .6000 \\ .7000 \\ .8000 \\ .9000 \end{array}$	2.8519 2.4128 1.8814 1.2392 5648 .2919 1.0987 2.1666	.1000 .2000 .3000 .4000 .5000 .6000 .7000	1.7134 3.0229
Y Z		Z	Y	Z		
.0000 -2.2 .1000 -1.9 .2000 -1.5 .3000 -1.0 .40004	148 .0000 373 .1000 422 .2000 575 .3000 524 .4000 243 .5000 916 .6000 626 .7000 359 .8000 565 .9000	-2.9732 -2.5161 -2.2357 -1.5418 -1.0049 4632 .3524 1.1281 2.0464 2.9854	.0000 - .1000 - .2000 - .3000 - .4000 - .5000 .6000 .7000 .8000 .9000 1.0000	·3.0467 ·2.6141 ·2.1694		

Y -

Listing 3: Two-dimensional data set containing noise. This set was created in a well-defined way such that the fit obtained could be compared against the original function.

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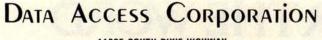
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This is one of the dangers in curve fitting and placing great value on the results, especially when mathematically exact algorithms can be waylaid by calculation error.

In the next section we will consider how to use the one-dimensional least squares routine for fits in many dimensions.

Parabolic Fits in Many Dimensions

To examine how the one-dimensional least squares routine may be used (in approximation) in many dimensions, we will first consider the two-dimensional case.

Let x_i and y_i be the independent variables, and z_i be the dependent variable. The parabolic fit desired is:

$$z_{i} = f(x_{i}, y_{i}) = b_{0}(x_{i}) + b_{1}(x_{i})y_{i} + b_{2}(x_{i})y_{i}^{2}$$
(7)

where:

$$b_0 = a_{00} + a_{10}x_i + a_{20}x_i^2$$
 (8a)

$$b_1 = a_{01} + a_{11}x_i + a_{21}x_i^2$$
 (8b)

$$b_2 = a_{02} + a_{12}x_i + a_{22}x_i^2 \qquad (8c)$$

Ideally we would choose the nine a_{gm} coefficient values such that

$$\sum_{i=0}^{l-1} \{z_i - f(x_i, y_i)\}^2$$

is minimized. In other words, we wish to minimize the sums of the squares of the distances between predicted and actual data points. However, if the data is arranged in a tabular form, such as shown in listing 3, a quasi-least squares fit can be obtained one dimension at a time.

The way this is done is that for each x_i we regress z_i (the dependent variable) against y_i (the independent variable) to obtain a least squares set of $b_0(x_i)$, $b_1(x_i)$ and $b_2(x_i)$. Next, we treat $b_0(x_i)$ as a dependent variable and regress against x_i (the remaining independent variable) to get a_{00} , a_{01} and a_{02} . The same is done for $b_1(x_i)$ and $b_2(x_i)$.

For the data shown in listing 3, the first regression step yields the $b_0(x_i)$ values given in table 1. Each coefficient column in table 1 is then regressed against x_i to give the nine coefficients listed in table 2. These coefficients may be used with equations (8a), (8b) and (8c) to obtain the regression indicated by equation (7).

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Because we did the regression in two steps, the least squares criteria taken as a whole haven't been satisfied. Thus the coefficients obtained are not optimal, as will be seen shortly.

It should be noted in passing that the blocks of data (for each x_i) are equal in length. This is not a requirement for validity of the technique. What is necessary is that there be at least three independent data points in each x_i block. Otherwise D in equation (5d) becomes 0, and a divide error will result. Also observe that the x_i and y_i increments need not be equal or uniform. Few restrictions are placed on the data.

The precision of the regression fit may be assessed using the standard deviation associated with the difference between the predicted data values and the actual data. This gives 0.23, or roughly 3 percent accuracy, which is encouraging.

The equation used to generate the noisy two-dimensional data was:

$$z = 6x^{2}y^{2} - 3xy^{2} + 4y^{2} - 2x + 3y$$

$$(9)$$

$$-1.9 + 0.2 (RND(0) - 0.5)$$

The standard deviation of the noise term is 0.06. Thus the 2 step fitting procedure is not as good as it could possibly be; 1 percent accuracy could be obtained using the non-random part of equation (9); a better fit.

×i	b ₀ (x _i)	b ₁ (x _i)	^b 2 ^{(x} i)	Standard Deviation
0.0	-1.8758	2.9021	4.0807	0.05
0.1	-2.2677	3.1672	4.2439	0.24
0.2	-2.4542	3.2702	3.9614	0.24
0.3	-2.7791	3.7056	3.5807	0.24
0.4	-2.9875	3.5408	3.8676	0.23
0.5	-3.2118	3.5623	4.0746	0.23
0.6	-3.4316	3.5360	4.5941	0.24
0.7	-3.5456	3.2876	5.2208	0.25
0.8	-3.8010	3.3066	5.8698	0.27
0.9	-4.0544	3.1017	6.9178	0.28
1.0	-4.2911	3.4786	7.4185	0.31

Table 1: First level regression coefficients.

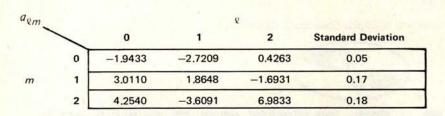


Table 2: Nine regressed coefficients corresponding to equations 8a, 8b, and 8c in text.

It is left to the reader to relate the coefficients shown in table 2 to their corresponding elements in equation (9). Observe that the coefficients correspond, but with differences often greater than that indicated by the standard deviation.

Extension of the method of stepping through the regression, one dimension at a time, is simple. It is done by creating a hierarchy of "data" tables. For a threedimensional problem involving the regression of $\mathbf{U} = U(x, y, z)$, tables would be created in which x and y are temporarily held constant, and z varied. The three first level coefficients would then be functions of x and y. Next, tables of those three coefficients would be compiled in which x is held constant and y varied. This would lead to nine coefficients, each being a function of x. The third level regression would be against x and give 27 coefficients.

I have had opportunity in the past to apply this technique to a horrendous engineering measurement problem involving five independent variables (several thousand measured data points). Four of the dimensions were parabolically fitted, one was approximated using a fourth order polynomial. (Note that there is a freedom in the form of the fitting function applied in each dimension.) In this application, the data was regenerated to a standard deviation of better than 3 percent, which was more than sufficient. Although the fit was not optimal, the savings in programming time and sanity more than compensated for whatever error occurred.

Conclusions

The multidimensional curve fitting technique presented in this article depends only on the existence of a good one-dimensional least squares routine. The form of the least squares fitting function can be different for each dimension regressed. Often the form can be chosen by either an understanding of the causal relationships, or by simply scanning the data.

The user who has some familiarity with algebra and calculus can generate a least squares fit for other functional forms using the simultaneous equation technique shown herein. Recall that the equations were obtained by considering the error to be a function of the coefficients, and partial derivatives were taken with respect to each coefficient.

In conclusion, this article presents a general technique for generating one-dimensional least squares fitting algorithms, and shows how such algorithms may be used to regress multidimensional data.

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October 1-3 Second Annual Symposium on Small Systems, Hilton Inn, Dallas TX. The symposium will consist of a blend of paper and panel discussions with major emphasis on microcomputer applications. Both hardware and software topics presenting state-of-the-art and state-of-the-industry aspects will be included. Contact Gerald Kane, Southern Methodist University, Dallas TX 75222.

October 2-4 NEPCON Central '79, O'Hare Exposition Center, Rosemont IL. This tenth annual exhibition and conference of electronic and microelectronic packaging and production equipment will feature displays of electronic and microelectronic materials, hardware, tools, supplies and test instruments. Contact Industrial and Scientific Conference Management Inc, 222 W Adams St, Chicago IL 60606.

October 6 Personal Computer Music Festival, Philadelphia Civic Center, Philadelphia PA. This festival will feature a daytime exhibition and fair including demonstrations; seminars and guest speakers; evening concert; and multimedia show. Contact PACS, POB 1954, Philadelphia PA 19105.

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Invitational Computer Conference, Newton MA. This conference is directed to the quantity buyer, and will feature the newest developments in computer and peripheral technology. Contact B J Johnson and Associates, 2503 Eastbluff Dr, Suite 203, Newport Beach CA 92660.

October 14-17 International Data Processing Conference and Business Exposition, Town and Country Hotel, San Diego CA. Contact Data Processing Management Association, 505 Busse Highway, Park Ridge IL 60068.

October 15-18

Sixth Information Management Exposition and Conference, New York Coliseum, New York NY. Contact Clapp and Poliak Inc, 245 Park Ave, New York NY 10017.

October 15-19 Distributed Processing, George Washington University, Washington DC. This course is designed for engineers, computer scientists and data processing managers who need a better working knowledge of distributed processing techniques as applied to complex computing problems. Contact Continuing Engineering Education, George Washington University, Washington DC 20052.

October 15-19 CPEUG 79, San Diego CA. This is the fifteenth meeting of the Computer Performance Evaluation Users Group sponsored by the National Bureau of Standards. Contact Judith G Abilock, The MITRE Corp, Metrek Division, 1820 Dolley Madison Blvd, McLean VA 22102.

October 16-18 Understanding and Using Computer Graphics, Washington DC. This course is for people who are now using, or making decisions about using computer graphics and its role in their organization. It will describe computer graphics, explain what hardware and software systems are available and give cost and performance comparisons. Contact Frost and Sullivan, 106 Fulton St, New York NY 10038.

October 17-18 The Western Computer Conference, The Calgary Convention Centre. Calgary, Alberta. Some of the session topics to be discussed are distributed data processing in the natural resources industries; growth of the original equipment manufacturers (OEM) market in Canada's western provinces: transborder data flows, national and international; and use of graphics in seismographic and geophysical modeling. Contact Janet Glover, Conference Co-ordinator, Whitsed Publishing Ltd, 2 Bloor St W, Suite 2504, Toronto, Ontario CANADA M4W 3E2.

October 20-21 Fourth Annual Tidewater Hamfest-Computer Show-Flea Market, Cultural and Convention Center, Norfolk VA. Contact TRC, POB 7101, Portsmouth VA 23707.

October 21-23 New York State Association for Educational Data Systems Annual Conference, Granit Hotel, Kerhonksen NY. The theme of this conference is Instructional Computing — Hardware/ Software/Courseware. Contact Mary E Heagney, 9201 Shore Rd, Brooklyn NY 11209.

October 22-23 Minicomputer Technology, George Washington University, Washington DC. This course will cover internal operation, programming, and performance of minicomputers with examples drawn from current systems. Contact Continuing Engineering Education, George Washington University, Washington DC 20052.

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The Association of Computer Programmers and Analysts Ninth Annual Conference, Washington DC. The general theme of this conference is Preparing Today for Tomorrow's New Technologies. Suppliers of software packages and computer services have been invited to describe and present their products in a series of structured presentations. Other sessions will cover trends in system technology and new methodologies for sharpening the professional skills of both systems analysts and programmers. Contact DBD Systems Inc, 1500 N Beauregard St, Alexandria VA 22311.

October 22-24

Computers in Aerospace Conference II, Hyatt House Hotel, Los Angeles CA. The conference theme, Computer Technology for Space and Aeronautical Systems in the Eighties, will be carried out by a series of panels, invited presentations, and contributed papers which will bring computer system technologists together with specialists in the application of embedded computers in space and aeronautics. Contact American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics, 1290 Avenue of the Americas, New York NY 10019.

October 22-25 ISA/79, O'Hare Exposition Center, Chicago IL. The conference theme, Instrumentation for Energy Alternatives, will emphasize current practices in instrumentation design and implementation. Contact Instrument Society of America, 400 Stanwix St, Pittsburgh PA 15222.

October 22-26 Integrated Circuits for Signal Processing, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Ontario, Canada. This course is designed to meet the needs of electronic design engineers, supervisory-level engineers and technical managers who are involved in hardwareoriented programs and desire an up-to-date knowledge of modern integrated circuits for signal processing. Contact ICSP 1979, Electrical Engineering Dept, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Ontario, CANADA W2L 3G1.

October 22-26 Pascal Programming for Mini and Microcomputers, Ramada Inn, Worburn MA. Sponsored by the Polytechnic Institute of New York and the Institute for Advanced Professional Studies, this workshop will include application examples, lectures, informal sessions with the instructor. as well as individual and group programming sessions. Contact Professor Donald D French, Institute for Advanced Professional Studies, One Gateway

Center, Newton MA 02158.

October 24-26 Design and Selection of Minicomputer Systems, George Washington University, Washington DC. The course will cover all aspects of systems implementation using microcomputers: hardware selection and configuration, software design and programming, peripheral equipment, interfacing with special equipment, and operations management. Contact Continuing Engineering Education, George Washington University, Washington DC 20052.

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October 29th (7:30 PM) and the last round on Tuesday, October 30th (7:30 PM). Contact Monroe Newborn, McGill University, School of Computer Science, 805 Sherbrooke St W, Montreal PQ, CANADA H3A 2K6.

October 29 Modern Software Development Techniques for Managers, George Washington University, Washington DC. The purpose of this course is to provide managers who are involved with in-house software development, or for those who contract out software needs, with the techniques of modern software development. Contact Continuing Engineering Education, George Washington University, Washington DC 20052.

October 29 - November 2 Applied Interactive Computer Graphics, University of Maryland, College Park MD. This course is designed to cover the most important facets of graphics that are necessary to develop general graphic applications. Systems considerations are stressed, including configuration selection criteria and the pros and cons of off-the-shelf software. The most important factors and techniques are described for hardware, software and geometric modeling. Contact UCLA Extension, 10995 Le Conte Ave, Los Angeles CA 90024.

October 30-31 **Eleventh Anniversary Pro**fessional Training Conference, Hyatt Regency -O'Hare, Chicago IL. The conference theme, Exceleration: Expanding the Training Spectrum...for Today and Tomorrow, will deal with such topics as data processing, office automation, resources from space, the economy, and a wide variety of training and management issues. Contact Advanced Systems Inc, 1601

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October 31 - November 1 Interface West, Anaheim Convention Center, Anaheim CA. This third annual west coast small computer and office automation systems conference and exposition will feature over 100 company exhibits and 60 conference sessions covering a variety of data processing, word processing, data communications, management hardware, software and service topics. Contact the Interface Group, 160 Speen St, Framingham MA 01701.

NOVEMBER 1979

November 1 Invitational Computer Conference, Cherry Hill NJ. See October 10th for details.

November 5-7 Thirteenth Asilomar Conference on Circuits, Systems and Computers, Asilomar Hotel and Conference Grounds, Pacific Grove CA. Contact Roger C Wood, Electrical and Computer Engineering Dept, University of California, Santa Barbara CA 93106.

November 5-8 Electronics Production Engineering Show, Kosami Exhibition Center, Seoul Korea. This international industrial exposition will be devoted to the needs of manufacturers of electronic products in Korea. Contact Expoconsul, Clapp and Poliak International Sales Division, 420 Lexington Ave, New York NY 10017.

November 6-8 Midcon/79 Show and Convention. O'Hare Exposition Center and Hyatt Regency O'Hare, Chicago IL. Contact Electronic Conventions Inc, 999 N Sepulveda Blvd, El Segundo CA 90245.



November 6-8 Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) Third International Conference on Computer Software and Applications, The Palmer House, Chicago IL. Contact IEEE Computer Society, POB 639, Silver Spring MD 20901.

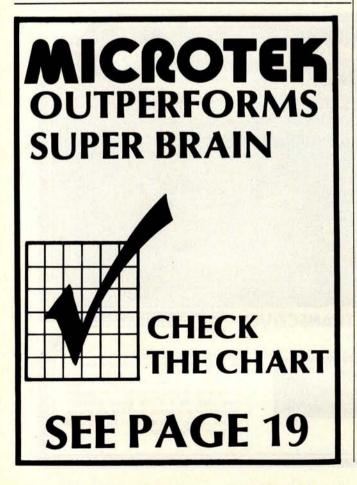
November 6-8 Third Digital Avionics Systems Conference, Fort Worth TX. This conference will probe the expectations and challenges of the digital revolution in avionics systems. Contact John C Ruth, Technical Program Chairman, POB 12628, Fort Worth TX 76116.

November 12-14 Computer Cryptography, The George Washington University, Washington DC. The objective of this course is to provide each participant with a working knowledge of the use of cryptography in computer applications. Contact Continuing Education, George Washington University, Washington DC. 20052.

November 14-16 International Micro and Mini Computer Conference, Astro Village, Houston TX. This conference concerns micro and mini computer systems, a survey of the range of current applications, and exploration of potential areas for future development. Emphasis will be placed on technical papers and exhibits. Contact Dr S C Lee, School of Electrical Engineering and Computer Sciences, University of Oklahoma, Norman OK 73019.

November 15 Invitational Computer Conference, Southfield MI. See October 10th for details.

November 28-30 Business and Personal Computer Sales Expo '80, Philadelphia Civic Center,



Philadelphia PA. Contact Produx 2000 Inc, Roosevelt Blvd and Mascher St, Philadelphia PA 19120.

November 29-30 Metric Management Workshop, Dallas North Park Inn, Dallas TX. The workshop is designed to help personnel at all levels plan and implement a costeffective transition to metric in their company. The sessions will cover establishing a metric plan and strategy, assigning responsibility for the transition within the existing organizational structure, and developing a sensible approach to controlling conversion costs. Contact Len Boselovic, ANMC, 1625 Massachusetts Ave NW, Washington DC 20036.

DECEMBER 1979

December 3-5 Implementing Cryptography in Data Processing and Communications Systems, New York NY. Going beyond an introduction to cryptographic systems, the seminar will stress implementation of the data encryption system (DES) and address public key implementation considerations. Contact Ms Jansen, Cryptotech, 12 State Rd, Bellport NY 11713.

December 3-5 Winter Simulation Conference, Holiday Inn, Embarcadero, San Diego CA. This conference will feature papers and panel discussions on discrete and combined (discrete and continuous) simulations. Contact Professor Robert E Shannon, University of Alabama in Huntsville, School of Science and Engineering, POB 1247, Huntsville AL 35807.

December 3-5 COMDEX '79, MGM Grand Hotel, Las Vegas NV. This conference and exposition for third party sellers of computer systems, word processing systems, peripherals and software packages and media will focus on solutions to business problems normally encountered in structuring a successful dealership and the operational aspects of the dealership from both the supplier and customer side. Contact The Interface Group, 160 Speen St, Framingham MA 01701.

December 10-12 Project Management for Computer Systems, Chicago IL. This seminar will illustrate techniques for planning, implementing, installing, and controlling projects. Contact The University of Chicago, 1307 E 60th St, Chicago IL 60637.

December 10-13 1979 Fall DECUS US Mini/Midi Symposium, San Diego CA. This symposium is an opportunity for Digital Equipment Computer users to participate in a technical exchange. Contact DECUS, One Iron Way, MR2-3, Marlboro MA 01752.

December 10-14 Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) Computer Society's Tutorial Week 79, Hotel Del Coronado, San Diego CA. Fifteen different 1 day seminars will be offered throughout the week. Contact IEEE Computer Society, POB 639, Silver Spring MD 20901.

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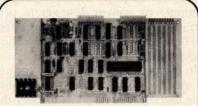
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Low-Level Program Optimization:

Some Illustrative Cases

James Lewis President Micro Logic Corp POB 174 Hackensack NJ 07602

A program or subroutine can usually be modified so that it requires less time or space for execution.

The above observation about optimization suggests that a program or subroutine can usually be changed, so that it either runs faster or takes up less memory space, and one can often accomplish both at the same time.

Programs can be optimized for other things, such as readability, maintainability, structure, etc. This article, however, stresses optimization for time and space. If a program written for a microprocessor can be made shorter using space optimization, less memory can be used, or more functions can be packed into the same memory. Either way, optimization pays off. If the program can be made to run faster, more functions can be performed in the same amount of time. In fact, optimization can make the difference between whether or not an application of a microprocessor is feasible.

A distinction can be made between 2 types of optimization techniques. One is code optimization and the other is algorithmic optimization. Code optimization involves concentrating on the structure of the actual code on a low level. This includes such operations as reordering instruction sequences and combining 2 instructions into 1 instruction. Algorithmic optimization is on a high level and involves rethinking the whole approach to a program or section of a program. This is much more general and powerful than code optimization, but its rules cannot easily be written down. It takes an experienced programmer or system designer to perform algorithmic optimization effectively. Examples of code optimization tricks will be given below.

In the event that a program cannot be modified so that both space and time are lessened, there is usually the possibility of a trade-off. That is, if space is decreased, time will increase, and if time is decreased, space will increase. Only the particular situation can determine which route to take.

How much optimization is possible? Experience has shown that upon careful analysis a first draft program can typically be reduced by as much as 50 percent or more in terms of memory space. Time optimization is another story. Some programs can be accelerated at the expense of using more memory. However, significant time reductions can usually be made

About the Author

James Lewis is president of Micro Logic Corp. His company has done microprocessor applications ranging from laser-beam controllers to chemical-analyzer systems. Their development lab is in Hackensack NJ. at little expense of memory; in fact, there may even be a savings of memory.

How much optimization should be done? In the process of optimizing a program, it becomes harder and harder to discover more program reductions. How far one should go depends on the relation between the cost of the programmer's time and the savings due to optimizations.

The process of optimization has fringe benefits. In analyzing a program, the programmer gains a clearer picture of how it works and often finds bugs. It is clear that a good software engineer should spend some time optimizing code.

Before discussing the techniques themselves, it should be pointed out that not all of the ideas mentioned are always beneficial. For example, one of the tricks reduces the elegance of the subroutine structure. If this type of elegance is desired, perhaps the trick should not be used.

The ideas presented are applicable to most microprocessors. They are intended for use on assembly language programs, although some of them apply to other languages. An English assembly language is used in the examples for generality. Note that the command CALL SUB means push the return address on the stack and then jump to the subroutine.

The code optimization examples will usually be presented in the following format:



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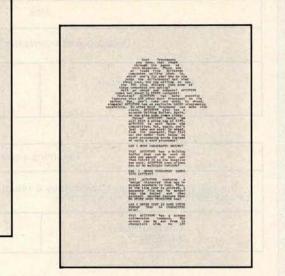
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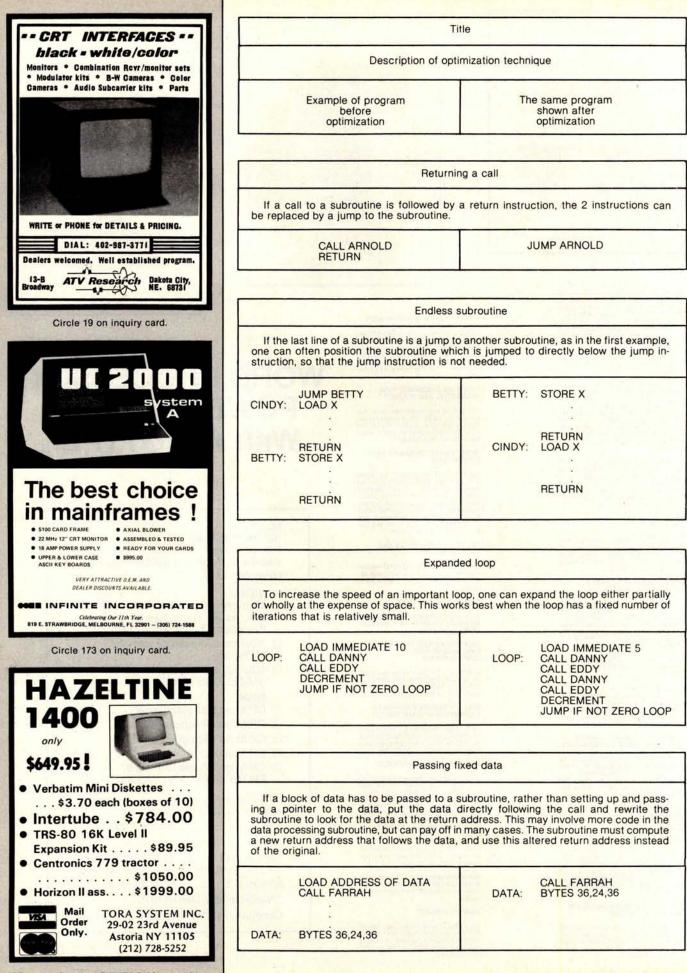
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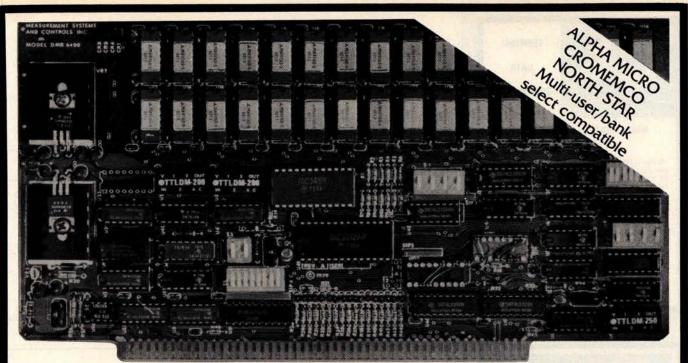
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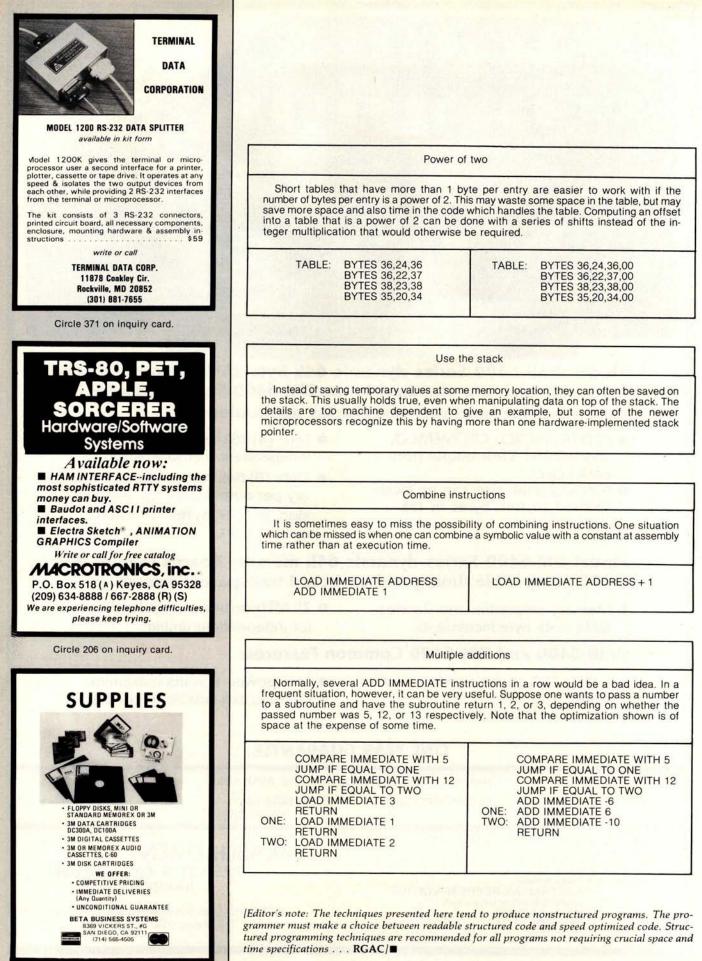
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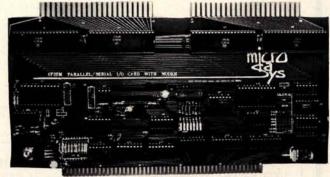
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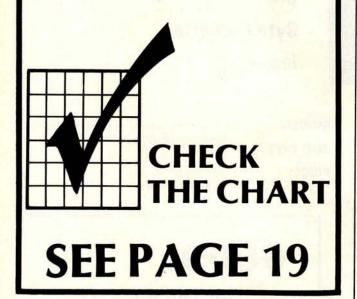


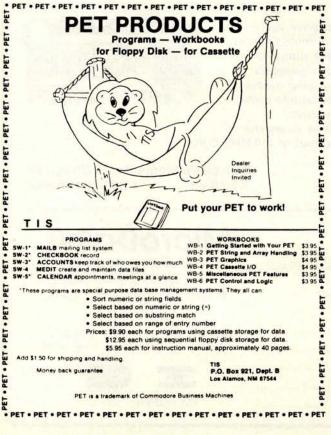
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Languages Forum

And Its Interest SNOBOLs

Dr Stefan M Silverston, 23 Deerhaven Dr, Nashua NH 03060

I was pleased to see Mr Bruce Burns' letter in the June 1979 BYTE. As one of the small number of SNOBOL4 implementors (SNOBAT for IBM 360) around, I have always felt SNOBOL4 has much to offer the programmer, in many areas of application. It has some features provided by no other programming language known to me.

Without meaning to dampen anyone's enthusiasm, I should mention that SNOBOL4's syntax and control structures are rather lacking by today's standards. SNOBOL programs tend to be a bit hard to read, due largely to the ubiquitous blank, which can denote (1) string concatenation, (2) pattern matching, and (3) separation between labels and statement subjects. Flowof-control also is rather opaque. The prevalence of sideeffect-driven programming, for example, via value assignment in pattern matches, also detracts from program readability and maintainability. These flaws could well be remedied in any new SNOBOL implementation.

As Mr Burns points out, there are good reasons why SNOBOL4 has not been implemented on microcomputers. For one thing, SNOBOL implementations usually require considerable memory, more than what is ordinarily available on microsystems. Further, SNOBOL tends to run rather slowly in many implementations, even on large machines. This could be exaggerated for microcomputers, where storage management and swapping with peripheral memory might be necessary.

Of the 8-bit microprocessors in wide use, the Z80, with its block moves and compares, would probably be the most amenable to SNOBOL4 implementation. I intend to tackle SNOBOL4 development on my own Z80 floppy disk system in the near future, incorporating some improvements as discussed above.

SNOBOL4 should be a lot easier, as well as more efficient, with the new generation of 16-bit microprocessors. A SNOBOL implementation for the Z8000, say, should be a "natural".

Languages Forum is a feature which is intended as an interactive dialog about the design and implementation of languages for personal computing. Statements and opinions submitted to this forum can be on any subject relevant to its purpose of fostering discussion and communication among BYTE readers on the subject of languages. We ask that all correspondents supply their full names and addresses to be printed with their commentaries. We also ask that correspondents supply their telephone numbers, which will not be printed.

Tic-Tac-Tactics

John C Miller, 110 Riverside Dr, New York NY 10024

The May 1979 BYTE article on Tic-Tac-Toe (page 196) raises more interesting questions of programming philosophy and esthetics than those referred to in the article itself. No doubt Mr. Hinrichs' program plays an aggressive game, and never loses, as he claims. But his approach is also curiously limited in that the program is only able to play the first move side of the game, and this limitation seems the result of Mr. Hinrichs' reliance on data entries to dictate most of his move sequences. A program capable of playing the second move would be much more difficult using his methods, which are also unsatisfactory on principle because they fail to take proper advantage of the computer's most powerful capabilities.

A more rational approach, which actually involves *computing* each move rather than looking it up in a table, goes as follows:

- Win if possible; otherwise
- Block the opponent from winning on his next move if necessary; otherwise
- Set a trap (2 ways to win on your following move) if possible; otherwise
- Avoid any move allowing the opponent to set a trap on his next move, and then
- Make a (not previously avoided) move forcing (under threat of immediate loss) the opponent to make a move allowing you to set a trap, if possible; otherwise
- Avoid any move allowing opponent to force you into a move allowing him to set a trap, if possible; otherwise,
- Among moves not previously avoided, choose one which allows the opponent to blunder by choosing a move which allows you to set a trap, and then
- Among moves not previously avoided, choose one which allows the opponent to blunder by choosing a move which allows you to win on your following move, if possible; otherwise
- Choose randomly among moves not previously avoided.

As a suggestion to a reader interested in implementing this strategy, which evidently allows elegant use of subroutines, it is further suggested that the board be coded internally using the 3-by-3 magic square:

2	9	4
7	5	3
6	1	8

for which a win corresponds precisely to playing 3 numbers whose sum is 15.

The 9-step strategy outlined above has all the desirable properties of Mr. Hinrichs' program, including aggressiveness both in seeking wins and allowing opponent mistakes. In addition, it plays both first and second move equally well and "feels" right, in that it allows the computer to compute, instead of looking up moves in a data table. ■

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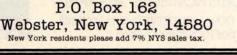
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Drop JCL and Start with WFL

Donald J Gregory, 1011 Rose Marie, #39 Stockton CA 95207

I agree with James Jones ("How to Define an OS Which Does Not Need a Wizard," April 1979 BYTE, page 245) that we must not repeat the mistakes of the past when designing operating systems for microcomputers, especially when designing the user interface. With most users writing their programs in high-level languages, it is absurd for them to be forced to write their systeminterface routines in a low-level quasi-assembler designed for the convenience of the machine. What we need is an interface that is strongly based on a well-known, powerful, and easy-to-use high-level language, such as Pascal, or its progenitor, ALGOL.

Such an interface already exists — on one line of the big machines. The Burroughs Corporation Large Systems computers (series B7000/B6000) have a user interface called Work Flow Language (WFL) which is essentially a limited ALGOL with a few extensions. The basic system instructions are all handled by a few very simple commands: to run a program one simply writes RUN and the program name; to compile a program, the command is

COMPILE, the program name, and the compiler's name; to copy a file, one uses the COPY command; to erase a file, simply REMOVE it; and to rename a file, just CHANGE its title. The remainder of this language consists of structures familiar to every Pascal and ALGOL user: it supports variables of type REAL, INTEGER, BOOLEAN, and STRING; for control structures there are the WHILE...DO, DO...UNTIL, IF...THEN...ELSE statements, and the ever unpopular GOTO statement. Subroutines are supported (with parameters) and values can be passed between WFL routines and the applications programs they run.

The most impressive aspect of Work Flow Language (WFL) is its handling of peripheral device assignments. Each program is permitted to have default specifications for its files in its own code, which frees the user from constantly defining his files in his WFL. But if those files in the program are not what is wanted for a particular run, the files can be redescribed in the WFL (using the ALGOL syntax for a file declaration), and the definitions in the WFL will *override* those in the program.

The use of a high-level user interface turns out to be more feasible for overall job construction. While working on an IBM-to-Burroughs conversion a year ago, I wrote a Job Control Language (JCL) to a WFL translator, and found that as many as 50 different JCL jobs could be algorithmically converted into only 1 WFL job.

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must experience it before committing us all to a travesty such as JCL. The user's manual on WFL published by Burroughs Corporation does not serve as an adequate introduction to the language (it was not designed for that purpose). To help bridge this information gap, I have published a 275-page document, the B6700 WFL Primer, which can be obtained for \$15 from Gregory Publishing Co, A C Ridlon, distributor, 6090 S Sterne Pkwy, Littleton CO 80120.

In the design of a user interface, let us not slide back into the dark ages. With WFL as an inspiration, we can begin in a user-friendly environment and go on from there.

Case Statements and Related Topics

Peter Grogono, 73 Roxton Crescent Montreal West Quebec, CANADA H4X 1C7

David Faught made several comments and suggestions concerning multiple conditions in the BYTE Language Forum (December 1978, page 176). The following notes are written in response to his ideas and suggestions.

First, some preliminary observations. The FORTRAN statement that corresponds most closely to the case statement is not the "numeric IF" statement; it is the "computed GOTO" statement, which has the following form:

GOTO (1,2,3,4,5),N

The numbers are statement labels, and N is an integer variable. If $1 \le N \le 5$, control will be transferred to the corresponding statement. If N < 1 or N > 5, the effect of the statement is undefined; most FORTRAN systems abort the program and print a diagnostic message.

FORTRAN IV, which is the most common version of FORTRAN today, has two forms of IF statement. The older form is the "numeric IF" statement. It is confusing and not particularly useful, but it was the only form of IF statement provided in FORTRAN II. The other IF statement, the "logical IF," was introduced in FORTRAN IV, but the numeric IF was retained so that FORTRAN II programs could be compiled by FORTRAN IV compilers. The FORTRAN "numeric IF" statement, in which E is an integer or real expression and the numbers are once again statement labels, is written in the following way:

IF (E) 1.2.3

Control is transferred to a labeled statement according to the value of E:

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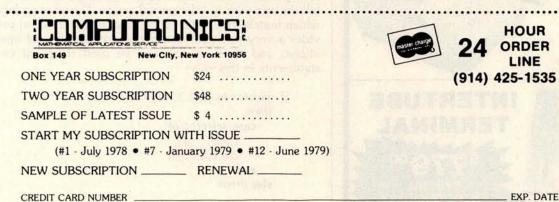
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E < 0 goes to 1, E = 0goes to 2, E > 0 goes to 3.

The motivation for the three-way branch in numeric IF statements is efficiency. All computers have instructions which compare the contents of a register with zero, but many have no instructions for directly comparing the contents of two registers. Thus, the Boolean expression A > B is usually evaluated in machine language as A - B > 0. In FORTRAN II the programmer was forced to convert all comparisons into comparisons with zero, since the compiler would not do this for him. In practice, three-way branches are required less frequently than two-way branches in most programming applications. In FORTRAN II programs, IF statements in which the three branching labels are all different are comparatively rare; in most cases, two of the labels are the same.

When a three-way branch is really required, it can be coded in an ALGOL-like language, such as Pascal, in this way:

if E < 0 then s1 else if E = 0 then s2 else { E > 0 } s3

where *s1*, *s2*, and *s3* are simple or compound statements. However, this kind of code in a Pascal program is usually an indication of tricky programming, which Pascal is in-



tended to discourage. If the expression *E* occurs naturally in the program, and happens to have negative, zero, or positive values, the above statement is appropriate.

It is more likely, however, that *E* is some kind of flag, set elsewhere in the program to -1, 0, or +1. If this is the case, it is a much better use of Pascal to define a special type for the flag, enumerate its values, and use the Pascal case statement:

```
type
  flag = (down, halfmast, flying);
var
  mapleleaf : flag;
    ...
  case mapleleaf of
    down : s1;
    halfmast : s2;
    flying : s3
  end
```

This example leads to my principal topic: case statements. First, consider the Pascal case statement. An expression (the case selector) is evaluated, and the statement within the scope of the case keyword whose label has the same value is executed. The compiler will usually compile a case statement into a table of jump instructions in the object code, so it must be possible to map the values of the expression to the integers. In the example above, the compiler would map *down*, *halfmast*, and *flying* to the integers 0, 1, and 2, respectively. Most Pascal compilers would compile a 1000 word table for the following statement:

```
case number of
1 : s1;
2 : s2;
1000 : s3
end
```

Many people have commented about the absence of an "escape" clause in the Pascal case statement. How do you tell the compiler to take special action if there is no label which matches the value of the case selector? Pascal provides a very powerful and useful notation for set operations, and tests on sets can be used to guard case statements in this way:

```
if selector in [1,2,3,7,8,9,10]

then

case selector of

1,2,3, : s1;

7,8,9,10 : s2

end

else error
```

This statement acts in the following manner: it decides if the value of the selector is acceptable. To be acceptable it must have one of the values in the list enclosed by square brackets, which is a Pascal set constant. If the value is acceptable, the appropriate statement (*s1* or *s2*) is selected by the case statement and executed; otherwise the procedure *error* is called. The example draws atten-

tion to a minor inconsistency in Pascal. The set expression [1,2,3,7,8,9,10] can be abbreviated to (1..3,7..10], but the case labels cannot be abbreviated in this way. It is tempting to suggest that the inconsistency be resolved by allowing case labels to be abbreviated in the same manner as set constants, but this obscures the really interesting point, which is that the case labels are, in fact, set constants themselves.

The most consistent way to write the above statement is this:

if selector in [1..3,7..10] then case selector of [1..3]: s1;[7..10] : s2 end else error

This notation can be easily extended, as the next example shows. (Assume that ch is a letter, and that the three cases 'P', 'X', and "other" are to be distinguished; the set A-B contains all members of a set which are not also members of B):

If, however, the case statements are to be executed efficiently, the compiler must be able to evaluate the label expressions during compilation in order to generate a jump table. This implies that the case labels must not contain variables.

Enclosing the case statement in an if statement does not really solve the problem because we still have to write the acceptable case labels twice; once in the if condition, and once in the case statement itself. The only way around this is to allow an else or otherwise label, followed by a statement which is executed if there is no matching case label. Several of the more recent Pascal compilers provide this option.

As Faught pointed out in his article, the conventional if statement can also be extended in other ways. Consider the recursive definition of Ackermann's function, which can be written in Pascal in the following way:

if m = 0then a := n + 1else if n = 0then a := a(m-1,1)else a := a(m-1, A(m, n-1))

This could be written more elegantly using a form of the case statement in which labels are Boolean expressions:

```
case
    m = 0: a: = n + 1;
 n = 0 : a := a(m-1,1);
    (m > 0) \& (n > 0):
  a := a(m-1, a(m, n-1))
end
```

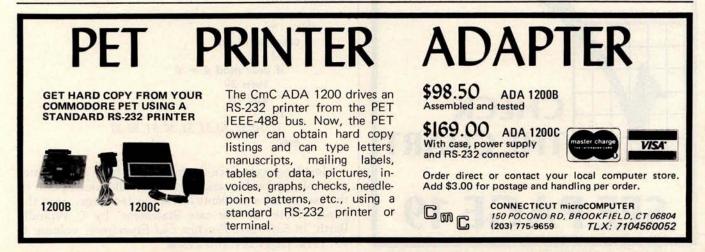
Case statements of this kind must be defined carefully. Consider the general form of the statement:

case			
b1	:	s1;	
b2			
 bn	:	sn	
end			

in which b1, b2 ... bn are Boolean expressions (sometimes called "guards") and s1, s2 ... sn are statements. When this case statement is executed, there are three possibilities:

- None of the Boolean expressions are true;
- Exactly one of the Boolean expressions is true;
- More than one of the Boolean expressions is true.

In the first case we can say either that the statement has no effect or, if we are designing a strict language, that it is illegal. In the second situation there is no problem. In the third situation, we can either declare the statement il-



legal, execute only one statement, or execute all the statements whose guards are true. If we select the last alternative (executing more than one statement), we must specify the precise order in which guards will be evaluated and statements executed. The necessity for this can be seen from this example:

```
case

x < 0 : x := 0;

x = 0 : x := 10;

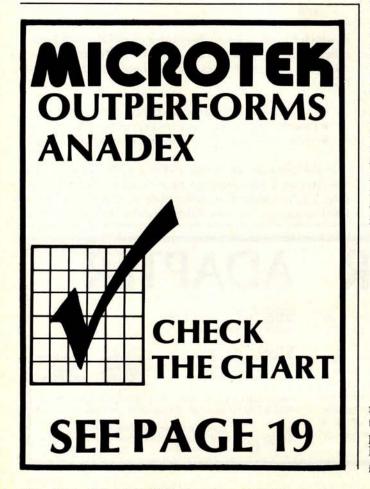
x \ge 0 : x := x - 1

end
```

Suppose that we execute this statement with x = 0. Afterwards, is x = 9 or is x = 10? A language designer must consider such possibilities and specify exactly how the program will behave in each case. This is the hardest part of language design. It is quite easy to specify the *syntax* rules of a language, but is it much more difficult to specify the complete *semantics*.

The language which Dijkstra uses in his book *A Discipline of Programming* (Prentice-Hall, 1976) has a statement resembling the case statement with Boolean labels used above, although he uses different keywords and punctuation. Dijkstra uses a similar statement for loops: the entire statement is executed repeatedly until none of the guards is true.

Case statements tend to be lengthy, and it is tempting to try to abbreviate them. Faught proposes statements of (roughly) the following form:



```
case x of

< 0 : s1;

= 0 : s2;

> 0 : s3

end
```

This is not general enough for all applications. For instance, it is difficult to see how Ackermann's function would be coded. There are, however, many situations in which each arm of an if or case statement makes an assignment to the same variable. In ALGOL 60, a statement has a value, and in places where other languages require a statement, ALGOL 60 allows an expression. Thus in ALGOL 60 we can write Ackermann's function in this way:

a := if m = 0then n + 1else if n = 0then a(m-1,1)else a(m-1,a(m,n-1))

When ALGOL 60 was designed, many computers had only one arithmetic register, usually called the accumulator. A high level language compiler compiling one statement at a time would not usually, in the current statement, use the value left in the accumulator by the previous statement. The ALGOL convention was intended to get around this potential inefficiency by allowing a statement to have a value, the value being that left in the accumulator after the statement was executed.

This idea was carried over to ALGOL 68, which also has a case statement. It is less flexible than the case statements described above because there are no case labels. Instead, the introductory clause "case m in" is followed by n statements, and if $1 \le m \le n$, the mth statement is executed.

Thus, the ALGOL 68 case statement is very similar to the FORTRAN computed GOTO statement. Although the lack of case labels makes the ALGOL 68 case statement rather weak and sometimes hard to read, it does enable the compact expression of some algorithms. As in ALGOL 60, an expression may be used where a statement is expected. The algorithm for determining the number of days in a month can be expressed in ALGOL 68 in the following way:

```
days :=

case month in

31,

if year mod 4 = 0

then 29

else 28

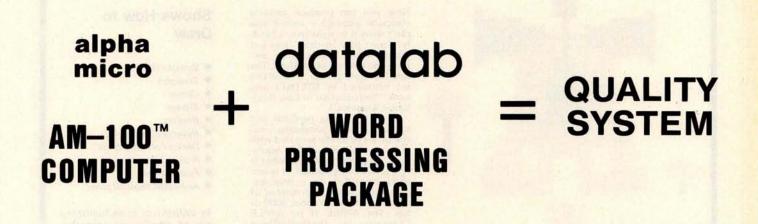
fi,

31,30,31,30,31,31,30,31,30,31

esac
```

Most languages since the mid sixties have a case statement of one kind or another. For a fuller description of the use of case statements in various languages, read the paper "Notes on the case Statement" by C Wrandle Barth, in *Software: Practice and Experience*, volume 4, #3, 1974, pages 289 thru 298.

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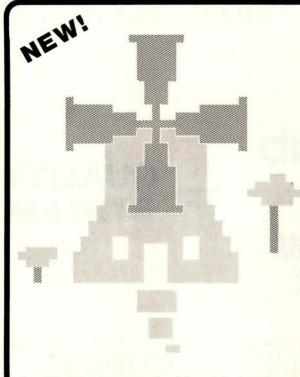
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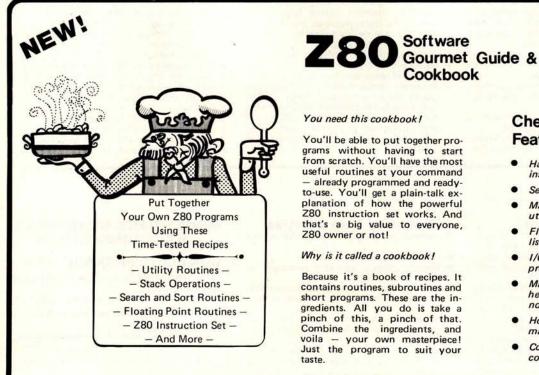
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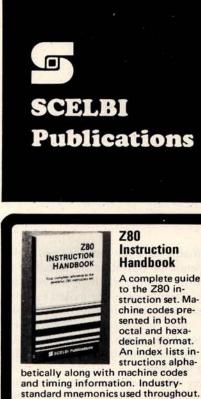
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Some Laws of Personal Computing

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The Origins of Personal Computing

In the beginning, man created pocket calculators to do rote arithmetic, eg: addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. Few people involved in the pocket calculator industry realized that pocket calculation was just the initial thrust into the "computing for the millions" consumer market. Indeed, the millions of dollars made by this computer consumer product helped to pay for the development of more sophisticated devices we now call personal computers.

Computing lacks a definite starting point. The works of Charles Babbage, and possibly Alan Turing, have little impact on daily computing (some will argue that these two pioneers have everything to do with modern computing, but I speak of practical rather than theoretical computing). So where are the fundamental theorems of computing? Is there a set of "equations of motion" for programming?

This article contains ten empirical observations, dubbed "laws of personal computing," that are derived from personal experience with personal computers in the real world of business. While many of the rules are controversial, I believe most can be proven to be true.

The first law of personal computing is of the form "action equals reaction." The law is derived by historical observation.

The first electronic computers were personal computers. That is, only a few programmers had access to the ENIAC, Whirlwind, and ATLAS. This arrangement faded rapidly in favor of batch operation and multiprogrammed operating systems. Clearly, the shift was the result of economic decisions. Large corporations poured large sums of money into data processing departments, and demanded efficiency in return. Military installations required security and performance as their return on investment. Batch operation satisfied their demands.

However, users (programmers mostly)

were soon able to show economics of scale and efficiency of operation by installing a limited form of interaction called *remote job entry*. Remote job entry moved rapidly into timesharing with terminals because this increases the man-machine interaction. Finally, we have come full circle to dispersed, stand alone, turnkey computers dedicated to a few users.

The key feature of the historical evolution of computing is "interactiveness." The more we can communicate with a computer system, the more we can enjoy using the system (within limits), and the more "personal" computing becomes. This leads to the first law of personal computing:

 Personal computing equals interactive computing: the personalness of a computer system increases in direct proportion to its interactiveness.

The New Economics of Computing

Personal computing is governed by economics as much as by technology. Indeed, the directions taken by technology are governed by economics. Therefore, we must study economics in order to derive other laws of computing.

The concepts of programming, microprogramming, and integrated circuit design span the spectrum of software, firmware and hardware. Why is it more suitable to microprogram the IBM 370/168 (model 370 hardware, model 168 firmware) and not microprogram the Intel 8080? Where is the tradeoff between an "expensive" system and an "inexpensive" system when all features of such a system are considered?

A system designer can choose to build a cheap processor (like the 8080, say) and save money on production, design, and maintenance of the cheap processor. The same designer can elect to build an expensive, sophisticated computer system and as a result increase the cost of hardware. Why construct an expensive computer? The

answer lies in looking at the total cost of a computer system. Let's take an example: the Intel 8080 requires that the HL registers be loaded each time a memory reference is made. This feature is simple to implement and saves hardware dollars. However, every program written for the 8080 must pay the price of this simplicity. Typically, a macro called HL is used to relieve the programmer of this chore. The Motorola 6800 includes a more sophisticated addressing mechanism using an index register for assisting in memory references. The addressability features of the 6800 often lead to 25 percent reduction in the number of instructions needed to perform the same function on the 8080. Both 6800 and 8080 architectures are more time consuming to program than the Texas Instruments 9900 chip due to the 9900's greater sophistication. Furthermore, the Microdata 32/S and Hewlett-Packard 3000 are stack machines supporting a high level language. Hence they are "easier" to program than any of the chips discussed above. But of course, the 32/S and 3000 are more expensive hardware machines than the chip machines.

Where is there a trade-off between complexity in hardware, complexity in firmware, and complexity in software? The trade-off is strictly economic, and leads to the second law of personal computing.

 Conservation of agony: the work expended to program a computer to solve a problem plus the work expended to construct the computer system remains constant for that problem.

The second law of personal computing actually states that the problem solution remains at a constant level of complexity regardless of the system used to solve the problem.

The cost per unit of effort in building hardware may decrease (large scale integrated circuit (LSI) devices), and the cost of programming may increase (due to unsophisticated microcomputers). Therefore, in 1980, the most economical systems will be mainly firm hardware (due to its low cost) and a small share in software (due to the conservation of agony).

The results of the second law say something about the "power" of a computer system. Increasing speed or storage capacity increases power. Conversely, decreasing cost increases power of a personal computer. For example, the Intel 4040 (4 bit pocket calculator chip) increased personal computing power because it was cheap even though it was slow and had little storage capacity.

If we look at history once again, it is clear that an acceleration force is at work: increasing capability leads to an increasing number of applications in which the computer can be useful. In turn, the increased use of computer systems in new applications results in increased sales. The sales stimulate mass production and further cost reductions. The result is to decrease the unit cost of the computer system.

We can demonstrate this counter intuitive notion as follows. In the mid-1960s, processor speed increased dramatically. This encouraged timesharing of the central proc-

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* Micromodem II, Micromodem 100, and Microcoupler are trademarks of D.C. Hayes Associates, Inc. ** Registered trademark of Apple Computer. Inc. essor. The support of many terminals reduced both the cost per terminal and the cost of the unit of computation.

In the 1970s, the storage capacity has been increasing dramatically. There is a surge of activity in data base applications and a corresponding decrease in cost of storage. In short, we are witnessing the third law of personal computing in action:

3. As the power of a personal computer increases, its price decreases.

The third law deals only with hardware capability. Earlier we stated that hardware capability plays a decreasingly important role in personal computing. Indeed, the effects of the third law of personal computing are rapidly diminishing due to the fourth law:

 Software is hard; hardware is soft: it is economically more feasible to build a computer than to program it.

It is economically easier to design, implement, and mass produce a machine like the Intel 8080 or IBM 360 than it is to design and implement an operating system, compiler, or sophisticated application program. The cost of a chip may run to \$250,000



when design and initial production are totaled. The cost of firmware BASIC may not exceed \$100,000 (many do, however), but the auxiliary costs of documents, service, training and marketing may exceed one million dollars.

A company contemplating a new hardware architecture is gravely penalized for making radical changes to the instruction set of their existing computer. Is it not to be expected that the IBM 370 is only an evolutionary departure from the IBM 360? Why is the Z80 processor nearly as successful in the market place as the 8080?

The high cost of programming as opposed to the cost of a chip is reversing the traditional roles of software and hardware. In the future, more emphasis will be placed on the software and less emphasis will be placed on the machine architecture. Indeed, much of the current software will become "hard," by being distributed in hardware read only memories as firmware.

One result of the fourth law is corollary A, which states the rule that governs pocket calculators today:

A. Programs and data should be shared, but hardware should be replicated.

The only item in a computer system that must be shared from a technological standpoint is data. Common access to information stored in a data base may be logically justified by an application. Whether the access is done by timesharing or by dispersed processors is immaterial. Also, whether the data is copied for transmission, or the program that intends to process the data is copied for transmission to the data base machine is again immaterial.

The computer business has been overly enthusiastic about timesharing in the past. We must recall that timesharing was invented to lower the cost of hardware. Now that hardware is no longer the major cost item in a system, timesharing is not justifiable in most cases. In fact, I believe that timesharing failed. It failed because people couldn't understand it. Only computer experts are able to use MULTICS, VM/370 and other extremely capable timesharing systems. The average person will not tolerate JCL, telephone lines, computer jargon, and unreliable central computers that lose their files. In short, timeshared computers are hampered by their prerequisite of knowledge.

The computer utility concept of the late 1960s failed because of the lack of expertise on the part of the users. The high level of sophistication needed to use a utility doomed it to failure. It also put a bad name on personal computers. In effect, the "guilt by association" syndrome plagues personal computing today. Myths (it's too complicated), training (what is a byte?), and service (how do I get statements printed?) are three of the remnants of the computer utility that have turned people away from computing.

We can now state a conclusion called the fifth law of personal computing:

5. Knowledge costs more than software and hardware: the usefulness of personal computers increases in inverse proportion to how much people must know in order to use them.

The lesson is clear: any consumer product that is successful must be simple. The pocket calculators that solve known problems (arithmetic) are successful. The pocket calculators that solve unknown or unrecognized problems are failures.

The facts of life are even more severe for computers sold to the consumer market. The final economic law succinctly summarizes the fickle buyer's attitude:

6. The color, shape and size of a personal computer are often more important to a buyer than what is inside of it.

Once the personal computer system overcomes all other economic obstacles, it must be packaged and maintained by a reputable service organization. This means that all unnecessary buttons, switches and knobs must be eliminated. The manuals must reduce jargon and the software must be tailored to a particular industry.

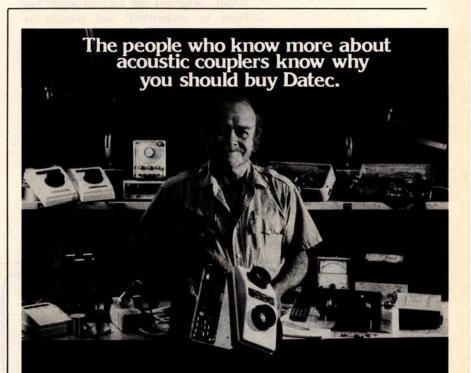
The WH89 system by Heath, the C4P by OSI, the Apple II, the Commodore PET and the Radio Shack TRS-80 are all vivid examples of packaging in the personal computer hobby market. Datapoint, Wangco, and Basic-Four demonstrate the law with tailored software packages for small businesses.

Service fills the gap between the user's knowledge and the personal computer's lack of capability. Service rescues the user when the personal computer cannot repair itself. It is service that counts when the manuals do a poor job of explaining a feature of the system. Finally, service is performed by humans, and so far, humans understand other humans better than they understand a machine.

We can now turn to some interesting examples that lead to the final laws of personal computing. In particular, these laws affect the majority of computer experts engaged in applications implementation.

Implications of Interactiveness

The first law of personal computing equates "interactiveness" with "personalness." That is, in order to achieve a high degree of interactive computing, the personal computers of the future must be oriented toward languages and systems with a high degree of interpretation. Compiler languages, for example, have been shown to



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require from three to ten times as much effort in implementing a given program as an interpreter would require.

It is little wonder that BASIC has achieved the title "language of the masses." It is a simple interpretive language, easy to implement on a modest processor. Unfortunately, it is extremely inappropriate for major applications requiring typical business data processing.

7. BASIC is to personal computing as sign language is to English.

BASIC programs are easy to write, but difficult to understand, and provide inadequate control of a personal computer system. Few dialects of BASIC permit indentation, structuring, comments (without memory penalty), or error control and recovery. Here are a few objections to BASIC as a serious, professional implementation language.

- a. Poor error recovery facilities, eg: the application program must be capable of detecting file access errors, etc, and then calling an exception handling routine.
- b. No dynamic overlapping or memory mapping of programs too large to fit in main memory.
- c. Restricted data structures, eg: no pro-

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visions for linked lists, trees, dynamic memory allocation for data, mixed data types.

- d. Limited user prompting, eg: forms handling, cursor control, scrolling and audio signals are lacking.
- e. Inadequate software security and protection, eg: no file security locks, interlock mechanisms for shared files, or source code shielding.
- f. Slow execution due to poor interpretation.
- g. Inadequate primitives for standard data processing, eg: no sorting, file access constructs, forms handling for report generation, or communications access constructs.

In short, BASIC is useful in the development of small programs for unsophisticated applications, or for programs that will be thrown away rather than modified.

The area of system control is no better off than the system languages area of personal computing. At least BASIC is partially standardized and widely known. Operating systems, on the other hand, have no consistent basis to begin with. Indeed, we question the utility of an operating system in interactive computing. This is pointed out in the eighth law:

8. An operating system is a feeble attempt to include what was overlooked in the design of a programming language.

This heretical notion is fully obvious in systems employing interpretive BASIC to the hilt. The Wangco, Tektronix 4051, and similar small scale interpretive BASIC systems have no visible operating system. All commands normally associated in traditional operating systems are put into extended BASIC in these personal computers. In general, interpretive systems (and thus interactive systems) have no need for an operating system.

In future personal computers, it is likely that a network of loosely coupled processors will communicate data and programs to one another. In such a network concurrent processes will be allowed and will often compete for limited resources. In this situation the synchronizing primitives of today's operating systems will migrate to hardware (or firmware) and not be of concern to the language interpreter.

The Ultimate Laws

We have covered the motivations for personal computing and have stated eight laws along the way. In the final analysis we can derive two ultimate laws of computing used (knowingly or otherwise) by computer

manufacturers:

9. The ultimate personal computer is a robot: the goal of personal computing is to reduce the differences between humans and computers.

In effect we are striving to make personal computers do what people can do, but faster, more accurately, and cheaper. We seek a partnership with personal computers akin to the symbiosis between humans and household pets.

A faster personal computer allows us to process census information in two or three years instead of 15 years. Speed is essential in a lunar landing, and so is accuracy. An air traffic control computer is much more accurate than a human operator. The result is safer air transportation for people.

10. Knowledge is power: information is the fabric of knowledge; the controller of information wields power.

While personal computers are fast, accurate and cheap, they also cause high speed propagation of errors, speed of light crime, and sometimes loss of life when they fail.

Politicians are able to push a button and disseminate campaign propaganda to the millions. Factories can replace entire vocations by automating production. Financial institutions are at the mercy of their data processing centers.

The laws of personal computing are not only important to computer scientists, but also to society as a whole. Perhaps there is a place today for the futurist, the philosopher of computer science.



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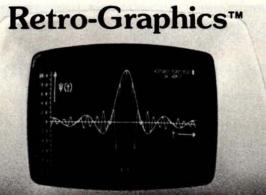
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BYTE's Bits

Trees

Guy L Steele Jr, MIT Artificial Intelligence Lab, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge MA 02139

> I think that I shall never see A matrix lovely as a tree. Trees are fifty times as fun As structures a la PL/I (Which Dijkstra claims are too baroque). And SNOBOL's strings just can't compare With all the leaves a tree may bear, And COMIT strings are just a joke. Vectors, tuples too, are nice, But haven't the impressive flair Of trees to which a LISP is heir. A LISPer's life is paradise!

Many people think that JOSS And others, too, are strictly boss; And there are many BASIC fans Who think their favorite language spans All that would a user please. Compared to LISP they're all a loss, For none of them gives all the ease With which a LISP builds moby trees.

RPG is just a nurd

(As you no doubt have often heard); The record layouts are absurd, And numbers packed in decimal form Will never fit a base-two word Without a veritable storm Of gross conversions fro and to With them arithmetic to do. And one must allocate the field Correct arithmetic to vield And decimal places represent Truncation loss to circumvent: Thus RPG is second-rate. In LISP one needn't allocate (That boon alone is heaven-sent!) The scheme is sheer simplicity: A number's just another tree. When numbers threaten overflow LISP makes the number tree to grow, Extending its significance With classic tree-like elegance. A LISP can generate reports, Create a file, do chains and sorts; But one thing you will never see Is moby trees in RPG.

One thing the average language lacks Is programmed use of push-down stacks. But LISP provides this feature free: A stack — you guessed it — is a tree. An empty stack is simply NIL. In order, then, the stack to fill A CONS will push things on the top; To empty it, a CDR will Behave exactly like a pop. A simple CAR will get you back The last thing you pushed on the stack; An empty stack's detectable By testing with the function NULL. Thus even should a LISPer lose With PROGs and GOs, RETURNs and DOs, He need his mind not overtax To implement recursive hacks: He'll utilize this clever ruse Of using trees as moby stacks. Some claim this method is too slow Because it uses CONS so much And thus requires the GC touch; It has one big advantage, though: You needn't fear for overflow. Since LISP allows its trees to grow, Stacks can to any limits go.

COBOL input is a shame: The implementors play a game That no two versions are the same. And rocky is the FORTRAN road One's alpha input to decode: The FORMAT statement is to blame, But on the user falls the load. And FOCAL input's just a farce; But all LISP input comes pre-parsed! (The input reader gets its fame By getting storage for each node From lists of free words scattered sparse. Its parses all the input strings With aid of mystic mutterings; From dots and strange parentheses, From zeros, sevens, A's and Z's, Constructs, with magic reckonings, The pointers needed for its trees. It builds the trees with complex code With rubout processing bestowed; When typing errors do forebode The rubout makes recovery tame, And losers then will oft exclaim Their sanity to LISP is owed -To help these losers is LISP's aim.)

The flow-control of APL And OS data sets as well Are best described as tortured hell. For LISPers everything's a breeze; They neatly output all their trees With format-free parentheses And see their program logic best By how their lovely parens nest. While others are by GOs possessed, And WHILE-DO, CASE, and all the rest, The LISPing hackers will prefer With COND their programs to invest And let their functions all recur When searching trees in maddened quest.

Expanding records of fixed size Will quickly programs paralyze. Though ISAM claims to be so wise In allocating overflow, Its data handling is too slow And finding it takes many tries. But any fool can plainly see Inherent flexibility In data structured as a tree.

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When all their efforts have gone sour To swell fixed records, losers glower. But list reclaimers hour by hour By setting all the garbage free Yield CONSequent capacity: Thus trees indefinitely flower. (And trees run on atomic power!)

To men of sensibility The lesson here is plain to see: Arrays are used by clods like me, But only LISP can make a tree.

- The Great Quux (with apologies to Joyce Kilmer) ©Copyright 1973 Guy L Steele Jr All rights reserved.

How this poem came to be printed Notes by C Helmers

The above parody was found on the MIT Artificial Intelligence Laboratory's computer during a recent (July 3) visit made to Henry Baker at the University of Rochester Computer Science Department. Its content reflects the LISP orientation of our August 1979 issue, and in a humorous way summarizes the true artificial intelligence hacker's point of view about LISP as a tool.

Henry dug up an electronic view of the poem on the computer and communicated by that means my desire to make it more widely available. The poem's author, it turns out, is Guy Steele, who is presently connected with the MIT Artificial Intelligence Laboratory. I had in fact spent some time talking with Guy on a previous occasion, not knowing anything at all about his penchant for poetic parody. The poem was written in 1973.

One of Guy's major technical accomplishments to date is his recent student project at MIT: design and implementation of a LISP-machine chip in silicon.

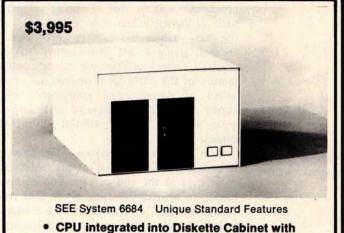
In his letter accompanying the poem, Guy points out that probably the most obscure piece of jargon is the word "moby" used as an adjective. The etymology is a reference to Melville's whale, Moby-Dick. Thus a "moby tree" is a tree which is figuratively as large as a whale, or gigantic. Most of the other terminology referring to LISP is covered in recent BYTE issues; the references to other languages such as JOSS, RPG, FOR-TRAN, FOCAL, APL, the OS operating system of IBM, etc are best left undefined for the purposes of the poem.

The import of the communications network as a tool for individual computer users is signified by the practical example provided in this poem's arrangement for use in BYTE. The file containing "Trees" was publicly available to any person signing onto the MIT-AI computer. Henry Baker in particular was able to sign onto the computer from his usual location in Rochester, NY via the Arpanet, an electronic network connecting many research computers. Henry then left a "mail" message via the network for Guy at Stanford, California, where Guy was spending the summer. Guy then got in touch with me at my office by phone (also electronic). The arrangement was concluded with transmission of a physical copy to BYTE via the postal service.

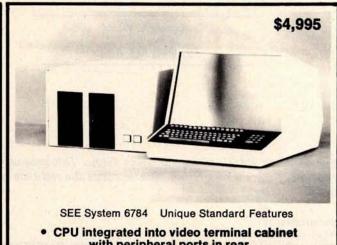
Readers of BYTE who own personal computers with an RS-232 interface will soon be able to sign up for private services equivalent to the electronic mail functions used by Henry and Guy in arranging this over the Arpanet. At least 2 different companies now offer (see recent advertisements) private off-hours timesharing and networking services at relatively low rates. These are typically billed via Master Charge and VISA. One of these services, Telecommunications Corporation of America, promises to offer a nationwide users' directory of identification numbers for its users, analogous to a phone directory. This arrival of individual-oriented digital communications-oriented networks will probably mark one of the great milestones of personal computing.

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Space Game

Loring C White 26 Boswell Rd Reading MA 01867

Listing 1: Altair BASIC listing for Space Game. This program allows data entry without the use of a return. This increases the real-time appearance of the game.

10 PRINTCHRS(26) 20 Y5=5:GOSUB670 30 PRINT YOU HAVE BEEN ASKED TO GO ON A MISSION TO DESTROY FIVE" 40 PRINT" ENEMY CRAFT THAT THREATEN THE GALAXY 50 PRINT YOU MUST POSITION YOUR CRAFT SO THAT THE ENEMY " 60 PRINT"IS IN POSITION IN THE CENTER OF YOUR GUN SIGHT IN ORDER" 70 PRINT TO DESTROY THE ENEMY SPACECRAFT. 80 PRINT "THE AIMING IS DONE AS FOLLOWS: " 90 PRINT"HIT A 'U' FOR UP MOTION" 100 PRINT"HIT A 'D' FOR DOWN. MOTION" 110 PRINT"HIT A 'L' FOR LEFT MOTION" 120 PRINT"HIT A 'R' FOR RIGHT MOTION" 130 PRINT"HIT A 'F' TO FIRE ROCKETS" 140 PRINT"HIT A 'CONTROL C' TO ABORT THE MISSION (CHICKEN OUT!)" 150 PRINT*THE ENEMY RETURN FIRE WILL GRADUALLY DESTROY YOUR AIMING 160 PRINT ABILITY !!!!! SO DON'T DELAY !!!! 170 FORN=0TO15000:NEXT 180 INPUT*TYPE 'N' FOR NOVICE PILOT; 'E' EXPERIENCED; 'A' FOR 'ACE'*; VS 190 IFV\$="E"THENV8=150 200 IFV\$="N"THENV8=300 210 IFV\$="A"THENV8=75 220 PRINTCHR\$(26) 230 Y5=10:X5=10:GOSUB670 240 PRINT" GOOD LUCK ON YOUR MISSION ... ON INTO BATTLE !!! 250 FORN=0T01000:NEXT 260 POKE3758, 18: POKE4031, 18 270 D2=1:D1=1:PRINTCHR\$(26) 280 GOSUB1140 290 Y5=6:X5=0:GOSUB670:GOSUB500 300 Y5=INT(10*RND(1)+7) 310 X5=INT(20*RND(1)+21) 320 GOSUB670 330 GOSUB640 340 GOSUB690 350 GOSUB1080 360 IF(INP(16)AND1)=0THEN350 370 D=(INP(17)AND127) 380 GOSUB670 390 1FD=76THENX5=X5+1 400 1FD=82THENX5=X5-1 410 IFD=85THENY5=Y5+1 420 IFD=68THENY5=Y5-1 430 IFD=70THEN710 440 IFD=3THEN490 450 GOSUB1050 460 GOSUB670 470 GOSUB640 480 GOTO340 490 POKE3758, 16: POKE4031, 16: END

Listing 1 continued on page 198

If you don't have analog graphics capability but do have an 8080 computer with a video display such as the ADM-3A, you may find this program a real challenge.

For the past year or so I have been using the ADM-3A video monitor for running programs written for Teletype display, such as the early *Star Trek* games. Most of the new games are written with cursor control, giving a vast improvement to the display. When I utilized the cursor control feature of the ADM-3A it opened up a new world of programming enjoyment; with cursor control it is possible to write various areas on the screen without disturbing others.

For example, in business programming it is desirable to preserve various tables and enter data at the end of each line without having to rewrite the table every time new data is written. In card games such as blackjack, it is convenient to print out the various cards in a line from left to right and hold the display while other cards are being written on another part of the screen. This type of display is possible only with a terminal having cursor control. Most of the programs I have rewritten are much more pleasing in the cursor control format.

The program in listing 1 features capabilities not found in many of the space war games available commercially. It does not require a graphics or analog display terminal. In order to realize the full capabilities of the game it is necessary to have a 24 line by 80 character video monitor set for 9600 bps or faster, with a BASIC speaking computer. My system runs in MITS Altair, 16 K Extended BASIC, and the program itself will run in less than 4 K bytes of memory. MITS Altair 8 K Revision 3.2 BASIC can also be used and the program revisions are discussed below.

Program Features

Some of the features of the program are:

- The enemy craft takes evasive action during the run.
- There are three levels of difficulty: novice pilot, experienced pilot and ace.
- Final performance classification is displayed after each mission.
- Based on the skill of the pilot, the computer adjusts the degree of difficulty accordingly. Thus a novice can advance to experienced or ace by achieving a 75 percent record or better over a set time. Likewise a poor performance results in a down-



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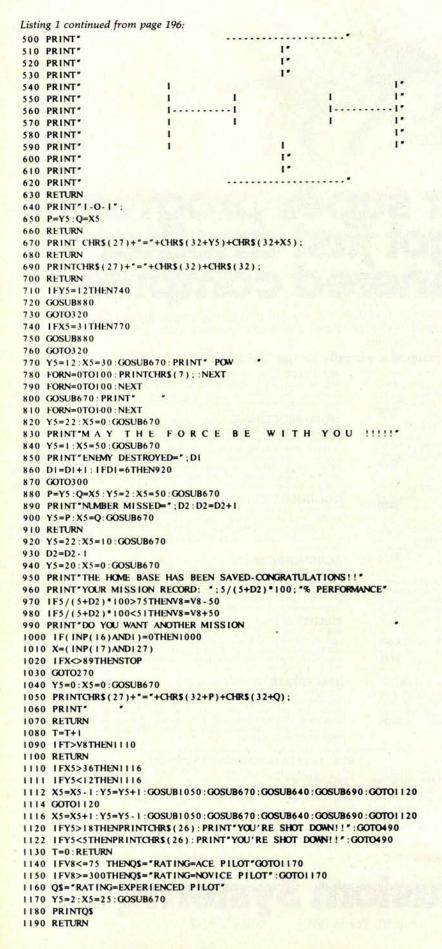
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grade in classification and a resulting slower evasive action taken by the enemy. Performance record is based on the number of enemy craft destroyed to the number of misses.

• During the mission the enemy craft gradually destroys the pilot's capability to aim rockets, and thus time becomes an important factor.

Program Description

At the start of the program the instructions are listed and you are asked to classify yourself in accordance with your capabilities. At this point it is best to start off with the novice classification by typing an N. If you show promise you will be upgraded as each mission is accomplished, and can advance to ace with some practice and concentration. It should be mentioned however, that no matter how good you think you are, the computer can and will speed up enemy evasive action and it will become more and more difficult to complete the mission with good results. If the enemy craft is allowed to maneuver too far off the display you will be shot down and the game will be over.

One of the features of the game is pilot data entry without use of the return key. This was programmed by using the INP function of Altair BASIC. It is possible to maneuver the plane by just hitting one key, such as the U key, for upward motion. In order to get reliable performance of the computer with the INP function it is necessary to disable the control C function of Altair BASIC. The control C is normally used for aborting program execution and returning to command mode. The control C function is temporarily disabled in Altair 16 K BASIC Revision 4.0 by poking decimal addresses 3758 and 4031 to an unused port (port 18 on my system). The program is set up for the MITS, 2SIO board with the video monitor located at port number 16. If you have your monitor at another port, it is necessary to change lines 260, 360, 370, 490, 1000 and 1010. For example, if you have a video monitor at port 0 then change:

Line 360 to IF(INP(0)AND1)=0 THEN350 Line 370 to D=(INP(1)AND127).

These changes assume that your status and data ports are 0 and 1 respectively. Also change lines 1000 and 1010 in the same way. For those of you who wish to run the program with Altair, 8 K BASIC, Revision 3.2 you may change the control C disable routine as follows: Line 260 POKE1422,18:POKE1514,18 Line 490 POKE1422,16:POKE1514,16

where 18 is an unused port and 16 is the video status port. Line 490 restores the Altair BASIC control C feature, and line number 260 aborts the control C, permitting pilot control direct from the keyboard without use of the carriage return key. If you enjoy programming, try this on your *Star Trek* program to eliminate the need to use the return key.

Running the Game

After typing RUN, the instructions are clearly listed and time is allowed for the average reader to absorb the mechanics of the game. You are then asked what level of competence you have as a pilot. After you type in the appropriate response and hit a carriage return, the board is displayed and the enemy craft is randomly positioned in range of the gun sight. You are allowed a reasonable time to maneuver your craft (not the enemy) to where the enemy plane is in a more central position within the gun sight, but if you delay too long or fumble, the enemy will take evasive action and it will be necessary to reposition your gun sight.

Once the plane is positioned in the exact center of the gun sight you must fire the rocket by hitting the F key. If this can be done before the plane moves out of line you will have done the job and the appropriate score will be entered in the upper righthand corner of the screen. If you fire before the plane is centrally located, a miss is recorded.

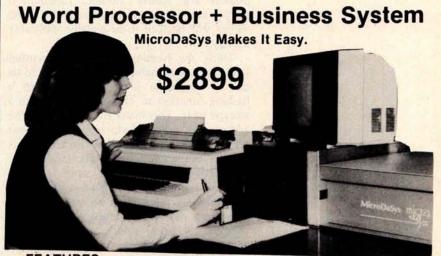
Your score and rating are adjusted appropriately after each mission (five craft must be shot down). By achieving a 75 percent or better record you can increase your rating by 50 points and eventually advance to the next higher rating. The next rating also changes the degree of evasive action taken by the enemy and hence grows with the pilot's competence. In like manner, if you fail to complete your mission, your rating will be lowered and the game will become easier, in keeping with your ability as a pilot. You will be demoted only if the number of misses exceeds the number of craft shot down.

Using Other Video Monitors

For those readers who have other types of (cursor controlled) video monitors it will be necessary to change lines 670 and 690. Line 690 homes the cursor to the upper left corner of the display and whatever procedure is appropriate to do this on your monitor may be substituted for this subroutine. Line 670 positions the cursor at the X,Y location desired for the particular printout desired. The Y position is the variable Y5 and the X position is X5.

For example, if you want to position the printout at the exact center of the screen (24 lines by 80 characters) then Y5 is set to 12 and X5 is set to 40. Cursor control programming involves only the additional information of where to print just before the PRINT statement is issued. By using a subroutine to locate the cursor for each print statement, you avoid having to rewrite the location for every printout. In this particular program we call a subroutine at line 670 after specifying Y5 and X5. In some cases the cursor should remember where it was on a previous printout, and in that case I set the variables P and Q to the original Y and X locations for storage (see line 650).

If you haven't tried a terminal having cursor control you are missing a lot. Try this game and you may be tempted to convert some of your old business or game programs using the above techniques.



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Easy to Use Hashing Function

Don Kinzer 3885 NW Columbia Ave Portland OR 97229

Hashing, or scatter storage, is a well known and widely used technique for handling lists. Perhaps the most common usage is in assemblers and compilers where it greatly speeds the handling of symbols. This article briefly discusses the merits and drawbacks of hashing relative to other sorting and searching techniques and presents an easy to use hashing function implemented on a 6800 microprocessor.

The concept of hash tables first appeared in the literature around 1953 but it is generally accepted that hashing was used prior to that. Other names given to the same process are scatter storage, randomized storage and key transformation table. These names will be seen to be equally applicable shortly.

Using the hashing technique, a symbol (collection of alphanumeric characters) to be put in the table is processed through a hashing function to obtain an index into a storage table. This index is then used for the address of a potential storage space for that symbol. We say potential because it is possible that some other symbol could have previously hashed to the same location. Such an occurrence is called a collision and the current symbol must be reprocessed to generate a new table address which is again checked for being empty and so on until an opening is found.

When it is necessary to look up the value of a symbol a process similar to that above is performed. The symbol is processed through the same hashing function as before. Next the address is checked to make sure that it is not empty. If it is empty, the symbol is undefined. Now that we know a symbol is stored there, we must then check to see that it matches the symbol we are looking for because this may be a collision. If the symbols do not match, we have to rehash just as before until we find the symbol or an empty location.

It is possible, with a given set of symbols, a given hashing function and a specified table length, that trying to insert a particular symbol into the table will result in an infinite number of collisions indicating no empty spaces even though the table is not full. By the same token another symbol may take many attempts before being finally inserted.

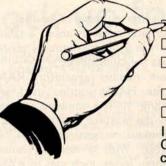
It should be quite obvious that the ideal case would be an infinitely long table space. However, a real world compromise dictates that we "waste" a percentage of the table to keep the number of rehashes low. The trade-off is very evident. The lower the percentage of table utilization, the lower will be the number of collisions. As the percentage of table utilization increases, so will the number of collisions. Furthermore, the number of collisions, and therefore the number of rehashes, directly affects execution time. It's the old memory size versus speed trade-off once again. In practice, a reasonable compromise is to shoot for 50 to 80 percent table utilization and to determine the hash count (number of rehashes allowed) empirically. If the hash count is exceeded on a symbol insertion operation, the table is declared full, but on a symbol retrieval operation the symbol is declared undefined.

When the table size and hashing function are selected appropriately, the average number of hashes is generally less than $log_2 n$ where n is the number of symbols in the table. Compare this to a linear search which averages n/2 comparisons. An average assembly language program will contain about 100 labels and symbols. Hashing would average about seven collisions while a linear list would require about 50 comparisons on the average.

The crux of the hashing matter is finding a good hashing function which will minimize collisions. The procedure for this usually involves some complex mathematical analysis based on the characters expected in the symbols and their relative frequency of occurrence. The optimum hash function generally ends up being division by certain prime numbers or some other equally awkward scheme (for a microprocessor).

As an alternative to this, I offer an empirically determined hashing function that works well within the confines of an assembler. The reason for using it, however, was logically derived and goes something

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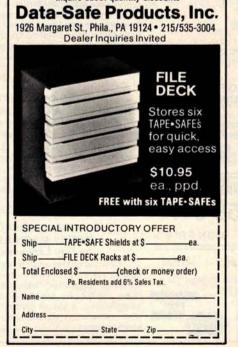
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the calling routine needs to check if the symbol matches that at the table address. If they do not match and the location is not empty, REHASH until the hash count limit is exceeded or an empty location is found whereupon the symbol is declared to be undefined. Note that it will take exactly the same number of attempts to find a symbol as it did to put it in the table to begin with.

This has by no means been a thorough treatment of the subject of hashing but only an attempt to pass on something which works rather well in my experience. The interested reader is encouraged to do further research into the topics mentioned here.

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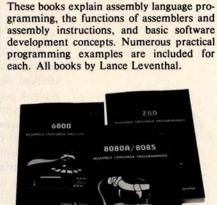
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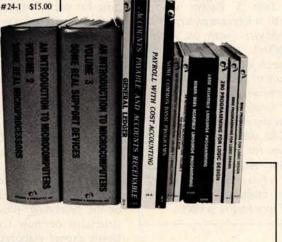
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Budget Building on a Bare Board

Dan S Parker 1007 3rd St #3 Davis CA 95616

For the experimenter with an eye toward saving a little money or who has a wellstocked parts cabinet, the thought of buying a blank computer board can be very appealing. It is now possible to assemble an entire S-100 computer system using your own parts and commercially designed printed circuit boards which are offered with complete documentation but with no parts. Table 1 indicates how this could be done. Even if you would rather assemble an SS-50 (6800 processor) system, read on anyway since much of what is said will apply to bare boards for those systems too (even though the selection of bare 6800 based computer boards is somewhat limited at present). Savings sometimes reach as much as 30 to 50 percent over the purchase price of a kit or an assembled board if parts are purchased carefully and only as needed. Three companies, Cybercom, Solid State Music (now SSM) and Ithaca Audio, offer low cost bare printed circuit boards for S-100 experimenters who are willing to do a little shopping for parts bargains and still have a professionally designed system.

I would like to summarize a few of my experiences assembling bare computer boards. It can be a rewarding endeavor if a few minor pitfalls are avoided.

Documentation and Software

Have you ever tried to assemble a circuit board with no parts layout, schematic, silk screen mask, or other documentation? Of course it would be impossible. All blank boards come with some form of documentation as just mentioned. Normally it consists of the preceding, plus a sheet or two of instructions on how to assemble the board. Don't expect elaborate and expensive manuals with your board. My experience has been that the documentation included with most bare boards is adequate for those who have already assembled one or more kits and who have the basic skills.

Many companies also offer the documentation packages for their boards as separate packages, usually priced at a dollar or so to cover printing and mailing costs. If you're really interested in a board, this is a very good investment. Always ask if the documentation can be had separately-this isn't always advertised.

Some types of computer cards demand that software support be provided. Foremost among these are video display and modem boards, which usually require a driver program to communicate with the interface. All such bare boards that I've seen offered include such software, although usually only in a hard copy source form which must be relocated or loaded in by hand.

About the Table

Table 1 lists some of the bare S-100 compatible boards on the market today. A few words are in order concerning the bare board tabulation. Many companies act as distributors for boards produced by other manufacturers. The table attempts to list only the main or representative distributor of the product. Prices can change rapidly, and different dealers may offer the same board for varying prices. A very handy address reference to these companies and a listing of hobby computer products which contains many of the boards listed in table 1 can be had by sending a business size, self-addresed, stamped envelope to S-100 Reference List, c/o Robert Elliott Purser, POB 466, El Dorado CA 95623.

Dealer Liability and Warranty

Almost without exception, you take a risk in purchasing a blank board if something goes wrong. The same is true of buying a complete kit. The adage "you get what you pay for" is certainly true in the bare board business. Dealer liability is limited to the replacement of the board if it proves defective. Any parts, such as sockets, that can't be salvaged if the board proves defective in design or manufacture are the burden the buyer must accept. Be sure you understand the limits of the warranty that the dealer offers. Also keep in mind that the dealer has no control over the quality of parts with which you choose to populate your board nor the care you take in its assembly. As a result, he or she is much less likely to provide extensive support or advice. I much prefer purchasing bare boards from companies that also offer kits and assembled versions of the same board.

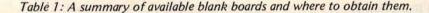
Buying Parts

Purchasing parts for a blank board can be a real education. Assuming a parts list is in hand, it is a small chore to look through the prices in the advertisements, choosing which parts to order from which company. Limit yourself to purchases from no more than two or three companies if you can. If you've

About the Author

Dan S Parker works with microcomputers as a hobbyist (with an Altair 8800a), and in his research works as a doctoral student in the Physics Department of the University of California at Davis. He has developed a disk based 8080 data acquisition system for on and off line data retrieval and plotting of cryogenic experiments on magnetic phenomena of rare earth crystals. had trouble or have heard of others having trouble locating a part, call the company that lists that part in their catalog and ask for a stock check. It's nice to do business with a company that has a toll free telephone number.

Often you can save money on parts and increase your spare parts supply at the same time, Pull-up resistors and bypass capacitors are two items that are needed in quantity. For example, I recently finished a board that needed 40 4.7 K ohm resistors, which were priced at 5ϕ each for a total of \$2. But the same company offered a package of 100 resistors of any one value for 1.7 cents each, totalling \$1.70. It doesn't take much to figure out the better deal. The disk ceramic capacitor often used for noise bypass on



32	Description	Bare	Partial	Company	Comments
Programmable Memory Boards	32 K static #300 (8 K) 8 K 8 K MB-4 (4 K) MB-6A (8 K) MB-7 (16 K) MEMI (8 K) 8 K 16 KDR 8 K 16 K LOGOS-1 (8 K) 32 K	\$38.00 22.50 29.95 25.00 29.95 29.95 25.95 25.95 25.00 35.00 29.95 35.00 21.95 59.95 29.00	88.00 99.95	F Reichert Sales Electronic Systems Digital Research (Texas) Jade Cybercom Cybercom Gybercom Uthaca Audio Ithaca Audio Ithaca Audio Barnes Electronics Digital Micro Systems Advanced Computer Products Advanced Computer Products Duston	16 K and 64 K dynamic
Processor Boards	8080A 8080A 8080A 2-80 2-80 CPZ80 6800 6502	34.95 30.00 25.95 35.00 34.95 35.00 30.00 39.95		Advanced Computer Products Jade Wameco Jade Advanced Computer Products Ithaca Audio MRS CGRS Microtech	
Input/Output	MFIO-1 TIDMA 80-103A IO-2 IO-4 IA-1100 VB-1B SCT-100 Master I/O Tarbell	49.95 35.00 49.95 25.00 25.00 29.95 47.50 40.00	95.00	MSD Electronic Systems DC Hayes Cybercom Cybercom Ithaca Audio Cybercom Xitex Corp Space Time Products Tarbell Electronics	Multi-I/O Cassette I/O Modem Parallel I/O Serial and Parallel 64 by 16 Video 64 by 16 Video 64 by 16 Video and Parallel port Serial, Parallel, Programmable and Read Only Memory Disk Controller
Read Only Memory	16 K JG 8/16 EPM-1 EP 16 K 4 K Bytesaver Byteuser MB-3 MB-8 MB-9 32K	30.00 30.00 25.00 29.95 24.95 30.00	57.50 59.95 136.00 64.95 64.95 84.95 72.00	Digital Research (Texas) Jade Wameco Ithaca Audio Barnes Electronics Cromemco Advanced Computer Products Cybercom Cybercom Cybercom Wameco	2708s 2708/2716s 4 K 1702As 2708/2716s 8 K 2708s 8 K 2708s 2 K/4 K 1702As 8 K/16K 2708s memory Also programmable 2708/2716s
Mother Board	13 slot 15 slot 11 slot 20 slot 18 slot 12 slot	35.00 40.00 29.50 29.95 35.00	76.00	Jade Cybercom Vector Electronic Thinkertoys California Industrial Wameco	Active terminations Active terminations Active terminations Active terminations
Miscellaneous	Better Bug Trap Real Time Clock CompuTime CT100 S-4 Front Panel Digital/Analog Buss Terminator	30.00 80.00 34.00 21.95	45.00 20.00	Micronics Wameco CompuTime Sargents Distributors Pinnacle Products VAMP	I/O and read only memory

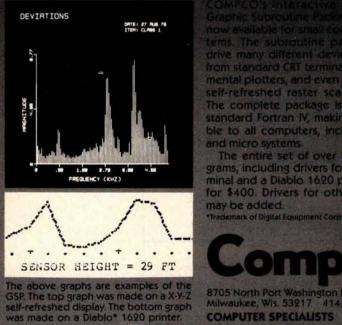
memory boards is another item that is sometimes more cheaply purchased in bulk, especially the 0.1 and 0.01 μ F varieties. 14 and 16 pin socket prices really start to drop if you buy in slightly larger quantities, too.

One rule of thumb holds true: it only takes one back ordered or hard to find part to keep your board inoperable. A catalog listing of a part does not necessarily indicate that that company has those parts.

Why Companies Sell Blank Boards

You might think that a company marketing bare boards as well as kits and assembled units would be competing against itself, particularly since you can almost always save money over the kit price by purchasing your own parts separately. Volume and exposure seem to be the two big reasons. First, circuit boards, like everything else, are cheaper in larger production runs. Selling off the extra boards for a proven product reaches the additional market of do-it-yourself computerists who like to go to the extra trouble of purchasing parts separately for the promise of saving a few dollars. Secondly, marketing the bare board doesn't increase the support demand at nearly the rate that support must be provided to the kit or assembled board purchaser. Finally, for some types of boards,

Interactive Computer Graphics Software. For Microsoft and DEC* Fortran



drive many different de mental plotters, and even high sp self-refreshed raster scan displa The complete package is written in standard Fortran IV, making it portable to all computers, including mini-

The entire set of over 20 subprograms, including drivers for a CRT ter-minal and a Diablo 1620 printer, sells for \$400. Drivers for other devices

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exposure can be increased dramatically by offering the board blank. A case in point is the D C Haves modem board listed in Table 1. Offering it bare significantly increases the number of people who have the board. Wide customer acceptance and use is what communications and computer interface standards are all about.

A Few Final Dos and Don'ts

Never undertake the project of populating a bare board without first obtaining a copy of the parts list and pricing the needed parts. Write or call the company and ask for a parts list in advance of purchasing the board. A self-addressed, stamped envelope when requesting the list is a nice gesture.

Don't get caught on a special "secret" deal of blank boards being dumped on the market because one of the chips it used is no longer available, or has become prohibitively expensive, or the board needs extensive foil cutting and jumpers to work. Buy bare boards as you would a kit or completed board: only from a reputable company.

Many companies offer "partial kits" which consist of the bare board and especially hard to find components, or, in the case of memory boards, 16 K byte and 32 K byte boards with only a partial complement of memory on them. Table 1 includes a column of some boards that are presently offered as partial kits. Plan ahead so that the parts will be there when you need them, and substitute parts sparingly. Don't buy more blank boards than you need right away, hoping to store the extras away for a rainy day. The market is changing too quickly. Most of the boards listed in table 1 have appeared within the last year. As an example, I purchased extra 4 K byte and 8 K blank memory boards over a year ago with the idea of slowly populating them with 2102 memory chips. The boards still sit gathering dust, obsoleted by the newer 16 K byte boards, and higher density, lower power, lower cost per bit memory chips. It's not cost effective to populate my old boards anymore.

Buying and populating blank boards can be a significant money saver. I figure that, having populated about a dozen bare boards in the past two years, my savings have equalled at least the price of a fully populated 16 K byte memory board, if not more. In almost all cases, I would never have been able to afford the cash outlay for such a board if it were only offered as a kit or fully assembled. Spend a little time considering the above, and you'll be generously rewarded in savings on your board purchase. For more information about the companies in table 1, contact me or your local computer store.

Circle 53 on inquiry card.

BYTE's Bugs

Pseudorandom Errors

A typographical error occurred in 2 program listings in the article "Three Types of Pseudorandom Sequences" by C Brain Honess in the June 1979 BYTE, page 234. In listing 1 on page 236, line 150 should have been:

150 LET A = N/10000.

In listing 2 on page 238, line 200 should have read as follows:

200 PRINT "DEGENERATION AFTER"; I; "NUMBERS."

A note on a BOMB card mailed from Greenville SC brought these errors to our attention.

Marsport Bugs Defeated

Dr Reimut Wette has informed us of several typographical errors which occurred in "Marsport, Here I Come" (April 1979 BYTE, page 84). The corrected segments of code for listing 1 are shown here circled.

024	*LBLA
025	STOI
026	*LBL0
027	GSBd
028	CF0
114 115 116 117 <u>118</u> <u>119</u> <u>120</u> 121 122 123 124	*LBLc -P Ri X=Y RI -P RI -P RIN *LBL4 7 X=I STO0

201	9
202 203	X STO7
204 205	STO7 GSBC
205	STO1
207 208	STO2 STO3
208	3103
Same in	Alarka and in
Grav	itational

Problems

Mr Hinrichs seems to have developed a much better than average planetary landing program ("Marsport, Here I Come," April 1979 BYTE). He is especially to be congratulated on his adaptation of the physics of celestial mechanics to a program on a programmable calculator! However, on page 100 he has made a common physics error in saying, "The attraction of gravity is exactly balanced by the centrifugal force at all times." The attraction of

gravity is not balanced by anything. In fact, if it were balanced at all times, it would not have any effect and there would be no orbit

- only straight line motion at constant speed. What Mr Hinrichs in his equations on page 104 implies is that the attraction of gravity interferes with the tendency of a body to maintain a constant speed and direction just enough to continuously change the direction (circular orbit) without changing the speed. This is true only for a circular orbit. In other cases, the unbalanced force of gravity can change speed as well as direction.

Fortunately this confusion between inertia and a force (called centrifugal) has no effect on the workings of what is an excellent program.

Robert Reiland RD #1 Portersville PA 16051



Clubs and Newsletters

DIRECTORY

The following is the third BYTE Clubs and Newsletters Directory. The directory was compiled from information supplied by the various clubs listed. A form was sent to all clubs and newsletters listed in the second directory requesting up-to-date information. If the form was not returned, we deleted the club from the third directory. In addition, the listing was correlated with back issues of the magazine and materials on file in the BYTE offices. If information is missing in one or more categories, it means the data was not provided. We will be keeping the file available and updating it for the next directory; so, if there are errors or if you have a new club which has just been formed, send the information to: Laura Hanson, Clubs and Newsletters Editor, BYTE Publications Inc, 70 Main St, Peterborough NH 03458.

The listings follow this form:

- 1. Name of organization
- 2. Mailing address
- 3. Meeting location
- 4. Meeting algorithm
- 5. Newsletter or publication
- 6. Contact person
- 7. Contact phone number
- 8. Dues or subscription fees
- 9. Special interests
- 10. Other comments

Clubs

Zips - 00000 - 10000

- 1. MUMPS Users Group
- 2. POB 208 Bedford MA 01730
- 3. 1978 Atlanta, 1979 San Diego, 1980 Cape Cod
- 4. Yearly in June
- 5. MUG Quaterly
- 6. R E Zapolin, Executive Director
- 7. (617) 271-2534
- 8. \$25 per year
- US Branch Exchange of information among users of ANSI Std MUMPS (and older dialects), offer tutorials and publications on MUMPS language.
- 10.ANSI MUMPS is used world-wide on maxis,

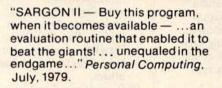
minis, microcomputers in medical, commercial and educational applications. A large number of public domain programs exist. A list of publications is available.

- 1. New England Computer Society
- 2. POB 198 Bedford MA 01730
- 3. Mitre Corp, Cafeteria, Rt 62, east of Rt 3, Bedford MA
- 4. First Wednesday of the month
- 5. NECS Newsletter
- 6. Dave Mitton, Secretary
- 7. (617) 493-3154 days
- \$6 per year
 User Groups in PET, APPLE, 6800, Digital Group, and TRS-80.
- 10. Computerized Bulletin Board System (CBBS), (617) 864-3819.
- 1. TRUGEM (TRS-80 Users Group of Eastern Massachusetts)
- 2. 61 Lake Shore Rd, Natick Ma 01760
- Cochituate MA (call or write first)
- Second Wednesday of each month at 7 PM
- 5. The TRUGEM Newsletter (monthly)
- 6. A Richard Miller, President

- 7. (617) 653-6136 (9 AM to 9 PM)
- \$10 per year local or remote. Send fees to: Ed Robinson, TRUGEM Treasurer, 11 Leighton Rd, Auburndale MA 02166.
- 9. TRS-80 hardware and software; peripherals from Radio Shack and independents; Programs Exchange Library (noncommercial); demonstrations and sales of commercial hardware and software encouraged.
- 10.Meeting monthly since January 1978. All TRS-80 users are invited to attend.
- 1. The Boston Computer Society
- 2. 17 Chestnut St, Boston MA 02108
- 3. Commonwealth School, 151 Commonwealth Ave, Boston
- 4. Fourth Wednesday of the month at 7 PM
- The BCS Update (an enormous publication with nation-wide industry exclusives and news of New England)
- 6. Jonathan Rotenberg
- 7. (617) 227-9178
- 8. \$10 per year (includes all subgroups)
- 9. User Groups: PET, Sorcerer, OSI and North Star. Subgroups: education, business applications, Pascal and beginner tutorials. Others on the way.
- 10.A complete resource center for the microcomputer industry which, in addition to running meetings and publishing a newsletter, publishes books, runs trade shows, other seminars and provides a free consulting and problem solution service by phone.
- 1. TRS-80 Club of Arlington.
- 2. 96 Dothan St, Arlington MA 02174
- 3. Same as above
- 4. Write for details
- Yes; send \$1 donation and 2 long, selfaddressed, stamped envelopes for 2 issues.

- 6. Poi Pow
- TRS-80 disk business software; library includes: data base management, word processor, inventory, mailing list, stock, accounting, etc.
- 10.Interested in good business software at lowest costs; we review business software written for the TRS-80. No games. We review new developments in software and hardware for the small business system.
- 1. RICH (Rhode Island Computer Hobbyists)
- 2. POB 599, Bristol RI 02809
- 3. Various locations around Providence
- 4. Third Tuesday of the months of March, April, May, June, September, October, November
- 5. Yes
- 6. Emilio D Iannuccillo
- 7. (401) 253-5450
- 8. \$3 per year
- 10.We are a small active group dedicated to keeping abreast of current technology, plus lending a hand to each other regarding hardware and software. We also give help and advice to new comers into the world of microprocessors.
- 1. Connecticut Computer Club
- c/o Leo Taylor, 18 Ridge Ct W, West Haven CT 06516.
- 3. Suffield Library, Suffield CT 06708
- 4. First Thursday of each month
- 5. Connecticut Computer Club Newsletter
- 6. Leo Taylor, Secretary
- 7. (203) 389-6551
- 8. 1980 dues \$6
- 10.We have 2 talks per meeting; generally one on software and one on hardware. The club does not specialize on any one machine. We have 65 members at the moment with a turn-out of about 40 per meeting. The club was featured in the first issue of onComputing magazine in an article by one of our members.

HAVDEN PROUDLY ANNOUNCES... SARGON II The Champ of Champs



Because new algorithms have been added, the program is able to: push passed pawns toward queening; play a stronger end game; and range into deeper play levels at end game without user direction. And, the computer displays the levels of play at which it is thinking and also shows the move it is currently thinking of making, changing the move shown until its final choice is made. **SARGON II** has 7 levels of play, and levels 0-3 play in tournament time. It has a randomized opening book up to 7 levels of play for 3 moves. When setting up the board, the user can scan up and down, left and right. And finally, you

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- MAYDAY
 CROSSBOW
- BATTER UP!!: A MICRO-
- BASEBALL GAME
- ENGINEEDING
- ENGINEERING MATH-1
- GENERAL MATH-1

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now - #03403, TRS-80 Level II;

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local computer

PET.

store

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publisher!

the computer

program tape

but 0 and request SARGON II to tell

what the best next move is. Available

- 1. Amateur Computer Group - New Jersey Inc
- 2. U.C.T.I. 1776 Raritan Rd, Scotch Plains NJ 07076
- 3. Union County Technical Insitute, Rutgers University, County College of Morris and Middlesex County College.
- 5. ACG-NJ News
- 6. Sol Libes or Marty Nichols
- 7. (201) 277-2063 or (201) 361-7180, respectively
- 8. \$8 per year
- 9. Have following User Groups: 8080/Z80; 6800; KIM; TRS-80; PET; Apple; and Pascal.
- 10.Run classes and have software libraries; publish annual membership directory; over 1000 members; annual "Trenton Computer Festival" held at the end of April with a 5 acre computer flea market. Chapters in Morris and Ocean counties.
- 1. Data Processing Club
- c/o Dennis M Lloyd Business Studies Division Gloucester County College, Tanyard Rd, Sewell NJ 08080
- 3. Same as above
- 6. Dennis M Lloyd
- 7. (609) 468-5000 Ext 242
- 8. \$5
- 9. All data processing areas.
- 10.We wish to expand data processing education outside of the classroom.

Zips - 10000 - 20000

- 1. Microcomputer Business Users Group
- 2. 161 W 75 St, New York NY 10023
- 3. Baruch College, Manhattan
- 4. Third Thursday of the month
- 5. BUG Newsletter
- 6. Dr Laird Whitehill
- 7. (212) 580-3589 (re:BUG)
- 8. No dues, subscription \$10 for '79
- 10.A group for vendors of software and users of software who are serious about using or vending microcomputers for business purposes. Guest lecturers and panel discussions concentrate on ap-

plication and system software evaluations, as well as such topics as how to develop and sell microcomputer software products. Group publishes a newsletter which keeps those who did not attend informed about meeting content and exact place of next meeting.

- 1. Long Island Computer Association
- 2. 35 Irene Ln E, Plainview NY 11803
- 3. New York Institute of Technology
- 4. Second Friday of the month for the 8080 subgroup; third Friday of the month for the regular meeting and subgroups
- 5. The Stack
- 6. Aileen Harrison
- 7. (516) 938-6769
- 8. \$10 per year
- 9. Pascal, 8080, 6800, PET, TRS-80, North Star, etc.
- 10.We meet the third Friday of the month with guest speakers, show and tell, hands-on demonstrations etc. We have many subgroups, and have 170 members.
- 1. Mohawk Valley Microcomputer Club
- 2. POB 331, RFD 1, W Carter Rd, Rome NY
- 13440
- 3. Varies
- 4. Third Tuesday of the month
- 5. Micros Along the Mohawk
- 6. Mike Troutman
- (315) 336-0986
 \$2 per year (includes
- newsletter) 9. Several special interest groups: 6800, 8080/Z80, and beginners.
- 10. Membership of approximately 100. Very high predominance of SwTP 6800 systems (=75% versus 25% for all others).
- 1. Apple Byter's Corps
- 2. 225 Walton Dr, Snyder NY 14226
- Buffalo Savings Bank, Sheridan-Harlem Branch, 3980 Sheridan Dr, Amherst NY 14226
- 4. Every third Friday at 7:30 PM
- 5. Monthly, no particular title

- 6. Gary Weir, President and typist
- 7. (716) 839-3486
- 8. \$10 per year
- Exchanging programs; helping new Apple II owners. We have begun a computer network and special interest groups in assembly language programming and computerassisted instruction programming. Newsletter enhancement is the current rage.
- 10.We are growing too quickly to settle on any firm objectives (as our numbers grow, so do our problems and potentials). We do want growth, but could use the help of well-established, similar groups.
- 1. Rochester Area Microcomputer Society (RAMS)
- 2. POB Drawer D, Rochester NY 14609
- 3. Rochester Institute of Technology Room 1030 Bldg 9
- 4. Second Thursday of each month
- 5. Memory Pages
- 6. Mike Ciaraldi
- 8. \$7.50 per year (1978-1979)
- URTH (University of Rochester FORTH), 6800/6809/68000 special interest group, and a Pascal interest group.
- 10.As a club, our largest problem is getting programs that most of the membership can run.
- 1. AM-100 Users Group
- 2. 616 Long Pond Rd, Rochester NY 14612
- Local meetings arranged by invitation.
 Newsletter for AM-100
- Users Group
- 6. Lefford F Lowden
- 7. (716) 227-0841
- 8. \$15 in US and Canada, \$36 International
- System software and user developed software; bugs and their fixes; programming techniques; and feedback among members.
- 10. Aimed at owners, users, and potential owners of the Alpha Microsystems AM-100 computer system.

- 1. Central Pennsylvania Computer Club
- 2. 3263 Bull Rd, York PA 17404
- 3. Varies, York-Lancaster area
- 4. Third Friday of even months, and the fourth Wednesday of odd months
- 5. Data Dump
- 6. Cletus Hunt III, York area Joseph Pallas, Lancaster area
- 7. (717) 764-4977, (717) 569-3137 respectively
- 8. Currently being reevaluated
- Many 6800 users, but no organized special interest group.
- Emphasis is on informal exchange of information among club members and display of members' computers.
- 1. Philadelphia Area Computer Society (PACS)
- 2. POB 1954, Philadelphia PA 19105
- 3. LaSalle College Science Building
- 4. Third Saturday of each month
- 5. The Data Bus (monthly)
- 6. Dick Moberg
- 7. (215) 923-3299
- 8. \$10 per year, \$5 for students
- Subgroups in the following areas: Apple; TRS-80; PET; Robotics; spaceflight simulation; and others. Courses in BASIC; Pascal; homebrewing; computers for kids; Selectric repair; and others.
- 10. Current membership is approximately 350. Average meeting attendance is over 100 people. Meetings consist of courses and subgroups followed by the main meeting at 2 PM. A mini flea market and mapping session follow the meeting. For more information call the PACS Hotline (215) 925-5264.

ZIPS 20000-30000

- 1. Washington Amateur Computer Society 2. 4201 Massachusette Au
- 4201 Massachusetts Ave, #168, Washington DC 20016

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SPI, the world's largest publisher of historical simulation games, wants you to subscribe to Strategy & **Tactics** — a fascinating and authoritative bi-monthly magazine of military history. Because we're confident that exposure to Strategy & Tactics and simulation gaming will be the beginning of a long-term customer and reader relationship with SPI, we'd like to give you a free, full-fledged simulation game to start you off (see description at right). Moreover, Strategy & Tactics itself has a simulation game in every issue (as a companion piece to its main article) so you'll get a new game as part of each issue in your subscription. Strategy & Tactics and SPI games are a fresh and exciting way to gain insights into the great conflicts of history. This offer is open only to brand new subscribers. Act now!



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Circle 331 on inquiry card.

- 3. First floor hall, Keane Hall, Catholic University of America
- 4. First Friday of the month at 7:30 PM
- 5. JWAC
- \$3.50 per year
 Organized to provide a forum for the computer hobbyist and student of computing science.
- 1. Amateur Radio Research and Development Corp (AMRAD)
- 2. 1524 Springvale Ave, McLean VA 22101
- Patrick Henry Branch Library, 101 Maple Ave E, Vienna VA 22180
- 4. First Monday of each month at 7:30 PM
- 5. AMRAD Newsletter
- 6. Paul L Rinaldo, President
- 7. (703) 356-8918
- Regular \$10; second in family \$5; full-time students \$2.
- Computers and amateur radio.
- 10.AMRAD operates a Computerized Bulletin Board System (CBBS) in the Washington, DC area. Phone No. (703)

281-2125.

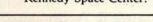
- Tidewater Computer Club
 677 Lord Dunmore Dr.
- Virginia Beach VA 23462 3. Electronic Computer Pro-
- gramming Institute, Janaf Office Building, Janaf Shopping Center
- 4. First and third Tuesday of each month 7:30 PM
- Hardcopy (quarterly)
 C Dawson Yeomans, President
- 7. (804) 420-6379
- 8. 50¢ per month
- A general interest in microprocessors. Club members own at least one of all major microprocessors. Subjects at meetings and special projects often are useful on many microprocessors.
- 10.Special interest classes precede each meeting at 6:30 PM. Special projects are conducted at times convenient to participants and are reported at meetings and in the *Newsletter*.
- 1. Triangle Amateur Computer Club

- 2. POB 17523, Raleigh NC 27514
- 3. Dreyfus Auditorium, Research Triangle Institute, Triangle Park NC
- 4. Last Sunday of the month
- The club is dedicated to the advancement of interest in amateur or personal computing.
- 1. Carolina Apple Core
- 2. 5212 Inglewood Ln, Raleigh NC 27609
- 3. Different locations
- 4. Third Tuesday of the
 - month
- 5. Yes
- 8. \$5 per year

Zips 30000-40000

- 1. Indian River Computer Society (IRCS)
- 2. c/o Florida Institute of Technology (Electrical Engineering Dept) Melbourne FL 32901
- 3. Florida Institute of Technology Campus
- 4. Meetings are held twice a month
- 6. Lee Zaretsky

- 7. (305) 723-3701 (Electrical Engineering Dept Extension)
- \$2 per 10-week quarter
 IRCS is dedicated to hobbyist microcomputers and their many applica-
- tions. 10. Although IRCS meetings are geared to fit into the quarter schedule of the university, it does not mean that members must be students. Anyone interested in microcomputers is invited to attend our meetings and join if they like what they see.
- 1. Space Coast Microcomputer Club
- 2. 315 Inlet Ave, Merritt Island FL 32952
- 3. Merritt Island Public Library Auditorium
- 4. Fourth Thursday of each month
- 5. Enterprise (monthly)
- 6. Ray O Lockwood VP, Editor
- 7. (305) 452-2159
- 8. \$5 per year
- 9. Primarily S-100 systems.
- 10. Affiliated loosely with Kennedy Space Center.





Circle 334 on inquiry card.

Software Tools

Have you thought about text editing?

Our ED-80 Text Editor offers a refreshing new approach for the creation and editing of program and data files conversationally — and it saves money! Its powerful editing capabilities will satisfy the most demanding professional — yet it can still be easily used by the inexperienced beginner.

Look at these outstanding features:

- By far the best text editor available for microcomputerbased systems.
- Repays its initial cost many times over with its unique time-saving editing capabilities.
- FULL SCREEN window displays for viewing and editing data a page-at-a-time, rather than line-by-line.
- Forward and backward scrolling in the FULL SCREEN mode.
- Displays the results of every edit command.
- Commands include forward or backward Locate and Change, Insert, Delete, Replace, Inline, Input, Print, List, Window, Get, Put, Macro, Tabset, Append, Case, Scale, and Dump.
- Simple line-oriented commands with character string manipulation capabilities.
- Text may be located by string value, by line number, or by relative line number.
- Global string search and replace capabilities.
- Commands for moving, copying, and merging edit files on the same or different diskettes.
- Self-explanatory diagnostic messages.
- Single keystrokes for the most commonly used comands.
- Safeguards to prevent catastrophic user errors that result in loss of the edit file.
- Designed for today's high speed CRT's, video monitors, and teletypewriter terminals.
- Thoroughly field tested and documented with a User's Manual of over 60 pages.
- Compatible with existing CP/M edit files and derivative operating systems.

And remember — in today's interactive programming environment — the programmer's most important software development tool is the text editor. Our **ED-80 Text Editor** is working in industry, government, universities, and in personal computing to significantly cut program development time and high labor costs. Why not let **ED-80** begin solving your text editing problems today?

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Our popular series 40 printers are now available with an IEEE-488 compatible interface or an industry standard Buffered Parallel interface. Both interfaces include a line buffer and software addressability. Featuring our famous commercial quality construction, the new models start at \$585 in singles. Other models available are the low cost Parallel ASCII starting at \$425 and an RS232/Current Loop interface beginning at \$575. Generous OEM discounts are available. All models are complete stand-alone units with a 40 column impact dot matrix printer and a 64 character ASCII set. Includes power supply, casework and interface electronics.



For more information write to: MPI 2099 West 2200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84119 or call (801) 973-6053



Circle 160 on inquiry card.

We are 3 years old, and have close to 100 members.

- 1. The Birmingham Microprocessor Group (BMG)
- 2. 3548 Stonehenge Pl, Birmingham AL 35210
- 3. South Side library
- 4. Fourth Sunday of each month at 2 PM
- 5. The Printout
- 6. Tom Bowen
- 7. Home (205) 956-9576 Business (205) 870-1367
- 8. \$6 per year
- 9. The BMG is a general interest organization with special interest as follows: Apple Corp -Apple II owners and users; TRS-Can-TRS-80 or Radio Shack Users; Hardware Hackers -Homebrew.
- 10.We currently have 116 members on the books with 25-30 being active participants in the general interest area and another 25 that are active in special interest activities.
- 1. Central Alabama TRS-80 **Computer Society**

- 2. c/o Lewis E Garrison, Secretary, 6375 Pinebrook Dr, Montgomery AL 36117
- 3. Normandale Community Center
- 4. Third Tuesday of each month
- 5. None
- 6. Lewis E Garrison or Walter Bray
- 7. (205) 272-8462 or (205) 272-3621 respectively 8. \$2 per month or \$24 per
- year 9. TRS-80

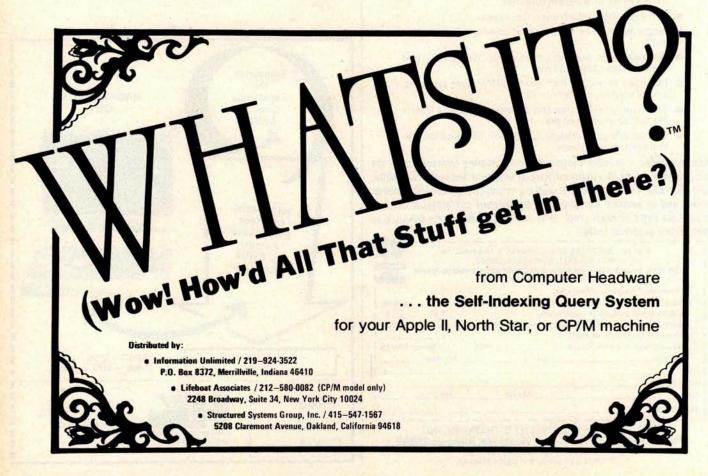
Zips 40000-50000

- 1. Amateur Computer Society of Central Ohio
- 2. 2589 Brookwood Rd. Columbus OH 43209
- 3. Center of Science and Industry
- 4. First Wednesday of each month
- 5. I/O
- 6. Fred Hatfield K8VDU
- (614) 888-9287 7. 8.
- \$10 per year
- 9. Personal networks, computer chess, and graphics.
- 1. Akron Digital Group

- 2. 107 7th St NW, Barberton OH 44203
- 3. Kenmore Public Library. 2200 14th St SW, Akron OH
- 4. Fourth Wednesday of the month at 7 PM
- 6. Lou Laurich
- 9. The club programs are planned toward the small systems hobbyist with tips on programming and hardware application.
- 1. Goodyear Computer Club
- 2. c/o J F Derry D-109E PLT1, Goodyear T and R Co, Akron OH 44316 I McLeod or R Flower D-471 G3, Goodyear Aerospace Corp, Akron OH 44315
- 3. Goodyear Hall
- 5. The Late Edition
- 6. J F Derry or R Flower
- 7. (216) 794-4010 or (216) 794-3573 respectively
- 8. \$10 per year
- 9. Hardware modem design and building etc; investment analysis; new hardware/software developments; and education. 10.Personal computers used

by members: TRS-80, Apple, OSI C28P, IMSAI, KIM, PET, Homebrews, North Star Horizon, RCA 1802, and M-6800. Have had joint meetings with Akron chapters of the Association of Computing Machinery (ACM) and the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) Computer Society.

- 1. Alliance Micromputer Club
- 2. 3885 Norwood Ave, Alliance OH 44601
- 3. Harter Bank Community Room
- 4. First Tuesday of each month at 7 PM
- 5. None
- 6. Gary S Fix, President
- 7. (216) 823-8996
- 8. None
 - 10. About 20 members currently with about half owning a personal microcomputer system including several TRS-80s.
 - 1. Dayton Microcomputer Association
 - 2. c/o Dayton Museum of





NOW BETTER THAN EVER

You've probably heard about CP/M. But if you haven't, it's the world's most popular operating system. CP/M is considered the "software bus" for 8080 and Z80 microcomputers because it gives you the hardwareindependent interface you need to make your computer work for you. Because it's hardwareindependent, you can get programming languages, word processing software, and business applications packages from scores of suppliers at affordable prices.

CP/M 2.0 is the latest in the evolution of a proven reliable and efficient software system. It's the kind of reliability that comes from five years of field testing in thousands of installations. And it's supported by an experienced staff dedicated to maintaining CP/M as the best product in the industry.

CP/M 2.0 gives you many new features, with an enhanced upward compatible file system, powerful new random access capabilities, and unprecedented field alteration facilities which allow you to tailor CP/M 2.0 to manage virtually any disk subsystem. From minidisks, floppy disks, all the way to high-capacity hard disks, the flexibility of CP/M 2.0 makes it a truly universal operating system. Get yourself or your company on the software bus: contact us for further details, or ask your dealer about CP/M 2.0 availability for your computer.

> DISKETTE and DOCUMENTATION Single Quantity Prices: \$150

MP/M™

MULTI-PROGRAMMING MONITOR NEW INDUSTRY STANDARD

Digital Research announces a deluxe operating system that provides big computer facilities at small computer prices. MP/M is a monitor program which operates with your microcomputer to provide multi-terminal access with multiprogramming at each terminal. Best of all, it's CP/M compatible which means you can run a wide variety of programming languages, applications packages, and development software.

If you want, you can run simultaneous editors, program translators, and background printer spoolers. Or you can use MP/M for data entry or data-base access from remote terminals. Or you can use MP/M real-time features to monitor an assembly line and automatically schedule programs for execution throughout the day. MP/M makes an excellent focal point for a cluster of connected microcomputers. The possibilities are limitless.

Like CP/M, MP/M is especially built to adapt to most 8080 or Z80 microcomputers, with an 8086 version on the way. You can operate your I/O devices either interruptdriven or polled, and you can even write your own system processes which are combined with MP/M through a simple system generation. It's an exciting new product from the most experienced systems software supplier in the microcomputer industry. Contact us for details, or ask your dealer about MP/M availability for your computer system.

> DISKETTE and DOCUMENTATION Single Quantity Price: \$300

ID DIGITAL RESEARCH

Post Office Box 579 Pacific Grove, California 93950 (408) 649-3896 Natural History, 2629 Ridge Ave, Dayton OH 45414

- 3. Same as above
- 4. Last Tuesday of the month at 7:30 PM
- 5. DMA Data Bus
- 6. Dan Watson
- 7. (513) 223-2348
- 8. \$10 dues
- 9. 8080 Users First Sunday 1 PM - 274-1149; 6800 Users - First Tuesday, 7 PM - 435-9297; 6502 Users - First and Third Monday, 7:30 PM -426-7711; TRS-80 Users (DARSUG) - call for time and place -426-1601; Apple II Users -Second Wednesday 7:30 PM -223-2348.
- 10.A special session for novices is held at 6 PM immediately before the regular meeting on the last Tuesday of the month. All other special groups meet at various locations - call for information. Visitors always welcome.
- 1. Evansville Computer Club

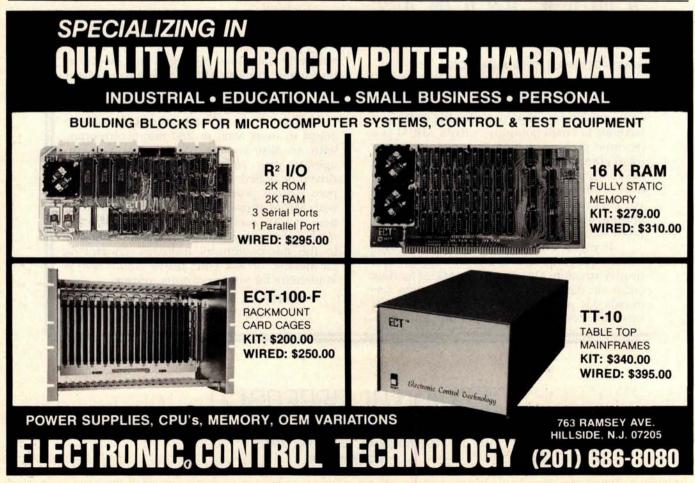
- 2. c/o National Sharedata Corp, POB 3895, Evansville IN 47737
- 3. Blind Association, Second Ave and Virginia
- Second Wednesday of the month at 7:30 PM
 Robert Heerdink
- 7. (812) 426-2725
- 7. (812) 420-2725
- The group is varied with interest in several types of microcomputers.
- 1. Purdue University Computer Hobbyist Club (PUNCH)
- 2. Rm 67 Electrical Engineering Building, West Lafeyette IN 47907
- 3. Rm 117 Mathews Hall
- 4. Mondays at 7 PM 5. None
- 6. John Eaton
- 7. (317) 742-8521
- 8. None at present
- Various microcomputer systems; predominately M6800 users.
- 1. Detroit Personal Computer Network
- 2. 13043 McNichols, Detroit MI 48219
- 6. Andrew Fellman
- 7. (313) 865-4374

- 9. This organization was formed to help microcomputer users discover and exchange ideas on user projects, to promote business or financial gain, and for enjoyment.
- 1. Educational Recreational Computer Club
- 2. c/o Paul Heimnick, 1415 Olmstead St, Owosso MI 48867
- Salvation Army, 302 E Exchange St, Owosso
 ERCC Newsletter
- (monthly)
- 6. Paul Heimnick, President
- 7. (517) 723-7602
- 8. Dues \$5 per year/\$2.50 subscription for 1 year
- 9. Emphasis on TRS-80 to help educate others about computing.
- 1. Battle Creek Area Microcomputer Club
- 2. 8587 Q Dr N, Battle Creek MI 49017
- Creek MI 49017 3. Pennfield High School (above address)
- 5. Yes
- 6. Jeff Stanton
- 7. (616) 763-9685

- \$1 periodically (for stamps)
- 9. Mostly TRS-80 owners.
- 10. Club library open to members. 50¢ per program copying fee. Cassettes and diskettes are sold at a discount through the club.
 Meetings consist of short presentations on BASIC or machine language, some program swapping, and equipment and software demonstrations.

Zips 50000-60000

- 1. Eastern Iowa Computer Club
- 2. POB 164, Hiawatha IO 52233
- REC building in Marion
 The last Sunday of the
- month at 7 PM 5. Yes
- 6. Mark Bergemann
- 7. (319) 377-1959
- 8. \$10 per year
- 9. Just started bit-slice microprocessor special interest group with plans to build one sometime in the future.
- 10.Working on a club



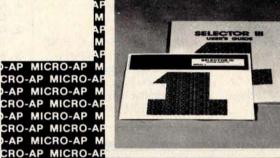
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RANDOM, MULTI-KEY RECORD RETRIEVAL under CP/M, CDOS, IMDOS, ADOS ...

SELECTOR III ALLOWS INSTANT RECALL OF ANY **RECORD USING ANY IN-**FORMATION ITEM IN THE **RECORD.** That statement deserves re-reading, because that ability makes SELECTOR III the most powerful Date Base Management System in microcomputers today!

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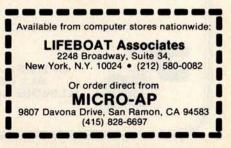
 automatically generate reports with control-break summaries and unlimited variety.

 bring an application online in hours instead of months.

SELECTOR III comes complete with eight application programs that perform the tasks listed at top of page. And, since it's distributed in source code form, you can easily add subroutines to do specific computations or file updates.

SELECTOR III runs under CBASIC Vers. 1 or 2, and is priced at \$295. SELECTOR III-C2 is dedicated to Vers. 2 only, runs about twice as fast, and costs \$345.

Both systems are available in a variety of CP/M, diskette size and density formats including IBM 8"; North Star; Micropolis; TRS-80; Processor Tech Helios II; Altair; iCOM; Dynabyte; Imsai; and others.



modem to use in a personal computer network.

- 1. Fox Valley Computer Society
- 2. POB 2742, Appleton WI 54913
- 3. Room D-104, Fox Valley **Technical Institute**
- Second Tuesday of the 4. month
- 6. Daniel K Dannells
- 7. (414) 734-7161
- 8. \$5 initially
- 9. Diversified.
- 1. Mini 'App'les
- 13516 Grand Ave S. 2. Burnsville MN 55337
- Minnesota Federal 3. Savings and Loan, Hopkins MN
- Third Wednesday of the 4 month
- 5. Mini 'App'les
- 6. Daniel B Buchler, President
- 7. (612) 890-5051
- 8. \$10 per year
- 9. Apple users group; user contributed program bank; monthly meeting and program; games; business; computer-assisted instruction; word-

processing; and documentation distribution.

- 10.Users group covers the twin cities of Minneapolis and St Paul metropolitan area. 'Local' members live roughly within a 100 mile radius. Newsletter subscribers are in all parts of the country.
- 1. Minnesota Computer Society
- 2. POB 35541, Minneapolis MN 55435
- 3. Future location to be announced
- 5. MCS Newsletter 6. Jean Rice
- 7.
- (612) 941-1051
- 8. \$7 regular; \$3 student 9. Special interest group projects; general interest computer presentations; technical presentations: presentations to civic
- groups. 10. Our meetings consist of general business speakers, show and tell, and special interest groups.
- 1. XXX-11
- 2. 514 So 9th St, Moorhead MN 56560

- 3. Moorhead MN
- 4. First and third Wednesdays of the month
- 5. XXX-11 Newsletter
- 6. C R Corner
- (218) 233-7894 7.
- 8. \$9 per year 9. Languages.

Zips 60000-70000

- 1. CACHE (Chicago Area **Computer Hobbyists Ex**change)
- 2. POB 52, South Holland IL 60473
- 3. Northern Illinois Gas Building, Golf and Shermer, Glenview
- 4. Third Sunday of the month, main meeting at 1 PM
- 5. CACHE Register
- 6. POB 52
- 7. Recorder on (312) 849-1132
- 8. \$10 per year
- 9. Business; TRS-80; C P/M; communications; Northstar; PET; Apple; LSI-11; robotics; ham; Pascal; programming languages (not BASIC or Pascal).

- 1. Microprocessor User Group
- 2. 641 Woodlawn, Aurora IL 60506
- 3. Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory, Hi-Rise, Main floor, SW meeting facility
- 4. Third Monday of the month at 8 PM
- 6. Mike Urso
- 9. Primarily an Apple user group, but we include all processors in discussions.
- 1. Chicago TRS-80 Users Group
- 2. 3950 N Lake Shore Dr. Apt 2310, Chicago IL 60613
- 4. Third Wednesday of the month
- 5. Yes
- 6. Emmanuel B Garcia-Jr
- 8. \$9 per year

1. QuadCity Computer Club

- 2. 4211 7 Ave, Rock Island IL 61201
- 3. Rock Island Arsenal 4. First Sunday of the
- month at 7 PM 5. OC³ News
- 6. John Greve

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ASSEMBLERS

ARIAN - A complete 8080 assembler that interfaces directly to your DOS. ARIAN is completely Toad and po'. Features include: dynamic file and RAM allocation, custom disc and RAM command cap-ability, several library routines directly accessable by the user. Also, a complete text editor, and system executive. ARIAN is both powerful and easy to learn and use; it is an assembler that you can grow with. Comes complete with a 51 page users manual (ARIAN requires RAM from 0000H to 2000H) \$50.00 (manual alone: \$10.00)

ARIAN Utility Package - Several disc based utilities. Includes a complete DEBUG Package: \$50.00

PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

Tiny' PASCAL - This is the famous Chung/Yuen Tiny' PASCAL FAST - ELEGANT -STRUCTURED. Local and global variables plus procedure and function independence make Tiny' PASCAL great for high speed applications. Compiles to 8080 code that executes up to 25 times faster than BASIC. You also recive SOURCE to Tiny' PASCAL written in PASCAL. This means that you can compile the compiler! Add features, relocate, etc. (you will need 36k to do this) \$40.00

Compile the Compiler And Factures, relocate, etc. (you win need Sok to be this) \$40,00 UTILITIES DEBE • (Does Everything But Est!) This is a must for NorthStar users. You can: COMPACT & EXPAND BASIC programs. Compacting removes un-necessary spaces and remarks. This saves memory and makes for programs by variables and transfer statements. Global substitutions of variable names in BASIC programs. Formatted print outs of BASIC programs as well. \$40.00



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PASCAL

UCSD Pascal, the powerful general purpose language system, developed for large and complex systems is now available for your TRS-80.

The FMG/UCSD Pascal system opens a new generation of value for your TRS-80. Package includes: Operating System Screen Editor Z80 Macro Assembler Library Pascal Compiler Utilities and System Reference Book (Requires 48K system with 2 drives.) Price \$150.00 Available without Macro Assembler

Linker and Library (for Run-Time use only) Price \$100.00

MANUALS:

UCSD Reference Manual	\$25.00
Problem Solving using Pascal	\$14.95
(The beginner's book for UCSD Pascal) Programming in Pascal	\$14.95
	\$17.95

MICROSOFT BASIC

An extensive implementation of BASIC for the TRS-80 Z80 microprocessors. Its features are comparable to those of BASICs found on minicomputers and large mainframes. Requires TRS CP/M Price \$110.00

TEXTWRITER II

A text formatting program that prints files created by an editing program. Contracts, personalized form letters and other documents can be printed from a stored library of standard paragraphs.

NEW TRS-80 COMMUNICATOR

RS-232 Communication Program allows the TRS-80 to transmit or receive programs or data files. Also makes the TRS-80 into a remote terminal. Requires Radio Shack RS-232 and CP/M Price \$25.00

NEW Z80 SID Symbolic Instruction Debugger

Symbolic memory reference with built-in assembler/disassembler. Uses Z80 mnemonics.

Z80 SID Diskette and Manual Price \$150.00

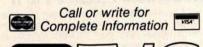
CP/M OPERATING SYSTEM New 1.46 Version

Includes RS-232 and I/O Byte implementation, Editor Assembler, Debugger and Utilities for 8080 and Z80 systems. For up to four TRS-80 floppy disks. Package includes:

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- CP/M Features and Facilities Manual
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CP/M Interface Guide Price \$150.00





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CP/M is a registered trademark of Digital Research Corp. TRS-80 is a registered trademark of Radio Shack

- 7. (309) 786-8187
- 8. \$6 per year
- 9. We cater to all brands of computers and deal with software and hardware.
- 1. St Louis Area Computer Club Inc
- 2. POB 28924, St Louis MO 63132
- 3. Thornhill Branch of St Louis County Library, Fee Fee and Willowyck Roads
- 4. First Thursday of month at 7 PM
- 5. SLACC Stack
- 6. Noel Moss
- 7. Days (314) 862-4040 or (314) 367-3189 evenings
- 8. \$5 per year
- 9. 8080 homebrew; modems; and data communications and networking; 1802 group; TRS-80 group; Pet group; and Apple group.
- 10. Club serves as an information clearing house. Approximately 1/3 of the members own 6800 systems; the balance have other processors, especially 8080/Z80 and 650X.

Our meetings consist of club business, a formal presentation, and a rap session.

- 1. Silly-Corn Hills Computer Club
- 2145 W Central Ave, Springfield MO 65802
- Varies. 16 main meetings a year and section meetings
- 5. ASCII Code (Association of Computer Interested Individuals)
- 6. Andrew A Griffin. Secretary
- 7. (417) 866-2447 (8 to 4 PM central time)
- 8. Area computer users \$12 per year. Computer users outside SW MO and nonuser interested persons \$7 per year
- 9. All phases of computer use; relationship to computers in all phases of human life; 7 computer users groups; 9 computer applications groups (games to medical systems); 4 computer related interest groups (history, public access,

programmable calculators, and grievance ombudsman). Broadly varied membership includes all types of users.

10.Plans for September 79 -September 80 membership year include: public ombudsman program for computer grievance; switched network, personal computing network; a computer fair at a local mall; ASCII Code to move from 6 to 12 issues annually; several programming schools; public access center; and a television program (in production!).

Zips 70000-80000

- 1. The Tulsa Computer Society
- 2. POB 1133, Tulsa OK 74101
- 3. Tulsa Vocational-Technical School 3420 S Memorial Dr
- 4. Last Tuesday of the month at 7:30 PM
- 5. The I/O Port

8. \$6 per year

- 1. The Computer Hobbyist Group of North Texas
- 2. 2405 Briarwood, Carrollton TX 76006
- 5. Printed Circuit
- 6. Warren Bean
- 8. \$7 per year
- 1. Alamo Computer Enthusiasts
- 2. 5411 Cerro Vista, San Antonio TX 78233
- 3. Norris Technical Center, Room 208, St Philip's College, San Antonio TX
- 4. Third Friday of the month
- 5. Yes
- 6. Dave Fashenpour
- 1. North American Computer Association
- 2. Suite 811, 1001 Main St, Lubbock TX 79401
- 3. Dallas TX
- 4. Second Friday of each month
- 6. Tom Crites
- 7. (806) 747-4119
- 8. \$200
- 9. Independent computer representatives. Must sell,

Creative Software Introduces: Programs & Products for the TRS-80 (16K level II)

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Household Finance I & II \$15.00

Part I: Inputs data on each household expenditure; lists, adds, updates, changes or deletes previously input items. Writes data to cassette tape. Part II: Reads data tape. Provides monthly and yearly summaries of financial data, single category summaries, and graphs a spending profile.

ALSO: New Programs for the PET:

PET Word Processor Complete word processing capabilities including upper/lower case. string search, string change and many other features found on commercial word processors. Package includes both text editor and formatter and requires 16K or 32K PET.

PET Space War II \$10.00

Fantastic real-time action! You are in complete control of the Enter prise as you fend off aliens to search the universe for colonizable planets. Requires the Creative Software single joystick for the PET.

Another great machine-language program gives you a choice of three different tracks as you battle with your opponent to finish the race. Includes oil slicks, automatic lap counters, and an elapsed time clock showing time to tenths of seconds.

NEW! A super JOYSTICK interface for the TRS-80! Three sockets allow you to use one Fairchild" or two Atari" joysticks with no modifications to the TRS-80. Joystick interface with two programs, separate power supply and instructions. Only \$65.00 Joysticks (Fairchild" or Atari"), each \$12.50

Household Utility 1 (Includes Calendar, Loans and Buy or Rent Programs)	\$12.00
Household Litility 2	¢10.00

usehold Utility 2 \$12.00 (Includes Compound Interest, Amortization and Car Costs Programs)

Many other Creative Software products are available for the PET and TRS-80. If your local dealer doesn't carry Creative Software products or program information, write directly to the address below. When placing an order please note:

Specify computer & program(s). Add \$1.50 shipping for each program ordered, \$2.50 for joystick interface. California residents add 6% sales tax. VISA/MASTERCHARGE accepted. Include card number and expiration date.



\$75.00

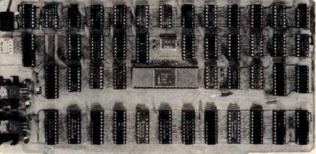
Now! For the S-100 bus

8086 Power

WITH 16-BIT WORD LENGTH

8086 CPU

This card brings state-of-the-art performance to the S-100 bus. It may be used to upgrade existing 8-bit systems by "swapping" the CPUs or it may form the foundation for a high performance 16-bit system. It will operate with 8-bit, 16-bit, or mixed memory and peripherals. It has a 1-megabyte addressing range. It can be factory upgraded at nominal cost from 4 Mhz. to 8 Mhz. when the faster CPU chip is available. Price — \$895.



CPU Support Card

This is a companion to our 8086 CPU. It includes a 2K monitor with machine language debugger and disk bootstrap loader, serial port with software-selected baud rate, time-of-day clock with battery backup capability, two general purpose timers/counters, and a vectored interrupt controller with 7 interrupts generated on board and 8 accepted from the bus. Price — \$395.



Through the use of the sXTRQ line of the proposed IEEE Standard, this memory board will appear to be 8K by 16 bits to our 8086 CPU or 16K by 8 bits to 8-bit CPUs. It is offered with 250 nsec. memory chips only and will perform without wait states with our 8086 CPU using an 8 Mhz. clock. It has 24-bit extended addressing. Price — \$595.

Z80/8086 Cross Assembler

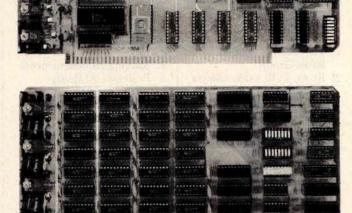
This cross assembler runs under CP/M and its derivatives. Its mnemonics are the same as or similar to Intel's ASM-86. It is available in 5" soft-sectored, 5" North Star, or 8" softsectored (IBM) formats. Price — \$250.

Microsoft BASIC-86

Microsoft's BASIC interpreter for the 8086 is essentially identical in features to their 5.0 release for the 8080 and is ANSI compatible. It is a "stand-alone" version and includes all disk and terminal I/0 drivers. Programs written for any earlier version of Microsoft BASIC will run under BASIC-86 with little or no modification. Price — \$350.

MCS-86 User's Manual

By Intel — Feb., 1979, edition. This is the primary hardware and software reference manual for the 8086 CPU. Price — \$6.25. (Includes shipping)



AND THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF

(Prototypes shown)

AVAILABLE NOW!

STOCK TO TWO WEEKS

Call for more information or the name of our nearest dealer



program, and service business systems.

- 1. Permian Basin Computer Group
- 2. c/o Ector School District, POB 3912, Odessa TX 79760
- 3. Midland Chapter: Student Union Building, Midland College. Odessa Chapter: Electronic Technology Building, Room 209, Odessa College.
- 4. Midland Chapter: monthly, the second Tuesday, 7:30 PM. Odessa Chapter: monthly, the second Saturday, 1 PM
- 5. None
- 6. John Rabenaldt
- 7. (915) 697-4607 (after 6 PM), (915) 332-9151 Ext 43 (9 AM to 5 PM)
- 8. No dues
- Selectric interfaces, color displays, and MECA tape.
- 10. The Permian Basin Computer Group consists of 2 chapters.
- 1. TRS Users Permian Basin Group
- 2. Rt #4, POB 1455, Odessa TX 79763
- 3. Rm 209, Electronics Technology Building, Odessa College
- 4. Second Saturday of the month at 1 PM
- 5. None
- 6. Allan D Emert 7. (915) 381-3138
- 8. None
- 9. Information and software exchange.

Zips 80000-90000

- 1. Denver Amateur Computer Society
- 2. 1380 S Santa Fe, Denver CO 80223
- 3. Same
- Third Wednesday of every month. General board meeting - first Wednesday of every month.
- 5. Interrupt

224

- 6. Carl Grimes
- 7. (303) 759-8969
- 8. \$12 per year membership fee
- 9. Pascal, 6502, Z80/8080, CP/M, and TRS-80.

October 1979 © BYTE Publications Inc

- 10.Annual Computer Show, called the "Computer Corral," at the Denver Merchandise Mart October 27th and 28th.
- 1. Southern Nevada Personal Computing Society
- 2. 1405 Lucilee St, Las Vegas NV 89101
- 3. Society Headquarters, 1405 Lucilee St
- Second Saturday of each month at 12 noon
 Hard Copy (monthly)
- 6. Cy Wells, President
- 7. (702) 642-0212
- Corporate: \$12 per year; family: \$18 per year; corresponding: \$6 per year; student: \$3 per year
- Both hardware and software; exchange of information and experience; and guidance and encouragement for the new hobbyist.
- 1. Northern Nevada Computer Club
- 2. c/o Mathematics Dept University of Nevada, Reno NV 89557
- 3. University of Nevada
- 4. (TBA)
- Meeting Announcements
 Professor Al Brady
- 7. (702) 784-6831
- 8. None
- 9. Personal computing and educational computing.

Zips 90000-99999

- 1. San Fernando Valley 6502 Users Club
- 2. 3816 Albright Ave, Los Angeles CA 90066
- 3. Computer Components Inc of Burbank, 3808 W Verdugo Rd, Burbank CA 91505
- 4. Second Tuesday of every month at 8 PM
- 5. SFV 6502 Users Club Notes
- 6. Larry Goga
- 7. (213) 398-6086
- 8. None at this time
- 10. The club is open to all owners of 6502-based computers including KIM, SYM, and AIM. PET and APPLE owners are also welcome. Formerly known as the San Fernando Valley KIM-1 Users Club.

- 1. Compucolor and Intecolor Users Group
- 2. 5250 Van Nuys Blvd, Van Nuys CA 91401
- 3. Same as above.
- First Saturday of each month from 12 to 3 PM
 Users Bulletin (quarterly)
- 6. Stan Pro
- 7. (213) 788-8850 10 to 6 PM weekly
- \$25 per year; foreign add
 \$8
- Business; games and graphic programs exchange; unpublished ports; poke positions and machine data; addition of peripherals to Compucolor and Intecolor; and machine updates.
- 10.International in scope.
- 1. Ventura County TRS-80 Club
- 2. 567 W Loop Dr, Camarillo CA 93030
- 3. Camarillo Public Library, 3100 Ponderosa Dr, Camarillo
- 4. First Tuesday of the month at 7 PM
- 5. Yes
- 6. Lee Steinmetz
- 7. (805) 484-1724
- 8. \$10 per year
- 9. The group's main purpose is to share information relating to the practical applications as well as the entertainment possibilities of the TRS-80.
- 1. Homebrew Computer Club
- 2. POB 626, Mountain View CA 94040
- 3. Fairchild Auditorium, Stanford Medical Center
- Meeting dates are published in the club newsletter
- 5. Homebrew Computer Club Newsletter
- 6. Robert Reiling, President
- 7. (415) 967-6754
- 8. Donation requested
- Information exhange on all systems and providing "vectors" to people and groups with similar interests.
- 10.A newsletter copy will be sent upon request, include a self-addressed stamped envelope. Anyone interested in computers is invited to attend Homebrew Com-

puter Club meetings.

- 1. Apple Core
- 2. POB 4816, San Francisco CA 94101
- 3. Homestead Savings, 22nd and Geary St, San Francisco
- 4. First Saturday of each month at 10 AM
- 5. Cider Press
- 6. Ken Silverman
- 7. (415) 878-5382
- 8. \$15 per year
- 9. Apple owners only.
- 1. Pacifica TRS-80 Users Group
- 2. 637 Brussels St, San Francisco CA 94134
- 3. Eureka Square Shopping Center
- 4. Second and Fourth Thursdays of the month
- 6. John F Strazzarino

field CA 94533

CA

month

6. Steve Irwin

Society)

94541

month

5. Yes

3. Same as above

7. (415) 583-2431

7. (707) 422-3347

3. Owens-Illinois, 2500

4. Third Thursday of the

9. Informal group that gets

mutual TRS-80 problems

together to discuss

and experiences.

1. ABACUS (Apple Bay

2. Hayward BYTE Shop,

4. Second Monday of the

6. Ed Avelar, President

10. Have an active member-

ship of 40, and have

of 200-plus programs.

1. RETUG (Redwood Em-

3. Santa Rosa Computer

4. First Saturday of each

Pk CA 94928

John Revelle

7. (707) 545-2860

Center

month

9. TRS-80s.

6.

2. 7136 Belita Ave, Rohnert

developed a club library

pire TRS-80 Users Group)

Area Computer Users

1122 B St, Hayward CA

Huntington Dr, Fairfield

 Solano TRS-80 Users Club
 550 Marigold Dr, Fair-

We Specialize in High Technology at Low Prices.

Econoram* boards are generally available in 3 forms: unkit (sockets and bypass caps are pre-soldered in place for simple, one-evening assembly), assembled and tested, or qualified under our high-reliability Certified System Component (CSC) program (200 hour burn-in, immediate replacement in event of failure within 1 year of invoice date). 1 year limited warranty on all products. Refer to chart below for pricing.

Configurations

2-4K blocks

2-4K, 1-8K 2-4K, 2-8K

2-4K, 1-8K

2-8K, 1-16K

2-8K, 1-16K

see notes

see notes

see notes

see notes

1-16K

2-16K

2-4K, 1-8K, 1-16K

1-16K

-		

CSC

\$239

\$429

\$439

\$605

\$789

\$519

\$649

\$849

\$449

n/a

n/a

\$1050

n/a

n/a

Storage Buss Econoram IIA 8K X 8 S-100 16K X 8 S-100 Econroam IV 16K X 8 24K X 8 Econoram VIIA-16 S-100 Econoram VIIA-24 S-100 Econoram IX-16 16K X 8 Dig Grp Dig Grp Econoram IX-32 32K X 8 32K X 8 S-100 Econoram X Econoram XI 32K X 8 SBC/BLC Econoram XII-16 16K X 8 S-100 Econoram XII-24 24K X 8 S-100 32K X 8 Econoram XIII S-100 Econoram XIV 16K X 8 S-100 Econoram XV-16 16K X 8 H8 Econoram XV-32 32K X 8 **H8**

Notes:

- Works at 5 MHz with 8085 or at 4 MHz with Z-80.
- Bank select board 2 independent banks addressable on 8K boundaries. Bank select board 2 independent banks addressable on 16K boundaries. 3

Coming soon: This month, we're announcing the Econoram XIV with extended addressing, two new Econorams (XV-16 and XV-32) for the H8 buss, and our Memory Management Board. In the next few months, we'll be introducing ...

- · 4 MHz Z-80 CPU board
- 5 MHz 8085 CPU board
- . Triple Parallel + Single Serial board, with 3 full duplex parallel ports and serial port with full RS-232 handshake
- 12 and 18 slot motherboards double sided, shielded, and actively terminated
- And, a rack mount or desk top enclosure, with power supply, to hold all this neat stuff

Just thought you ought to know.

16K Memory Expansion Chip Set \$87.20 (regular \$109; 20% off while they last)

This Godbout quality product expands memory in Radio Shack-80, Apple, and Exidy Sorcerer computers. Our chip set features low power, high speed (250 ns) parts that work with 4 MHz systems. DIP shunts included. Easy-tofollow instructions for Radio Shack-80 modification make conversion simple, 1 year limited warranty

"INTERFACER" S-100 I/O Bd **\$189** unkit, **\$249** assm

Dual serial port with 2 full duplex parallel ports for RS-232 handshake; EIA232C line drivers and receivers (1488, 1489) along with current loop (20 mA) and TTL signals on both ports. Onboard crystal-controlled timebase with independently selectable Baud rate generators for each part (up to 19.2 KBaud). This board has hardware LSI UARTs that don't tie up the computer's CPU, perates with 2 to 5 MHz systems, includes software programmable UART parameters/interrupt enables/handshaking lines, offers provision for custom frequency compensation on both receive and transmit sides to accommodate varying speed/noise situations or unusual cable lengths...and even all this isn't the full story on what this no-excuses board can do for you.

Bank select board - 1 bank addressable on 4K boundaries. 4.

Notes

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Unkit

\$149

\$269

\$279

\$398

\$319

\$559

\$529

\$329

\$429

\$559

\$289

\$329

\$599

n/a

Assm

\$179

\$329

\$339

\$485

\$379

\$639

\$649

\$419

\$539

\$699

\$349

\$395

\$729

n/a

24 address lines for extended addressing 6. Bank select option for implementing memory systems greater than 64K.

*Econoram is a trademark of Bill Godbout Electronics

..... Econoram II Closeout \$129 unkit **(3/\$375)**, **\$155** assm

This is a limited quantity item. Our brand new Econoram IIA is out, but even by today's standards the original Econoram II is an excellent memory. 2 MHz operation, low power, configured as two independent 4K blocks, and one of the est track records in the industry for reliability and cost-effective operation. Easy one-evening assembly, 1 year limited warranty on all components.

18 Slot Motherbd Closeout was \$124, now only \$109

Includes on-board active termination, with all 18 edge connectors presoldered in place for easy assembly. Limited quantity.

Memory Management \$59 kit, \$85 assm, \$100 CSC

Now you can add bank select and extended addressing to older S-100 machines like the IMSAI, Altair, Sol, Polymorphic, etc. Either use this board with our new extended addressing boards, or retrofit our high density Econorams (the ones with phantom or extra gualifier lines) for use with the Memory Management Board to get more than 64K of memory space for your compute

2708 EROM board unkit \$85

4 independently addressable 4K blocks, with selective disable for each block. Built to CompuPro/Econoram standards (dipswitch addressing, top quality board, sockets wave-soldered in place), and includes dipswitch selectable jump start built right into the board. Includes all support chips and manual, but does not include EROMs.

ACTIVE TERMINATOR kit \$34.50

Our much imitated design plugs into any S-100 motherboard to reduce ringing, noise, crosstalk, and other buss-related problems. This is a simple, effective, low cost way to upgrade your machine. Т

SEE COMPUPROt AT A STORE NEAR YOU.

Many Godbout computer products are available under the CompuPro name at leading computer stores world wide. Want to see for yourself exactly what kind of quality and effort we put into turning out cost-effective, high performance boards? Then see our products in person at a computer store near you.



TERMS: Cal res add tax. Allow 5% for shipping, excess refunded. VISA®/Mastercharge® call our 24 hour order desk at (415) 562-0636. COD OK with street address for UPS. Prices good through cover month of magazine.





glad to tell you more than the space of this ad permits. Just send your name and address, we'll take care of the rest. If you're in a hurry, enclose 41c in stamps for 1st class delivery.

- 1. 68XX(X) Computer Club
- 2. POB 18081, San Jose CA 95158
- 3. University of Santa Clara 4. Second Tuesday of each month
- 5. None
- 6. Ray Boaz
- 7. (408) 269-9522
- 8. None
- 9. All 68XX(X) microcomputers and related equipment. Latest developments in hardware and software for 68XX(X). Further the use of 68XX(X) computers in personal applications. Mutual aid in hardware and software problems.
- 10. Meetings are for the informal exchange of information. A software library is maintained for the common use of all.
- 1. Sacramento Microcomputer Users Group
- 2. POB 161513, Sacramento CA 95816
- 3. SMUD Training Facilities, 59th St
- Fourth Tuesday of the 4. month at 7:30 PM

- 5. Push & Pop
- 1. Aloha Computer Club
- 2. POB 4470, Honolulu HI 96813
- 3. Kaimuki Regional Library (usually)
- Usually the second Wednesday of the month at 7:30 PM
- 5. Debugga (monthly)
- 6. Paul Lancaster or Gerry Cramm
- 7. (808) 235-3880 or (808) 254-2319, respectively
- 8. \$6 per year
- 9. Anything goes, as long as it is microcomputers.
- 10.Our users group meeting is followed by a short business meeting after which is a special presentation, then "mapping" and "random access."
- 1. Apple Portland Program Library Exchange (A.P.P.L.E.)
- 2. c/o Will Newman II, Secretary/Treasurer, 1915 N E Couch, Portland OR 97232
- 3. Varies 5. Stems From A.P.P.L.E.

- 6. Will Newman II
- 7. (503) 233-5711 (days and evenings)
- 8. \$2 application (one time) \$6 per year membership includes subscription (12 issues a year)
- 9. Wide variety of professional and hobby users. We trade programs and programming techniques and hold training classes (beginning to advanced) with local retailers.
- 10. Inquiries must be accompanied by a selfaddressed, stamped envelope.
- 1. Northwest Computer Society
- 2. POB 4193, Seattle WA 98104
- 3. Seattle University Library Auditorium, Rm 115
- 4. First and third Thursdays of each month at 7:30 PM
- 5. Northwest Computer News
- 6. Roy Gillette, President, John Aurelius, Secretary
- 8. \$7 January thru December; \$10 June thru the

2nd December

- 9. Beginners, business, and hobbyists. Special sections: Tacoma chapter, TRS-80 group, and Heath H-8 group.
- 10.First meeting each month is formal with a speaker; the second meeting is informal.
- 1. Apple Pugetsound Program Library Exchange
- 2. 8710 Salty Dr NW, Olympia WA 98502
- 3. Rotates through various computer stores in the Seattle/Tacoma area
- 4. Third Tuesday of every month
- 5. Call A.P.P.L.E.
- 6. Val Golding
- 7. (206) 932-6588
- 8. \$10 for 1979.

Newsletters

Zips 00000-10000

1. Harvard Newsletter on **Computer Graphics** 2. Harvard University

6800 SYSTEM SOFTWARE Unmatched • Field Proven • Documented • Industry Wide

SDOS TM

A totally interrupt-driven (both disk and other peripherals) disk operating system, including type-ahead. Provides device independent, byte addressable random files. Supports any mixture of disk drives up to 2.5 BILLION bytes per drive. Disk files can grow dynamically to match application needs. Automatic, overlapped read-ahead on sequential files and LRU sector buffer pooling on random-access files optimize disk I/O. System utilities allow operator file manipulation, disk initialization, backup with wildcard file selection, and disk structure repair facilities to handle the infrequent but unavoidable disasters that occur in the real world. Turn-key application systems can be easily built, coupled with SD Business Basic. 242 pages of documentation.

IDB

A RAM or EPROM-based assembly language debugger. Provides single-step with register display, multiple real-time conditional breakpoints, memory dump, multiple data display and entry modes. Can be used to debug interrupt-driven code. 39 pages of documentation.

6800 Hardware supported: Conrac Model 480 (AMI MDC) + ICOM floppy WaveMate + Persci floppy (1771 + DMA) Electronics Product Associates + ICOM floppy Motorola EXORcisor + EXORdisk I or II SWTP + mini or DMAF floppy (FLEX) CMI 6800 + Winchester (16M) + Calcomp floppy (1771 + DMA) MSI 6800 + FD-8 mini-floppy or 10M cartridge disk Mizar Labs + double density Micropolis drives (1791 + DMA) SSB Chieftain-mini or 8-inch floppy Computer and Data Machines (England)

BUSINESS BASIC COMPILER

A super fast application oriented BASIC. 10 digit BCD for values to 100 million dollars with pennies. Random access to variable size, variable content records. Long, meaningful variable names, formatted output, IF-THEN-ELSE with multiple statements per line, and error-trapping make this BASIC extremely powerful. Compiled code, automatic integer optimization, and fast floating point make applications written in SD Basic run faster than on virtually any other microcomputer, and protect the source code of the application. 104 pages of documentation.

EDIT

A powerful and easy to use text editor with change, delete, insert, and remove commands. Automatic display of text or context changes, macro facilities for complex or repetitive editing. 44 pages of documentation.

ASM

A lovely 2 pass assembler with conditional assembly, long labels, symbol table dump and cross-reference, error cross-reference, extensive arithmetic and listing control. 103 pages of documentation.

Write for a free catalogue or contact the hardware manufacturer. All SD software comes with a 1 year warranty.



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- 6. William Nisen
- 8. \$125 per year; \$45 for 9 issues
- 10. The newsletter monitors important commercial, technological, and product developments, as well as market, application and learning opportunities.
- 1. Sorcerer Users Group
- 2. 1395 Main St, Waltham MA 02154
- 3. None as of yet
- 5. The Exidy Monitor
- 6. Bruce R McGlothlin
- 7. (617) 899-4540
- 8. \$10 per year
- 9. The main purposes of the group are to make hardware and software developments known and available to the Sorcerer user, to supply software to the user, and to initiate an information service.
- 1. Computers in Psychiatry/Psychology

PROFESSIONAL

- 2. 26 Trumbull St, New Haven CT 06511
- 5. Computers in Psychiatry/Psychology (formerly Micro-Psych)
- 6. Marc Schwartz MD
- 7. (203) 562-9873
- \$15 per year for membership and 6 issues of the 13-page newsletter
- Clinical, research and interesting mental health uses of computers, office management, and administration. The newsletter contains articles, reviews, ongoing bibliography, psychology program catalog, training opportunities, job openings, and news of members' activities. Now publishing Vol. 2 of newsletter. Vol. 1 available for \$12.
- 1. Physicians Microcomputer Report
- 2. POB 6483
- 3. Lawrenceville NJ 08648
- 6. Dr Gerald M Orosz
 8. \$25 per year; \$12.50 for
- students
- 9. Monthly publication for

doctors who wish to become better informed about the computer and its application in the field of medicine.

Zips 10000-30000

- 1. Digital Group Independent Users Group
- 2. POB 316, Woodmere NY 11598
- 5. BRIDGE (Bi-directional Reflections for the Illumination of Digital Group Enthusiasts)
- 6. Lloyd Kishinsky
- 8. \$10 for 10 issues of newsletter
- A newsletter devoted to helping digital group users over the voids.
- 10.Newsletter published every 6 weeks. Vol. III starting in Fall '79. Newsletter includes helpful hints from users, items for sale, software exchange, applications, hardware and software fixes, Phideck special interest group, and articles submitted by members.

Membership is approximately 350.

- 1. BUSS
- 2. 325 Pennsylvania Ave SE, Washington DC 20003
- 5. Buss: The Independent Newsletter of Heath Company Computers
- 6. Charles Floto
- 7. (202) 544-0484 8. \$8.50 for 12 issues
- Software and hardware compatible with computers made by the Heath Company.
- 10.Sample issue availabe upon request mentioning BYTE.

1. ARESCO

- POB 1142, Columbia MD 21044
- 5. Four newsletters: The Paper, VIPER, RAIN-BOW, and The Source.
- 6. Rick Simpson or Terry Laudereau
- 7. (301) 730-5186
- 8. \$15 for 10 issues
- The Paper for owners of the Commodore PET. The VIPER - for owners

INCOME TAX PROGRAMS

Accountants, lawyers, tax consultants nationwide, prepared over 30,000 1978 Federal tax returns using our system.

Displays and fills in Form 1040 and related schedules on the screen, then prints out the completed forms automatically.

Change your mind? Make an error? Correct a single entry and you have a brand new form with all re-computations made automatically.

No tax system, running on any computer anywhere, has all the features of our professional system, and yet—

Our base program, which does 1040 and Schedule A costs only \$189.95

And! You can add schedules for only \$37.95 each, customizing your system to your requirements.

CONTRACT SERVICES ASSOCIATES

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The Comprint 912 printer. No one else can match our speed, our print quality, our quiet operation, or our reliability. Not for \$660 they can't.

Our Comprint 912 is the best printer for the money. Period. Any printer that can match our price can't even begin to match our performance. And any printer that boasts performance like ours doesn't even come close to our price. No matter what your application; computer reports, listings, CRT hard copy, message



CRT hardcopy is an excellent application for the Comprint 912.

receiving, scientific/ industrial data logging, or anything you can think of, the Comprint 912 is **the** performance leader in printers under \$1000.

First consider our performance. The Comprint 912 prints nearly 3 lines every second.

Speed. At 225 characters per second (170 LPM) the Comprint 912 is up to 4 times faster than impact printers costing hundreds of dollars more. With our printer you don't waste time and money waiting for your print-out.

Print Quality.

Our 9x12 matrix provides sharp, crisp characters. Compare that with our competition. Their very best is a 9x7 matrix, which means no lower case descenders and cramped letters. With the Comprint 912 you don't have to put up with the irritation of fuzzy, hard to read computer printing. This xceptional print quality in ly by the Comprint 912 in 7 nless reliability, 6 month rallel I/O and 8 1/2" wide been shipped to happy custe mance is our special

The superior print quality provided by the Comprint 912 is obvious in this actual size sample.

means increased productivity. And because the Comprint 912 makes better originals, our originals make better Xeroxes.

Quiet Operation.

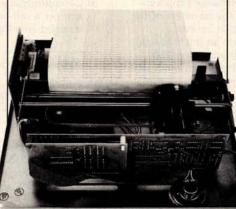
Most computer printers are irritatingly noisy. They can disrupt concentration and reduce the efficiency of anyone working near them. They're noisy because they're

The Comprint 912 is quiet because it's electronic not mechanical. impact. The Comprint 912 has no mechanical print head banging on the paper. It's electronic. It's quiet.

Reliability.

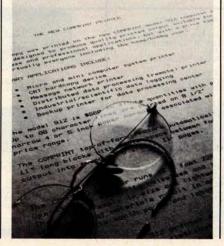
Since the Comprint 912 prints electronically, rather than mechanically like ordinary impact printers, we have fewer moving parts and less vibration. The Comprint 912 has fewer things to go wrong and less wear. That's why we

offer a 6 month warranty, twice the industry standard. The key to all this superior perfor-



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of the RCA VIP. Rainbow - for owners of the APPLE II. The Source for owners of the Exidy Sorcerer.

- 10.A subscription is for all 10 issues of one volume. Back issues are sent automatically.
- 1. Microcomputer Investors Association
- 2. 902 Anderson Dr, Fredericksburg VA 22401
- 3. As called
- 4. As called The Microcomputer In-5. pestor
- 6. J Williams
- 7. (703) 371-5474
- 8. \$30 per year
- 9. An association of persons who utilize microcomputers to assist in making and managing investments.
- 10.Each participating member is required to publish one article per year in The Microcomputer Investor.
- 1. TRS-80 Users Group
- 2. 7554 Southgate Rd,

Fayetteville NC 28304

- TRS-80 Users Group 5. Newsletter
- 6. Mr Robert G Lloyd
- 7. (919) 867-5822 8. \$15 per year
- 9. To exchange programs with the members of the group at no cost.
- 10.We are an international group with over 1500 members from more than 20 countries.

1. **TIPS Newsletter**

- 101 Brookbend Cr, 2. Mauldin SC 29662
- 5. TIPS Newsletter
- 6. Fred Holmes 7. (803) 288-5664
- 8. \$3 for 4 issues
- 9. Support all microprocessor products produced by National Semiconductor from a hobbyist point of view, plus related semiconductor products from other companies. Microprocessors supported include IMP-16, SC/MP and INS 8070. Complete construction plans for microprocessor systems including I/O

(input/output) devices such as 24 by 80 video display, digital cassette and floppy disk. Also, system support software published.

10.Complimentary issue sent for a self-addressed stamped envelope.

Zips 30000-80000

- 1. 6502 User Notes
- 2. POB 33093, N Royalton OH 44133
- 5. Yes
- 6. Eric C Rehnke, Publisher
- 7. (216) 237-0755 8. \$13 for Volume 3 in N
- America, \$19 for Volume 3 elsewhere.
- 9. The newsletter supports KIM, SYM, AIM, and OSI 6502-based machines. We have special sections dealing with BASIC, Forth, FOCAL, Tiny BASIC, KIMSI, interface, music, etc.
- 1. The International Institute for Robotics

- 2. POB 615, Pelahatchie MS 39145
- 5. Robotics Newsletter
- 7. (601) 854-5339
- 8. \$8 for 12 issues
- 10. The newsletter solicits articles on all facets of robotics; we pay \$15 to \$50 per page for accepted articles. The Institute also offers free parts to hobbyists for articles; this is in addition to the payment above. The Institute also makes available a basic and an advanced course in robotics..
- 1. SR-52 Users Club (International)
- 2. 9459 Taylorsville Rd, Dayton OH 45424
- 3. No meetings
- 5. 52-NOTES
- 6. Richard C Vanderburgh
- 7. (513) 233-3698
- 8. \$1 per issue of 52-NOTES (\$1.67 abroad, excluding Canada and Mexico).
- 10.Back issues are available at the same rates, beginning June 1976, monthly through February 1979. Texas Instruments-58/59



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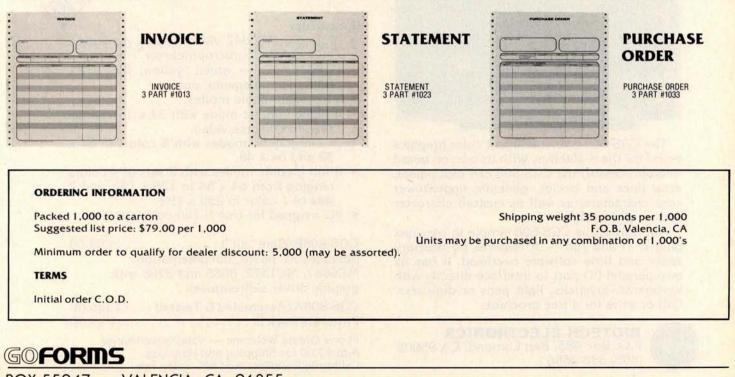
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- 1. The Target-an Aim 65 Newsletter
- 2. RR#2, Spencerville OH 45887
- 5. The Target-an Aim 65 Newsletter
- 6. Donald Clem
- 7. (419) 647-6576
- 8. \$5 in US and Canada. \$12 elsewhere
- 9. The newsletter is for present and future Rockwell Aim 65 users. The Aim is built around the 6502 microprocessor, so the information is useful for all 6502s. The newsletter contains software and hardware usable with the Aim.
- 10. The newsletter is published bimonthly. Six issues a year per subscription. Past issues have contained articles on the printer, the display, power supplies, product reviews, as well as other information.
- 1. Apple Library
- 2. 51625 Chestnut Rd,

- Granger IN 46530
- 3. Mail only
- 5. No
- 6. Joe Torzewski
- (219) 272-4670 7
- 8. None
- 9. Support of Apple computer.
- 10.Send self-addressed stamped envelope, please.
- 1. Mid-Michigan Computer Club
- 2. 9274 Marinus Dr, Fenton MI 48430
- 3. No scheduled meetings 5. None
- 6. Tony Preston
- 7. (313) 629-0363
- 8. None
- 9. Games, artificial intelligence, and operating systems.
- 1. The Target
- 2. Custom Tronics, POB 4310, Flint MI 48504
- 8. \$15 per year
- 10.Bimonthly newsletter for owners or prospective owners of Aim 65 systems.
- 1. SCAMPUS (SC/MP

- Users Society)
- 2. POB 132, Knob Noster MO 65336
- 3. None
- 4. None
- 5. SCAMPUS Newsletter
- 6. Tom Bohon, Coordinator
- 7. (816) 563-2650
- 8. \$2 per year plus large, self-addressed stamped envelopes for newsletter mailings
- 9. Composed of members who are interested in or actually building systems based on the National Semiconductor SC/MP-II processor.
- 10. All members have access to a growing library of both articles and programs for cost of reproduction and postage. The newsletter is approximately monthly. Current newsletter is available to interested parties for large, selfaddressed stamped envelope. Group is trying to design a project computer for interested members to build.
- 1. Theater Computer Users

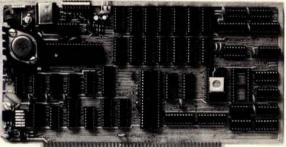
Group

- 2. 104 N St Mary, Dallas TX 75214
- 3. None, a national group for exchange of information.
- 4. Newsletter, 4 times a year.
- 5. TCUG NOTES about 4 times a year
- 6. Mike Firth
- 7. (214) 827-7734 days or evenings.
- 8. \$4 to cover costs of 4 issues of the newsletter (about a year).
- 9. The uses of computers in live drama (theater) operations such as light control, administration, design, and sales.

Zips 80000-90000

- 1. COSMAC Users Group (CUG)
- 2. POB 7162, Los Angeles CA 90022
- 3. Local chapters may be formed in the future
- 5. The 1802 Peripheral
- 6. Patrick Kelly, Director Inquiries to above ad-7.
- dress; please include self-

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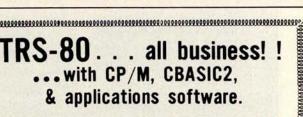
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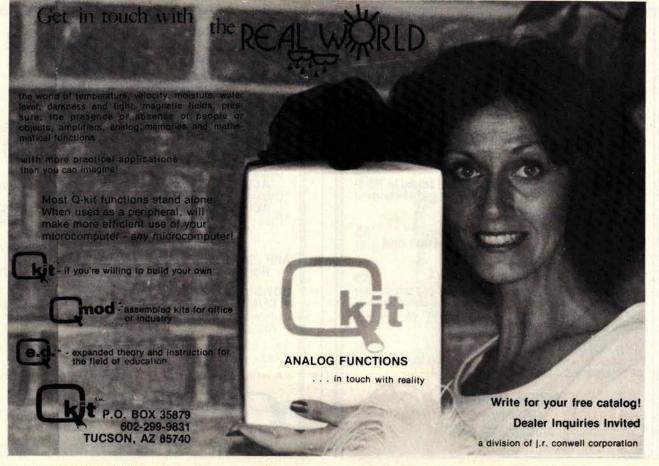
- Membership is free; subscription to newsletter is \$5 for 12 issues (minimum 8 pages, each). All subscriptions must start with Volume #1, Issue #1.
- 9. The CUG is a user's group for all 1802-based microcomputers, including Basic ELF, ELF-II, Super-ELF, UC-1800, DSD-1802, VIP, homebrews, etc.
- 10. The CUG is a nonprofit, national syndicate of 1802-based computer owners and users. Our members provide copies of their own software and hardware to other CUG members, charging only for actual copying and postage costs. Each member receives a detailed listing in our newsletter, which publishes both software and hardware articles and reviews.
- 1. Poly 88 Users Group
- 2. 1477 Barrington #17, Los Angeles CA 90025

- 3. None
- 5. Poly 88/Poly 8813 Users Group Newsletter
- 6. Pat or Roger Lewis
- 7. (213) 477-8478 after noon
 8. \$5 US and \$15 foreign for 12 issues
- 9. Software exchange or hardware tips.
- 10.\$2.50 for programs without trade. \$2 for cassette. \$3 for disks.
- Business Computing Press
 POB 55056, Valencia CA
- 91355 5. Business Computing Newsletter
- Alan Bartholomew, Publisher, Greg Scott, Editor
 (805) 255-8543 or (213)
- 881-8076 respectively 8. Newsletter - available
- free at computer stores.
- 1. Computer Information Exchange
- 2. POB 158, San Luis Rey CA 92068
- 3. None
- 5. TRS-80 Bulletin, TRS-80 Computing
- 6. Bill McLaughlin, Editor 7. (714) 757-4849

- 8. Bulletin free, TRS-80 Computing 2 for \$15
- 9. TRS-80 uses.
- 1. PROTEUS, The Processor Technology Users Society
- 2. 1690 Woodside Rd, Suite 219, Redwood City CA 94061
- 3. Various chapters throughout USA and Canada
- 5. PROTEUS/News (bimonthly, equivalent to 48 pages per issue)
- 6. Stan Sokolow
- 7. (415) 368-3331
- 8. \$12 in USA, \$15 in Canada or Mexico, \$20 elsewhere (US funds only, please)
- A balance between hobbyist and commercial interests: tutorial articles, hardware reviews, software reviews, news, group discounts, program library, tape recorded lectures, and communication among members.
- 10.Formerly known as Solus, we are now open to anyone owning a Sol, CUTS, or Helios, or any

compatible hardware. Send \$2 for a sample issue of the newsletter.

- 1. Cromemco User Systems and Software Pool (CUssP)
- 2. POB 784, Palo Alto CA 94302
- 4. Locally arranged
- 5. CUssP Newsletter
- 6. David Dameron
- 7. (415) 321-5998
- \$10 for 3 issues; \$12 outside USA, Canada and Mexico
- Users of Cromemco computers and boards.
- 10. The purpose of CUssP is the exchange among users of operating notes, hardware and software modifications, user written software, evaluations, and Cromemco announcements.
- 1. LISP Users Newsletter
- 2. 18215 Bayview Dr, Los Gatos CA 95030
- 6. John R Allen
- This newsletter is designed to spread information about applications, implementation and general





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information on LISP-like languages.

- 1. Quest Electronics
- 2. 2322 Walsh Ave, Santa Clara CA 95051
- 5. Questdata
- 6. William Haslacher
- 7. (408) 988-1640
- 8. \$12 per year
- Monthly newsletter for 1802 microprocessor users.

1. HEX Users Group

- 2. 36012 Military Rd S, Auburn WA 98002
- 3. None
- 4. None
- 5. Irregular, 3 to 4 issues per year.
- 6. Charles C Worstell
- 7. (206) 927-6038
- 8. \$4
- 9. Devoted to systems without American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) keyboard (mostly 6800 D2)
- 1. 80-Northwest Publishing Co
- 2. POB 7112, Tacoma WA 98407

- 5. The 80-US Journal (bimonthly)
- 6. Mike Schmidt, Editor
- 7. (206) 759-9642
- 8. \$16 per year (US)
- 9. The *Journal* is devoted entirely to the TRS-80 microcomputer system. It covers all aspects including business, scientific, educational, tutorials, hardware and

Foreign Clubs and Newsletters

- 1. MICOM (The Microcomputer Club of Melbourne)
- 2. MICOM, POB 60, Cantebury, Victoria 3126 AUSTRALIA
- 3. AMRA Hall, Wills St, Glen Iris
- Third Saturday of the month.
- Newsletter (monthly); magazine (quarterly).
- 6. Andrew Stewart, Secretary
- 7. (03) 277-1613
- 8. \$7.50 per year
- 9. None; we try to interest all microcomputer enthusiasts.
- 10.Membership: 120-plus.

- games.
- 10. In less than 1 year, the Journal has gone international. It also pioneered the use of animated graphics with sound on the TRS-80. It gave birth to ANDY (Android Nim) and others, and introduced advanced "string packing" techniques.

1. Australian 9900 Users

3. None - correspondence

5. None - direct contact

9. Anything and everything

to do with the 9900 or

correspondence group

and are now in touch

with groups in the USA

and the United Kingdom.

associated devices.

10.We are by necessity a

Melbourne, Victoria 3001

Group

only

8. None

6. Barry Day

7. (03) 661-2523

2. GPO Box 835,

AUSTRALIA

We will always answer all correspondence promptly and would be glad to make new contacts in both hardware and software fields.

- 1. COM-3
- POB 268, Niddrie, Victoria 3042 AUSTRALIA
 COM-3
- 6. Timothy Mowchanuk,
- Editor 7. Work (03) 336-1855
- Home (03) 379-6812 8. \$10 (in Australia), \$15 (Foreign - surface mail), \$25 (Foreign - airmail). All checks in Australian dollars. Make check payable to: C.E.G.V.
- 9. Educational uses of computers.
- 1. Brazilian Microcomputer Club, and TRS-80 Users Group
- 2. Attention: Douglas Gilson, Rua Sambaiba, No. 516, Leblon, Rio de Janeiro BRAZIL
- 3. Same as above
- 4. Weekly
- 5. None
- 6. Douglas Gilson



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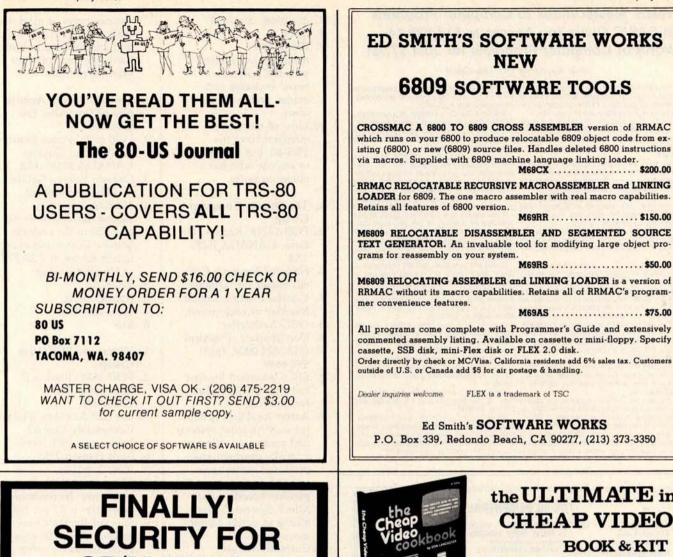
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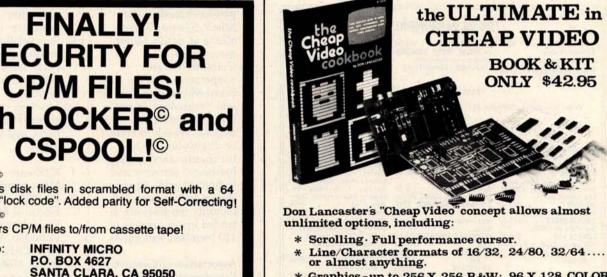
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- 7. 274-0308, 274-2439
- 8. None
- 9. We receive

manufacturer's news, software publisher's news, exchange programs, and exchange ideas.

10.Most of our club's members have the TRS-80, but we are open to anyone who has a microcomputer.

1. The Ottawa Computer Group

- 2. POB 13218, Kanata, Ontario, CANADA K2K-1X4
- 3. National Research Council, Sussex Dr. Ottawa
- General meeting second Monday of each month
- 5 OCG Newsletter
- 6. Don Sharkey, President
- 7. (613) 824-0909, (613) 992-6858
- \$10 (Canadian) for first full year \$5 (Canadian) for renewals
- Active local user groups 9 for most popular systems and processors. We have a locally designed and produced central processor board and expansion boards - The Mimic System. There also is an active Mimic users group.
- 10.Currently we are cooperating with the National Museum of Science and Technology in establishing a computer display. Weekly seminars or discussions are held for specific areas such as hardware, software and technical topics. Membership is approaching 250, monthly meetings are attended by an average of 110 members and guests.
- 1. Association of Computer **Experimentors** (ACE)
- 2. 102 McCrany St. Oakville, Ontario,
- CANADA L6H 1H6
- 3. Hamilton, Ontario
- 4. Monthly (September to May)
- 5. IPSO FACTO
- 6 Bernie Murphy
- \$15 per year in Canada; \$18 per year elsewhere
- the 1802 microprocessor. Our members have

various types of machines (ELF, VIP, Tektron, etc), and are involved in both hardware and software experimentation.

- 1. Toronto Region Association of Computer Enthusiasts
- 2. POB 6922, Postal Station A, Toronto, Ontario CANADA M5W 1X6
- 3. Ontario Science Centre and Humber College
- 4. Meetings are every second Sunday of month at 2 PM in the Ontario Science Centre and every fourth Friday at 7:30 PM at Humber College
- 5. TRACE
- 6. Ross Cooling
- 7. (416) 488-3314
- 8. \$13

1. Vancouver PET Users Group

- POB 35353 Station E. 2. Vancouver, BC CANADA
- 3. 404 East 51st Ave (Sunset Community Center)
- Vancouver PET News 5
- 6. Niels Hansen-Trip
- 7. (604) 274-2064
- 8. \$20 per year including newsletter. Nonmember newsletter is \$1 per issue.
- 9. Support for the Commodore PET 2001 computer and every other conceivable computer device.
- 10. Meetings consist of presentations, demonstrations, and program swaps.
- 1. Kitchener Waterloo
- 2. E2-3354 Reading Room, **Electrical Engineering** Dept, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Ontario CANADA N2L 3G1
- 4 University of Waterloo
- month
- - 7. Home 885-2122, Work 885-1211 Ext 3815

- Microcomputers based on

Microcomputer Club

- 3. Room 3388 Building Eng
- 4. First Wednesday of the
- 5. None
 - 6. Roger Sanderson
 - 8. None
 - - All areas of microcomputing, especially hardware.
 - 1. North London Hobby **Computer Club**



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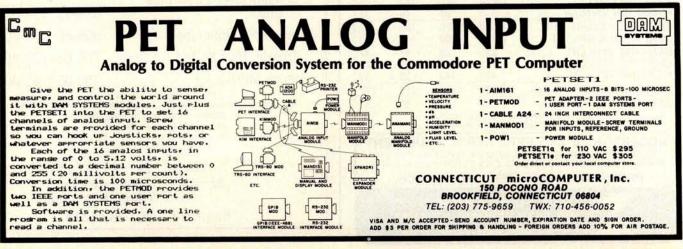
- 2. c/o D.E.C.E. Polytechnic of North London, Holloway Rd, London N78DB ENGLAND
- 3. Polytechnic
- 5. Gigo (bimonthly)
- 6. Robin Bradbeer
- 7. 01-607-2789
- 8. £10 (1978/9)
- Homebrew workshop; PET users group; games workshop; business users workshop; and Nascom workshop.
- 10.Regular courses on programming, digital electronics etc run by Polytechnic of North London for the NLHCC. £5 per course per member.
- 1. Japan Microcomputer Club
- 2. Kikaishinko-kaikan, JEIDA 5-5-8, Shiba-koen, Minato-ku, Tokyo JAPAN
- 3. Tokyo
- 5. Microcomputer Magazine (monthly), Microcomputer Circular (monthly), Microcomputer News (English version, unperiodically), Microcomputer Handbook (annually)
- 6. Koji Yada
- 7. 0424-61-2141
- Y3000 subscription, Y6000 dues, Y4800 for students
- 9. Microcomputer contest (twice a year); microcomputer seminar (20-30 times a year); and a Sunday school.
- 10. The main language is Japanese. We have about 2500 members in our 7 branches in Japan.

- 1. Microtel-Club
- 2. 9 rue Huysmans, 75006, Paris FRANCE 0 544 70 23
- 5. Yes
- 8. \$35 per year
- 9. The club's aim is to
- develop the interest of the French population in the microcomputer and telecommunications areas. We strive to give our members the opportunity to use and compare microcomputers. We support the most interesting projects of the club's users and promote exchanges among them.
- 1. Microcomputer Club
- 2. fte de Quijote #5, MEX-ICO 10, D.F.
- 6. Alfredo Buzali
- 7. 5-89-22-79 between 7 and 8 PM
- Primarily concerned with the Apple II and Ohio Scientific products.
- 1. Hobby Computer Club
- 2. Christinastraat 171, 5 615 RK Eindhoven, NETHER-LANDS
- 3. At 12 places throughout Belgium and the Netherlands.
- 4. Meetings are held at least monthly depending on the organizer.
- 5. Hobby Computer Club Nieuwsbrief (Dutch)
- 6. Erik Visser, Secretary
- Netherlands 040-514017
 15 guilders for 1979, will increase for 1980 (225
- Belgian franc)9. No special favor for any computer or
 - microprocessor. The main goal of the HCC is

to increase contacts between computer amateurs, to exchange ideas and experiences.

- 10. Our A5-sized bimonthly *Nieuwsbrief* will be a full-sized monthly in 1980. Once a year we organize the HCC Day with a complete exhibition and a program of readings. Our yearly members list shows which computer is used and each member's applications. The HCC now has over 2300 members in Belgium and the Netherlands.
- 1. Singapore Microcomputer Society
- 43K, Ponggol Rd, Singapore, 19, REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE
- 6. Jack Page
- 7. 4680944
- 8. \$25 per year
- To develop and encourage by all appropriate means the wider understanding and general use of microcomputers and related systems in new and productive applications.
- 1. Transvaal Amateur Computer Club
- 2. POB 6639, Johannesburg, SOUTH AFRICA
- 3. University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg
- 4. First Wednesday of every month, excluding January
- 5. Newsletter published monthly
- 6. Angus Anderson, Peter Hers
- 7. 784-3532 and 793-1576, respectively

- 8. R10-00 per year, no entrance fee
- 9. All aspects of small computers.
- 10. TAC² was formed in July 1977. Paid membership is now 210. Club members have developed and built their own machine, based on Motorola 6800 processor with their own 42-pin bus.
- 1. Central Program Exchange (CPE)
- 2. Department of Computing and Mathematical Sciences, The Polytechnic, Wulfruna St, Wolverhampton WVI 1LY UNITED KINGDOM
- 5. Program Exchange
- 6. Dr G Beech, Project
- Director
- 7. 0902 27371 Ext 159
- Annual subscription United Kingdom and Europe £25. Overseas £40
- 9. New category of membership to encourage schools and other small users. Small user subscription is £10 per year and £20 overseas. CPE has published a booklet of computer programs suitable for use in schools: Computer Resources for Education and Training - Schools Education price £3.50 per copy.
- 10. Our library contains about 300 programs in various subject areas.



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Practical Microcomputer **Programming:** The Intel 8080

by W J Weller,

A V Shatzel, and H Y Nice Northern Technology Books POB 62, Evanston, IL 1976 306 pages hardcover 61/2 by 91/4 inches \$23.95

Practical Microcomputer Programming: The M6800

by W J Weller Northern Technology Books POB 62, Evanston, IL 1977 288 pages hardcover, 61/2 by 91/4 inches \$23.95

Practical Microcomputer Programming: The Z80

by W J Weller

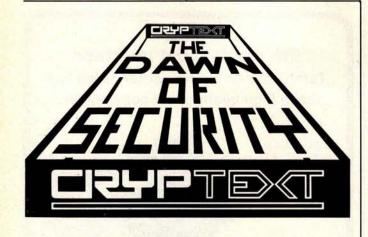
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Northern Technology Books POB 62, Evanston, IL 1978 481 pages hardcover, 61/2 by 91/4 inches \$32.95

Book Reviews

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Practical Microcomputer Programming is a series of books begun in 1976 and masterminded by Walter Weller. Mr Weller is an applications software consultant specializing in the industrial, medical, and educational uses of small computers, and is the founder of Northern Technology Books, the publishers of this series. It is quite obvious that Mr Weller has a natural feel for how to present such technical material. Each book is presented in lucid, readable terminology, and the layout is carefully designed to treat each topic separately and completely. This gives the reader not only a tutorial workbook to learn more about the art of assembly language programming, but also an excellent



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The objective of the series is to directly address the difficulties of microcomputer application programming in assembly language as simply as possible. Although many programmers see little need to get embroiled in the complexities of an assembly language when a higher level language such as BASIC is available, there are indeed many applications in which a program in assembly language is desirable. In some applications it is absolutely necessary. Two important considerations in choosing to use an assembly language are necessary memory restrictions and speed.

First, recall that this series was begun in 1976. At that time most programmers doing work on microcomputers did not have the amount of memory thought of as common today. Presently programmers think nothing of talking about 64 K byte systems, and while such a large amount of memory is still not cheap, nonetheless it is within the realm of affordability, or at least will be in the very near future. In 1976, however, it was rare to think in terms of more than 4 K bytes of memory; consequently, getting a program to execute with the least amount of memory was paramount. A high-level language was a luxury few could afford. Therefore, in 1976 minimum memory requirements were quite important. But what about now, when a 64 K byte chip is within the foreseeable future?

Obviously there are still many times when a minimum amount of memory should be used. There are many industrial applications which still require strict conservation of available memory. Today there is

hardly a major home appliance or piece of office equipment that does not have a microprocessor controlling it, and it certainly is not cost effective to provide each of these machines with the 16 or 32 K bytes of memory necessary to support programming them in a highlevel language. But there is one other consideration for using assembly language: speed.

Speed is one of the major reasons that assembly language programming retains strong adherents. Assembly language programming is necessary to handle various tasks such as interfacing software, input and output handlers, and real-time controllers, because the electronics involved keeps getting faster. Assembly language programming is often a must for the transfer of data between any of several devices at a rate consistent with the speeds at which these devices operate.

There is another good reason for wanting to learn assembly language programming. There isn't an exact term to describe it, but words like fun, self-fulfilling, and fascinating partially describe the feeling one has after mastering assembly language programming. It lets you into that mystical world of the system programmer, it allows you to become intimate with the most inner workings of your computer, it lets you feel in total control of the sometimes awesome power the computer engenders. All in all, the individual becomes a more effective, confident, and efficient programmer.

What has all this to do with this series of books? It is Walter Weller's contention that learning to program in an assembly language should be a painless, rewarding

experience. There is nothing inherently intimidating about assembly languages, yet they have acquired a reputation guaranteed to frighten the novice programmer. It was apparently Mr Weller's goal from the beginning to present the fundamental concepts of assembly language programming in a completely nonthreatening way. He has accomplished this goal better than any other author to date.

Each book of this series is a completely self-contained guide to the assembly language of a particular microprocessor. Each is packed with examples of assembly language routines which perform real functions useful to the novice programmer. These routines not only supply the reader with instant software for a variety of applications, but also abundantly illustrate the usefulness of assembly language programming. I found each book of the series to be logically designed, including chapters detailing one particular area of assembly language programs, appendices with source listings of significant software, and a comprehensive index making it easier to use the books as reference texts

These books are not exhaustive discussions of the programming characteristics of a particular microprocessor, nor do they represent complete details on all possible assembly language programming techniques. What these books do represent is a suitable cross-section of techniques that will aid the novice assembly language programmer in sharpening skills, while serving as an excellent reference resource for the experienced programmer. As for the particular microprocessor each book covers, the discussion is specific and to the point, not theoretical or general.

One final comment on the series as a whole before discussing particular details of each book: every line of code printed in each book has been checked and rechecked, right up to the moment before the book is actually printed. This helps eliminate annoying typesetting errors in the listings. While this does not absolutely guarantee the correctness of the examples or programs listed, it certainly goes much further in doing so than most publishers care to pursue. This represents a tremendous plus to the reader.

The Intel 8080 is the first book of the series, published in 1976. Although the 8080 is one of the older microprocessors on the market, there are several manufacturers (including Heath Company and Compucolor Corp) still basing their systems on this chip. In other words, this book still applies to a large number of machines currently available.

There are over 80 example programs used to illustrate the solutions to common problems facing the assembly language applications programmer. These examples are practical as well as explanatory and can often be used directly to form parts of applications programs.

The authors cover a lot of territory in the 18 chapters, 3 appendices, and index of this book. They naturally begin with binary arithmetic and logical (AND, OR, NOT) operations, bringing the programmer familiar with high-level languages, but not assembly language "down" to the proper level of thinking. Next, a definition of what constitutes memory and how it is accessed in a microcomputer is covered, which gives the novice assembly language programmer a basic idea of where things are located inside the machine.

After the preliminaries are out of the way, the authors describe the parts of an assembly language program, such as labels and operands. Also discussed are assemblers, cross-assemblers, and loaders.

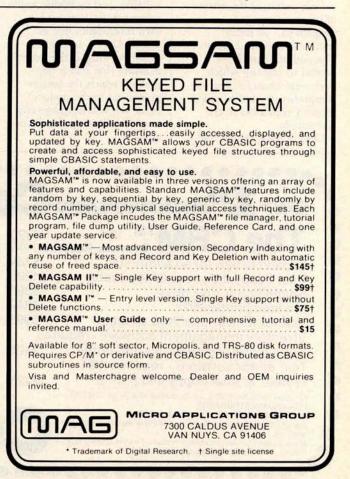
Chapter 4 begins the detailed descriptions of 8080 instructions, including moving data, binary arithmetic, software multiplication and division, and using the stack pointer. Chapter 8 then employs what has been learned so far to construct a number of commonly required subroutines.

Next, binary-to-decimal and decimal-to-binary conversions are covered, allowing the programmer to format input and output, which is the subject of the next chapters: communicating with a terminal, and controlling a printer. Other types of communication to the physical world, such as digital and analog output, are also discussed.

Chapters 16 and 17 cover a topic usually omitted from a programming guide, interrupt-driven processes. First, the concept of a real-time clock and its uses are discussed, then the necessary considerations of real-time input and output are detailed. While the novice programmer may not be able to use the information in these 2 chapters immediately, the authors clearly show that progressing to that level is not that difficult, and the added flexibility of being able to take real-time events into account is of great benefit to the assembly language programmer.

The final chapter discusses many helpful ways to debug assembly language programs, the bane of many a programmer. Techniques here are illustrated using the authors' own debugging program, a tool serious programmers can not afford to be without. It allows inspection and modification of memory, single-step execution via breakpoints, and many other handy techniques. The authors have included the source code of this program in the book, which is a real bonus.

In addition to the debug program listing in the appendices, the authors have also included the source listings of the crossassembler and loader used on the Computer Automa-



tion LSI/2 to produce object code for the 8080. This assembler will assemble all hardware instructions detailed in Intel's document #98-004C Rev C, 8080 Assembly Language Programming Manual, plus "certain compound and pseudo instructions." What this means is that, throughout the text, the authors have chosen to use different mnemonics for certain instructions, "for clarity." An example is ReSet Carry (RSC) instead of ORA A. The authors' intentions are certainly appreciated, but it is unclear whether or not this offers an advantage to the programmer just learning 8080 assembly code, especially if he or she has access to an assembler which uses Intel mnemonics. Certainly it is easier to remember that RSC means reset carry (as opposed to ORA A), but is it realistic to assume that the reader will be in a position to take advantage of the improvement?

Only a few of the dozens of mnemonics were "improved," so hand translation is not difficult. The authors have been careful to identify which ones were changed, and the comprehensive index makes locating references in the text simple.

Once author Weller had

put together a winning combination of information, he knew not to tamper with success. The M6800 and Z80 books have essentially the same information that the 8080 book does, but naturally there are specific differences for these microprocessors. There are a few differences in the conclusions, such as chapters on floating point arithmetic in the M6800 and Z80 books, and graphic output in the Z80 book, but by and large, each book covers the same general territory. In essence, then, Weller has written the same book 3 times. This certainly has its advantages, because now it is easy to compare the performance and instruction characteristics of these 3 microprocessors.

In the M6800 book, Weller again provided a listing for a debugging program as part of the appendices. As in the 8080 book, a number of the instruction mnemonics as defined by Motorola were found not suitable, and so Weller made a few substitutions of his own mnemonics (for example, DATA instead of FCB). As long as the reader is aware that this is happening (which the author points out in the preface), he or she will not have any trouble following the discussions.

Weller's Z80 book turned out to be a more ambitious project, however. It includes a complete description and source code listing of an assembler of Weller's own design, in addition to the by now anticipated debugging monitor. These programs are available in paper tape or TRS-80 cassette form from the publisher, free of charge with the return of the coupon from the book.

In the Z80 book, Weller also chose to go his own way with the assembly language mnemonics, even more so than with the M6800 and 8080 instruction sets. Essentially, he felt that Zilog did a great disservice to 8080 owners by completely redefining the mnemonics of their chip, even though a great part of the instruction set is exactly the same as that of the 8080. In actuality, the Z80 instruction set is an extended 8080 instruction set, except that Zilog used a different set of mnemonics for the instructions the Z80 has in common with the 8080.

All this means is that those who are experienced in 8080 assembly language are forced to learn an entirely new set of mnemonics for the Z80, even though the actual execution of the instructions would be exactly the same as before. Weller perceived this as an injustice to 8080 users; that being the case, his assembler merely extends the 8080 instruction set to include the full use of Z80 instructions. This approach will obviously alienate some Z80 users, but no doubt will please those upgrading from an 8080 based system to a Z80. The author also provides a complete table which translates the mnemonics he uses in his assembler and debugger to the Zilog mnemonics. I prefer not to take sides in this matter, but I can't help but admire Weller for taking a stand for simplicity.

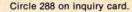
Practical Microcomputer Programming is a very powerful series. It is well written and full of essential techniques for the assembly language programmer. The final question is: "what is next for Walter Weller?" The author intends to continue the format used for the Z80 book and provide a complete assembler for the 6502. He is hard at work on this assembler, and hopes to publish the book around the beginning of 1980. At long last 6502 users will have a definitive resource for this much neglected microprocessor. I am sure that the book will be well worth the wait.

> Blaise W Liffick Senior Book Editor Byte Publications



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REI

new PP-2708/16 OAE'S PROM Programmer is the only programmer with all these features

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PET WORD PROCESSOR



This program permits composing and printing letters, flyers, advertisements, manuscripts, etc., using the COMMODORE PET and a printer.

Script directives include line length, left margin, centering, and skip. Edit commands allow the user to insert lines, delete lines, move lines and paragraphs, change strings, save onto cassette, load from cassette, move up, move down, print and type.

The CmC Word Processor Program addresses an RS-232 printer through a CmC printer adapter.

The CmC Word Processor program is available for \$29.50. Add \$1.00 for postage and handling per order.

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Circle 76 on inquiry card.

Programming Ovickies

An ASCII String Program

William Comer, 419 Blackman St, Lake Charles LA 70605

Programming long American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) strings or a large number of strings can be a tedious job. The Motorola 6800 program in listing 1 simplifies the task by automatically setting up the proper hexadecimal codes in the ASCII string. This program assumes you are using a 6800 system with the Motorola MIKBUG monitor program. You simply type in the statements you want printed during execution of a machine language program. The starting address of the ASCII string is stored in hexadecimal locations A000 and A001 (high- and low-order byte respectively) before executing the program.

Using the Program

When a point is reached where you want to insert the text in your machine language program:

- Load the program starting at hexadecimal memory location 0100.
- Load the starting address of the ASCII string at hexadecimal address A000 and A001.
- Load the starting address of the program into hexadecimal memory locations A048 and A049 (01 in A048, 00 in A049).
- Start the program by typing G.
- Type in the statements exactly as you want them printed.
- Return to MIKBUG control by hitting the reset button.

Listing 1: M6800 program to load ASCII characters into memory using MIKBUG and MP-C Interface.

Address	Hexade Code	cimal	Label	Op Code	Operand	Commentary
0100	CE 80	04	START	LDX	#PIAD	Look for start bit
0103	A6 00		IN1	LDAA	0,X IN1	Look for start bit.
0105	2B FC 6F 02			BM1 CLR	2,X	Set counter for 1/2 bit.
0107 0109	8D 28	1 A.		BSR	DE	Start timer.
0109 010B	8D 20			BSR	DEL	Delay 1/2 bit time.
010D	C6 04			LDAB	#4	Set delay full bit time.
010F	E7 02			STAB	2, X	
0111	58			ASLB		Set up counter with 8.
0112	8D 1B		IN3	BSR	. DEL	Wait 1 character time.
0114	OD			SEC	and the second second	Mark commentary line.
0115	69 00			ROL	0, X	Get bit into CFF.
0117	46			RORA		CFF to AR.
0118	5A			DECB BNE	IN3	
0119	26 F7 8D 12			BSR	DEL	Wait for stop bit.
011B 011D	80 12 84 7F			ANDA	#\$7F	Reset parity bit.
011F	81 7F			CMPA	#\$7F	
0121	27 E0			BEQ	IN1	If rubout, get next characte
0123	FE AO	00 .		LDX	ASSA	ASCII string start address.
0126	A7 00			STAA	0,X	
0128	08	No.	INX			
0129	FF AO			STX	ASSA	
012C	7E 01	00	DEL	JMP TST	START 2, X	Is time up?
012F	6D 02 2A FC		DEL	BPL	DEL	is time up:
0131 0133	6C 02		DE	INC	2. X	Reset timer.
0135	6A 02			DEC	2, X 2, X	a startistication of the second
0137	39			RTS		

Listing 2: To print an ASCII string during a machine language program, insert these 2 instructions into the program.

	Hexadecimal Code	Op Code	Operand	Commentary
	CE XX XX	LDX	# String	Memory location. XXXX is the starting address of the ASCII string.
195	BD E0 7E	JSR	PDATA 1	MIKBUG subroutine to print on ASCII string.

Circle 321 on inquiry card.

Circle 314 on inquiry card.

SORCERER* SOFTWARE!

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Circle 237 on inquiry card.

The address in memory locations A000 and A001 is the location following the last character in the ASCII string. Read this location and insert hexadecimal 04 into the memory location listed in hexadecimal A000 and A001. This will be used as an end of text marker by a MIKBUG routine (PDATA1).

To output the ASCII string during a machine language program, insert the program section shown in listing 2. This program saves a lot of time when programming a large number of long ASCII strings. It has saved me many hours of tedious programming. ■

Table of Subroutines

Peter W Meek, 1788 Miller Ave, Ann Arbor MI 48103

If you have a subroutine in a program, it is very likely you wrote the first line on a nice even number like 5000 or 10000. Now the program is finished, and it is time to neaten it up. You type the RENumber command, but where is your subroutine now?

If you put a table of subroutines at the end of every program, as shown below, the renumber command will keep track of them for you.

10	REM		START OF PROGRAM
	-		
4999 5000	END	•	REM END OF PROGRAM REM START OF SUBROUTINE #1
5900 10000	RETURN	:	REM END OF SUBROUTINE #1 REM START OF SUBROUTINE #2
10900 20000	RETURN	:	REM END OF SUBROUTINE #2 REM TABLE OF SUBROUTINES
20010	GOTO 5000	:	REM SUBROUTINE #1
20020 99999	GOTO 10000 END	:	REM SUBROUTINE #2

Now the destinations of the GOTOs will be changed along with the actual line numbers. A program listing will end with a clear statement of where to look for that line which seems to have a bug in it.

Of course, this can be used to keep track of any part of a program that you like.■

What's New?

Sharp Introduces Alphanumeric Calculators

Sharp Electronics Corp has introduced two handheld scientific calculators in which alphanumeric formulae can be entered as written without being translated into machine language. The most complicated formulae can be entered into the machine and displayed, and can be visually edited, corrected, or tested without going through any translation phase. The key to the versatility of both machines in an exclusive "rolling writer" dot matrix liquid crystal display which shows numbers, letters and symbols. Because the entries roll across the liquid crystal display, as many as 80 entries can be made.

The EL-5100 has a 24-character display which can enter and store up to 80 steps, because of the rolling writer feature. It has 61 keyed functions, 10 data memories, and Memory Safe Guard to maintain data and programs even when the power is off. The EL-5100 accepts the input of complicated formulae with up to 15 levels of parentheses and 8 levels of pending operations. Complex formulae can be stored as long as needed. Five formulae, with up to 80 steps, can be stored for easy calculations and recalled at the touch of a key. Ten variables can be stored and used in the formulae

The EL-5101 has capabilities similar to the EL-5100. It has a 16-character display which can roll to 80 characters, storage up to 48 steps, and six data memories.

Both models are wafer-thin, horizontally held, weigh just over 5 ounces, and come in a brushed metal finish. The EL-5100 is priced at \$99.95 and the EL-5101 is \$79.95. For further information, contact Sharp Electronics Corp, 10 Keystone Pl, Paramus NJ 07652.

Circle 622 on inquiry card

Encryption Device Secures Data in TRS-80

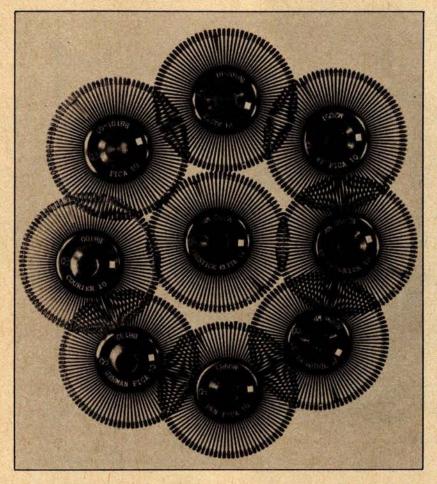
CRYPTEXT is a hardware encryption device designed to plug directly into the back of the Radio Shack TRS-80 Model I or into the expansion interface via an optional cable. The device allows users to secure virtually any data stored on cassette tapes or on disks against unauthorized access. Used with a modem, CRYPTEXT allows data or messages to be transmitted by telephone or other communication channels in complete privacy. Other uses include generating pseudorandom numbers for games or scientific programs.

Prior to encoding data, CRYPTEXT requires a user to enter a 10-character key; each of the 2⁸⁰ possible keys results in a different and completely incoherent version of the data submitted for encryption. To decode secured data, four elements are essential: the encrypted data, the CRYPTEXT unit, the software, and the correct user-supplied key. The lack of any of these elements prevents access to the original data.

The price is less than \$300 and includes demonstration software and useroriented documentation. Optional cable and additional tape or disk software are available for a small additional charge. For further information, contact CRYPTEXT Corp, POB 425 Northgate Sta, Seattle WA 98125.

Circle 623 on Inquiry card

What's New? MISCELLANEOUS



Daisy Printwheels

These plastic daisy printwheels with 96 character positions are available from AGT Computer Products Inc, 10906 Rochester Ave, Los Angeles CA 90024. They presently offer 27 Qume compatible and 13 Diablo compatible typestyles, including those which are more commonly used. These printwheels have rubber buttons with a plastic disk on the top for ease of handling. All printwheels

Portable Computer System

Called the MAScot, this complete computer system is housed in a portable carrying case. The system contains the following modular components: a 5-inch, 7 by 9 dot matrix video displaying all 128 characters of the American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) set, single or dual 5-inch floppy disk drives offering 80 to 320 K bytes of data storage, 40 or 80 column dot matrix printer, 300 or 1200 bits per second (bps) modem with built-in acoustical coupler, and 8- or 16-bit microprocessor featuring up to 1 M bytes of programmable memory. The have a metallized period, extra heavy underscore, and reinforced hub and spoke stress-points. In addition, 2 IBM compatible printwheels in Orator and OCR-B typestyles with the flip-top clasp for use in the IBM 6240 system are available. The company manufactures special wheels to order, and will modify existing molds in order to accommodate special characters or logos.

Circle 586 on inquiry card.

carrying case also contains extra storage space, and the top cover is removable. The design highlights minimum size and weight combined with durability. MAScot firmware is extended BASIC, featuring integrated assembly instructions using a high-level incremental compiler. The operating system handles multidisk files.

Depending upon configuration, the price ranges from \$3999 to \$9999. For further information, contact Micro Application Systems Inc, 4345 Lyndale Ave N, Minneapolis MN 55412.

Circle 587 on inquiry card.

Microbench 8086 Software

A series of computer programs to support applications development for the Intel 8086 16-bit microprocessor, Microbench 8086, has been announced by Virtual Systems Inc, 1500 Newell Ave #406, Walnut Creek CA 94596, These programs operate in conjunction with PDP-11 and LSI-11 computers to provide an economical program development capability for the Intel 8086.

Included in Microbench 8086 software are a relocating assembler, linking loader, librarian, and object file formatter. The assembler supports extensive macro and conditional assembly capabilities, cross reference listings, and provides for memory addressing beyond 64 K bytes. The loader provides linkage facilities, selective loading from libraries, and directives for specifying read-only and programmable memory alignment boundaries.

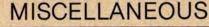
The object file formatter produces binary modules in compatible formats for use with programmable read-only memory programmers and emulation systems. Microbench software is coded in Macro-11 for high throughput, and operates under RT-11, RSX-11M, RSX-11D and RSTS/E operating systems. Perpetual license fees start at \$1695 including documentation and first-year maintenance.

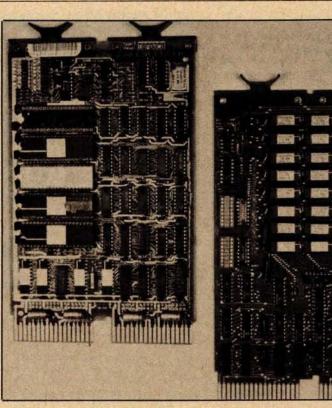
Circle 588 on inquiry card.

Where Do New Products Items Come From?

The information printed in the new products pages of BYTE is obtained from "new product" or "press release" copy sent by the promoters of new products. If in our judgement the information might be of interest to the personal computing experimenters and homebrewers who read BYTE, we print it in some form. We openly solicit releases and photos from manufacturers and suppliers to this marketplace. The information is printed more or less as a first in first out queue. subject to occasional priority modifications. While we would not knowingly print untrue or inaccurate data, or data from unreliable companies, our capacity to evaluate the products and companies appearing in the "What's New?" feature is necessarily limited. We therefore cannot be responsible for product quality or company performance.

What's New?

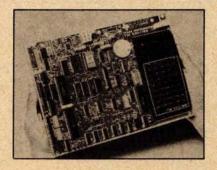




64 K Byte Microcomputer System

This 2 board microcomputer system utilizes DEC's LSI 11/2 central processing unit model KD11-HA with power fail and auto restart, 16-bit I/O (input/output) direct memory access (DMA) port, real-time clock input, vector interrupt handling, and Chrislin Industries' CI-1103 32 K byte by 16 memory board. The programmable

Single-Board Microcomputer System Designed as Learning Aid

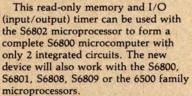


The TM990/189M, a self-contained

memory module has an access time of 300 ns from synchronous active and the cycle time is 525 ns. On-board memory select is available in 2 K byte increments up to 128 K words. Complete power consumption is under 6 W. The memory is tested and burned in and warranteed for a full year. The single quantity price is \$1250. For further information, contact Chrislin Industries, 31312 Via Colinas #102, Westlake Village CA 91361. Circle 592 on inquiry card.

single-board microcomputer system, has been announced by Texas Instruments Inc. This microcomputer system is designed as a completely assembled learning aid for hands-on experience, plus instruction in microcomputer fundamentals, assembly and machine language, and microcomputer interfacing.

The board is self-contained with 1 K bytes of programmable memory (expandable on board to 2 K bytes) and 4 K bytes read-only memory (expandable on board to 6 K bytes). The read-only memory contains the system monitor (UNIBUG) and a symbolic assembler. Mass memory storage can be accomplished with the audio cassette interface. Built into the TM990/189M is a 45 key alphanumeric keyboard and a 10 digit, 7 segment display. The display has a 32 character buffer. It may be Single Read-Only Memory and I/O Timer



Designated the S6846, the device combines 2 K bytes of read-only memory, an 8-bit bidirectional data port with 2 control lines for a parallel interface, a programmable interval timer and counter, and programmable registers for peripheral I/O data and control. The S6846 is the first part in the S6800 family to feature an automatic hardware power on reset capability.

The mask programmable device is fully compatible with transistortransistor logic as well as with other members of the S6800 family. It operates from a single +5 V DC power supply. Read-only memory code for the device can be developed on the AMI MDC-100 Microcomputer Development Center using 6800 assembly language, though specific control software for the S6846 must be user developed.

Contained in a 40-pin dual-in-line package, the S6846 is priced at \$7 in plastic and \$8.95 in ceramic. For further information, contact American Microsystems Inc, 3800 Homestead Rd, Santa Clara CA 95051.

Circle 593 on inquiry card.

shifted right or left to view any 10 digits of the 32 character buffer. Provisions are on the board to add an external, standard EIA terminal or teletypewriter interface.

Other features of the TM990/189M include a series of addressable lightemitting diodes (LEDs). Coupled with these visual indicators is a piezoelectric speaker for audio signals.

The TM990/189M is priced at \$299 and the optional power supply (TM990/519) is \$65. For further information, contact Texas Instruments Inc, POB 1443 M/S 653, Houston TX 77001. Circle 594 on inquiry card.

What's New?

MISCELLANEOUS

Microcomputer With Large Characters Ideal for Instruction



The EduCALC 189 GD is a 16-bit printed circuit board designed specifically for instruction. The instructor has an onboard 45-key alphanumeric keyboard and gets input, output and status information from the lightemitting diode display. Large characters on the other side of the unit repeat this display to the audience.

Assembly-language programming is featured with minicomputer instruction set; read-only memory resident software (including system monitor for program debug and symbolic assembler); single step execution; cassette interface; EIA and Teletype interface; 1 K byte programmable memory and 4 K byte readonly memory (expandable); 16-bit programmable I/O (input/output) controller and interrupt monitor; 2 MHz clock; also software and firmware compatibility with the entire TI 9900 family of microprocessors.

The price of the EduCALC 189 GD is \$1074 which includes TM 990/189 board and power supply, a 570-page tutorial text, a 300-page user's guide, and a rigid carrying case. There is a one-year warranty on the neon display and interface and a 90-day warranty on the TM 990/189. Contact Educational Calculator Devices Inc, POB 974, Dept 14B, Laguna Beach CA 92652.

Circle 611 on inquiry card.

Acoustically Coupled Modem

CAT is an acoustic modem which is designed to transmit data over all telephone lines. It allows one computer or terminal to talk to another. Data exchange can occur at any speed up to 30 characters per second (300 bps). The device offers features that include Bell 103 compatibility; answer, originate, and test modes with full and half duplex; and light-emitting diodes for displaying unit status. Standard on the modem are an acoustic self-test and a compact power supply that plugs directly into wall sockets to reduce heat and voltage hazards. For further information, contact Hamilton Avnet Electronics, 10950 Washington Blvd, POB 2647, Culver City CA 90230.

Circle 618 on inquiry card.

8085 Microcomputer Card

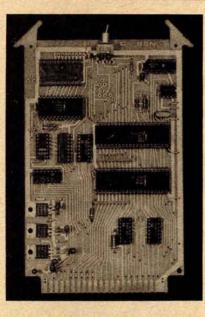
The SSM-85/2 is a general-purpose single-board applications control computer measuring 4.5 by 6.5 inches (11.43 by 16.51 cm). The card features a 4-level programmable interrupt; 256 bytes of programmable memory; 1 K bytes of erasable read-only memory (expandable to 2 K bytes); I/O (input/output) consists of 22 parallel lines with an additional 6-bit memory-mapped port; a serial EIA level I/O port; a programmable 14-bit binary counter and timer which is controlled by the system 3 MHz crystal and a software-readable switch. The processor has an instruction cycle time of 1.33 µs and is software compatible with the 8080A.

The SSM-85/2 assembled circuit card is priced at \$197. For further information, contact System Service, 3627 Longview Valley Rd, Sherman Oaks CA 91423.

Circle 612 on inquiry card.

Manual Aids TRS-80 Users in Utilizing Level II BASIC Read-Only Memory

The Software Technical Manual has been written by the technicians at Houston Micro-Computer Technologies Inc to provide the assembly programmer with documentation of the TRS-80 Level II BASIC read-only memory entry points and provide working examples of



their use. The manual is for the person that understands and programs in Z80 assembly language and is interested in writing fast, computer-oriented programs. It is organized in sections which emphasize different aspects of computation. The Software Technical Manual sells for \$49.95. The address of the company is 5313 Bissonnet, Bellaire TX 77401.

Circle 613 on inquiry card.



High-Quality S-100 Cabinet

Designated the Model 2150, this industrial-quality electronics cabinet is for hobbyists and system designers using the S-100 bus. The Model 2150 features a split construction design permitting rapid, easy access to all components by the removal of two screws. Heavy duty, 22-gauge steel is used throughout. A louvered bottom panel and louvered sides plus a fan facilitate air flow for efficient thermal characteristics. Components are mounted on a separate, removable chassis enabling rapid troubleshooting. One or two 5-inch disk drives are mounted in electrically shielded enclosures protecting media from spurious noise. A fully shielded and terminated 8-slot backplane is totally compatible with the S-100 bus.

The Model 2150 electronics cabinet is priced at \$795. For further information, contact Advanced Computer Equipment Inc, 3 Republic Rd, N Billerica MA 01862.

Circle 619 on inquiry card.

What's New? MISCELLANEOUS

Video Timer and Controller Device from Texas Instruments



This single device video timer and controller has been announced by Texas Instruments Inc, POB 1443 M/S 6404, Houston TX 77001. A silicon gate, N-channel metal-oxide semiconductor (MOS) device, the TMS9927, offered in a 40 pin dual-in-line package, generates video display timing signals for standard and nonstandard video monitors that incorporate both interlaced and noninterlaced formats.

The TMS9927 may be used with either 8- or 16-bit processors, including the TMS9900 family as a memory mapped I/O (input/output) device. It can also communicate with the communications register unit (CRU) interface of the TMS9900 family via the TMS9901 programmable systems interface.

Five sections comprise the new video timer and controller: processor interface, cursor control, horizontal control, vertical control, and self-load. The video timer and controller provides 9 user programmable control registers. Seven registers control horizontal and vertical formatting, and 2 control the cursor address.

The architecture of the TMS9927 is intended to allow maximum design flexibility. Most raster scan videos may be controlled by the TMS9927 by appropriately programming the control registers. The TMS9927 is interchangeable with Standard Microsystem Corporation's (SMC) CRT 5027.

Priced in 100 piece quantities, the TMS9927 video timer and controller is \$22.50 in plastic and \$27 in ceramic.

Circle 595 on Inquiry card.



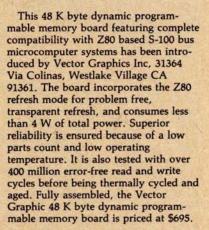
Control System for TRS-80 and PET Computers

Able to sense up to 24 inputs and drive 16 medium power outputs, the SY-16 is a plug compatible turnkey control system with all software and hardware furnished. The 16 output devices can be any 6 V or less on/off mechanism using less than 1/4 A. Relay coils can be driven directly. By selecting a 6 V relay with appropriate contacts, AC signals and power can be switched,

controlling most equipment originally designed for manual operation.

Input devices can be transistortransistor logic (TTL) gates, or any form of switch contacts, including thermostats, reed switches, microswitches, joysticks, keyswitches and numeric keypads. The SY-16 can sense open or closed conditions. Up to 8 switches can be wired for fast operation. A switch

48 K Byte Dynamic **Programmable Memory** Board



FERCOR GRAPHIC INC

Circle 596 on inquiry card.

closure can be captured and held, or noisy contacts can be debounced.

A software timing and control program (STAC) allows the user to specify and execute complex timing, sensing, and control sequences without having to program or write programs which call STAC as a subroutine. An interactive program is also furnished to help design sequences and experiment with them.

The SY-16 comes completely assembled, tested and ready to plug into TRS-80s (model T) or PETs (Model P) with software and comprehensive instruction manual describing sequence design, I/O (input/output) device control, STAC operation, and example applications for \$289. The instruction manual is available at \$12 and refundable upon SY-16 purchase within 60 days. For further information, contact Cooper Computing, POB 16082, Clayton MO 63105.

Circle 597 on inquiry card.

SOFTWARE

What's New?

Apple II Disassembler

CROPRODUCTS | APPLE II

Appletext is a powerful, new, 2-pass disassembler for the Apple II microcomputer. This programming tool disassembles any machine language program which resides in the Apple II. The disassembler creates a text file and assigns labels which enable the programmer to make them more useful. Initially, the label assignments contain the starting address of all subroutines. The disassembler will be valuable to any programmer who wants to rewrite, debug, modify, analyze, and understand the workings, functions and operation of inadequately documented programs for which there are no available source listings.

The disassembler is available on cassette with instructions for \$29.95. For further information, contact Microproducts, 2107 Artesia Blvd, Redondo Beach CA 90278.

Circle 577 on inquiry card.

Cross-Assembler for 6800s

The 2-pass Macro Cross-Assembler from Hemenway Associates generates relocatable and linkable code. It requires the LNKEDT68 which is described below. Resident on a 6800 system, XA6809 lets the user immediately produce code for a 6809. It produces a listing, a sorted symbol table, a crossreference list, and relocatable object code. This program features fast execution, full macro facility, relocation, and linking.

The LNKEDT68 system utility manipulates the relocatable file produced by the cross-assembler and Hemenway Associates' RA6800ML assembler and

Apple II Tiny Business Software

Tiny Business Inventory Management System, Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable for the Apple II offer a realistic approach to the capabilities of the Apple II in a Tiny Business environment. Each software package requires a minimum system configuration of 48 K bytes and 1 disk drive and an optimum configuration of 2 disk drives and floating point firmware. The Inventory Management System supports 820 separate inventory items and quantities to assist the user in evaluating stock sales. The Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable software handle 150 accounts each. All software packages have password protection to allow the user security on sensitive portions.

The Inventory Management System is priced at \$100, while the Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable software is \$75 each. For further information, contact Custom Computing Systems Inc, 204 2nd Ave N, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan CANADA S7K 2B5.

Circle 578 on inquiry card.

All States Payroll System

A fully user defined, all states payroll system has been announced by Payne, Jackson, and Associates (PJA), 447 E Fifth Ave, Anchorage AK 99501. Simultaneous multistate processing of up to 4 states is also possible. All standard reports with current, month, quarter, and year to date amounts, plus a limited report generator are included. The system supports 3 and in some cases 4 levels of control to permit the maximum in flexibility within a given payroll. The standard controls are used for companywide items, while the exception controls and override controls are used for specific employees. Small and simple payrolls are also easily handled.

The system runs on an Alpha Micro and is part of the PJA Accounting System which is currently available for \$500.

Circle 579 on inquiry card.

STRUBAL + compiler as well, producing runable binary files with the desired relocations and linkages performed. More sophisticated than a simple linking loader, LNKEDT68 is a 2-pass, diskto-disk program. The user can build output files without regard for the amount of programmable memory available at load time. Super BASIC for 6800 Computers Using PerCom 5-Inch Floppy Disk Systems

PERCOM

PERDOM

PerCom Data Company has announced Super BASIC for 6800 computers using PerCom's LFD-400 or LFD-1000 5-inch floppy disk systems. An extended disk BASIC, similar in dialect to Southwest Technical Products' (SwTPC) 8 K byte BASIC, Super BASIC supports 42 commands and 31 functions. The program requires 12 K bytes of memory. Super BASIC is compatible with programs written in SwTPC 8 K byte BASIC (versions 2.0, 2.2, and 2.3). Besides additional commands and functions, it includes refinements that reduce program run times by 35 to 40 percent. Other enhancements include direct random access to disk file data; optional use of the question mark in lieu of the Print command; 9 digit binary-coded decimal (BCD)

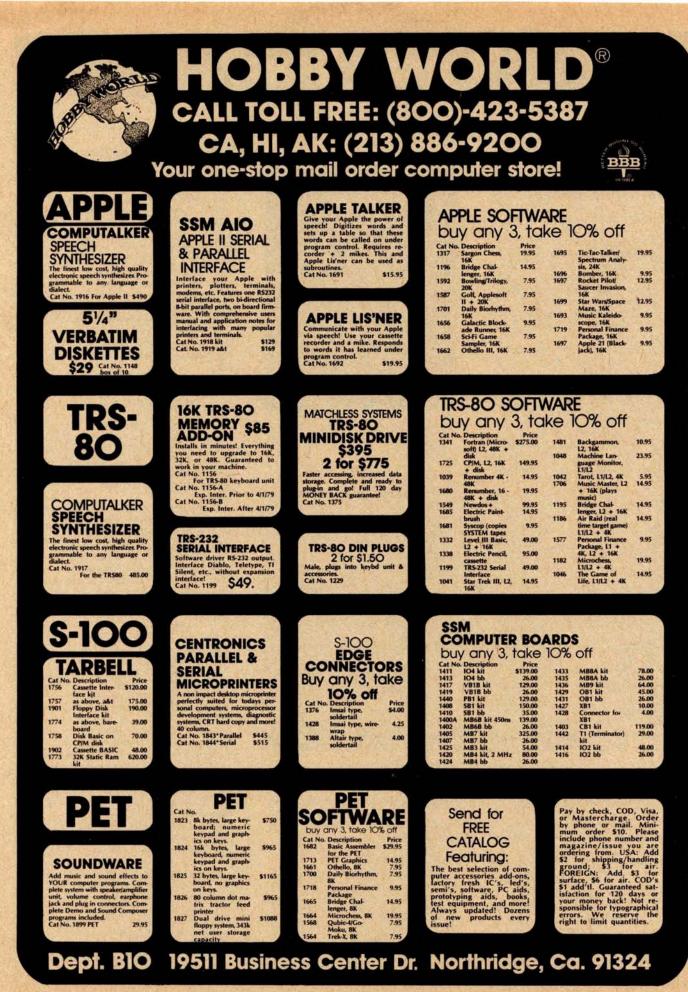
arithmetic; named disk file and batch processing capability when Super BASIC is used with PerCom miniDOS; line and character position error reporting; and fast execution of function calls.

Super BASIC is supplied on 5-inch disks and, together with a users manual, sells for \$49.95. Upgrade kits for using Super BASIC with SwTPC or Smoke Signal Broadcasting Co disk systems are also available. For further information, contact PerCom Data Co, 318 Barnes, Garland TX 75042.

Circle 580 on inquiry card.

Versions are available for Percom, ICOM, SwTPC, Smoke Signal Broadcasting and Tano systems. The XA6809 is priced at \$149.95, and the LNKEDT68 is \$49.95. For further information, contact Hemenway Associates Inc, 101 Tremont St, Suite 208, Boston MA 02108.

Circle 581 on inquiry card.



Circle 170 on Inquiry card.

What's New? Software

Educational Software

This educational software for the Radio Shack Level II TRS-80 and Commodore PET is designed for educators utilizing computer-assisted instruction. Currently available software includes:

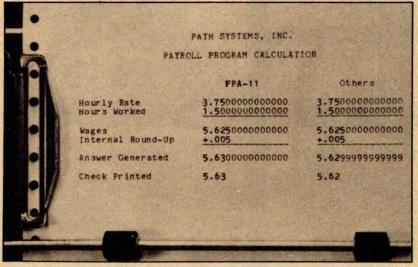
- Introduction to Microcomputers 6 programs, 3 tapes plus teacher's guide; grades 1 through 8, at \$49.95.
- Basic Math Skill Games— 12 programs, 6 tapes plus teacher's guide; grades 1 through 8, at \$89.95.
- Word Problems, 6 programs, 3 tapes plus teacher's guide; primary grades, at \$54.95.
- Spelling I and II— 12 programs, 6 tapes, plus teacher's guide; primary grades, at \$54.95.

These complete supported programs make full use of the microcomputer's graphic capabilities and contain safeguards to minimize accidental program loss. All programs are loaded in individual cassette tapes and stored with support materials in a 3-ring notebook.



For more information, contact The Software Factory, 515 Park St, Anoka MN 55303.

Circle 603 on inquiry card.



PDP-11 Compatible Floating Decimal Software Provides 14 Digit Accuracy

The FPA-11 Floating Decimal Arithmetic Package is a DEC PDP-11/LSI-11 compatible software program that generates answers as true decimal representations and completely eliminates strings of 9s. Offering 14 digit accuracy, it associates a scaling factor with each number to keep track of the decimal point as each calculation is performed. For fast execution, all calculations are conducted in binary form.

With a range of 10^{±141}, the package is characterized by compact internal representation, and manipulated numbers are internally represented by 4 words (8 bytes). Work space is defined local to an application, and several applications can use the package on a time-shared basis. A general purpose mode lets users bypass the decimal orientation when required.

The FPA-11 Floating Decimal Arithmetic Package is priced at \$75 on a floppy disk or cassette, and \$135 for RK-05 compatible media. Other media can be specified. Contact Path Systems Inc, The Millyard Bldg, 333 N Turner St, Manchester NH 03102.

Circle 606 on inquiry card.

T-Ball Jotter Disk for TRS-80

The T-Ball Jotter Disk contains software for use with 32 K byte TRS-80 disk and line printer systems. It contains a collection of business and professional programs which make many types of computations and prints out many forms used in the business and investment fields such as amortization schedules and financial statements. The disk has its own master control program which enables rapid selection among operations. The T-Ball Jotter Disk is priced under \$100. For more information, contact Contract Services Associates, 706 S Euclid, Anaheim CA 92802.

Circle 604 on inquiry card.

Pascal for the TRS-80

FMG Corp has announced a UCSD Pascal developmental package for Radio Shack's TRS-80. The FMG Pascal user's package is capable of running most business applications, such as word processing, payroll, accounting, and bookkeeping.

The system supports up to four floppy disk drives, line printer and RS-232 serial interface. It also supports userimplemented peripherals. The FMG Pascal developmental package includes a compiler, Z80 assembler and screen editor. It is priced at \$150. For further information, contact the company at Suite 14, 5280 Trail Lake Dr, Ft Worth TX 76133.

Circle 605 on inquiry card.

File Management System

Called a Self-Indexing Query System, WHATSIT (Wow! How'd All That Stuff Get In There?) this file management system answers simple questions by referring to disk data that it stores and revises as instructed in short pidgin English sentences. Its entry-oriented indexing scheme is especially designed to combine maximum storage capacity with full cross-indexing. Applications of WHATSIT include desktop indexing of investment portfolios, music or hobby collections, customer lists, and household or professional files. Entries are automatically cross-indexed under any desired headings. Typical response time is 3 to 10 seconds.

Models are available for the Apple II and North Star systems (\$100) as well as for CP/M systems (\$150). Supplied on a ready-to-run disk, WHATSIT comes with a 150-page manual containing stepby-step instructions and numerous examples. Contact Computer Headware, POB 14694, San Francisco CA 94114. Circle 607 on inquiry card.

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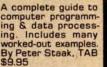
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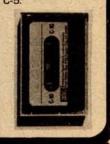


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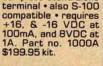
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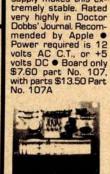
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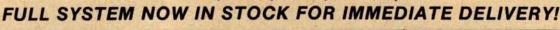
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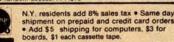
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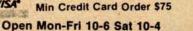
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BC1	Batteries & Charger	11.00
•Requires 2	"C" Niced Batteries	

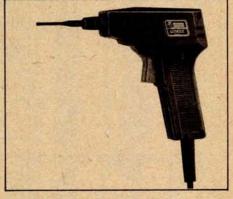


BATTERY INDUSTRIAL TOOL*

- (Gardner Denver or equiv.)
- wrapping

BW928 Tool 49.95 Backforce Model 52.95 BW928BF
 Bit & Sleeve
 Specify #22-#30
 29.50

 BC1
 Batteries & Charger..
 11.00



ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL TOOL

- Accepts Industrial Bits and Sleeves
 Accepts Industrial Bits and Sleeves (Gardner Denver or equiv.)
- Industrial Motor for Production Wire- Industrial Motor for Production Wirewrapping
- Backforce Avail. (Recommended for #30).
 Backforce Avail. (Recommended for #30).

EW8	Tool	85.00
EW28F	Backforce Model	92.90
Bit & Sleeve	#22 or #30	29.50

RNIC Sockets

	1	WIRE WRAP	1010	1-9	10-24	25-99	100-249	250-1K
RN HIGH RELIABILITY		SOCKETS	8 Pin	40	.36	.34	.31	.27 .32 .34
eliminates trouble. "Side-		3-level Gold	14 Pin		.39	.37	.34 .36 .50	.32
wipe" contacts make 100%		Closed Entry Design	16 Pin	The star	.42	.40	.36	.34
greater surface contact	A CONTRACTOR OF A	and the second se	18 Pin	.70	.60	.55 .75	.50	.45 .62 .65 .65
with the wide, flat sides of		All Prices Include Gold.	20 Pin	.90	.80	.75	.65	.02
	100003	Direct Contests	22 Pin	.95	.85	.80	.70 .70	.00
your IC leads for positive	and the state of t	2-level Sockets	24 Pin	.95	85	1.00	.95	.00
electrical connection.		Also Available	25 Pin st	1.25	1.15	1.00	.95	.90
YARD OF DUAL SALES		LE PESSIENCE FRANK	28 Pin 40 Pin	1.65	1.45	1.35	1.20	1.10
			401111	1.00	1.40			
- 170 70 7	~	SOLDER TAIL	1000	1-9	10-24	25-99	100-249	250-1K
		Low Profile Tin	8 Pin	.21	.18	.16	.15	.14
			14 Pin	-	.19	.17	.15	.13
	B. Later	Closed Entry Design	16 Pin	-	.21	.19	.17	.15
	11 de la	THE SEL CARE OF THE SECOND	18 Pin	.30	.28 .34	.27 .33 .30 .32	.26 .32 .27 .29 .40	.25
	1 Los and 1 Per	A. P. P. L.	20 Pin	.35	.34	.33	.32	.31
	Se al se		22 Pin	.36	.34	.30	.27	.26
			24 Pin	.38	.36	.32	.29	28
			28 Pin	.45	.44	.43	.40	.25 .31 .26 .28 .39 .57
Encode State			40 Pin	.63	.62	.01	.58	.57
OK PRODU	ICTS	ORDERI	NG INFO	RMAT	ION			
WD 30 50 ft. Wire Dispenser, Red.	and the second se	Orders	under \$2	25, add	d \$2 han	dling		
WD-30-TRI TRI Color Dispenser	5.50		abel or Fi				to 3 lbs.)	
R-30-TRI Refill for TRI Color	3.75		VISA &					
INS 1416 14 & 16 pin Insertion Tool	3.25		rders shi					
MOS 40 40 pin Insertion Tool EX-1 IC Extractor Tool	7.50		acro sin	pped	ient duy			
EX-1 IC Extractor Tool H-PCB-1 Hobby PC Board	1.49 4.99	page						
WSU 30 Hand Wrap/Unwrap/Strip T								
WSU 30M Same as WSU 30 with Mod		135 E. Chestnut Street 5A, Mor	nrovia, Cal	lifornia	91016	Phone	(213) 357	-5005
	AVAILABLE AT SE	LECTED LOCAL DISTR	IBUTO	RS		1		

Circle 298 on inquiry card.

BYTE October 1979 267

Nummer.	7400 TTL SN7470N 29 SN7472N 29	THINK	EXCITING NEW KITS Digital	AY-5-9100 Push Button Telephone Dialler \$14.95 AY-5-9200 Repertory Dialler 14.95
SN7400N 16 SN7401N 18 SN7402N 18	SN7472N .29 SN7473N .35 SN7474N .35 SN7474N .35 SN7475N .49	SN74160N .89 SN74161N .89 SN74162N 1.95	ENCODER KIT	AY-5-9500 CMOS Clock Generator 4.95 AY-5-2376 Keyboard Encoder (88 keys) 14.95 H00165 Keyboard Encoder (16 keys) 7.95
SN7403N .18 SN7404N .18	SN7476N 35 SN7479N 5.00 SN7480N 50	SN74163N 89 SN74164N 89 SN74165N 89	Full 8 bit latched output for micro- phonestor use > 1000 Full 8 bit latched output for micro- phonestor use > 1000 Full 9 bit latched output for micro-	74C922 Keyboard Encoder (16 keys) 5.95
SN7405N 20 SN7406N 29 SN7407N 29 SN7406N 20	SN7482N .99 SN7483N .59 SN7485N .79	SN74166N 1.25 SN74167N 1.95	stable operation • Debounce circuit provided for all 19	ICM7045 CM0S Precision Timer 24.95 ICM7205 CM0S LED Stopwatch/Timer 19.95 ICM7207 Oscillator Controller 7.50 ICM7208 Seven Decade Counter 19.95
SN7409N 20 SN7410N 18	SN7486N .35 SN7489N 1.75 SN7490N 45	SN74172N 6.00 SN74173N 1.25	Expo Expo Expo Expo Renduit to verify entries Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo Expo	ICM/209 Clock Generator 6.95 NMOS READ ONLY MEMORIES
SN7412N 25 SN7413N 40 SN7414N 70	SN7491N .59 SN7492N 43 SN7493N 43	SN74174N 89 SN74175N 79 SN74176N 79 SN74176N 79 SN74177N 79	Oupl sensors-switching control for in- dow/outdoor of dust monitoring FULL 8 BIT LATCHED OUTPUT—19 KEYBOARD Continuous LED.8* Th. display	MCM6571 128 X 9 X 7 ASCII Shifted with Greek 13.50 MCM6574 128 X 9 X 7 Math Symbol & Pictures 13.50 MCM6575 128 X 9 X 7 Alphanumeric Control 13.50
SN7416N 25 SN7417N 25 SN7420N 20	SN7494N .65 SN7495N .65 SN7496N .65	SN74179N 1.95 SN74180N .79 SN74181N 1.95	FULL 8 BIT LATCHED OUTPUT19 KEYBOARD Control Contro Control Contrective Control Control Control Control Control Cont	Character Generator MISCELLANEOUS
SN7421N 29 SN7422N 39 SN7423N 25	SN7497N 3.00 SN74100N 89 SN74107N 35	SN74182N .79 SN74184N 1.95 SN74185N 1.95	with LED readouts. Also included is a key entry strobe	TL074CN Quad Low Noise bi-fet Op Amp 2.49 TL494CN Switching Regulator 4.49 TL496CP Single Switching Regulator 1.75 11C90 Divide 10/11 Prescater 19.95
\$N7425N 29 \$N7425N 29 \$N7427N 25	SN74100N .59 SN74116N 1.95 SN74121N .35	SN74186N 9.95 SN74188N 3.95 SN74190N 1.25	JE600	95H90 Hi-Speed Divide 10/11 Prescaler 11.95
SN7429N 39 SN7430N 20 SN7432N 25 SN7437N 25	\$N74121N .35 \$N74122N .39 \$N74123N .49 \$N74125N .49 \$N74125N .49	SN74191N 1.25 SN74192N 79 SN74193N 79 SN74193N 79 SN74194N 89	DISCRETE LEDS	MK50240 Top Octave Freq. Generator 17.50 DS0026CH 5Mhz 2-phase MOS clock driver 3.75 TII.308 27" red num display withter logic chip 10.50
SN7438N 25 SN7439N 25 SN7440N 20	SN74126N 49 SN74132N 75 SN74136N 75 SN74136N 75 SN74141N 79	\$N74194N .89 \$N74195N .69 \$N74195N .89 \$N74195N .89 \$N74197N .89	XC556R red 5/\$1 125* dia. CLASS II XC556G green 4/\$1 XC209R red 5/\$1 FIELD EFFECT XC556Y vellow 4/\$1 XC209G green 4/\$1	MM5320 TV Camera Sync. Generator 14.95 MM5330 4½ Digit DPM Logic Block (Special) 3.95 LD110/111 3½ Digit A/D Converter Set 25.00/set
SN7441N 83 SN7442N 49 SN7443N 75	SN74142N 2.95 SN74143N 2.95 SN74144N 2.95	SN74198N 1.49 SN74199N 1.49 SN745200 4.95	200° dia	LITRONIX ISO-LIT 1 SN 76477 Photo Transistor Opto-Isolator SOUND GENERATOR
SN7444N .75 SN7445N .75 SN7446N 69	SN74145N 79 SN74147N 1.95 SN74148N 1.29	SN74251N 1.79 SN74279N .79 SN74283N 2.25	XC22R red 5/\$1 XC526R red 5/\$1 XC22G green 4/\$1 XC526R green 4/\$1 XC22Y yellow 4/\$1 XC526F yellow 4/\$1 XC22Y yellow 4/\$1 XC526C clear 4/\$1 4 DIGIT - 5" CHARACTERS	(Same as MCT 2 or 4N25) 2/99¢ Generates Complex Sounds Low Power - Programmable 3.95 each
SN7447N 59 SN7448N 79 SN7450N 20	SN74150N 89 SN74151N 59 SN74152N 59 SN74152N 59 SN74153N 59 SN74154N 99	SN74284N 3.95 SN74285N 3.95 SN74365N .69	MV108 red 4/\$1 THREE ENUNCIATORS .085° dia	TV GAME CHIP AND CRYSTAL AV.3.8500.1 and 2.01 MHZ Costal (Chin & Costal
SN7451N 20 SN7453N 20 SN7454N 20	SN74155N .79	SN74365N .69 SN74367N .69 SN74368N .69	INFRA-RED LED XC111G green 4/51 T1001-Transmissive \$7.95 1/4/x1/4/x1/16 flat XC111Y yellow 4/51 T1001A-Reflective 8.25	Includes score display, 8 games and select angles, etc. 7.95/Set XR205 \$8.40 EXAR XR2242CP 1.50 XR210 4.40 EXAR XR2244 4.25 XR215 4.40 EXAR XR2264 4.25 XR215 4.40 XR2264 4.25
SN7459A .25 SN7460N .20	SN74156N .79 SN74157N .65	SN74390N 1.95 SN74393N 1.95	5/51 DISPLAY LEDS	XR205 S8.40 EXAR XR2242CP 1.50 XR210 4.40 EXARR XR226 4.25 XR210 1.55 JE2206KA 1.95 XR2556 3.20 XR455 1.55 JE2206KA 19.95 XR2556 3.20 XR4556 3.99 XR1000 3.20 XR4151 2.85 XR556 39 XR1205 4.40 XR4151 2.85 XR556 99 XR2207 3.60 XR4151 2.45 XR567CT 1.25 XR2205 5.20 XR4202 3.60 XR1310P 1.30 XR2205 5.20 XR4202 3.60
CD4000 .23 CD4001 .23 CD4002 .23	C/MOS	CD4070 .55 CD4071 .23 OD4072 .49	TYPE POLARITY HT PRICE TYPE POLARITY HT PRICE MAN 1 Common Anode-red 270 2.95 MAN 4300 Common Anode-red ±.1 560 99 MAN 2 5 r 7 Dott Matrix-red 300 4.95 MAN 5740 Common Cathode-red ±.0 560 99 MAN 3 Common Cathode-red 7.2 34M M 45700 Cammon Cathode-red 1.560 99	XR320 1.55 JE2206K1 19.55 XR3257 2.99 XR-L555 1.50 JE2206K1 19.85 XR340 1.25 XR555 39 XR1800 3.20 XR4156 1.25 XR555 99 XR1205 4.0 XR4151 2.55 XR5670P 99 XR2207 3.85 XR4194 1.95 XR5670F 1.25 XR2205 5.00 XR4194 4.95 XR5670F 1.25 XR2205 5.00 XR4194 3.60
C04006 1.19 C04007 .25 C04009 49	CD4029 1.19 CD4030 49 CD4035 99	CD4076 1.39 CD4081 .23 CD4082 .23	MAN 4 Common Cathode-red 187 1.95 MAN 6760 Common Anode-red 560 99 MAN 7G Common Anode-orean 300 1.25 MAN 6780 Common Cathode-red 560 99	XR1458CN 3.85 XR2211 5.25 XR4558 75
CD4010 49 CD4011 23 CD4012 25	CD4040 1.19 CD4041 -1.25	C04093 99 C04098 2.49 MC14409 14.95	MAN 74 Common Cathode-red 300 1.25 DL707 Common Anode-red 300 99	A REAL PROPERTY AND
CD4013 39 CD4014 1.39 CD4015 1.19	CD4042 .99 CD4043 .89 CD4044 .89 CD4046 1.79	MC14410 14.95 MC14411 14.95 MC14419 4.95	MAN 84 Common Cathode-yellow 300 .99 DL741 Common Anode-red 600 1.25 MAN 3520 Common Anode-orange .300 .99 DL745 Common Anode-red = 1 .630 1.49	DIODES TYPE VOLTS W PRICE 1N4002 100 PW 1 AMP 12/1.00 1N746 3.3 400m 4/1.00 144004 400 PW 1 AMP 12/1.00
CD4016 .49 CD4017 1.19 CD4018 .99	CD4047 2.50 CD4048 1.35 CD4049 .49	MC14433 19.95 MC14506 .75 MC14507 99	MAN 8840 Common Cathode-orange 300 99 DL749 Common Cathode-reid ± 630 1.49 MAN 4810 Common Anode-orange .300 .99 DL750 Common Cathode-reid ± 600 1.49 MAN 4840 Common Cathode-orange .400 .99 DL338 Common Cathode-reid ± 10 .35	1N751 5.1 400m 4/1.00 1N4005 600 PIV 1 AMP 10/1.00 1N752 5.6 400m 4/1.00 1N4006 800 PIV 1 AMP 10/1.00 1N753 6.2 400m 4/1.00 1N4007 1000 PIV 1 AMP 10/1.00
CD4019 .49 CD4020 1.19 CD4021 1.39	CD4050 .49 CD4051 1.19 CD4053 1.19	MC14582 14 50 MC14583 3.50 CD4508 3.95	MAN 4710 Common Anode-red 400 .99 FND70 Common Cathode 250 .69 MAN 4730 Common Cathode = 1 400 .99 FND358 Common Cathode ± 1 .357 .99 MAN 4740 Common Cathode red .400 .99 FND358 Common Cathode ± 1 .357 .99 MAN 4740 Common Cathode red .400 .99 FND359 Common Cathode ± 357 .75	14754 6.8 400m 4/1.00 113660 50 200m 6/1.00 11757 9.0 400m 4/1.00 114148 75 10m 15/1.00 114759 12.0 400m 4/1.00 1141154 35 10m 12/1.00
CD4022 1,19 CD4023 23 CD4024 79	CD4056 2.95 CD4059 9.95 CD4060 1.49	CD4510 1.39 CD4511 1.29 CD4515 2.95	MAN 4810 Common Anade-relie 400 99 FN0503 Common Cathods (FN0500) 500 99 MAN 4840 Common Cathods (FN0510) 500 99 FN0507 Common Anade-range-10 500 91 MAN 6810 Common Anade-range-10 560 98 562-7730 Common Anade-range-1 300 1.30 MAN 6830 Common Anade-range ± 1.560 99 HD57-400 Common Anade-range ± 300 2.10	1N965 8.2 400m 4/1.00 1N4305 75 25m 15/1.00 1N965 15 400m 4/1.00 1N4734 5.6 1w 28 1N523 5.6 500m 2.8 1N4735 6.2 1w 28
CD4025 .23 CD4026 2.25 CD4027 .69	CD4066 .79 CD4068 .39 CD4069 .45	CD4518 1.29 CD4520 1.29 CD4566 2.25	MAN 6640 Common Cathode-oninge-D.D. 560 .99 HDSP-3403 Common Cathode red .800 2.10 MAN 6550 Common Cathode-oninge ± 1 .560 .99 5082-7300 4 x 7 spl. Digit-RHDP .600 19.95	1145234 6.2 500m 28 1144736 6.8 1w 28 1145235 6.8 500m 28 1144738 8.2 1w 28 1145236 7.5 500m 28 1144742 12 1w 28
74000 39	74C00	740183 2.49	MAN 6560 Common Anode-orange .560 .99 5062-7302 4 x 7 Sgl. Digit-LHDP .600 19.95	1N5242 12 500m 28 1N4744 15 tw 28
74C02 39	74085 2.49	740184 2.49	MAN 6680 Common Cathode-orange 560 .99 5082-7304 Overrange character (±1) 600 15.00 MAN 6710 Common Anode-red-D.D. 560 .99 5082-7340 4 x 7 Sql. Digit-Hexadecimal 600 22.50	1N5245 15 500m 28 1N1183 50 PIV 35 AMP 1.60 1N456 25 40m 6/1.00 1N1184 100 PIV 35 AMP 1.70
74C02 39 74C04 39 74C08 49 74C10 39 74C10 39 74C14 1.95	74C85 2.49 74C90 1.95 74C93 1.95 74C93 1.95 74C95 1.95	74C164 2.49 74C173 2.60 74C192 2.49 74C193 2.49 74C193 2.49	RCA LINEAR CALCULATOR CLOCK CHIPS MOTOROLA	IN3245 15 500m 28 IN1183 30 PIV 35 AMP 1.60 IN456 25 40m 6.71.00 IN1184 100 PIV 35 AMP 1.70 IN455 150 7m 6/1.00 IN1185 150 PIV 35 AMP 1.70 IN4585 150 7m 6/1.00 IN1185 150 PIV 35 AMP 1.70 IN4584 150 10m 57.100 IN1186 200 PIV 35 AMP 1.80 IN4001 50 PIV 1 AMP 12/1.00 1N1188 400 PIV 35 AMP 3.00
74C02 39 74C04 39 74C08 49 74C10 39 74C10 39 74C14 1.95 74C20 39 74C20 39 74C20 39 74C22 1.95	74C85 2.49 74C90 1.95 74C93 1.95 74C95 1.95 74C107 1.25 74C151 2.90 74C151 3.00	74C164 2.49 74C173 2.60 74C192 2.49 74C193 2.49 74C193 2.49 74C195 2.49 74C922 5.85 74C922 5.85 74C923 6.25 74C925 8.95	RCA LINEAR CA30137 CALCULATOR CHUPS/DRIVERS CA20237 CLOCK CHIPS 2.55 MOTOROLA CA30137 2.15 CA30581 2.00 CHUPS/DRIVERS MIM5725 MM5309 \$4.85 MIC1408L7 \$4.95 CA30357 2.46 CA30581 65 MIM5725 \$2.95 MM5311 4.95 MIC1408L7 \$7.57 CA30357 2.46 CA30581 5.75 MM5312 4.95 MIC1498L7 \$2.95 CA30357 3.75 CM854 2.06 MM45312 4.95 MIC1499L7 \$2.95 MM45312 4.95 MIC1499L7 \$2.95 MM45312 4.95 MIC1499L7 \$2.95 MM45314 4.95 MIC1499L7 \$2.95 MM5314 4.95 MIC1499L7 \$2.95	IN5245 15 500m 28 111183 50 PV 35 AMP 1.60 IN456 25 40m 61.00 IN1184 100 PV 35 AMP 1.70 IN458 150 7m 61.00 IN1185 100 PV 35 AMP 1.70 IN4583 150 7m 61.00 IN1186 100 PV 35 AMP 1.60 IN4694 100 100 11186 200 PV 35 AMP 1.60 IN4694 100 11186 400 PV 35 AMP 3.00 SCRAND FW BRIDGE RECTIFIERS 154 @ 400 V SCR(201140) \$1.35
74002 39 74004 39 74016 49 74010 39 74014 195 74020 39 74020 39 74020 39 74020 39 74021 195 74028 2,49 74028 2,49 74073 89	74085 2.49 74090 1.95 74093 1.95 74095 1.95 740107 1.25 740107 1.25 740151 2.90	74G184 2.49 74G183 2.49 74G192 2.49 74G192 2.49 74G193 2.49 74G922 5.95 74G923 6.25 74G923 8.95 74G925 8.95 74G925 8.95 80035 1.50	RCA LINEAR D43013T CAUGEN CALCULATOR CHIPS/DRIVERS CLOCK CHIPS MOTOROLA D43013T 2.15 CAUGEN 2.00 CHIPS/DRIVERS MM5309 \$4.85 MC1408L7 \$4.95 CA2035T 2.56 CAUGEN 1.60 MM5725 \$2.96 MM5311 4.58 MC1408L8 5.75 CA3035T 2.56 CAUGEN 3.75 DM8864 2.00 MM5312 4.58 MC302P 2.95 CA3064N 3.25 CAUGEN 1.39 DM8855 1.00 MM5316 4.56 MM5316 9.56 1.02 CAUGEP 3.95 CAUGEP 3.55 CAUGEN 2.95 MM5316 9.56 MM5316 9.56 MC302P 2.95 CAUGEP 3.55 CAUGEN 7.50 MM5316 9.56 MC4016(74*16) 7.50 CA3064N 3.25 CAUGEN 7.25 MM5316 9.56 MC4016(74*16) 7.50 CA3064N 3.25 CAUGEN 7.50 MM5308 2.56 MC4016(74*16) <td>IN5245 15 500n 28 111183 50 PV 35 AMP 1.60 1N456 25 40m 61.00 1N1184 100 PV 35 AMP 1.70 1N458 150 7m 61.00 1N1185 150 PV 35 AMP 1.70 1N458.1 100 10m 51.00 1N1185 150 PV 35 AMP 1.70 1N458.4 100 10m 51.00 1N1185 400 PV 35 AMP 1.00 SCR AND FW BRIDGE RECTIFIERS 0.00 50.70 1.1186 400 PV 35 AMP 3.00 C360 154 (# 400V 50.70 1.818 50.70 1.85 C380 354 (# 600V 50.7 1.85 50.7 1.85 20228 1.64 (# 300V 50.7 1.85 50 50 M0A 880-1 127 (# 50V FW BRIDGE REC 1.85 50</td>	IN5245 15 500n 28 111183 50 PV 35 AMP 1.60 1N456 25 40m 61.00 1N1184 100 PV 35 AMP 1.70 1N458 150 7m 61.00 1N1185 150 PV 35 AMP 1.70 1N458.1 100 10m 51.00 1N1185 150 PV 35 AMP 1.70 1N458.4 100 10m 51.00 1N1185 400 PV 35 AMP 1.00 SCR AND FW BRIDGE RECTIFIERS 0.00 50.70 1.1186 400 PV 35 AMP 3.00 C360 154 (# 400V 50.70 1.818 50.70 1.85 C380 354 (# 600V 50.7 1.85 50.7 1.85 20228 1.64 (# 300V 50.7 1.85 50 50 M0A 880-1 127 (# 50V FW BRIDGE REC 1.85 50
74C02 39 74C04 39 74C06 49 74C10 39 74C10 39 74C10 39 74C20 39 74C20 39 74C22 1.95 74C20 39 74C22 1.95 74C20 39 74C22 1.95 74C23 89 74C74 80 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74	74085 2.49 74090 1.95 74090 1.95 74097 1.95 740107 1.85 740107 1.85 740107 1.85 740107 2.15 740108 2.49 740151 2.49 740150 2.49 740151 2.49 740151 2.49	74C194 2.46 74C170 2.80 74C192 2.49 74C192 2.49 74C192 2.49 74C193 2.49 74C192 2.49 74C193 2.49 74C193 2.49 74C193 6.25 8.95 84C19 6.25 8.95 80C97 1.50 80C97 1.50 80C97 1.50 80C97 5.50 80C97 5.50 80	RCA LINEAR CA3013T CAUCULATOR CHIPS/ORIVERS CA30313T CLOCK CHIPS 24.05 M070R0LA CA30313T 2.15 CA3028 2.00 CHIPS/ORIVERS CHIPS/ORIVERS MUS300 54.05 MUS301 54.05 MUS301 54.05 MUS301 460 MUS408.15 54.05 CA30307 2.56 CA30307 2.56 MUS301 460 MUS408.15 54.05 CA30307 2.55 CA3004 1.00 MMS312 2.60 MUS312 450 MUS108.27 2.05 CA3004T 1.30 CA3150T 1.30 MUS316 8.06 MUS316 8.06 MUS317 3.05 CA3060T 2.52 CA3160T 1.25 DMM889 7.5 MUS316 8.06 MUS307 3.05 CA3060T 2.50 CA3401T 1.25 DMM889 7.5 MUS317 9.06 MUS307 9.06 MUS307 9.06 MUS307 9.06 3.05 CA3001T 9.06 MUS307 9.06 MUS307 9.06 3.05	IN5245 15 500n 28 111183 50 PV 35 AMP 1.60 114456 25 40m 6.100 111181 100 PV 35 AMP 1.70 114458 150 7m 6.100 111185 150 PV 35 AMP 1.70 114454 160 10m 51.00 111185 150 PV 35 AMP 1.60 114401 80 PV 15 AMP 127.00 111184 400 PV 35 AMP 3.00 SCR AND FW BRIDGE RECTIFIERS C38M 354:600V SCR(2011490) \$1.95 C38M 354:600V SCR 1.95 50 2N2232 1.64 @ 300V SCR 1.95 50 M0A 980-1 12A @ 300V SCR 1.95 50 M0A 980-3 12A @ 300V FW BRIDGE REC 1.95 50 C10681 30 TRANSISTORS 2(394) 4/1.00
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74C02 39 74C04 39 74C04 39 74C14 195 74C10 39 74C20 39 74C20 39 74C20 195 74C20 195 74C20 195 74C20 195 74C20 195 74C20 195 74C20 89 74C20 89 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74	24265 2.49 24230 1.95 24230 1.95 24230 1.95 24230 1.95 24230 1.95 24235 1.95 24235 1.95 24235 1.95 24237 1.95 24237 1.97 24308 2.49 LUNDECAR 1.35 LUMAUT-5 1.35 LUMAUT-6 1.25 LUMAUT-7 1.25 LUMAUT-7 1.25 LUMAUT-7 1.25 LUMAUT-7 1.25 LUMAUT-7 1.25 LUMAUT-7 1.25	740:164 2.49 740:173 2.49 740:176 2.49 740:176 2.49 740:178 2.49 740:178 2.49 740:178 2.49 740:178 2.49 740:178 2.49 740:178 5.85 80:058 1.60 80:058 1.60 80:058 1.60 10:1710N 78 1.47723NH 1.00 1.47723NH 1.11 1.47723NH 1.11 1.47723NH 1.11 1.47723NH 1.00 1.47723NH	BCA LINEAR CALCULATOR CLOCK CHPS MOTOROLA CA3013T 2.15 CA3008N 2.00 CMS029 24.85 MC1408L7 54.95 CA3033T 2.15 CA3008N 1.60 MM5725 52.95 MM5309 54.85 MC1408L7 54.95 CA3033T 2.56 CA3028N 1.60 MM5725 22.95 MM5319 4.85 MC1408L7 54.95 CA3035N 1.30 CA3119T 1.31 BM6725 2.96 MM5316 6.96 MK3292 2.85 CA3060N 1.30 CA3119T 1.31 BM6895 1.00 MM5316 6.96 MK3297 3.50 CA3060N 3.25 CA3160T 1.25 DM8897 75 MM5387 9.86 MM5387/198A 4.86 MC2024P 3.85 CA3000T 3.20 CA. LED driver 1.50 MM5387/198A 4.86 MC2024P 4.30 CA300T 2.00 CA300N 3.20 CA. LED driver 1.50	IN3245 15 500n 28 111183 30 PV 35 AMP 1.60 IN456 25 7m 6/1.00 IN1184 50 PV 35 AMP 1.70 IN458 150 7m 6/1.00 IN1185 150 PV 35 AMP 1.70 IN458 150 7m 6/1.00 IN1185 150 PV 35 AMP 1.70 IN458 150 7m 6/1.00 IN1185 150 PV 35 AMP 1.80 IN450 150 10m 1118 150 PV 35 AMP 3.00 SCR AMP 120.10 111181 400 PV 35 AMP 3.00 C360 154 900V SCR(XH440 51 55 1.55 1.55 20233 164 900V SCR 1.56 1.56 1.56 1.56 1.56 1.56 1.56 1.56 1.56 1.56 1.56 1.56 1.56 1.56 1.56 1.56 1.56
74C02 39 74C04 39 74C04 39 74C14 195 74C10 39 74C20 39 74C20 195 74C20 195 74C20 195 74C20 195 74C20 195 74C20 195 74C20 195 74C2	10015 2.49 70030 1.95 70030 1.95 70035 1.96 70036 1.96 70037 1.96 70036 1.96 70037 1.96 70036 1.96 70037 1.20 70037 1.20 70037 1.21 70037 1.24 LUMORD-18 1.25 LUMAUT-5 1.25 LUMAUT-6 1.25 LUMAUT-7 1.25 LUMAUT-7 1.25 LUMAUT-7 1.25 LUMAUT-7 1.25 LUMAUT-7 1.25 LUMAUT-7 1.25 LUMAUT-15 1.25 </td <td>742164 2.49 742173 2.49 742173 2.49 742183 2.49 742184 2.49 742185 2.49 742182 2.49 742182 2.49 742182 2.49 742182 5.49 742182 5.49 742182 5.49 742182 5.49 742182 5.5 MA723N 1.50 MA723N 1.51 MA723N 1.51 MA723N 1.52 MA723N 1.73 MA7410H 78 MA7410H 78 MA7410H 2.8 MA7410H 2.8 MA7410H 2.8 MA7410H 1.38 MC14668 1.39 MC14668 1.39 MM5627 1.75</td> <td>BCA LINEAR CALCULATOR CLOCK CHPS MOTOROLA CA20313T 2.15 CA305N 2.00 CMSTS 5.75 MMSTS 2.88 MIC1408L7 \$4.85 MIC1408L7 \$5.75 CA2035T 2.56 CA305N 1.60 MMSTS \$2.00 MMSTS 2.86 MMSTS \$5.75 MMSTS \$4.85 MIC1408L7 \$4.95 CA2035N 1.60 MMSTS \$2.00 MMSTS 4.56 MIC1408L7 \$5.75 CA305N 1.60 MMSTS 2.00 MMSTS 4.56 MIC1408L7 \$2.45 MIC1408L8 2.35 CA305M 3.25 CA316M 1.39 DMBSS 1.00 MMSTS 5.6 MIC107118 3.25 2.35 CA305M 3.55 CA316M 1.26 DMBSS 1.00 MMSTS 5.6 MIC107118 3.25 3.25 CA305M 3.50 CA4.12D driver 1.50 MMSTA 4.50 MIC104024 4.50 3.7 3.6 3.5</td> <td>IN5245 15 500m 28 1111133 50 PV 35 AMP 1.60 114456 25 40m 6.100 1111143 50 PV 35 AMP 1.70 114458 150 7m 6.100 1111185 150 PV 35 AMP 1.70 114454 160 10m 51.00 111185 150 PV 35 AMP 1.70 1144601 30 PV 14 AMP 127.100 111180 400 PV 35 AMP 3.00 SCR AND FW BRIDGE RECTIFIERS C380 154 @ 400V SCR (21149) 5.19 212323 1.64 @ 300V SCR 1.36 212423 1.64 @ 300V SCR 1.35 C380 31.46 @ 300V SCR 1.35 C10681 30 TRANSISTORS 213964 4/1 00 MF3A06 31 20 213925 5.10 214964 4/1 00 MF3A05 31 20 213925 5.10 214964 4/1 00 MF3A05 31 20 2143925 5.10 214492</td>	742164 2.49 742173 2.49 742173 2.49 742183 2.49 742184 2.49 742185 2.49 742182 2.49 742182 2.49 742182 2.49 742182 5.49 742182 5.49 742182 5.49 742182 5.49 742182 5.5 MA723N 1.50 MA723N 1.51 MA723N 1.51 MA723N 1.52 MA723N 1.73 MA7410H 78 MA7410H 78 MA7410H 2.8 MA7410H 2.8 MA7410H 2.8 MA7410H 1.38 MC14668 1.39 MC14668 1.39 MM5627 1.75	BCA LINEAR CALCULATOR CLOCK CHPS MOTOROLA CA20313T 2.15 CA305N 2.00 CMSTS 5.75 MMSTS 2.88 MIC1408L7 \$4.85 MIC1408L7 \$5.75 CA2035T 2.56 CA305N 1.60 MMSTS \$2.00 MMSTS 2.86 MMSTS \$5.75 MMSTS \$4.85 MIC1408L7 \$4.95 CA2035N 1.60 MMSTS \$2.00 MMSTS 4.56 MIC1408L7 \$5.75 CA305N 1.60 MMSTS 2.00 MMSTS 4.56 MIC1408L7 \$2.45 MIC1408L8 2.35 CA305M 3.25 CA316M 1.39 DMBSS 1.00 MMSTS 5.6 MIC107118 3.25 2.35 CA305M 3.55 CA316M 1.26 DMBSS 1.00 MMSTS 5.6 MIC107118 3.25 3.25 CA305M 3.50 CA4.12D driver 1.50 MMSTA 4.50 MIC104024 4.50 3.7 3.6 3.5	IN5245 15 500m 28 1111133 50 PV 35 AMP 1.60 114456 25 40m 6.100 1111143 50 PV 35 AMP 1.70 114458 150 7m 6.100 1111185 150 PV 35 AMP 1.70 114454 160 10m 51.00 111185 150 PV 35 AMP 1.70 1144601 30 PV 14 AMP 127.100 111180 400 PV 35 AMP 3.00 SCR AND FW BRIDGE RECTIFIERS C380 154 @ 400V SCR (21149) 5.19 212323 1.64 @ 300V SCR 1.36 212423 1.64 @ 300V SCR 1.35 C380 31.46 @ 300V SCR 1.35 C10681 30 TRANSISTORS 213964 4/1 00 MF3A06 31 20 213925 5.10 214964 4/1 00 MF3A05 31 20 213925 5.10 214964 4/1 00 MF3A05 31 20 2143925 5.10 214492
74C02 39 74C04 39 74C04 39 74C14 39 74C10 39 74C10 39 74C20 39 74C20 39 74C22 38 74C22 10 74C24 20 74C24 20 74C24 20 74C24 20 74C24 20 74C24 20 74C14 89 74C14 89 740	2405 2.49 2405 2.49 2405 1.65 7405 1.65 7405 1.65 7405 1.65 7405 1.65 7405 1.65 7405 2.60 7405 2.60 7405 2.60 7405 2.60 7405 2.60 7405 2.60 7405 2.60 7405 2.60 7405 2.60 7405 2.60 7405 2.60 7405 2.60 7405 2.60 125 1.55 126407 1.25 126407 1.25 126407 1.25 126407 1.25 126407 1.25 126407 1.25 126407 1.25 126300 99 126300 99 126300 99	740114 2.49 740173 2.49 740173 2.49 740176 2.49 74153 2.49 74152 2.49 74153 2.49 74152 5.49 74522 5.49 74522 5.49 74522 5.60 850 7.6056 9.50 1.60 9.5027 1.80 9.5027 1.80 1.0011000 1.90 1.0371000 79 1.0471000 79 1.0471000 79 1.0471000 79 1.0471000 79 1.0471000 79 1.0471000 79 1.0471000 2.95 1.047410000 3.9 1.047410000 3.9 1.047410000 3.9 1.047410000 3.9 1.047410000 3.9 1.047410000 3.9 1.0474100000 3.9 <td>BCA LINEAR CALCULATOR CLOCK CHPS M070R0LA CA3013T 2.15 CA3081 1.60 MK5725 \$2.95 MK5309 \$4.85 MC1408L7 \$4.95 CA3035T 2.16 CA3081 1.60 MK5725 \$2.95 MK5309 \$4.85 MC1408L7 \$4.95 CA3035T 1.30 CA30807 1.35 DM8866 2.00 MK5316 6.85 MK5327 \$2.95 CA3063T 1.30 CA40807 1.35 DM8866 2.00 MK5316 6.86 MK2327 2.85 CA3060T 1.30 CA4160T 1.25 DM8867 1.36 MK5316 8.96 MK206167 3.95 CA3060T 2.50 CA3061T 1.60 DM889 75 MK3537 9.86 MK206167 3.95 2.86 MK3537 9.86 MK206167 4.39 3.95 CA.102 driver 1.50 MK3537 9.86 MK206407 4.35 3.95 CA.102 driver 3.95 CA.102 driver</td> <td>IN3245 15 500n 28 TIN1183 30 PV 35 AMP 160 TM456 25 40m 61.00 TIN1183 50 PV 35 AMP 170 TM458 150 7m 61.00 TIN1185 150 PV 35 AMP 170 TM458 150 7m 61.00 TIN1185 150 PV 35 AMP 170 TM458.41 160 10m 51.00 TIN1185 50 PV 35 AMP 3.00 SCR AND FW BRIDGE RECTIFIERS C380 154.91 400V 5CAL(2N1849) 51.35 C4223 1.44 61 300V 5CAL(2N1849) 51.36 S24228 1.44 61 300V 5CAL(2N1849) 51.30 MCA 980-1 12A 61 20V SCAL 1.86 C10581 50 TMASS 51.00 233396 47.00 MP5A05 517.00 283385 51.00 284330 47.00 MP5A05 71.00 283385 51.00 284430 47.00 MP5A05 17.10 MP35857 1.00<!--</td--></td>	BCA LINEAR CALCULATOR CLOCK CHPS M070R0LA CA3013T 2.15 CA3081 1.60 MK5725 \$2.95 MK5309 \$4.85 MC1408L7 \$4.95 CA3035T 2.16 CA3081 1.60 MK5725 \$2.95 MK5309 \$4.85 MC1408L7 \$4.95 CA3035T 1.30 CA30807 1.35 DM8866 2.00 MK5316 6.85 MK5327 \$2.95 CA3063T 1.30 CA40807 1.35 DM8866 2.00 MK5316 6.86 MK2327 2.85 CA3060T 1.30 CA4160T 1.25 DM8867 1.36 MK5316 8.96 MK206167 3.95 CA3060T 2.50 CA3061T 1.60 DM889 75 MK3537 9.86 MK206167 3.95 2.86 MK3537 9.86 MK206167 4.39 3.95 CA.102 driver 1.50 MK3537 9.86 MK206407 4.35 3.95 CA.102 driver 3.95 CA.102 driver	IN3245 15 500n 28 TIN1183 30 PV 35 AMP 160 TM456 25 40m 61.00 TIN1183 50 PV 35 AMP 170 TM458 150 7m 61.00 TIN1185 150 PV 35 AMP 170 TM458 150 7m 61.00 TIN1185 150 PV 35 AMP 170 TM458.41 160 10m 51.00 TIN1185 50 PV 35 AMP 3.00 SCR AND FW BRIDGE RECTIFIERS C380 154.91 400V 5CAL(2N1849) 51.35 C4223 1.44 61 300V 5CAL(2N1849) 51.36 S24228 1.44 61 300V 5CAL(2N1849) 51.30 MCA 980-1 12A 61 20V SCAL 1.86 C10581 50 TMASS 51.00 233396 47.00 MP5A05 517.00 283385 51.00 284330 47.00 MP5A05 71.00 283385 51.00 284430 47.00 MP5A05 17.10 MP35857 1.00 </td
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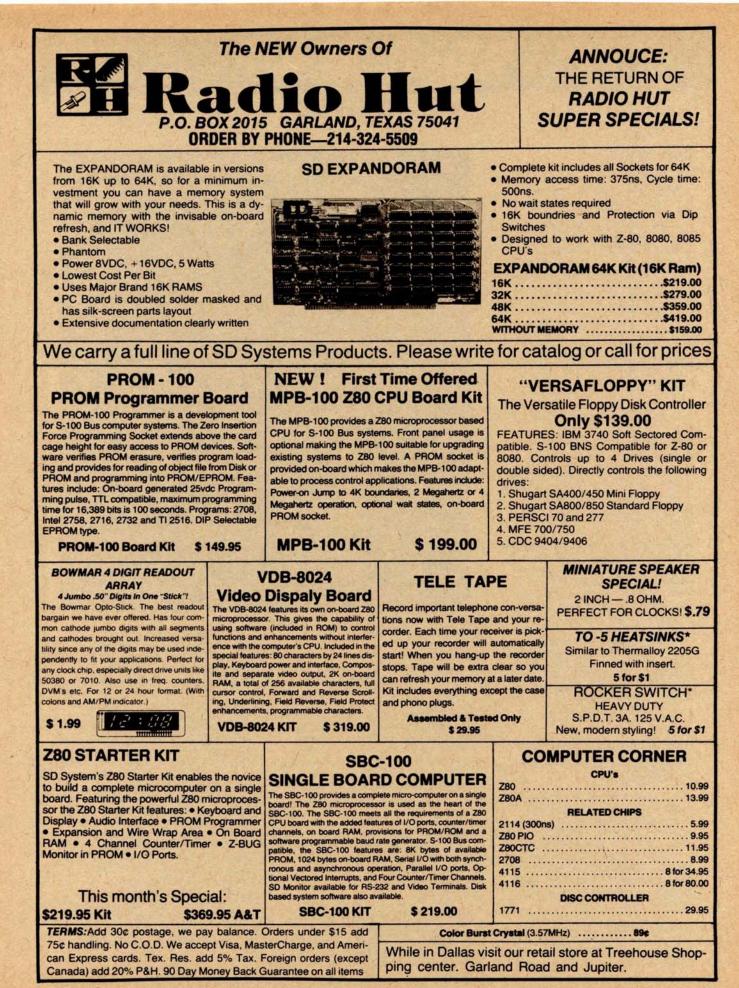
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The floppy disk is available with up to 3 5-inch floppy disk drives (total capacity of 80 K bytes) or up to 4 8-inch disk drives (total capacity of 1 M bytes). System prices range from \$799.95. For further information, contact CGRS Microtech, POB 368, Southampton PA 18966.

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Low Cost Selectric Typewriter Interface

The MP-WP Selectric Interface is a simple, low cost interface that allows the user to connect an unmodified IBM model 50 Selectric typewriter to an SS-50 bus 6800 or 6809 computer system. Interfacing is made to the typewriter through a cable assembly that plugs into a connector provided on the typewriter. No solenoids or typewriter modifications are required. The typewriter may be used for both input and output, and will still function as a normal typewriter when not being driven by the computer.

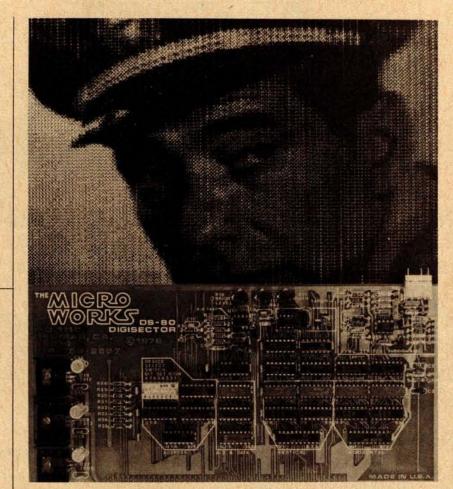
The interface and interconnecting cable (#MP-WP) are fully assembled and sell for \$59.95 postage paid. For further information, contact Southwest Technical Products Corp, 219 W Rhapsody, San Antonio TX 78216.

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Free Brochure Describes Houston Instrument's Hi Pad Digitizer

An 8 page, 4 color brochure describing the Hi Pad Digitizer is available from Houston Instrument, One Houston Sq, Austin TX 78753. This 11 by 11 inch active surface digitizer offers user controllable features such as metric and inch capability, binary and binary-coded decimal outputs, RS-232C 8-bit parallel interface, all selectable at the interface connector.

The Hi Pad is accurate to ± 0.015 inches with a resolution of either 0.01 or 0.005 inches. The data rate may be set to input up to 100 coordinate pairs per second. Four buttons on the edge of the



Random Access Video Digitizer

The DS-80 Digisector is a random access digitizer with high-resolution and speed. The board provides the following features: a 256 by 256 picture element scan; 64 levels of grey scale; conversion times as low as 4 μ s per pixel; accepts either interlaced (NTSC) or noninterlaced (industrial) video input; and uses 1 bus slot in any S-100 system conforming to the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) standards.

table allow the user to relocate the origin and select point or stream modes of operation. The magnified cursor allows coordinate updating of the curve or line being traced by depressing the cursor button at points being considered.

The brochure includes prices and specifications for the Hi Pad and accessories as well as complete technical descriptions of the multiple output formats available with the Hi Pad.

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The computer sends the Digisector 2 8-bit addresses (X and Y coordinates), and the Digisector returns the digitized brightness of the image at the specified location. For set-up and monitoring purposes, the Digisector produces an output comprised of the camera's video signal plus a superimposed cursor, showing exactly where the DS-80 is looking.

The software supplied will digitize 1 pixel every other horizontal scan-line, filling 8 K bytes of memory with 2 4-bit grey scale values per byte in a little less than 2 seconds. It provides spatial resolution of 128 by 128 elements, optimum for computer-portraiture and slow-scan television. This software is compatible with the Vector Graphic High-Resolution Graphics Display Board. Additional routines are provided to drive both graphics and American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) printers.

The Digisector comes fully assembled, tested, and burned-in and is priced at \$349.95. For further information, contact Micro Works, POB 1110, Del Mar CA 92014.

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Video Monitor, Cassette Recorder, Manual, and Game Cassette.	Level II—4K Level II—16K	\$698.00 \$628.20	
Chine Printer	Expansion Interface	\$988.00 \$889.20 \$299.00 \$269.10 \$ 495.00 \$ 385.00	* Special 1st 25 units sold
C-10 Cassettes	Centronics 779 Printer Centronics 101 Printer	\$1599.00 \$1175.00 \$1595.00 \$1400.00	Similar to Line Printer III \$ 850 Reg. \$ 895
SVerbatim Diskettes	Anadex DP-8000 Printer Centronics P1 Printer Trendata 1000	\$1295.00 \$ 995.00 \$ 534.00 \$ 445.00 \$1495.00 \$1295.00	Anadex 9500
	Memory Kit-(16K) *FREE INSTALLATION	\$ 199.00 \$ 98.00	\$1,295 Reg. \$1,999 * All printers include cables
	Verbatim Diskettes ea. 3 10	\$ 5.95 \$ 4.95 \$ 17.89 \$ 12.00 \$ 59.00 \$ 37.00	There are new developments every day-
	Maxell Diskettes ea. 3 10	\$ 10.00 \$ 7.50 \$ 30.00 \$ 21.00 \$ 100.00 \$ 60.00	write or call for the latest information. Outlet Hours: MonFri.; 9 am.—7 pm.
	C-10 Cassettes 5 25	\$ 4.95 \$ 4.50 \$ 24.75 \$ 18.75	Sat. 12—5 pm.
2	C-30 Cassettes 12 Paper (9 ¹ / ₂ " x 11" fanfold. 3500 sheets)	\$ 29.95 \$ 23.95 \$ 35.00 \$ 29.95	777 Henderson Boulevard N-6
	TRS-80 MODEL II	\$3691.50	Folcroft PA 19032
3	• 1/2 MEG DISK ADDITIONAL 32K RAM	481.50	(215) 461-5300 VISA
Verbatien	ADDITIONAL DISK DRIVE (1 ADDITIONAL DISK DRIVE (2	1220 50	
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BECKIAN ENTER		All Prime	BUTORSHIPS AVAILABLE
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EDGE CARD CONNECTORS: GOLD PLATED. (Not G. BODY: Non brittle, Solvent res., G.E. Valox. CONTACTS: Bifurcated; Phos/Bronze: Gold over Nic ABBREVIATIONS: S.T Solder Tail; S/E Sold. Eyelet: W/W Wire Wrap 3; SW/W Short V PART # Description 5010 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 140 5020 5030 50/100 X/T MISAI 250 5040 5040 50/100 X/T MISAI 250 50/30 50/100 X/T CROMEMCO 250	Image: system of the system Image: system	All Prime (State of the second secon	Quality — New Parts Only Satisfaction Guaranteed Interview Parts Only Satisfaction Guaranteed Interview Parts Only Inteparts Only Intep
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EDGE CARD CONNECTORS: GOLD PLATED, (Not G. BODY: Non brittle, Solvent res., G.E. Valox. CONTACTS: Bifurcated; Phos/Bronze: Gold over Nic ABBREVIATIONS: S.T Solder Tail; S/E Sold. Eyelet: W/W Wire Wrap 3; SW/W Short V PART # Description 5010 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 140 5020 5030 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 5040 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 5050 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 140 5050 5040 50/100 S/T CROMEMCO 250 100'S Contact Canber Connectors. 1020 13/26 S/E Imsai MIO: 140 1040 25/50 S/T 140 1050 25/50 S/T 140 1060 36/72 W/W Vector. 200 1065 36/72 S/T Vector. 200 1065 36/72 S/F PET 140	Image: Description of the system Image: Description Image: Description of the system <th>All Prime (Support of the second sec</th> <th>$\begin{array}{c} \hline \textbf{Cuality} - \textbf{New Parts Only} \\ \hline \textbf{Satisfaction Guaranteed} \\ \hline \textbf{Martine Connectors:} \\ \hline 1.45 & 1.35 & 1.025 \\ 1.93 & 1.80 & 1.70 \\ 1.00 & 1.20 & 1.10 & 1.00 \\ 1.95 & 1.80 & 1.70 \\ 1.00 & 1.25 & 1.15 & 1.10 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.35 & 1.25 & 1.15 \\ 3.70 & 3.50 & 3.35 \\ 1.00 & 1.35 & 1.25 & 1.15 \\ 3.70 & 3.50 & 3.35 \\ 1.00 & 1.35 & 1.85 & 1.75 \\ 1.00 & 1.35 & 1.85 & 1.75 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.35 & 1.85 & 1.75 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00$</th>	All Prime (Support of the second sec	$\begin{array}{c} \hline \textbf{Cuality} - \textbf{New Parts Only} \\ \hline \textbf{Satisfaction Guaranteed} \\ \hline \textbf{Martine Connectors:} \\ \hline 1.45 & 1.35 & 1.025 \\ 1.93 & 1.80 & 1.70 \\ 1.00 & 1.20 & 1.10 & 1.00 \\ 1.95 & 1.80 & 1.70 \\ 1.00 & 1.25 & 1.15 & 1.10 \\ 1.00 & 1.25 & 1.15 & 1.10 \\ 1.00 & 1.25 & 1.15 & 1.10 \\ 1.00 & 1.25 & 1.15 & 1.10 \\ 1.00 & 1.25 & 1.15 & 1.10 \\ 1.00 & 1.25 & 1.15 & 1.10 \\ 1.00 & 1.25 & 1.15 & 1.10 \\ 1.00 & 1.25 & 1.15 & 1.10 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.35 & 1.25 & 1.15 \\ 3.70 & 3.50 & 3.35 \\ 1.00 & 1.35 & 1.25 & 1.15 \\ 3.70 & 3.50 & 3.35 \\ 1.00 & 1.35 & 1.85 & 1.75 \\ 1.00 & 1.35 & 1.85 & 1.75 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.35 & 1.85 & 1.75 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.30 & 1.20 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00$
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EDGE CARD CONNECTORS: GOLD PLATED. (Not G. BODY: Non brittle. Solvent res., G.E. Valox. CONTACTS: Bifurcated: Phos/Bronze: Gold over Nic ABBREVIATIONS: SIT Solder Tail; Si'E Sold. Eyelet: W/W Wire Wrap 3; SW/W Short V. PART # Description Row Sp. 5010 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 140 5020 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 140 5030 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 140 5040 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 140 5050 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 140 5040 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 140 5050 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 140 5050 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 140 5050 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 140 5060 50/100 S/T ALTAIR 140 5050 100/2 Cartact Center Connectors. 140 1020 13/26 S/E Imsai MIO: 140 1060 36/72 W/W Vector. 200 1075 40/80 S/T PET 140 1080 40/80 S/T PET 140 1080 40/80 S/T Cos.ELF 140 1095 43/85 S/T Cos.ELF	Image: Second	All Prime (SZ32 & 'D' TYPE SUBMIN VALUE (SZ32 & 'D' TYPE SUBMIN VALUE (SZ32 & 'D' TYPE SUBMIN VALUE (SZ32 & 'D' TYPE SUBMIN VESP Male SESP Female MASS Female MESS Female MESS Female MESS Female MESS Female MESS Female MESS Female DESS Female DESS Female DESS Female C37P Male C37P Male C37S Female DS50S Female DS50S Female DS51216-1 1 pc. Grey H DS51216-1 1 pc. Grey H Grey	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} $
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16K Dynamic RAM board expandable to 32K for less than \$150.

RCA Cosmac Super Elf Computer \$106.95

Compare features before you decide to buy any other computer. There is no other computer on e market today that has all the desirable bene fits of the Super Elf for so little money. The Super Elf is a small single board computer that does many big things. It is an excellent computer for training and for learning programming with its machine language and yet it is easily expanded with additional memory, Full Basic, ASCII Keyboards, video character generation, etc.

Before you buy another small computer, see if it includes the following features: ROM monitor; State and Mode displays; Single step; Optional address displays; Power Supply; Audio Amplifier and Speaker; Fully socketed for all IC's; Real cost of in warranty repairs; Full documentation

The Super Elf includes a ROM monitor for pro gram loading, editing and execution with SINGLE STEP for program debugging which is not included in others at the same price. With SINGLE STEP you can see the microprocessor chip operating with the unique Quest address and data bus displays before, during and after executing in-structions. Also, CPU mode and instruction cycle are decoded and displayed on 8 LED indicators.

are decoded and displayed on 8 LEU indicators. An RCA 1861 video graphics chip allows you to connect to your own TV with an inexpensive video modulator to do graphics and games. There is a speaker system included for writing your own music or using many music programs already written. The speaker amplifier may also be used to drive relays for control purposes.

alongside the Super Elf. The board includes slots for up to 6K of EPROM (2708, 2758, 2716 or TI

2716) and is fully socketed. EPROM can be used for the monitor and Tiny Basic or other purposes.

A IK Super ROM Monitor \$19.95 is available as

an on board option in 2708 EPROM which has

been preprogrammed with a program loader/ editor and error checking multi file cassette read/write software, (relocatible cassette file) another exclusive from Quest. It includes register

to isolate program bugs quickly, then follow with single step. The Super Monitor is written with

nes allowing users to take advantage of

Super Expansion Board with Cassette Interface \$89.95 monitor functions simply by calling them up. Improvements and revisions are easily done with the monitor. If you have the Super Expansion Board and Super Monitor the monitor is up and running at the push of a button. This is truly an astounding value! This board has been designed to allow you to decide how you want it optioned. The Super Expansion Board comes with 4K of low power RAM fully address-able anywhere in 64K with built-in memory protect and a cassette interface. Provisions have been made for all other options on the same board and it fits neatly into the hardwood cabinet

tested.

Other on board options include Parallel Input and Output Ports with full handshake. They allow easy connection of an ASCII keyboard to the input port. RS 232 and 20 ma Current Loop for teletype or other device are on board and if you need more memory there are two \$-100 slots for static RAM or video boards. A Godbout 8K RAM board is available for \$135.00. Also a 1K Super Monitor version 2 with video driver for full capa-bility display with Tiny Basic and a video interface board. Parallel I/O Ports \$9.85, RS 232 \$4.50, TTY 20 ma I/F \$1.95, S-100 \$4.50. A 50 pin connector set with ribbon cable is available at \$12.50 for easy connection between the Super Elf and the Super Expansion Board. save and readout, block move capability and video graphics driver with blinking cursor. Break points can be used with the register save feature

The Power Supply Kit for the Super Expansion Board is a 5 amp supply with multiple positive and negative voltages \$29.95. Add \$4.00 for shipping. Prepunched frame \$7.50. Case \$10.00. Add \$1.50

Multi-volt Computer Power Supply 8v 5 amp, ±18v 5 amp, 5v 1.5 amp, -5v .5 amp, 12v 5 amp, -12 option, ±5v, ±12v are regulated. Kit \$29.95. Kit with punched frame \$37.45. Woodgrain case \$10.00

60 Hz Crystal Time Base Kit \$4.40 Converts digital clocks from AC line frequency to crystal time base. Outstanding accuracy. Kit includes: PC board, IC, crystal, resistors, ca-pacitors and trimmer.

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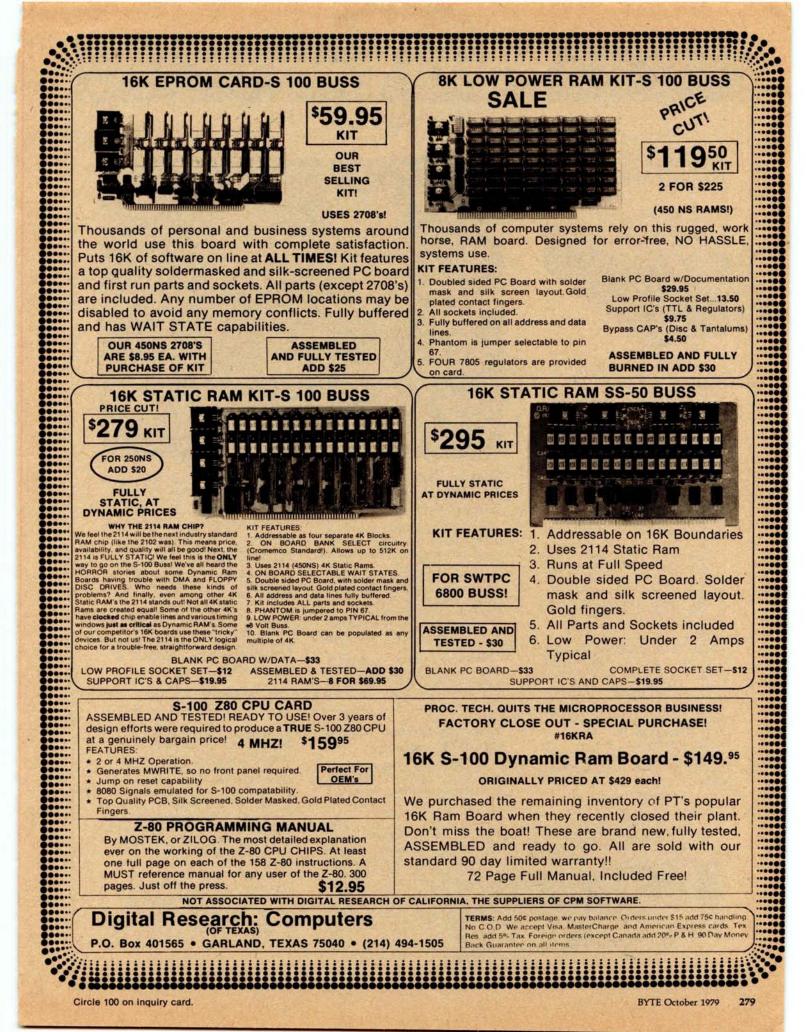
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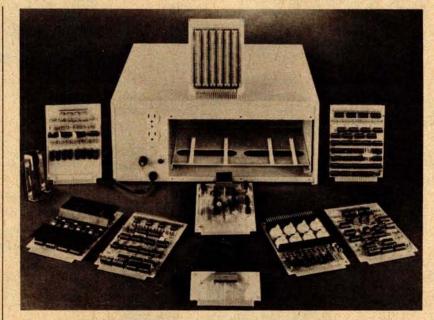
Full Duplex Synchronous Intelligent Modem

SuperModem transmits data thousands of miles at 9600 bits per second (bps) over unconditioned voice band data channels. By using an unconventionally low data rate it achieves a substantially higher tolerance to the transient noise-hits inherent in communication networks. It uses a transmitter that simultaneously generates a large number of individual carriers, modulating each to represent only a portion of the total data stream. The modem's receiver demodulates each carrier independently, and its data is combined with that from the other carriers to reconstruct the original data stream.

Three compact plug-in modules make up SuperModem: the program memory, 24-bit data processor, and the I/O (in-put/output) control. The program module includes a program built around algorithms which perform real-time analysis of the received signal. The 24-bit data processor uses pipeline architecture to attain an operating speed of 10 million instructions per second. It also is used to analyze circuit parameters while on-line and to perform diagnostic routines. Front panel controls provide the operator with mode selection, and enable configuration of the channel status indicators and the 3 digit diagnostic display.

For further information, contact Gandalf Data Inc, 1019 S Noel, Wheeling IL 60090.

Circle 589 on inquiry card.



General Purpose Data Acquisition and Process Control System

The Real World Interface System is a general purpose data-acquisition and process control system designed for use with mini and microcomputers. It features many different plug-in modules which give the user the flexibility and power to configure the system according to the user's needs. Applications include environmental control, peak demand limiting, robotics, and automated assembly line testing.

The unit has its own cabinet which includes a power supply, card cage, and motherboard with slots for up to 12 plug-ins. Each plug-in card has at least 8 channels of input or output (except for a maximum of 4 channels on the current probe), and some have 16 or even 32 channels.

All plug-ins can be purchased in either kit form or assembled and tested. The modules range in price from \$65 a kit (\$79.50 assembled) for the 8 channel DC controller card to \$125 a kit (\$150 assembled) for the 8 channel AC controller card. A cabinet, complete with motherboard, power supply, and parallel processor interface, is \$299 for the kit (\$360 assembled). For further information, contact General Computer Technology, 400 S Lipan, Suite 2, Denver CO 80223.

Circle 590 on inquiry card.

Voice Synthesizer for the TRS-80 Computer

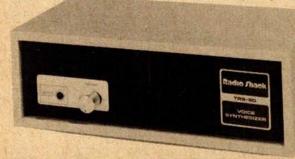
The TRS-80 Voice Synthesizer is an accessory for Radio Shack's TRS-80 microcomputer system. It translates a computer output into recognizable, intelligible speech. The synthesizer

> includes a volume control, built-in speaker and cable assembly that permits easy plug-in connection to the TRS-80. Programming the TRS-80 for speech is done in BASIC. About 60 phonemes, representing units of speech,

can be entered via the computer keyboard. This will even enable the computer to speak in foreign languages or with an accent, by integrating the various phonemes to produce the desired sounds. The voice synthesizer is especially useful in the field of education where it is used to supplement the displayed video information in a variety of learning situations such as spelling, reading, language arts, and mathematics.

The Radio Shack TRS-80 Voice Synthesizer is priced at \$399 complete with detailed instruction manual and demonstration cassette. For further information, contact Radio Shack, 1300 One Tandy Ctr, Forth Worth TX 76102.

Circle 591 on inquiry card.



FLOPPY SYSTEMS



Siemens FDD120-8 All Siemens options included in this drive may be configured hard or soft and single or double density. We find this to be an extremely reliable drive. \$399.00



51/4" BASF Magical Miniature Mini SUPERDOS I (Z-80) drive only 2/3 the size of others Single User, UNIX - Like is reliable and durable and quickly is reliable and ourante the our gaining in popularity with our customers, Single or dual density for access times \$274.00 File System, AND Totally Upward Compatable From "XX/X" (What did you say, Digital Research??)



Tarbell Controller may be re-configured to control 5%" drives and includes short cable for one drive. KIT \$179.00, ASM \$265,



but only\$219 with purch. of 2 drives. Cable Kits For 8" Drives with 10' 50 cond, cable and conn ectors, Also power cable and connectors, Flat cable assem if you wish. For one drive

27.50, two 33.95, three 38.95

Cable Kits for 51/4" Drives as above, but 34 cond. For one drive 24.95, two 29.95.



"Power One" Model CP206 Power Supply adequate for at least two drives, 2,8A/24V 2,5A/5V, 0,5A/-5V beautiful quality, \$99.00



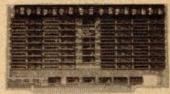
CABINETS for FDD120 and 801R drives, or CP206 supply. Matte finish in mar resistant black epoxy paint and stack-29.95 ing design



DISKETTES (3M, MRX, BASF, Georgia Magnetics, & Victor Borge) 8" \$39.95/10 5¼" \$29.95/10

32K / 16K Static RAM, 4MHz.

(Showing Amazing Similarity to Tarbell's unit) (16K Shown in photo)



32K - \$549.00 16K - \$349.00 **"BACK TO SCHOOL"** KEYBOARD SPECIAL



CHERRY "PRO" Keyboard \$119.00 Streamlined Custom Enclosure \$34.95 BOTH ONLY \$124.95 !!!!!!!!



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"OEM STYLE" as above, will fit any case, (Both versions serviced by qualified tech). Identical to above but subtract \$12.00

Doppler Motion Sensor

Intrusion Detector

Extremely effective microwave motion detector for detecting unwanted visitors, Ignores mice and other non-larcenous creatures, Operates on 12VDC or from small transformer supplied, Output is relay closure for alarm control interface, or to switch on lights annunciators, Will operate THROUGH door of closet or thin wall. Best application seems to be to turn on outside lights to help invited guests, and to intimidate un-wanted ones. \$159.00 Water Repellent Cover \$24.95



10MBy DRIVE \$3300

> S - 100DMA CONTROL \$495

POWER UNIT \$395.00

For the first time in something like 10 years, a new STANDARD in removable media has evolved. Selected by Datapoint, and others who have not yet announced, this drive is beautifully simple and easy, if not trivial to maintain. 920kBy/sec. transfer rate, 3600 RPM 39 lbs and only 125 Watts.

Daisy Wheel Printers

SUPERDISK

Qume Sprint 3\45

PRINTER (factory warr.) \$1199.00 POWER SUPPLY (Boschert) \$349.00 (shown mounted on rear of printer)

COMBINATION SPECIAL \$1499.00

DATA DISPLAY MONITORS

Circle 296 on inquiry card.



Model 5550	\$ 795.00	
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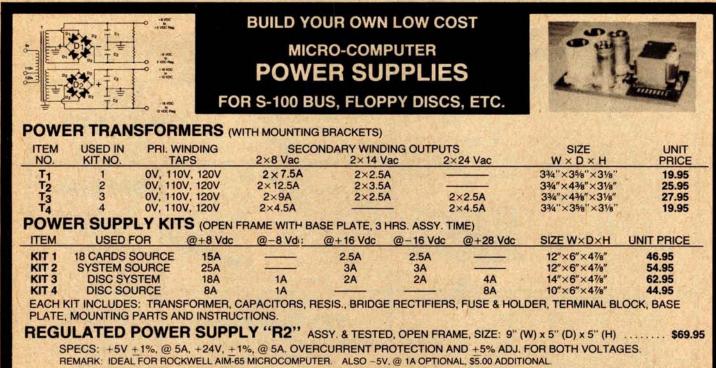
Full documentation included PLUS interface instructions where indicated. All equipment is shipped insured FOB Palo Alto within 14 days after check clears or COD order is received. Prices may change without notice. Call or write for details, quantity prices, catalog. 15 day return privilege PLUS 90 day no charge replacement of defective parts. All orders shipped from stock. No back orders, no substitutions. Master Charge and VISA accepted.



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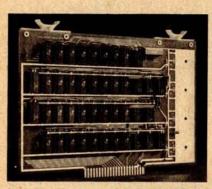
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What's New?

SOFTWARE

Pascal for 6800 Processor

A new Pascal compiler is available which runs under the TSC Flex Version 1.0 operating system on a SwTPC 6800 system (or equivalent) with sufficient hardware. It is possible to compile and run Pascal programs in as little as 16 K bytes using a 5-inch floppy disk. The run-time system interfaces fully with Flex, permits user device handling, and includes a paging facility which is invoked automatically if there is sufficient real memory for a large program.

In a 32 K byte, 1 MHz clock frequency system with dual floppy disks, Pascal programs can be compiled at over 80 lines per minute. With 20 K bytes, compilation is at 35 lines per minute, under the paging mode of execution. The P-code generated by the compiler is compact and efficient, so that programs execute much faster than is possible with conventional interpreters.

The compiler is written in the subset of Pascal which it supports, and includes files, procedures, functions, recursion, sets, arrays, and CASE statements as well as the looping and branching constructs.

Release Version 1.0 of the Pascal compiler and P-code interpreter and runtime system are provided on a Flex Version 1.0 format 5-inch floppy disk. User documentation, useful utilities, and specimen programs are also supplied. Contact Lucidata (Pascal Div), Oosteinde 223, Voorburg 2271 EG (ZH), NETHERLANDS.

Circle 620 on inquiry card.

C Compiler for 8080 Microcomputer

A full C compiler for 8080-based microcomputer systems is available from Whitesmiths Ltd, 127 E 59th St, New York NY 10022. Provided with the compiler are a complete set of runtime support routines; the Whitesmiths Portable C Library, an interface library for operation of C under either CP/M or ISIS-II operating systems; and a translator for the narrative assembly language A-Natural.

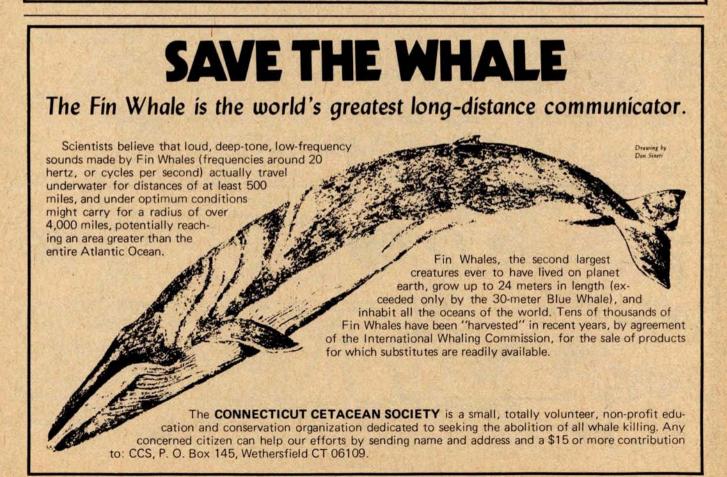
The 8080 compiler is currently

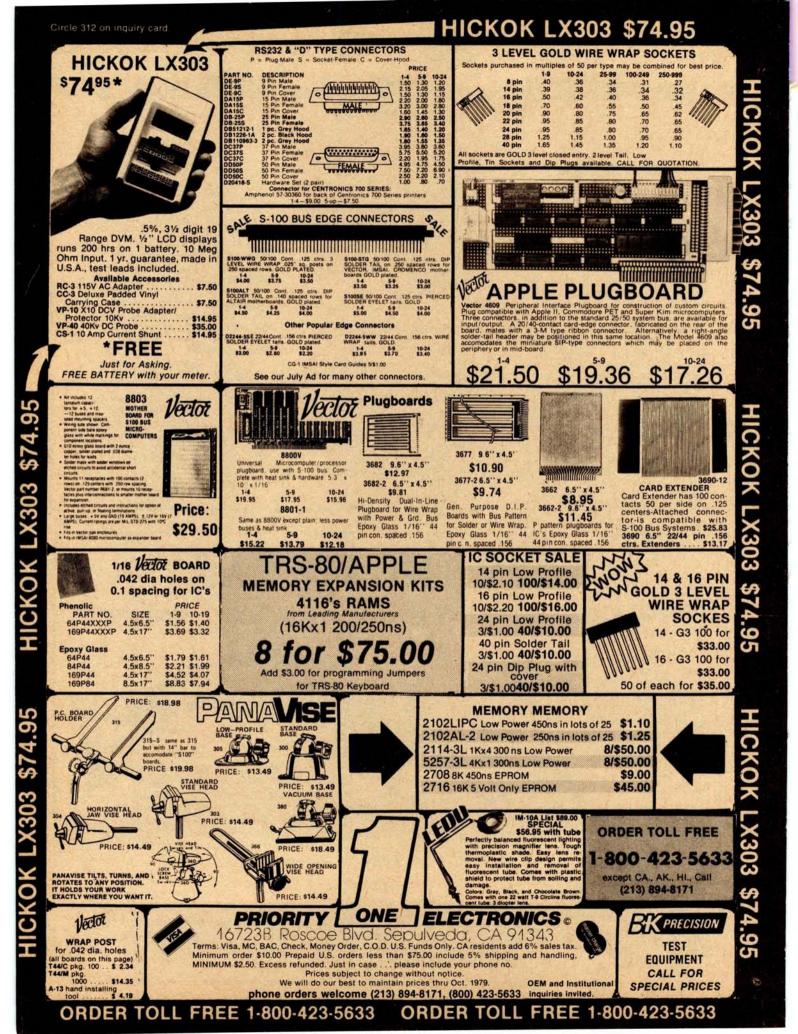
available as a cross-compiler running on the PDP-11 under UNIX, RSX-11M, RT-11, RSTS/E, and IAS operating systems. Operating in three sequential passes, it produces A-Natural code, which is then translated to assembly language that is compatible with Intel's asm80 and Microsoft's Macro-80. Source code may also be written in A-Natural for processing by the same translator.

Owners of the Whitesmiths PDP-11 C Compiler will find that the 8080 implementation is highly compatible. Programs written using only the Portable C Library should run unchanged on the 8080, permitting extensive code checking on the PDP-11.

A standard cross-compiler package is available at a price of \$700 for object code to be run on a single processor. This package includes the C compiler and PDP-11 support routines, the A-Natural translator, and the runtime library for use on a single 8080 processor. Use of the minimal machineinterface library on additional microcomputers is available for as little as \$10 per processor.

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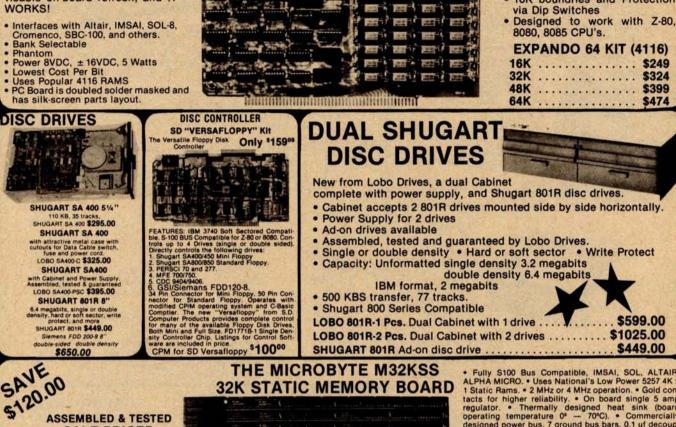
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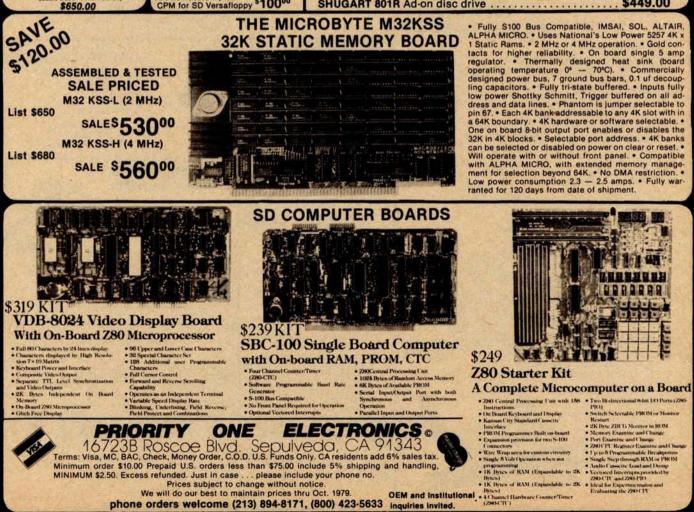
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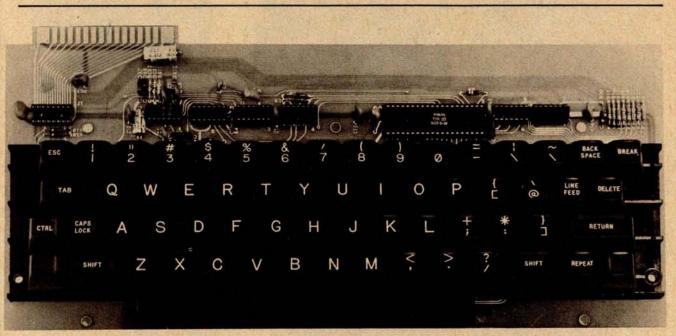
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SAN CARLOS, California (JE) - Jim-Pak Components today announced the addition of another innovative kit to their growing line of quality electronic kits for the home enthusiast. The JE610 62-key ASCII Encoder Computer Keyboard is now available through JIM-PAK distributors.



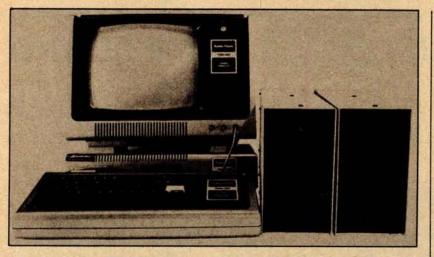
62-Key ASCII Encoder Keyboard Kit

THE JE610 62-KEY ASCII ENCODER KEYBOARD KIT CAN BE INTERFACED INTO MOST ANY COMPUTER SYSTEM. THE JE610 KIT COMES COMPLETE WITH AN INDUSTRIAL GRADE KEYBOARD SWITCH ASSEMBLY (62 KEYS), IC'S, SOCKETS, CONNECTOR, ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS AND A DOUBLE SIDED PRINTED WIRING BOARD. THE KEYBOARD ASSEMBLY REQUIRES +5V @ 150mA AND -12 V @ 10mA FOR OPERATION.

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What's New?



8-Inch Floppy Disk Drive for TRS-80 Computer

This Shugart 800-based floppy disk system, called Maxi-Disk, is fully compatible with existing TRS-80 5-inch floppy disk drives, and can be mixed and matched with smaller drives. The system plugs into the TRS-80 expansion interface. The user has only to remove the disk controller device from the expansion interface, and replace it with a specially designed circuit board. In this circuit board is a socket where the controller device is reinserted. All necessary parts and instructions are provided. No soldering or trace cutting is necessary.

The system also allows the user to use the expansion interface as it is designed since the only change is to turn the disk controller from a 5-inch only controller to an 8-inch and/or 5-inch controller.

The Maxi-Disk system sells for \$995 which includes the 8-inch drive, the interface board, and a patch to the TRS-DOS that allows the user to access a variety of drives. For more information, contact Parasitic Engineering, POB 6314, Albany CA 94706.

Circle 608 on inquiry card.



Dual Serial Interface for TRS-80 Computer

The DSI-80 is a dual serial interface for use with the Radio Shack TRS-80 computer. It provides 2 serial output ports with both current loop and RS-232 interface. Speed selections of 110, 150, 300, 600 and 1200 bits per second (bps) are accomplished by jumpers which require no special tools or soldering. The unit is built to MIL specifications and burned-in for a minimum of 120 hours before shipment. All integrated circuits are socketed and the timebase is crystal controlled.

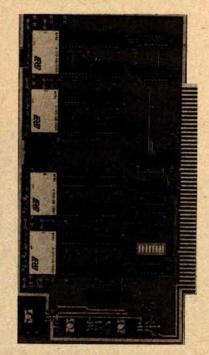
The cassette tape provided with the

DSI-80 contains several I/O (input/output) programs written in BASIC, intended to show how other BASIC programs can use the interface. The tape also contains system programs written in assembly language to patch the BASIC interpreter in the TRS-80, so that common time-sharing type terminals can be used to run BASIC and to receive output from the LPRINT AND LLIST commands.

The unit, complete with manual, cassette tape, and 6 month warranty is available for \$199.95. For further information, contact Polytronics, Methodist Hill, Lebanon NH 03766.

Circle 609 on inquiry card.

S-100 Four Channel 12-Bit Digital-to-Analog Converter

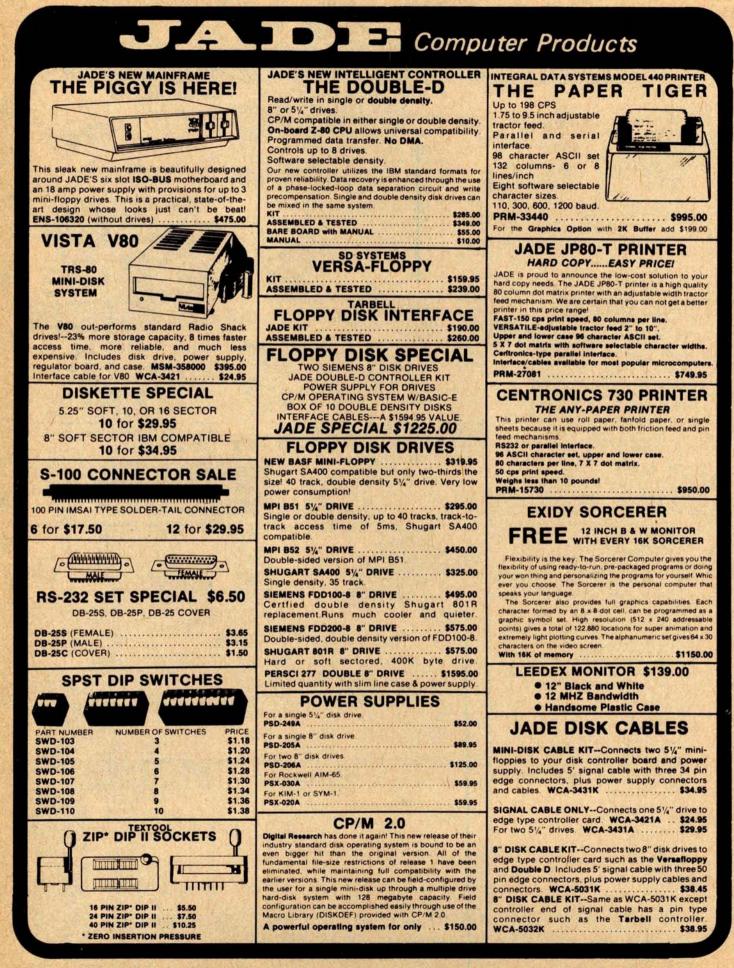


The Tecmar S-100 D/A board is designed for applications requiring highspeed accurate digital-to-analog conversion including real-time applications. This board supports four independent high-speed digital-to-analog converters (DACs) with associated latches. Each DAC operates independently of the rest. The DACs have a conversion time of 3 µs which enables them to operate at maximum computer speed. A 12-bit latch drives the inputs of each DAC. Another 4-bit latch for each DAC holds the four new most significant bits waiting for the arrival of the new least significant byte. This allows the DAC to hold its previous value until an entire new word is presented to it. All the latches are set to zero by reset. To modify the contents of a latch, and hence the output of a DAC, it is necessary to send two bytes to the device. The input is a 12-bit in a two's complement format. The board may be addressed as I/O ports or memory mapped.

The S-100 D/A Converter Board is priced at \$395 and comes complete with documentation; the S-100 D/A Technical Manual is \$15. All boards are assembled and tested and have a 90-day warranty. For further information, contact Tecmar Inc, 23414 Greenlawn Ave, Cleveland OH 44122.

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Based on the powerful Z-80 CPU, this kit is an ideal introduction	On-board USART for syn
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Unclassified Ads

FOR SALE: Phillips Model P M 3240 Dual-trace, dual time base, 50 MHz oscilloscope. Will consider trade for TRS-80, L II, 16 K. George Cobley, R R 1 POB 95, Central City IA 52214, (319) 842-2653.

FOR SALE: Color monitor, Conrac 19 inch RGB studio monitor. All solid state, low mileage picture tube. \$1200 or trade for plotter. Jim McCord, 330 Vereda Leyenda, Goleta CA 93017, (805) 968-6681.

FOR SALE: 26 reels of 1 inch paper tape for ASR33 computer terminal. \$15 plus shipping. Engineering Dynamics International, 8420 Delmar Blvd, St Louis MO 63124, (314) 991-1800.

FOR SALE: TRS-80 printer interface. An RS-232 printer interface which works off of cassette port number 2. May be used with or without the expansion interface. 110 thru 9600 bps and other options. Excellent software support. Tape version \$39.95. Disk version only \$49.95. Gerald Barker, E101 Cedar Oaks Apts, Stillwater OK 74074.

FOR SALE: 20 S-100 connectors, 3 level gold wire wrapped, some are wrapped, little tab on Power and Ground. Fine in IMSAI backplane. \$30 for 20, or \$17 for half. Mark LaCasse, Tang Hall 5F MIT, Cambridge MA 02139, (617) 494-8888 before 1 AM.

FOR SALE: Used Apple II microcomputer. 32 K programmable memory, 2 disk drive with controller, Applesoft BASIC read only memory card 10 K, Centronix 779 printer, tractor feed with interface, programmers aid read only memory, box of ten diskettes, cassette tape drive with interface and ten tapes. Full floating point BASIC. Less than one year oid. Fully warranted and ready to go. \$3800, save \$\$00. Robert Girardot, 858 Westbourne -6, Los Angeles CA 90069, (213) 675-5393.

FOR SALE: Eight u410D 250 ns memory chips at \$7.50 each (or will swap with 4200A); SA400 minifloppy drive with connector and power supply, \$300. C Tinaztepe, 4301 Spruce St, Philadelphia PA 19104, (215) 243-8530.

FOR SALE: I have 16 K static memory S-100 bus from Digital Research Corp, uses Intel 2114, 450 ns, leaturing on board bank select circuitry (Cromemco standard), voltage regulation, selectable wait states, fully buffered, Phantom is jumpered to pin 67, with low profile sockets, professionally assembled but not tested because I need 250 ns programmable memory. Price only US \$300. Peter Lim, 8311 Rideau Dr, Richmond BC, CANADA C7A 4P3.

FOR SALE: ECT 20 slot rack mount card cage with mother board and connectors. Rugged unit: \$50. ECT 30 A power supply (plus 16 V, minus 16 V, plus 8 V, well regulated) \$100. This is designed to mount on the back of the above card cage or may be boxed. ECT 8080 processor board with addressable starting circuit; \$100. Radio Shack (Archer) ASCII keyboard kit (needs a few 74 XX chips) \$20. Factory rebuilt (zero time) Teletype Model 33 printer mechanism, \$140. Amplifier kit to make the TY-33 into a stand alone printer, \$20. Please enclose SASE with orders or enquiries. I will send COD on request. Check or money order to David Cook, POB 137, Boone NC 28607, (704) 264-3868.

FOR SALE: 150 ns 16 K programmable memory, never out of tube. Limited quantities, eight for \$96. Evan Matre, 2800 SE 185th -26, Aloha OR 97005.

FOR SALE: IMSAI 4 K static, \$70. MITS 4 K dynamic, \$40. Seals 8 K static, \$140. SSM read only memory with MITS DBL and MBL, \$100. MITS disk drive with BASIC and FORTRAN, \$975. MITS-Okidata 110 printer with controller, \$975. All boards fully socketed and factory checked out. Make offer. Also FOR TRADE: Microsoft 8080 FORTRAN MITS disk version for 8080 COBOL or MITS timesharing BASIC. K R Roberts, 10560 Main St Suite 515, Fairfax VA 22030, (703) 378-7266, 591-6008. TOP DOLLAR PAID for your DEC PDP 11V03 computer system and/or components. VT55 graphics scope. RXV11 floppy disk. Benjamin May, POB 1432, Lakeside AZ 85929.

JUPITER 2 USERS: Jupiter 2 user would enjoy correspondence with others in order to swap software and discuss problems, fixes, etc. Also persons interested in commodity trading programs. M J Kreinik, -28, 424 N Atlantic Av, Monterey Pk CA 91754.

FOR SALE: Heath H8 with 8 K memory, H9 video terminal, two H8-5 cassettes, BASIC and other tapes. \$900 or best offer. Bob Stevenson, 414 E 78th St, New York NY 10021.

FOR SALE: TDL Xitan Alpha II system. Merlin video board interfaced to keyboard, recorder for loading and storing programs. Software-Macro Assembler, Text Editor/Processor, 8 K -12 K BASIC. Assembled and running. Additional hardware includes two ICOM floppy disks, controller board and software, digital cassette, printer and power source. Cromemco kit, analog-digital I/O board, joysticks and software on paper tape. D Memoli, AHRC, 230 Hanse Av, Freeport NY 11520, (516) 546-7700.

FOR SALE: Eraseable read only memories, type 5204, 512 by 8 bits, 750 ns access, five minutes/4096 bits program time. Unused; write for specifications. Asking about \$40 for all twelve, or about half of commercial prices. Also have 18 S-100 card edge connectors, wire wrap, asking \$2:50 each or \$36 for the lot. Stephen Hain, 40 Wilshire Dr, Sharon MA 02067, evenings (617) 784-3374.

FOR SALE: Tektronix oscilloscope Model 551, dual beam, 27 MHz complete with B plug-ins and dolly stand. \$500. Tektronix oscilloscope Model 541, 33 MHz with L plug-in. \$450. Teletype Model ASR33 complete with stand. \$500. Kennedy 7 track tape drive, Model 3112, 800 bpl. \$100. Stephan Smolar, 4977 Victoria Av, Montreal Quebec, CANADA H3W 2N2, (514) 483-1983.

FOR SALE: Digital Group standard floppy interface card. Supports one to four devices; NEC PD372 controller chip and documentation included. Expertly assembled and operating, \$250 value for \$160. Seller pays shipping in continental US. First bank draft or money order takes. T L Summers, 539 Tennessee, Lawrence KS 66044.

FOR SALE: User's manual with source/assembly listings for KONVERSE, interpreter and compiler for 6800 systems with MIKBUG or SWTBUG. Derived from FORTH; similar to IPS, described January 1979 BYTE. 2½ K machine code — rest in KONVERSE. 4 + K total. Source file editor, interface PerCom MINIDOS + included, in 1.7 K. 50 pages. \$10. Russell R Yost, 1825 E Palo Verde Dr, Phoenix AZ 85016.

FOR SALE: Altair 8800 system with up graded power supply. 18 slot mainframe, factory MITS boards: 28 K memory; read only memory card; 2SIO with ports for video display and RS-232 printer; two disk drives and extra controller; Vector Interrupt/Real Time Clock (in kit form); SOROC video display; Teletype Model 43 with RS-232; 4.1 disk Extended BASIC and DOS. All manuals. Prefer to sell as complete system, but will break up If necessary. Ed Wiseman, 346 21st St, Santa Monica CA 90402, Days (213) 644-5643, after 6 PM (213) 393-6393.

FOR SALE: 37 Byte magazines from number 1, 9/75 thru December 1978 except number 3 and number 9. \$55 includes postage insured. Victor Chinn, 1618 Milvia St, Berkeley CA 94709.

FOR SALE: ELF II, giant board plus power supply, modulator, user's manual, programming short course, extras, \$180. Jeff Malakoff, POB 6000, New York NY 10017, (212) 375-6724.

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FOR SALE: Dynabyte 16 K dynamic programmable memory module. Compatible 8080/S-100 bus structure. New, unused, tested. Transparent refresh. Two available. Cost \$399, sacrifice for \$245 or 125 pounds sterling, each. B A Herman, 4 Derek Av, Wembley Middlesex, ENGLAND. Can view in US If necessary.

FOR SALE OR TRADE FOR HI-FI EQUIPMENT: RCA Cosmac Super ELF with expanded 8 K of programmable memory with lots of extras like high and low address readouts, video modulator, Ni-Cad battery memory saver and a card cage with space for ten more memory/input/output cards. This plus complete manuals and many programs for only \$150 or best offer. Must sell. Call Dave at (319) 322-6211 or 324-3017.

FOR SALE: A fully populated OSI Challenger III system. Includes 32 K, dual 8 inch floppies, keyboard, video, cassette, graphics, monitor, 16 serial I/O (input/output) board, two 8 bit digital to analog converters, one analog to digital converter, with 8 channel multiplexer, three parallel I/Os, 1 M bytes memory management, software switchable address for all three micros, with connecting cables. Fully operational. Will sell for \$4500. Five free disks of software with purchase includes BASIC, Assembler, Editor, Challenger III operating system, WP 1A, OSI Level 1 and much more. Patricia A Reynolds, (713) 674-8367.

FOR SALE: OSI C2-4P with connected RS-232 port and switch selectable baud rates, works perfectly. Cost \$598, will sell for \$498. Pat Reynolds, (713) 674-8367.

FOR SALE: F8 evaluation kit (MK3850, 3851, 1024 bytes MK4102 programmable memory); edge connector, RS-232C to 20 mA interface, plus 5 V/plus 12 V DC; 2 A/1 A power supply; Lambda LTS-EE-5-0V series pass power supply (5 V DC plus or minus 1•, 32 A). \$100 or best offer plus shipping. Paul Snigier, 69 Phylis Rd, Raynham MA 02767.

FOR SALE: OSI Challenger III with dual floppy disks, 32 K programmable memory, three processors (6502, Z80, 6800), FDOS, BASIC, Assembler, Disassembler, word processing. Original cost \$3700, sell for \$3000. Bill Gale, 439 S Orange Av, S Orange NJ 07079, (201) 762-8279.

FOR SALE: Complete Honeywell 200 computer system. Includes two magnetic tape drives and controller, one 650 line per minute, 132 column printer and controller and 64 rolls of printer ribbon. Manuals, cables and spare parts included, \$2500. Also for sale, Frieden 2201 Flexowriter with desk, \$250. Steve Lang, 730 Bridge Apt 7, Davenport IA 52803, (319) 324-0242 after 6 PM.

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JULY BOMB RESULTS

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> SEE OHIO SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENT'S AD SECTION STARTING ON PAGE 33.

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